"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably fair Friday and Saturday; gentle northwest winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,342. ... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1916.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WILSON URGES THAT NATION BE JUST TO OTHERS

Ready to Risk Cost to Himself for That Ideal, He Tells Advertising Men.

IS IN "A FIGHTING MOOD"

Says "America First" Means Nothing Unless Translated Into Action.

OBJECTS TO GROUP CONTROL

Could Give Short List of Persons Who Want to Run the Country.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—President Wilson considered the Mexican situation sufficiently relieved today to come to Philadelphia and address the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World at a great patriotic mass meeting in Independence Square. The President told his hearers that the United States was ready "in every point of policy and of action to vindicate at whatever cost the principles of liberty, of justice, and of humanity," but was not ready to be unjust to any other nation. His audience, interpreting this to be a reference to the Mexican situation, applauded vigorously.

Mr. Wilson made several references in his address to a small band of men who were trying to dictate the policies of the nation.

"Oh, you Teddy!" yelled one of the advertising men, whereat the President smiled broadly.

"There is no politics in this," he said. "I was not referring to any individual. But I could give you an interesting and a very short list of a group of individuals who have the opinion that it isn't safe for the United States to escape from their control."

The President did not decide to come to Philadelphia until this morning, after the news that General Carranza had agreed to release the twenty-three negro troopers captured in the fight at Carrizal had been confirmed. He reached the Broad Street station of the Pennsylvania Railroad at 3:55 P. M., accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, Dr. and Mrs. T. Cary Grayson, and a squad of Secret Service men. He was met by a Reception Committee headed by President Herbert S. Houston of the Advertising Clubs and Mayor Smith of Philadelphia.

The Associated Advertising Clubs had made arrangements to make the demonstration marking the visit of the President as patriotic as possible, and upon reaching Independence Square he was escorted past the Liberty Bell in Independence Hall, and to a historic chair said to have been used by John Hancock.

The great inclosure upon which the speakers' stand faced was filled with an audience that extended back as far as Walnut Street, a square away. The President received a great ovation when he appeared. His speech follows in full:

Candor and Truth and the Nation.

"You will understand that I have not come here to make an extended address. I do not need to explain to you the circumstances which have made it impossible that I should prepare an extended address; but I count myself very fortunate to be able to leave my duties at Washington long enough to face this interesting company of men who have the very fine conception that it is their duty to lift the standards and ideals of their profession.

"I understand, gentlemen, that you have associated yourselves together in order to promote candor and truth in the advertisement of your business. I wish very much, gentlemen, that candor and truth might always be the standard of politics, as well as the standard of business. I want to challenge your attention for a moment to this aspect of your activities. I do not see how a man can devote himself to candor and truth in the promotion of a particular business without studying the life of the great nation to whom he addresses his advertising.

"I do not see how a man can fail, having established the horizon of his business where the great hills of truth lie, to lift his eyes to the great multitude of laboring men and striving women who constitute a great nation like ours, and in the very act of addressing them get in his own consciousness some part of the impulse of their life. You cannot commend your business to people that you do not understand, and you cannot understand the people of the United States without wishing to serve them.

"So I come to you with this thought: America is at a point, gentlemen, where it is more than ever necessary that she should understand her own ideals, not only, but be ready to put them into action at any cost. It is one thing to entertain fine principles and another thing to make them work. It is one thing to entertain them in the formulas of words like the splendid words which were uttered and give distinction to this ancient and historic building behind me, but it is another thing to do what those same men did, make those words live in the action of their lives. And America is summoned in each new generation to renew not only the pledges that those men made, but to renew the example which they gave to the world.

"I Am In a Fighting Mood."

"I am not interested—and I beg that you will believe me when I say that I never have been interested—in fighting for myself, but I am immensely interested in fighting for the things that I believe in, and so far as they are concerned I am a challenger to all comers. It is important, therefore, since I am in a fighting mood, to let you know what are some of the things that I do believe in.

"In the first place, I believe—and I summon you to show your belief in the same thing—that it is the duty of every American in everything that he does, in his business and out of it, to think first, not of himself or of any interest which he may be called upon to sacrifice, but of the country which we serve. 'Amer-

Continued on Page 2.

Senate Calls on the President to Explain Allies' Trade Agreement

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Senate today, on motion of Senator Stone of Missouri, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations and ranking member of the Committee on Finance, adopted a resolution calling on President Wilson to acquaint the Senate, if possible, with the meaning and the extent of the trade agreement recently reached in Paris by authorized representatives of the Entente Allies.

Senator Stone intimated today that he feared the treaty or agreement entered into by the Allies might prove harmful commercially to the United States unless provisions were made in revenue or tariff legislation now pending in the House to safeguard American interests. While on its face the Paris undertaking binds the allied powers only to present a united commercial front to the Central Powers, there is a suspicion here that the trade boycott might extend to neutrals after the war.

"Congress has now under consideration," said Senator Stone, who spoke guardedly, "measures for raising revenue for the support of the Government. That matter is before the House. It soon will come to the Senate. It seems to me that this conference held in Paris recently and the reputed treaty entered into at that conference raise questions that are of interest to the United States. At least it may be said that the situation presents considerations that are possibly of great interest to the United States, and it seems to me that when the Committee on Finance comes to consider revenue legislation it should be informed, as far as possible, as to the exact character of that conference, and of the treaty said to have been entered into.

"The Senate, and especially the House, would like to know, so far as it is possible to know, what the terms of that agreement or treaty are. The resolution I have offered merely requests the President of the United States to obtain these facts so far as he can and report them to the Senate."

The resolution was agreed to without a roll call. Back of the resolution is said to be a determination on the part of the Administration to protect the business interests of this country from any unfair competitive agreement that France, Russia, and Italy may have entered into.

Senator Stone's resolution stated that knowledge of the Paris conference was gained through press dispatches. He laid stress particularly on a statement issued by the British Board of Trade and published in this country, which among other things said that "the Allies declare their common determination to insure the re-establishment of countries suffering from acts of destruction, spoliation, and unjust requisition, and decide to join in devising means to secure the restoration of those countries by giving them a prior claim on raw materials, industrial and agricultural plants and stock, and mercantile fleets, or by assisting them in re-equipping themselves in these respects."

This statement further declared that "the Allies are to conserve all their natural resources during the period of reconstruction after the war for common use," and that "in order to defend their commerce against economic aggression resulting from dumping or other modes of unfair competition the Allies decided to fix by agreement a period during which the commerce of the enemy powers will be submitted to special treatment, and goods originating in their countries will be subjected to prohibition or to a special régime of an effective character."

British to Control Sugar Industry.

LONDON, Friday, June 30.—It is announced that William Morris Hughes, Premier of Australia, before departing last Saturday for Australia by way of South Africa, completed with the British Government a plan for marketing the manufactures of Australia in Great Britain instead of as before the war in Germany and other countries.

Mr. Hughes also conferred with representatives of South Africa, the West Indies, and India on the subject of the sugar industry, with regard to the control of that industry after the war. The plan discussed provides for the prohibition of the importation of sugar from countries enemy to Great Britain for five years after the war, and that thereafter sugar imported from enemy countries shall be subject to a general tariff plus a 50 per cent. surtax; while sugar from neutral countries will also be subjected to a surtax wherever neutrals decline to enter into reciprocal tariff arrangements.

The scheme will concede to the Allies a preference of 12½ per cent. and grant the sugar grown in the British Empire a 50 per cent. preference. Mr. Hughes also recommended a bonus to stimulate the growth of sugar in Great Britain.

ALLIES' OFFENSIVE GROWING IN WEST

British Bombarding and Harassing Germans by a Large Number of Raids.

FRENCH JOIN IN ATTACKS

Destroy Works Between Soissons and Rheims and Reach Second Champagne Line.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, June 29, (via London.)—Activity continues and increases along the whole British front, the initiative, as heretofore, resting almost entirely with the British. Besides a heavy bombardment of the enemy positions, which in some places did material damage, a dozen local raids have been executed since yesterday, nearly all of which, in addition to inflicting more or less serious casualties, succeeded in the capture of prisoners.

The troops officially mentioned as doing especially well include the Highland Light Infantry, the Australians, the Lancashire Fusiliers, and the Liverpools. The Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry also had a stiff and successful fight in "No Man's Land," where the Germans advanced to meet them, but were driven back to the trenches with loss.

The German reply to the British bombardment is still generally ineffective, though in places the German guns have been very active, using large numbers of lachrymatory shells, and a large number of British offensives is keeping the Germans everywhere nervous and alert.

A New Kind of Trench Warfare.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, June 28, (Dispatch to The London Chronicle.)—In spite of the bad weather, the British guns are still shelling the German trenches and important points along the various sections of their line with considerable intensity. The raids, which have become a new characteristic of trench warfare, are continuing, and one or two which were undertaken this morning were successful in doing great damage.

A brilliant little attack was made by some of the Highland Light Infantry near Vermellas after a severe shelling of the German trenches. The prisoners who were taken were much demoralized by the work of the British artillery, and admitted these frequent raids were having a terrifying effect upon the troops, who now are kept in a constant state of apprehension.

A raid upon the German front near the City de Rollencourt was preceded by gas emitted from the British trenches. There is no doubt whatever it was successful, because when the British rushed the trench they found a considerable number of dead there, killed by the poisonous fumes which the Germans were first to invent as an added horror to the awfulness of war.

The British troops are glad of this activity which has followed a Winter of inaction. **Raiding parties are keen** to leave the trenches to make these rushes across "no man's land" into the earthworks of the Germans. The British losses are extraordinarily light in these local adventures.

LONDON, Friday, June 30.—All the morning newspapers today print lengthy headquarters accounts of the fighting, which testify to the extravagant use of shells by the British forces. The Daily Mail says:

"The Germans are answering our great bombardment and are well sup-

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RUSSIANS TAKE 10,500 TEUTONS

Win Important Victory Over General Bothmer's Troops Near Kolomea, Galicia.

FALL OF CITY IMMINENT

Great Struggle in Volhynia Continues. Unabated — Czar's Total Prisoners 205,000.

LONDON, June 29.—That the Russians are slowly but surely closing in on Kolomea, Galicia, is shown by both the Russian and Austrian official reports received here tonight. Heavy battles are proceeding east of this important Galician railroad junction, in which the Russians have captured three lines of Austrian trenches, compelling the Austrians to retire their lines southward. Kolomea is now closely pressed from both the north and east, while to the southeast the Russian occupation of Kimpolung, in Bukowina, opens all routes into Hungary.

During the fighting in Volhynia and Galicia yesterday the Russians took prisoner 221 officers and 10,285 men, according to the official statement, which says:

Yesterday General Letchitzky, after artillery preparation, inflicted upon the enemy, despite his desperate resistance, a great defeat in the region between the Rivers Dniester and Pruth, and took possession of three lines of trenches.

On the remainder of the front in Bukowina and Galicia there have been artillery duels at many points.

In Volhynia, in the region of Liniewka, on the Stokhod, the stubborn battle continues.

On the Dvina front enemy artillery has bombarded the region of Sakovitche, Seltze, and the Bogouschinsk Wood northwest of Krevo. The enemy then proceeded to attack, but we repulsed him by our machine-gun and infantry fire.

Persistent fighting took place on the line of the River Tohartovitz, a tributary of the Pruth, and also in the region of the town of Konty, (Kuty?) The enemy again suffered heavy losses at these points, owing to our valiant combined actions.

Up to 7 o'clock yesterday evening 221 officers and 10,285 men were taken. During the day a large number of machine guns were captured. One of our regiments by extraordinary dash and courage captured an entire heavy battery consisting of four guns and their teams.

This success increased the total number of prisoners taken in the course of the fighting from June 4, English time, the commencement of the present operations, to 205,000 men, including officers.

In the course of a combat northwest of Pulkarn, (in the Riga region,) a company of Siberian troops distinguished themselves After the enemy artillery and bomb-throwers had demolished this company's entrenchments and barbed wire entanglements the survivors, commanded by Lieutenant Obertyinski, stood their ground and repulsed with the bayonet all enemy attacks until reinforcements arrived. The company lost nearly half of its effective strength in killed. The wounded included Lieutenant Solodovnikoff and Colenel Ivanoff, who directed the combat.

The Austrian official communication says that massed Russian attacks over a front of forty kilometers in the region of East Kolomea led to stubborn battles and hand-to-hand fighting. In this fighting, after Austrian reserves had been hastily brought up, the superior forces of the Russians were repulsed, but in the evening the Austrians were compelled to retire on a part of the front of Kolomea and southward.

BERLIN, June 29, (via London.)—The official communication today, reporting the latest operations on the Russian front, follows:

Russian attacks made by some companies between Dubatowka and Smorgon failed under our curtain of fire.

Near Guessitschi, southeast of Ljubtscha, a German division (detachment?) stormed an enemy point of support east of the Niemen, taking two officers and fifty-six men prisoners and capturing two machine guns and two mine throwers.

CASEMENT TO DIE FOR HIGH TREASON; BAILEY SET FREE

Sir Roger Hears His Doom Calmly After Making Impassioned Statement.

OBJECTS TO HIS TRIAL

Says Government Was Afraid to Try Him in Ireland Before Irishmen.

THANKS JURY FOR VERDICT

Appeal to be Taken and Carried if Necessary to House of Lords, His Counsel Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 29.—His face an ashen gray, Sir Roger Casement gripped the rail of the dock in the Lord Chief Justice's Court this afternoon when the jury returned a verdict of guilty of high treason. Otherwise, with the utmost stoicism, he heard the Lord Chief Justice pronounce sentence of death by hanging.

Before Lord Reading pronounced sentence Sir Roger, with amazing calmness, read for exactly forty minutes a lengthy statement prepared in his cell. In it he went into the history of the fight for Home Rule in Ireland, insisting in a firm voice that if what he had done to free Ireland was treason he had no regret to die for it.

The whole scene, with Casement a sombre figure in black standing in the dark shadow of the dock, with a filtering ray of sunlight shining upon the three Justices before whom he stood, was one that riveted the spectators to the end.

Sir Roger ever since his arrest had maintained that if convicted of high treason for attempting to rid Ireland of the British Government he would go down in history as a martyr to the Irish cause. He carried out that idea faithfully in the way he comported himself under the ordeal of the death sentence. He appeared to be the only one in the courtroom not suffering from the awful tension that prevailed from the time the jury entered the room until the three Justices donned the black cap and Lord Reading pronounced the fateful sentence.

The jury went out at 2:50 o'clock after Lord Reading had summed up for nearly two hours. While the Lord Chief Justice was going over the points in the evidence raised by the Crown—the defence did not put in any evidence—Casement sat back in his chair easily stroking his black beard or twitching his bony fingers. Once when Lord Reading adverted to Casement giving a false name to the police when arrested in Ireland, saying the jury might draw their own deductions as to why he had tried to deceive the authorities, the prisoner bent forward and laughed. As soon as the jury went out Casement looked down into the well before him where the lawyers and spectators sat and, catching sight of three women acquaintances, all dressed in black, gave what seemed like a forced smile as he waived his scrawny hand. For some minutes while the Justices remained on the bench Sir Roger talked with the two jailers who are always with him and appeared to be trying to make an effort to throw off the suspense of waiting for the verdict.

Nervous as Judges Left the Bench.

As the Justices left the bench it was apparent that Casement was getting nervous. He fairly leaped from his chair and walked somewhat unsteadily to the eldge of the dock nearest the spectators and nodded at his lawyers as though wanting to reassure himself. The jailers tapped him on the arm and led him through a doorway to a room below to await the announcement of his fate. At 3:40 o'clock, fifty minutes after they had left the court, a rumor went about the courtroom that the jury had agreed on a verdict. Almost at the same moment a clergyman quietly stepped in through a side door. This was taken by the spectators as a sign that the jury had come to a death verdict, for it is the custom to have a clergyman present in English courts when the death sentence is pronounced. The clergyman squeezed to a place near the dock and remained there until sentence had been pronounced.

Just before 3:45 the Justices resumed their places on the bench amid a tragic stillness. A moment later the red portière over the doorway to the dock fluttered and Casement entered with his jailers. Those who had been at the trial from the start were startled by the pitiful change in his appearance. His bravely defiant air had given place to a sort of doze. Underneath his eyes dark rings had come since he had left the courtroom and his forehead was lined with deep furrows. He seemed to regain his composure as he walked to the edge of the dock, although he gripped the rail with a firm grasp as though to support himself.

Just as the court clerk asked the jury if they had agreed on a verdict Casement waved his left hand in a sweeping flourish at one of his woman acquaintances, apparently not even listening to hear if the verdict which meant so much to him had been reached, but he looked up suddenly and regarded the jury fixedly as the clerk asked, "How say you?" while the foreman in a loud voice replied "Guilty!"

Sir Roger started straight ahead fix-

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CAPTIVE SOLDIERS, BACK, CHARGE MEXICANS BAYONETED WOUNDED; OUR DEMANDS NOT YET FULLY MET

NO ANSWER FROM CARRANZA

Crucial Question of His Attitude Toward Our Forces Unsettled.

SITUATION REMAINS TENSE

All Preparations for an Emergency Go Forward, and Pershing's Troops Will Remain.

MEDIATION OFFERS WAIT

Envoys Are Pressing Carranza to Modify His Position, but Washington Is Dubious.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Release of the American soldiers who were captured at Carrizal has not changed the plans of the United States Government for dealing with Mexico.

While danger of an immediate break has been averted by the turning over of the prisoners to the military authorities at El Paso, the general situation has been little altered by this isolated act of conciliation of the Mexican Government, and cannot be changed unless Carranza and his subordinates abandon their attitude of hostility toward the American forces in Mexico.

With the release of the prisoners and the need for the dispatch of a relief column to rescue them obviated, the controversy over the presence of the United States forces in Mexico goes back to the point where it is incumbent on the Carranza Government to make known its purpose. In the note sent by Secretary Lansing to Mexico City Sunday the Mexican Government was called upon to do two things: To released the imprisoned American soldiers, and to make an early statement regarding the course of action the Mexican Government intended to pursue with respect to our forces in Mexico. The formal reply to this note had not been received up to a late hour tonight, and Secretary Lansing said that he had no intimation as to the probable nature of the response of the Carranza Government.

Full compliance with the demands is now awaited. The hope is entertained in official circles that Carranza and his advisers have been persuaded to appreciate more clearly the grave consequences of any attempt to drive the American expedition out of Mexico by military force.

Strong pressure has been brought to bear on Carranza by, not only diplomatic representatives of European nations in Mexico City and Pan American Governments, but also by influential Mexicans in this country, urging him to adopt a more conciliatory attitude toward the United States in the question of the removal of troops. The success of these efforts would relieve the present tension and also pave the way for the offering of mediation.

A sincere effort by the Carranza Government to stop the border raids would, it was asserted in a high quarter today, do more than almost anything else to improve relations between the two Governments. It is argued in official circles that if the Carranza Government feels powerful enough to threaten to drive the American troops out of Mexico, then it is powerful enough, if willing, to end the border raids.

Border Raids a Vital Point.

Continuance of these border raids will prove an almost insuperable obstacle to amicable adjustment of the situation. It was made plain by a high official tonight that this Government could not assent to mediation so long as the raids continued or the Carranza Government failed to give convincing proof that it was not aiding and abetting the raiders. In the note which Secretary Lansing handed to the Pan American dpilomats here on June 22, at the same time that he acquainted them with the nature of this Government's note of June 20 to the Carranza Government, he frankly informed the Pan American Governments that should this situation eventuate in hostilities the United States Government would not have for its object "intervention in Mexican affairs" but the "defense of American territory from further invasion by bands of armed Mexicans, protection of American citizens and property along the boundary from outrages committed by such bandits, and the prevention of future depredations by force of arms against the marauders infesting this region, and against a Government which is encouraging and aiding them in their activities."

"By force of arms * * * against a Government which is encouraging and aiding them in their activities," is a strong phrase, but it represents the strong belief of this Government that the Carranza Government has not been making a bona fide effort to stop these depredations.

Only two days ago a report from Admiral Winslow from the West Coast of Mexico gave the name of a Villista leader, who had just received a commission in the Carranza army. Official reports from other parts of Mexico have stated that Carranza officers instead of arresting bandits, have been hobnobbing with them. In such a condition of things the United States Government has not been willing to assent to Carranza's repeated demands that the American forces be withdrawn from Mexican territory.

When sent into Mexico, the Pershing expedition was originally described as "punitive." Its scope has been broadened, and the recent official correspon-

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Carranza Directs Arredondo to Meet Lansing Concerning Our Note on the Carrizal Affair

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 29.—Instructions were sent today to Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador-designate at Washington, to treat with Secretary Lansing regarding the latest American note concerning the Carrizal affair.

Feeling among Mexican military men is gradually changing, the first excitement over the Carrizal incident having subsided. They now see that Mexico would lose all by war. While still ready to defend their country against invasion, they say that peaceful relations between the two countries will help Mexico to become the strongest and largest Latin-American republic.

Señor Aguilar, the Minister for Foreign Relations, said tonight that the situation was better, and he had every confidence that there would be no war with the United States.

There is a general feeling of more confidence. The last order received from Washington, again directing Americans to leave, is not taken seriously. The Americans who are left feel that they can stay in the city with perfect safety. Some say that they feel confident that the de facto Government will do all in its power to protect Americans. All state that they have no fear from intervention.

Copies of the American reply to General Carranza's note about the withdrawal of United States troops from Mexico were given tonight for publication.

General Carranza's hold on the Mexican people has increased fifty per cent. since the beginning of the border incidents. A thousand rebels have surrendered and offered their services. Many small bands of bandits are coming in daily without conditions,

General Obregon, Minister of War, received today a telegram from Andreas Garcia, Consul at El Paso, stating that General Bell had requested permission to have the bodies of American soldiers killed at Carrizal sent to the United States. General Obregon telegraphed his approval and ordered Garcia to give every assistance possible.

General Trevino telegraphs that the American forces have evacuated San Buenaventura, Las Cruces, Namiquipa, and Santa Clara, in Chihuahua, and are moving northward, and that he has ordered the Mexican forces to occupy these towns and not allow Americans to retake them. General Trevino says that the American troops appear to be intending to stop on the frontier.

The American representatives here are unable to learn more than two names of the men brought here as American spies, these being Fitzgerald and Ford Dix. Special Agent Rodgers is investigating the matter, as it is known that the prisoners are confined here.

This retirement of Pershing's forces, now reported by General Trevino, probably took place more than a week ago, as various intimations of such a movement have come from other but unofficial sources.

NO QUARTER AT CARRIZAL

Machine Guns Opened on Americans, Ordered Not to Shoot First.

LOST MONEY AND UNIFORMS

Trevino's Men Wrangled Over Gold and Clothing They Took from Troopers.

SCOUT STICKS TO HIS STORY

But in Latest Version Doesn't Repeat That Boyd Believed That Foes Were Bluffing.

Bandits Attack a Texas Bridge, But Guards Drive Them Off

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 29.—Bandits attacked the bridge over the Medine River at McDona, Texas, about twenty miles southwest of San Antonio, tonight, according to a report received here.

The bridge guard of United States soldiers routed their assailants, who fled in the darkness.

Two Americans were wounded and are being brought in to the base hospital at Fort Sam Houston. One of the bandits was taken prisoner.

The point of attack is 150 miles from the border.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, June 29.—Over the International Bridge—that narrow highway which has figured so notably in border history during the last five years—the twenty-three negro troopers and one white scout captured by the Carranza army at the battle of Carrizal crossed to the United States and freedom late this afternoon. With their arrival and a recital again of the details of the battle, Lem Spillsbury, the Mormon scout, repeated his story, which differed in important degrees from that told by the troopers.

They had come—an unkempt and browbeaten squad—from the penitentiary at Chihuahua City at noon to Jaurez across the river; clad virtually in rags, the butt of jeers by a crowd of Mexicans who ill-concealed their animosity behind their ridicule. As a stage is set for a scene, so the bridge and the actors in this episode were prepared for the ceremonial exchange. General George Bell and his staff from Fort Bliss waited at the international boundary in a pretense, at least, of cordiality toward the Mexican Army officers.

Forty-two Mexicans were killed and thirty-nine wounded at Carrizal by the Americans. This was the statement of three of the cavalrymen. It was the first public estimate of the killed and wounded that has yet been obtained, as the Mexicans have refused to give out any statement of their losses.

The element of humor, so close to the heart of the negro, attended the formal surrender by the Mexicans of their prisoners, and saved the ceremony from a veritable travesty as it robbed the sight of a certain pitiable quality.

First General Francisco Gonzales, the Juarez commandant, and Carranza Consul Andres Garcia walked out to the black boundary line across the International Bridge. General Bell walked out from the American end. General Gonzales saluted and was introduced to General Bell. Then an unshaven white man, wearing soiled white duck trousers, a faded blue shirt, and a white canvas hat with green braid on it, walked up and joined the group, with his roll of blankets under his arm. This was Lem Spillsbury, the Mormon scout. Then came the most weird procession that ever had been seen on the border.

Marching erect in spite of their rags and tatters came the American negro troopers of the Tenth Cavalry. They marched in perfect time, two by two, with a flanking line of Carranza soldiers on each side of them. The negroes kept step as they marched on the bridge, while the diminutive Carranza soldiers almost had to trot to keep up, and the fat, greasy Captain in command perspired from every pore as he dog-trotted along, with his sword flopping between his legs.

Sergeant Page Salutes General Bell.

"Alto!" (Halt,) he shouted, all out of breath. The negroes all stopped at the same time, while the Carranza soldiers stopped in bunches. In the front file was a big buck negro—Sergeant Page, Troop K, of Washington. He wore a pair of ragged khaki riding trousers, slit at the knees, no leggings, no hose, a pair of shoes with no laces, and no hat. His beard was a mat on his dirt-covered face. His undershirt had once been white, but was a dirty gray and full of holes. But he stood as erect as if on dress parade at Fort Myer.

As he caught General Bell's eye he raised his right hand to the brim of his imaginary hat in a salute which was attended by a wide grin.

Standing beside him was a little yellow negro—Ira Floyd. The two had been bunkies and had stuck together through the death-fire at Carrizal. They were the first to cross the line to the United States.

General Gonzales handed to General Bell a list of the negro prisoners. General Bell's aid then started calling the names, and as the soldiers answered

BOYS OF 71ST DEFY SOUTHWEST HEAT

Eat Red Cross Lunch, Play Hose on Each Other, and Adopt Dog as Mascot.

STILL RIDE IN DAY COACHES

Seventh Guardsmen Take a Mile Hike en Route, Some Go to Hospital Car.

Two Members of the 14th Drown in Missouri Stream

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 29.—Robert Daly and Louis Reitz of Brooklyn, privates in Company H, Fourteenth New York Regiment, were drowned in the Gasconade River at Jerome this evening, according to an official report made here tonight by Colonel J. H. Foote, the commanding officer.

The two men were seen to sink in the swift current of the river, but their bodies were not recovered, although the river was searched for several hours before the troop train departed. The search was left in charge of the Coroner and other officials at Jerome.

Jerome is a small junction point in Southwest Missouri, and the train was sidetracked there for half an hour while the men took a swim.

Special to The New York Times.

ON THE SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT TROOP TRAIN, ST. LOUIS, June 29.—St. Louis was more than maintaining its reputation for hot weather when New York's Seventy-first Regiment got there. Cooped up in coaches in the dusty freight yards for about an hour, the men began to get restless from the heat, which rose in waves. In order to give them some measure of relief, Lieut. Col. Beekman ordered officers and men to take turns under the hose in the yards. Traffic was suspended while the men, stripped to the waist, doused each other. Although they are now well into the Southern heat belt, they are withstanding the weather splendidly and make no complaint.

The train was held up at Terre Haute, Ind., an hour early today when a caboose sideswiped the rear coach of the train. Nobody was injured, but a few of the boys were jolted.

One thing, however, that is not as it should be is the transportation equipment the railroads are furnishing to the guardsmen. Although the railroads had agreed to have tourist sleepers ready at St. Louis, so that the men might have regular sleeping quarters, the cars were not in evidence when the trains pulled in. Colonel Bates, riding in the first section, which was delayed during the night, arrived while the second section was standing on a side track awaiting the appearance of the promised accommodations. He took up the question personally with the railroad, but when the Seventy-first started on the long swing southward it rode in the same old rolling stock. This complicates the work of sanitation, but by keeping everlastingly at it the men manage to keep the cars spick and span.

When the trains reached St. Louis today at noon they were met by Mrs. F. V. Hammar, a St. Louis society woman, who, as Chairman of the St. Louis Red Cross, turned over to the regiment 1,200 boxes of lunch, which, after a steady diet of army corned beef and beans, was

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DRAFT BILL SENT TO THE PRESIDENT

Senate Adopts Conference Report Making Guardsmen Available for Federal Service.

NEW RELIEF BILL PUT IN

Grants $50 a Month to Families or Honorable Discharge to Married Militiamen.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Senate today adopted the conference report on the Hay resolution authorizing the President to draft the National Guard into the Federal service and the measure went to President Wilson for signature.

As a result of the conference the Hay provision granting $50 a month each to the families of National Guardsmen who go into the service of the United States and the Senate amendment allowing members of the guard who have families dependent on their earnings to be excused, were both eliminated.

All the members of the National Guard subject to military duty are therefore required to serve. The guard, when drafted, becomes available for all service within or without the country, on the same footing as the regular army for the duration of the emergency.

A new bill for the relief of dependent families of members of the National Guard was introduced in the House by Chairman Hay of the Military Affairs Committee. It would appropriate $2,000,000 for the support of dependent families of guardsmen who have been suddenly called into the service of the United States. The word "families" is to include wives, children, and dependent mothers.

This was the provision that was contained in the draft bill.

Chairman Hay will ask for the passage of the bill under suspension of the rules Monday. The House voted unanimously in favor of the relief plan last week, but it was rejected by the Senate.

The new bill provides that the Secretary of War may grant to a dependent family of a guardsman a sum not exceeding $50 a month, or as an alternative permit the honorable discharge of a married man with a dependent family. Enlisted men who marry after July 1 do not come under this discharge provision.

One young man was today released from his obligation to serve with the Third Regiment of the National Guard of the District of Columbia. To anticipate the issuance tomorrow of a writ of habeas corpus for the release of Corporal John D. Brockman on the application of his parents, Secretary Baker directed Colonel Glendie B. Young to give him an honorable discharge. It was represented by the attorney for the Brockmans that the Corporal was under age and had enlisted without the consent of the parents, and that his mother, after seeing the boy sworn, fainted and was in a precarious condition. The family physician told Secretary Baker

Continued on Page 2.

SEASHORE SUMMER TIME TABLE of New Jersey Central, all rail and Sandy Hook route, takes effect June 30th. Time tables now ready.—Advt.

DEWEY'S WINES GRACE ANY TABLE. Pure, wholesome, delicious, yet inexpensive. 138 Fulton & 51 Nassau Sts., N. Y. C. Phone 3001 Cort. —Advt.

BOSCA BRUT—Dry, Exquisite Flavor. Favored by those who like dry champagne. —Advt.

GO TO CANADA THIS SUMMER. Through sleeping car to the Highlands of Ontario leaves New York nightly 9:00 P. M. Arrives Muskoka Wharf next afternoon. Lehigh Valley Railroad.—Advt.

each stepped forward, crossed the line, and was rushed to the immigration detention station for a kerosene bath and fresh clothing. As the negro cavalrymen passed each saluted General Bell and his staff, and were cheered again and again by a great crowd of Americans who had gathered at the bridge approach to see the survivors of the battle.

Corporal Luther Alexander of Columbia, Tenn., marched across the bridge barefooted and with only his undershirt and riding trousers. He had been wounded in the right shoulder while rising up from his position in the front file to load, and his shoulder had been shattered. For a sling he wore a belt-strap, and his undershirt was torn away from the wound until half his coal-black back was showing. He had no hat, and his face was covered with a moss-like growth of beard.

"I got five Mexicans that I know of," he said after he had crossed the line. "I was firing carefully like the Captain told us to do. I had shot three slips of shells and was just reaching for the fourth when something crashed against my shoulder like a house had fallen upon it, and I knew I was hit. No one tried to bayonet me as I lay on the ground, but I was told by some of the others that they were witnesses to the bayoneting of many of our boys."

Archie Jones of Troop K was another of the negro survivors who was shot through the right arm as he was working his rifle. This wound was in the lower arm and had shattered the bone at his wrist.

"The fight was about over when I got hit," he said. "I was lying out without so much as a bush for cover when a bullet struck me in the wrist, and I knew I was done for. I ran as far as I could, but finally surrendered. After they caught me they bound me, after taking all my clothes but my undershirt from me. My wounded hand was not bandaged tight, but the other hand was, and I was helpless and remained bound all night in spite of the pain. You can see where the ropes cut through the skin on my arms and made sore places. We were well treated after being taken to Villa Ahumada."

Saw Wounded Bayoneted.

William Harris, one of the most intelligent of the negro soldiers, told of the bayoneting of the wounded.

"As fast as our men fell they were bayoneted on the ground," he said. "We had ridden about eight miles from the Santo Domingo ranch, and it must have been about 7 o'clock when the parley started. I was on the right flank and did not see the start of it, and I cannot tell who started firing first. We had seventy-six men. having sent ten of our men back to the base for supplies. Before we knew it the fighting started and the machine guns—there were two of them—opened up. The Mexicans were spread out in the form of a horseshoe with the caulk of it pointing toward the little town of Carrizal. One of the machine guns was hid behind the irrigation ditch and the other was over on our right flank as if to cut us off. I laid down in the road, which gave us no protection from the fire. We scooped out the dirt with our rifles, but that did not help any. Then the firing became general and we fought and fought and fought. I thought the battle never would end. I kept up firing until I ran out of ammunition. I saw the right flank swing around and charge, but my orders were to lay low and get a hit at every shot, and I sure did.

"Finally when every single man around me had been shot I started to throw up the pumplock of my gun when a spent bullet struck me in the right arm and I went down. We sure was outclassed, so I just up and run. The Mexicans fired two volleys at me and I kept on running. They jumped on their horses and started after me when I dropped my six-shooter, threw up my hands, and surrendered. The Mexicans came charging down on me and I thought they were going to kill me.

"'Who are you and why are you fighting us?' one of the men shouted in Spanish. 'I just nachully ain't a fightin' you all any more,' I told him, and they broke out in a laugh and took me prisoner. I had $40 in gold in my shoe and when they stripped us all and fought over our leggings and shirts they took that and divided it among the four of them. They also took a diamond ring from me which belonged to my best girl back in Atlanta. They tied my arms behind me in spite of the bullet wound in my right arm and left those ropes on me from 6 o'clock that night until 8 o'clock next morning when we reached Chihuahua."

"It hurt so my arm got numb and went to sleep. The skin was cut and I was so cramped I could not sleep, but they didn't do any more than shove us with the butts of their guns. That is, the soldiers didn't. The people in Chihuahua threw rocks at us and spit on us, but that was nothing to the hurt in my tied arms."

William Gibson, another of the K troopers, declared emphatically that he saw the Mexican soldiers stab the American soldiers as they lay on the ground, using their bayonets, and some of the officers using their swords. All agreed on this, that they had witnessed the killing of the wounded. None knew exactly how many were killed, and none of the negroes said he had seen Captain Boyd hit. They though Captain Morey was dead until they reached the border, when they were told he was alive and in El Paso, and one negro shouted: "Thank God for dat. It is a happy day for us with our Captain alive and well."

After the negroes had baths of kerosene and vinegar to kill germs, they took shower baths and received clean blue denim overalls and jumpers to wear to the fort. As they filed out of the bathroom William Coleman, Superintendent of the negro schools here, gave each negro a bouquet of flowers, which they carried, giggling, in their hands as they marched to the ambulances which carried them to the fort. All their clothes were burned. These were few, for two of the negroes crossed the bridge without trousers, having old towels tied around them, while not a single prisoner had a complete outfit of clothing. They got shoes and hats in Juarez, they said.

The roster of the returned troopers follows:

Troop K—Fred Williams, St. Louis; R. L. Floyd, Oklahoma City; Sergeant Allen Peterson, Meridian, Miss.; Joe Oliver, Brighton, Ala.; George Stone, Talladega, Ala.; First Sergeant Felix Page, Washington; William Harris, Atlanta; Samuel MacDonald, Portersville, Tenn.; William Gibbons, Chattanooga; James M. Stokes, Atlanta; Harvey M. Lee, Columbus, Ohio; Elsa Graham, Smith Grove, Tenn.; Charles Marshall, Pasadena, Cal.

Troop C—Luther Alexander, Columbia, Tenn.; William Hogue, Raleigh, N. C.; William D. Gibson, New York; Thomas G. Strickler, Louisville; Trannie G. Hopping, Atlanta; John Wilson, Macon, Ga.; John Coleman, Jr., Walker Valley, Miss.; George M. Chaplin, Morristown, Penn.

Spillsbury, before his release, entered the private office of General Gonzales in Juarez and there gave out a brief interview, in which he reueated statements he had been credited with making at Chihuahua by General Jacinto Trevino. These statements were to the effect that Captain Boyd, commander of the Americans at Carrizal, persisted in advancing toward Villa Ahumada to recover a negro deserter, after General Felix Gomez had warned him to turn back and after Spillsbury had urged him to accept this advice.

Feared Death from Mexicans.

Spillsbury said after he had been told that it was his duty to obey he advised Boyd that he at least should wait until the Mexicans fired on him.

Once Spillsbury was on the American side he was asked if he was aware of the statement purporting to come from him, issued through General Trevino.

"I am," he replied.

"Are you going to stick by it?"

"Certainly I will."

"Were you coerced into making it?"

"I was not."

"You will not change your story now that you are safe on American soil?"

"No, I certainly will not. But I refuse to answer any more questions."

He added that immediately on his arrival in Chihuahua City the commander of the Mexican Army Corps of the North sent for him and asked him to outline the Carrizal encounter as he saw it, which he did. He said he was unable to say who fired the first shot, and added that the American command engaged there numbered seventy-six men, ten of the original eighty-six comprising the detachment having been sent back from Santa Maria. He then repeated his story, but this time he did not quote Captain Boyd as saying the Mexicans were only bluffing. He did say, however, that Captain Boyd ordered his men not to fire first.

"We had been on a scouting expedition for several days when Captain Charles T. Boyd, commanding the troops, told me that we were bound for Villa Ahumada to investigate reports that bandits were in that vicinity and to locate a deserter," he said. "We arrived outside Carrizal a week ago last Wednesday, and Captain Boyd sent a messenger in to General Felix Gomez, commanding the Carranza troops there, asking permission to pass through the town toward Ahumada on a peaceful mission.

"General Gomez replied by sending Lieutenant Colonel Rivas out to confer with Captain Boyd. A parley, at which I was interpreter, was held in the centre of the field. The Mexican officer told Captain Boyd that his orders were that Americans could not advance south, east or west. Captain Boyd then asked for a personal interview with General Gomez. This was granted.

"General Gomez reiterated the information given by his subordinate and returned to his lines. A few minutes later, almost simultaneously, both commands formed in lines of skirmish. Then a detachment of Carranza troops ran around our left flank, apparently to surround us. We found ourselves in the centre of a line of Mexicans, stretching in a horseshoe-like curve about us. Then the firing began.

"I don't know who began it, but from the centre of the horseshoe a Mexican machine gun poured a hail of bullets at us, while from the point of the curve on our left flank another was firing at us."

Spillsbury's description of the battle was practically the same as that previously given out by other sources. The scout said that after the second conference he had urged Captain Boyd not to advance in the face of the contrary orders of the Mexican leaders, but was told that the officer should follow instructions.

"'Don't fire until you are fired upon, boys,' I heard Captain Boyd shout as he gave the order to advance over my earnest protest," the scout added.

Spillsbury said he was surrounded by a band of Mexicans who forced him to surrender and threatened to shoot him immediately.

"They said I had fired the shots that killed their leader, and they called me the 'Tejano,' and seemed to believe that I was a Texas Mexican, and consequently, in their opinion, a traitor to Mexico. Until, with the other prisoners, my arms were bound and I was put in a stock car bound for Chihuahua City I believed that I was to be executed. The soldiers also believed that they were to be killed, but I assured them they were not, and as we got further into the interior our confidence began to come back. But again at Chihuahua City I was told that the Governor of the State had ordered my execution, and not until I had talked with General Trevino was I relieved of the impression."

Captain Lewis S. Morey, who was in command of Troop K at Carrizal, reached El Paso this afternoon from Columbus in time to be at the bridge when the survivors reached the border. The meeting between Captain Morey and his negro troopers was affecting. He had previously met his young wife, who had given him up for dead and who had returned to her home in Austin. She hurried here when she learned her husband was alive. Captain Morey arrived at the Union station wearing civilian clothes and slipped through a large crowd which was there to meet him. His wife missed him, and he did not find her until he had walked through the station three times.

Captain Morey, after taking Mrs. Morey to a hotel, hurried to the bridge to see his troopers cross. The soldiers were overjoyed at seeing their commander, and Luther Alexander, one of the wounded, wept for joy as he greeted Captain Morey.

Trooper Gibson, who was with Captain Boyd's troop, supplemented his statement this evening after he had reached Fort Bliss by telling General Bell how Captain Boyd died.

"Captain Boyd told us to get the two machine-gun operators and we started out to get them and get them we did," he said. "After that their marksmanship was not so good, for inexperienced men had to operate the guns. The operatives were standing waist deep in water of the irrigation ditches running the machine guns when we got them. I killed two of the operators for I saw them drop into the water and then Captain Boyd returned to where we were and he died soon after."

Gibson said he had been robbed of $400 gold which he had with him.

Flees Nearly to Juarez.

George M. Chaplin got nearly to Juarez before being captured. He was with the band that followed Lieutenant Adair into the town in the teeth of a fire from doorways and roofs. Forced to retreat, he stumbled into the irrigation ditch, where the Lieutenant was killed with Corporal Bigstaff and Private Smith. He then took refuge in the brush. What became of his two companions he does not know, but a Mexican who followed him for nearly two hours he killed with a pistol. At the station just below Villa Ahumada he hid himself on a freight train, but was discovered by a brakeman near Guzman and delivered to the Carranza authorities.

John Coleman escaped into the desert where, after wandering through the night, he found four other troopers in the morning. The five hid in a little oasis, he said, throughout that day, and in the night in attempting to make their way back to General Pershing's lines, wandered into Villa Ahumada, where they were seized by the Carranza forces and later sent to join the seventeen original captives. The first of the seventeen who were captured believed, they said, they were to be taken to Villa Ahumada to be shot. This conviction was strengthened when they reached the Mexican field base. A large mob of townspeople was gathered along the road and pelted them with stones, cursing and jeering them meanwhile.

Late that afternoon the troopers' arms were tied behind their backs and they were placed in stock cars, being told they were to be taken "to see General Trevino." Reaching the capital they were again stoned, but the Carranza troops put down the demonstrations.

After the fear that they were to be executed wore off the negroes said they began to reason that American troops must shortly attempt to effect their rescue.

"Each morning when we were turned into the yard we would gather in a little bunch and say to ourselves: 'Today must surely be the day the Uncle Sam's boys would come and get us,'" said one trooper.

"One day, when we had about given up hope that General Pershing was coming after us, British Vice Consul Scovell, who came to see us regularly, told us we were going to be sent to the border and released. Well, we waited four days after that, until last night about 8:30 o'clock the jailer told us that the train was ready and we were going back home. Mister, if you've never been in jail in Mexico, you don't know how good that sounded to us.

"The trip up wasn't bad, though we did not get anything to eat. A few Mexicans jeered us at Villa Ahumada, but other than that we experienced no unpleasantness. Beans were all they gave us while we were in Chihuahua."

Spillsbury said that the Mexicans committed robberies, obtaining about $1,000 from the prisoners and dead. One dying man turned over $250 to a friend to keep. The friend was captured. Others lost above $100 each.

One trooper added that he had heard that the body of Captain Boyd had been cremated by the Mexicans. It was reported also, he said, that many of the Americans ran out of cartridges.

General Gonzales said that in order to make time only one coach had been attached to the train carrying the prisoners. The horses, arms and accoutrements of the men are following on a later train. These will be turned over to the American authorities immediately on their arrival at the border, which is expected to be late tonight or tomorrow.

General Pablo Bertani, who had been expected to arrive in Juarez in charge of the special train, was not aboard when it reached the border. Mexican military authorities were unable to explain his failure to arrive.

After leaving Fort Bliss tonight one of the prisoners from Chihuahua announced that the Mexican officers admitted that they had killed the American wounded on the battlefield at Carrizal.

"One of the Carranza officers came into a dark room where we were staying and asked us if we knew what the separate shots we had heard outside meant," the trooper said. "I told him I did not know, but could guess. He answered in Spanish that I understood, and said: 'You are a good guesser; we are shooting your wounded to save taking care of them.'"

The negro also said that two Lieutenant Colonels, two Lieutenants, and one Captain of the Carranza army were killed at Carrizal by the American troops.

ROOSEVELT DIVISION MAY GROW TO ARMY

Applications for Enlistment Swamp Oyster Bay Telegraph and Post Offices.

OFFER ALL EQUIPMENT, TOO

Colonel Turns from Politics to Organizing the Greatest American Military Body.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, June 29.—The news that Colonel Roosevelt was raising a volunteer division to serve in the event of a call for volunteers for a Mexican campaign has caused such an unprecedented rush of telegrams to Sagamore Hill that the local operator has called for help, and messenger boys are arriving every few hours from Glen Cove with the overflow of applications to enlist. Letters are also coming in such numbers as to swamp the local Post Office. It is expected that the Colonel will be forced to employ clerks to assist in handling the mail.

Mr. Roosevelt's secretary, Walter J. Hayes, tonight issued this statement:

"We have been literally deluged with telegrams and letters of application from men who wish to join a volunteer division. It is physically impossible to reply individually to the organizations and to the men who have communicated with us, but I will see that their applications are carefully filed for future reference, so that in the event of hostilities they can be apprised of what action is contemplated."

All Equipment Offered.

Not only are applications for personal service coming in by thousands but the offers of equipment have been amazing. Everything which could possibly be needed by such a division in the field, from a high-powered armored aeroplane down to materials for field telephones, could be acquired from private sources if Mr. Roosevelt wanted it.

Some of the things offered in letters and telegrams are auto trucks, auto ambulances, water tank wagons, aeroplanes, shoes and clothing, harness and saddlery, and other requisites for horses. Indeed it seems possible that the T. R. brigades might be offered to the Government armed and equipped and ranks full.

From New York to California and from Maine to Florida, and even by cable from our island possessions, applications from individuals and from men representing organizations with as many as 5,000 members are coming to Sagamore Hill.

An Army in Sight.

Infantry in regiments, companies, and squads; cavalry in squadrons, troops, and regiments; companies of engineers, skilled aviators, and men fit for work in the signal corps, together with units for a hospital corps, are being proffered for service with Roosevelt. If he wished, it is said that he could as easily raise an army as a division.

The mobilization of the division, which it is reported will be announced immediately upon the call for volunteers and the Government's official acceptance of the Colonel and his recruits, will probably be in Texas, although it is said that it is a bare possibility that some place in New York State may be selected. Before actual mobilization, however, the various units will be told to assemble in different cities which, it is said, have been selected. There will be centres in the West, the Middle West, the Southwest, the North, and East.

Colonel Roosevelt, who is looking more fit every day, declined positively to speak of plans. It is evident, however, that he has ceased to concern himself about politics, and has his mind turned to the organization of the finest military organization of representative Americans ever seen on any field.

It is declared that he will insist, so far as is practicable, in having his division made up of citizens from every part of the country. If the Colonel could, it is believed, he would have each State equally represented. In the meantime politicians are receiving cold comfort and little of it when they call at Sagamore Hill.

Oklahoma Ready for Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

GUTHRIE, Okla., June 29.—Fifty-one of the 200 original Roosevelt Rough Riders in this State have tendered their services in the proposed Roosevelt division to Chief of Police William H. Mitchell, a former Rough Rider and a friend of Colonel Roosevelt. Captain Frank Frantz, former Governor, is co-operating with Chief Mitchell in the eastern part of the State and he pledges 200 additional men if war should be declared.

Most of the men thus offering their services are ex-United States Marshals, cowboys, rangers, and lovers of adventure.

Enthsiuasm for the Roosevelt troop runs high, and although the militia is 800 short of war strength it is certain that fully that number would volunteer for the Roosevelt troop if there were a prospect of service. Dr. A. A. West, a prominent Progressive, has resigned his post as a member of the militia hospital corps and will join the Roosevelt division.

Every one is eager and expectant and only awaiting a declaration of war and orders from Colonel Roosevelt.

VILLA IS STILL ALIVE, NEW REPORT DECLARES

Texan in San Antonio Who Knows Bandit Leader Hears He Is in Durango.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 29.—Pancho Villa is still alive, according to information that has just reached an American living here who has spent a large part of his life in Mexico and knows the notorious bandit. The information came from Mexican sources, in Mexico, and its recipient is convinced it is absolutely reliable.

According to the information in the hands of this American, Villa was really wounded early in Pershing's campaign, as was reported, but was shot in the knee and has fully recovered. For over a month the American army officers in Mexico have believed Villa dead. This belief was supported by, but not based on, the great number of reports they received from Mexicans to the effect that he had died of blood poisoning after being shot in the knee. There was a dual basis for the belief. First it was thought that, judging by his past record, Villa could not keep quiet a month. The American officers have heard nothing directly from or concerning him since April 12, when he was supposed to be a short distance west of Parral. They thought it probable that were he still alive arrogant notes or communications of some sort would be received from him.

But, according to the information received by the American here, Villa's wound was in the fleshy part of the leg and healed rapidly after he had fled from the Americans. It is further asserted that Carranza officers have known all the time that Villa was not dead. And it is said that he is now safe in Durango and that he has been there practically ever since the Carranzistas fought the Americans at Parral and prevented them from crossing the Durango line.

A Mexican Idea of "Grace."

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mexico, June 28, (via El Paso Junction, June 29.)—High officials of the de facto Government said here today that it would be a "very graceful act" on the part of the United States Government if it would return ten machine guns and other war materials recovered by the American troops in fights with the Villa followers.

OUR DEMANDS NOT MET BY MEXICO

Continued from Page 1.

dence of this Government shows that the Pershing expedition is now more "protective" than "punitive," its real object being the protection of a considerable stretch of the border against depredations.

Will not Withdraw Troops.

There is no indication that any immediate withdrawal of the American troops from Mexican soil is likely. General Pershing has withdrawn his men from their southernmost points at Namiquipa, Santa Clara, and Los Cruces, within the last week, but this, it is understood, was for the purpose of strengthening his lines for possible emergencies, and not as the beginning of evacuation of Mexican territory.

General Pershing's reports to the War Department have indicated for several days that he was shortening his line somewhat. Officials here, however, are not kept informed regarding the details of troop movments in Mexico, and do not know just how far north the expedition has moved its southern units. It was reiterated tonight that no new orders had been sent to General Pershing and that any northward movement of the troops was without international significance.

Before the Carrizal incident there was considerable doubt here whether the Carranza Government would actually live up to its warning, given through General Trevino to General Pershing, that any movement by the American forces toward the east, south, or west, would be resisted. Since the Carranza attack there is no longer doubt that the Carranza Government meant what it said when it warned Pershing not to advance, or at least that the Mexican officers, having been ordered to resist any American advance, intended to obey those orders literally.

Prompt advantage of the release of the Carrizal prisoners was taken today by Pan American diplomats to renew their efforts for mediation. Señor Don Ignacio Calderon, the Bolivian Minister, again visited the State Department and canvassed the situation with Secretary Lansing. He found it improved by the release of the prisoners, but learned from the Secretary that pending a formal reply from the Carranza Government to his latest note, no offer of mediation would be acceptable to the United States.

The attitude of the Government, as officially outlined later, is that arbitration is wholly out of the question at this time. If Carranza should withdraw his hostile orders, however, and then propose that an attempt be made to formulate through mediators an agreement of some sort for joint operations in protecting the border, it might receive consideration. No plan would be acceptable to the United States, however, that in any way hampered its own efforts to guard the lives and property of its citizens.

The right to pursue raiders into Mexico will be maintained and exercised without interruption, and if the border can be properly protected only by temporary military occupation of Mexican territory adjacent to the line, that will be the course pursued.

It is understood that the Washington Government will not under any circumstances consent to a military status quo during a discussion of possible co-operative measures. Officials indicated they had little hope than an agreement for co-operaion could be arranged.

Intimations have come, it is understood, that Carranza intends to back up the orders issued to Trevino directing that American troops be attacked if they moved in any direction in Mexico except toward the border. Officials are fully prepared for a reply of that character from the Provisional President, despite the fact that the prisoners taken at Carrizal have been promptly surrendered on demand. They expect, however, that the reaffirmation of position will be made in a note free from hostile language and continuing the discussion of the advisability of the withdrawal of American troops from Mexico.

There were no additional reports from Pershing as to the Carrizal fight. Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador Designate, made public here a copy of the statement attributed to Lem Spillsbury, interpreter for Captain Boyd and one of the prisoners turned over today at El Paso to the American military authorities. It lays the blame for the clash upon the Americans.

Final decision by Washington officials as to the responsibility for the fighting cannot be reached until a complete report from Pershing is available. He is gathering from the survivors all the information they have as to what happened and will submit a full report to Secretary Baker, who will in turn transmit it to the State Department for consideration.

In announcing today that he had been advised by his Foreign Office of the order for the release of the trooper prisoners, Mr. Arredondo said that his information was that General Carranza had taken the step "because he did not desire to aggravate the relations between the two countries." Mr. Arredondo issued this statement, understood to be based largely on the language of his dispatch from Mexico City:

"I have been confident from the first that the American soldiers would be released. From the time of their capture until arrangements were made to free them there was at no time any other intention on the part of the de facto Government or its military officials. The attitude of the First Chief has steadfastly been one of friendship toward the United States, prompted always by a desire to avoid conflict and promote the welfare of both Governments. In the situation that exists it should be borne in mind that it has not been brought about by any act which could be attributed either to the Government or the Mexican people, but is due entirely to the predetermined intentions of an irresponsible criminal."

It became known today that representations were forwarded to General Carranza several days ago in regard to the seizure by Mexican officials of a vast quantity of American property in Mexico since the departure of Americans for the north. The protest was similar to those submitted later to Secretary Lansing by Mr. Arredondo in regard to the border embargo, alleged ill-treatment of Mexicans in the United States and other matters. No reply has come to the American representations, and none has been made to Mr. Arredondo.

One of Mr. Arredondo's notes asked punishment of two soldiers and two civilians who were reported to have beaten a Mexican boy on a train near Hachita, N. M.

Pending a satisfactory answer from General Carranza the United States will continue to hurry troops to the border. Even should the Mexican reply disclaim any hostile intention and withdraw the orders to Carranza military commanders which are offensive to the United States, the border patrol will be maintained at the strength now contemplated while any danger from bandits continues.

To free itself from the menace of an army mobilized on its northern frontier, the Mexican Government must comply with the demands that it police its border States adequately and establish such firm military control that raiding into the United States is made virtually impossible.

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CAVALRY TROOPS LEAVE FOR TEXAS

Four Companies of the First Entrain at Yonkers and Start for the Frontier.

MOTOR BATTERY IN CAMP

Brooklyn Regiment Under Orders to Leave for Peekskill Today—O'Ryan Names Staff.

Four troops of the First New York Cavalry, under command of Major Edward McLeer, left Yonkers yesterday afternoon for Brownsville, the second mounted unit of the New York Division of the National Guard to start for Texas. The first section of the cavalry special left Yonkers at 3 P. M. and the other sections followed at intervals of ten minutes. A throng, mostly made up of relatives and friends of the troopers, cheered the guardsmen enthusiastically as the specials pulled out.

The squadron numbered 300 men and was composed of Troops A, F, K, and L. The troopers were out of their tents at 4 A. M. and in the five hours that followed worked without a letup to get their horses and equipment ready for the long journey. At 9 o'clock Major McLeer reported to his commanding officer that he was ready, and a few minutes later the squadron jogged out of the camp to Broadway and headed for the New York Central yards in Yonkers. The troopers of other cavalry units and all the cavalrymen still at Van Cortlandt Park lined up and gave cheer after cheer for them.

The troops of the regiment still in the park are C, D, E, G, H, I, L, and M. Troops B, H, and I, up-State units, arrived at the park camp late on Wednesday night. Squadron A also is still in camp awaiting orders to entrain. The departure of the troops under Major McLeer was set for 2 P. M., but the loading of animals and equipment caused an hour's delay. The squadron is due to reach Brownsville on Monday morning.

The armored motor battery commanded by Captain H. G. Montgomery left for the Peekskill training camp yesterday, and the Forty-seventh Infantry of Brooklyn is under orders to proceed there today. The Forty-seventh was to have left for Brownsville on Wednesday, but at the last moment the Twelfth Infantry of Manhattan was substituted for it. No orders have been issued indicating when the Forty-seventh will start for Texas, and the same is true of the Sixty-ninth Infantry, which is at Beekman, and the Seventy-fourth Infantry of Buffalo. The Twenty-third Infantry of Brooklyn will go to the Peekskill camp tomorrow.

It was 3 o'clock yesterday morning before the first section of the specials carrying the Twelfth Infantry to Brownsville got away from the Lackawanna terminal in Hoboken. The regiment reported to Governors Island as passing through Buffalo at 4:30 in the afternoon.

The company units of the Tenth Infantry, stationed in Flushing, Yonkers, Mount Vernon, and White Plains, started for Beekman yesterday. It was announced at Division Headquarters that the regiment formerly known as the Sixty-fifth Infantry of Buffalo is now the Third New York Heavy Field Artillery. Twenty 4.7-inch howitzers, with a range of 5,000 yards, have been supplied to the regiment by the Ordnance Department of the army and will be shipped to Beekman, where the command is assembling. Captain Daniel H. Hand, U. S. A., will be in command.

Major Gen. O'Ryan announced yesterday the make-up of his personal staff which will accompany him to Brownsville when he leaves to take command of the New York troops on the border. Under the War Department regulations a number of officers who, under the State regulations, were Lieutenant Colonels now hold the rank of Major. The staff is as follows: Majors Edward Olmsted and Franklin W. Eard, Adjutant Generals; Majors Cornelius Vanderbilt and Allen L. Regan, Inspector Generals; Major J. L. Kincaid, Judge Advocate; Major Henry S. Sternberger, Chief Quartermaster, with Captain J. T. Loree as his chief assistant; Lieut. Col. W. S. Terriberry, Surgeon General, and Captain Alfred Wendt and Captain F. F. Humphreys, aids. The other members of General O'Ryan's staff will remain in New York to take charge of units not sent forward and to direct the work of recruiting. General O'Ryan expects to leave for Brownsville today or tomorrow.

The officers and men of the Ninth Coast Artillery were mustered into the United States service last night in their armory in West Fourteenth Street.

CENSORSHIP TO AID PRESS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The new "censorship" under the direction of Major Douglas MacArthur of the Engineer Corps, son of the late Lieut. Gen. MacArthur, went into operation today at the War Department without evidence of special severity toward newspaper men who have hitherto had free access to the department.

The purpose of the censorship is not to interfere with the activities of news gatherers but, if possible, facilitate their work. A force of assistants will be associated with Major MacArthur, and a call will be made on the heads of the War Department bureaus every afternoon for information as to contracts, shipments, movements of troops, or other facts which can be made public. These will be supplied to the press in form to assist newspaper men in their work.

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More soldiers die of some phase of stomach trouble than from either typhoid or bullets. BELL-ANS for Indigestion will harmlessly relieve indigestion, diarrhoea and other disorders that are bound to result from change of food and water, and the most merciful thing you can do is to give every soldier friend of yours a package of BELL-ANS.

25c and 75c packages of BELL-ANS at every drug store everywhere.
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance

DRAFT BILL SENT TO THE PRESIDENT

Continued from Page 1.

that Mrs. Brockman was unconscious for some hours after she was taken home, and that her recovery depended probably on having her son discharged.

SWELL ARMY BILL BY OVER $60,000,000

And $40,000,000 More Will Be Needed for Mexican Situation—Treasury Funds Ample.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Senate Military Committee today added more than $60,000,000 to the House draft of the Army Appropriation bill. As a result of the Mexican situation it is expected that $40,000,000 more will be added to the measure before it is finally reported to the Senate. The measure will carry betwen $280,000,000 and $300,000,000 in its final form, Senate committee members say.

Tremendous increases were necessary to place National Guardsmen on the same pay basis as regulars. For officers and men this item will amount to more than $25,00,000. Purchase of supplies probably will cause the addition of even a larger amount. To provide for the increased pay which is due to army officers for service in foreign fields, between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 will be necessary.

The Senate committee was only halfway through the bill at the end of its session. Members reported that they found the House measure, despite the addition of $25,000,000 on the floor of the House toward the expense of the Mexican expedition, totally inadequate. Officials at the War Department were consulted. In every section of the bill they demanded heavy increases.

A conference regarding the state of the Treasury and prospects for revenue during the coming fiscal year, beginning Saturday, was held today by Representative Kitchin, Democratic floor leader in the House; Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and Secretary McAdoo. With the leaders working on a program for an adjournment of Congress as near July 20 as possible, on which date Mr. Kitchin said it would be possible, in the present status of legislative work, to adjourn, it is necessary to anticipate what will be the outcome of present military operations in the direction of Mexico in order to provide sinews of war in quantity sufficient to meet eventualities.

Only passing reference was made to the subject of issuing bonds. No consideration was given to the idea of asking Congress for authorization for an issue of bonds. There are available now for issue in an emergency $240,000,000 of Panama Canal bonds. Secretary McAdoo has at no time entertained the idea of issuing any of these bonds, as he thinks no necessity exists. The state of the Treasury, Mr. McAdoo assured his callers, was such that every contingency of the present mobilization of troops could be taken care of without difficulty.

The estimate still stands that there will be in the Treasury, available at the end of the present fiscal year, nearly $200,000,000 over and above the funds in the hands of disbursing officers, and this is regarded as ample for prospective demands.

BOYS OF 71ST DEFY SOUTHWEST HEAT

Continued from Page 1.

very acceptable. With each box went a pint of milk.

Although the feast was intended for the Seventy-first only, the Seventh had passed through St. Louis earlier, and in violation of the rules of warfare existing before the submarine era confiscated 100 bottles. In according Mrs. Hammar a rousing reception the men promised to even things when Brownsville is reached.

"Free Smokes" for Soldiers.

Another pleasant surprise that St. Louis furnished to the men was a big box of cigarettes and smoking tobacco, which was given to each soldier by a St. Louis tobacco firm. This concern, one of the biggest in the country, is meeting every train that reaches St. Louis and taking care of the soldiers in the matter of smoking material.

Under direction of Dr. Kaiser, sanitation is being rigidly insisted upon. All through the trains there is not a single bit of stray paper, and this afternoon the officers in the second section waged war on the fly. As a further precaution against the development of disease, every man in the outfit was vaccinated against smallpox today. What little water the men are permitted to take is first boiled and then passed upon by Dr. Kaiser.

A school for the instruction of non-commissioned officers has been started in each train. Under the tuition of the commissioned officers the men are being coached in how to cope with special conditions they will face on the border. This move is in accord with the unofficial motto of the regiment—"preparedness."

It might be thought that life on a troop train en route to a distant point would get monotonous after the first two days, but so far it hasn't. This is due to the fine spirit that pervades the regiment. It is one for all and all for one all the time.

Land Crab Is a Dog Mascot.

After breakfast at 6:30 the men "police" or clean the cars, and then those who are studious plunge into books on military subjects, while others gather about some old trooper and are told how to care for their equipment. As soon as night shuts off the countryside the men take their recreation. Card games are arranged, and many glee clubs try to outdo each other. The ragtime songs owe their existence to the South, and tonight, in honor of the land of syncopated melody, the boys sang them all as they rode fast into Dixie.

The troops of the second section have a dog mascot now. The new recruit was found wandering around the yards in Cleveland and was promptly adopted. They called him Land Crab because he runs sideways. At present Land Crab is mostly ears and tail, but he soon will get plump. The boys have fed the dog everything from watermelon to smoked herring and, as he fails to get sick, they are rather proud of him.

After a fast run from St. Louis over the M., K. & T. Railroad to Sedalia, the trains were due to enter Kansas. It was expected tonight that Brownsville would be reached by Saturday night or early Sunday.

SEVENTH DETRAINS AND TAKES MILE HIKE

Exertion in Hot Sun in Missouri Sends Several Guardsmen Temporarily to Hospital Car.

Special to The New York Times.

ON BOARD SEVENTH REGIMENT HEADQUARTERS TRAIN, SEDALIA, Mo., June 29.—For the first time since leaving New York two days ago the men of the Seventh Regiment, National Guard of New York, today had more than forty minutes outside of their cars. After the failure of a division Superintendent to communicate to his subordinates the order to stop the special train at St. Charles, eighteen miles southwest of St. Louis, about 8 o'clock this morning, so that the men might take a short hike, Colonel Fisk gave the order to run on ninety miles to Mokane, once a rendezvous of the bandits, Cole Younger and the James brothers.

While the entire population of 800 lined the wooden sidewalks, with the temperature at 95 degrees in the shade and 106 in the sun, the Seventh took a jaunt of more than a mile under the non-commissioned officers, with Sergt. Major King Smith—the tennis player—in command. In taking a long hill in double time two of the recruits were overcome by the exertion and were forced to lie in the shade for a time. When the regiment drew up at the station in close ranks six others left the lines, and a few minutes later three more were taken to the hospital car.

All the men recovered within an hour and were soon up and about again. Major Fowler and Captain Lucas of the medical corps said that the exertion, after a long train ride, together with the unsettled condition of the men's stomachs, caused by irregular eating and drinking, was too much for recruits unused to drilling. When he saw the column start up the hill in double time Colonel Fisk dispatched orderlies to say he thought it would be beter to go slower, but they arrived after the battalion had resumed a normal pace.

No other cases of illness has been reported, and the three hours' rest at Mokane did much to raise the physical condition of the men, the doctors think. Ordinarily the period on cold rations would end today, since army regulations prescribe forty-eight hours as the limit on that fare, but the men will remain partly on cold rations for three days longer, or until Brownsville is reached, Saturday or Sunday.

Although the company was ordered to proceed the full distance on cold rations, it is possible for the men to make coffee and heat their beans and corned beef on stoves in the new train of nineteen tourist cars and Pullmans provided for the first section at Indianapolis by the War Department after Adjutant General Stotesbury and General O'Ryan had interceded for the regiment. Although the stoves in most of the sleeping cars—some of these coaches antedate even the old Wagner car—have been dismantled, the men were able to fix up two to hold fires. Barrels of hot water in the ration car, connected with steam pipes from the engine, are used to warm up the corned beef and beans. Company A bought a gasoline stove at Mokane and cooked scrambled eggs. Hardtack made its appearance in the officers' cars this morning, huge cylinders of it. It was the only breakfast the officers had.

Railroad officials today told the Seventh that its desire to reach the border before the Seventy-first Regiment would be realized. Preceded by its transport train, the two sections of the Seventh's troop train left St. Louis at 7:40 o'clock this morning after a delay in North St. Louis caused by the breaking of a drawbar. The Seventy-first's leading section was scheduled to leave three hours later.

When the nineteen sleeping car porters came into the troop train they thought their services was ended. They failed to work and started a card game in one of the staterooms. But after they had had an interview with Sergeant Harold M. Kennard of the Headquarters company they became the most active persons on the train.

In breaking up the game Sergeant Kennard said:

"I suppose you know that you've taken the oath of allegiance to the United States and that if you don't get busy around these cars you'll be held as military prisoners, court-martialed and shot."

"No, no, General, we didn't take no oath of allegiance. We left your baggage alone, right where you put it," they said, with their eyes fixed upon the red brassard on the Sergeant's arm.

Captain J. Weston Myers, Quartermaster, ordered the new squad to "go ashore" at Mokane for dinner, and at last report two of the "military prisoners" were missing.

Indiana gave the Seventh another ovation at Terre Haute last night. Missouri seems indifferent. The Seventh expects to reach Dallas, Texas, tomorrow at noon and Waco in the evening.

12TH TRAVELS IN STYLE.

Each Man in His Own Berth When Train Leaves Buffalo.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 30.—Fresher, happier and cleaner than when they left New York, the 1,200 officers and privates of the Twelfth Regiment left Buffalo early this morning after an eight-hour stop here. When the three sections of the troop train of sixty-one cars slipped down the embankment from the Lackawanna tracks at the Buffalo Junction to the ground level of the Nickle Plate every soldier and officer had a Pullman berth of his own.

Hours late in leaving Hoboken, where the trains were delayed because of the lack of mules, the soldiers did not get to sleep until nearly 5 o'clock Thursday morning. When sleep did come to the weary men, stretched out on the velvet seats of the day coaches, it didn't last long. First there was Scranton with its noisy welcome; then Binghamton with its hundreds of Red Cross women who handed out sandwiches, morning newspapers and flowers to the eager hands stretched from car windows; then Elmira with its band and more Red Cross thoughtfulness, and finally Dansville, where the train stopped to catch its second wind before climbing the hills of this section.

Colonel Wadsworth wired ahead to Buffalo, asking the officials of the Lackawanna Railroad here to arrange for a shower bath for each of the 1,200 men. The news was not broken to the soldiers until they were within twenty minutes of Buffalo.

"Boys, we're going to have a bath in Buffalo before supper—all of you—and—"

Whatever else the Captains and Lieutenants said was lost in the cheer that ran from one end of the train to another. Off came sticky flannel shirts, shoes flew about the aisles and were followed by reclaiming owners. All the men of Section 1 were ready by the time the train stopped before the round house and repair shops of the Lackawanna in East Buffalo.

Sections 2 and 3 followed each other at hour intervals. From 4 o'clock until 7:30 the concrete between the paint shop and the engine repair shop of the Lackawanna was an immense pool. Into the pit the husky soldiers jumped after disrobing in engine cabs and engine tenders. The round house and repair yards are a mile from the nearest cottage in Sloan, and the men pranced about under the hose nozzles like schoolboys.

"There's a bunch of men fit to go anywhere and do anything that Uncle Sam asks. They make you proud. Look at them," said Lieut. Col. Foster enthusiastically as company after company of disrobed privates ran out of the roundhouse and shook at the first shock of cold water. As the men came from the showers they were marched in single column to the engine cabs or tenders, where they had placed their trousers and shoes. They briskly rubbed each other dry and then walked in single file again out the north door and toward the south door, where Captain Dr. Charles W. Linn of the Hospital Corps vaccinated each man against smallpox.

While the soldiers were taking showers Captain Fred de Peyster's force built an oven of firebricks on the railroad siding and prepared the supper for the enlisted men. The order of coffee and rashers of bacon frying over the coals reached the nostrils of the last bathers and set them cheering. Meanwhile a Buffalo caterer distributed two sandwiches, a banana, and an orange to every man in the regiment. That was in addition to the supper.

At 8:30 o'clock last night the fifty-three officers, headed by Colonel Wadsworth, rode into Buffalo and had dinner at the Hotel Genesee. There the officers were met by a delegation which escorted them to the Buffalo club and each enjoyed the refreshment of the club's plunge and then a special vaudeville entertainment.

During the day 280 carloads of troops passed through Buffalo for the border. None knew the luxury of a bath except the Twelfth. None had sleepers, but the Twelfth.

The first section of the Twelfth's train carried the Colonel and his staff; the second was in command of Major Downes and the third Major Quackenbos.

FOURTEENTH GET BIBLES.

But They Would Appreciate Cigarettes More Than Scriptures.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—The Fourteenth New York infantry in two train sections reached here at noon today. The men made no complaint as to the food served and seemed in splendid condition. While in the yards a Presbyterian minister and his assistant distributed bibles, which caused some of the men to remark that they had received bibles at several places, but what they wanted was cigarettes.

"We don't want them to give us the cigarettes," said one Brooklyn soldier, "we want to buy them. We stop in the yards and are not permitted to go out of sight of our train. We have no chance to get a smoke. If St. Louis wants to do something for the soldiers who go through there after us let it have tobacco on sale near the trains as they come in. They needn't be a gift, the soldiers have money to pay for them—but they do want them."

Another need that some of the men felt was a lack of postcards and some way to mail them home. Many postcards were given to the station agent of the Frisco railroad to mail.

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CONGRESSMEN URGE REBUKE FOR CAPTAIN

Clash Between Regular Army Officer and General Clement Resented in House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The attitude of Captain S. J. B. Kemper, U. S. A., toward Major Gen. Clement of the Pennsylvania National Guard at the mobilization camp of the National Guard of that State at Mount Gretna on Wednesday was criticised by Representative Mann of Illinois, Republican floor leader, and Representative Focht of Pennsylvania during debate in the House today. According to Pennsylvania members of Congress, there was an open clash between Captain Kemper and General Clement yesterday in front of General Clement's tent when, it is alleged, Captain Kemper sharply told officers of the Pennsylvania Guard that all orders must be countersigned by him before being carried into effect.

In his comment on the incident in the House today Representative Mann suggested that Captain Kemper should be ordered before a court-martial. Discussion of the clash of authority between the army officer and the ranking officer of the Pennsylvania Guard was precipitated by the presentation by Representative J. Hampton Moore, for insertion in The Congressional Record, of an account of the incident appearing in a Philadelphia newspaper today.

"There is no excuse for this officer acting in this manner," said Mr. Mann. "I will not call him a gentleman because no gentleman would act that way. If army officers want to know why men don't enlist more readily in the regular army they ought to have posted in front of them a copy of this newspaper article. The impression is well founded throughout the country that men who enlist in the regular army are treated too much like dog and servant."

After criticising the action of Captain Kemper and concluding with an attack on the Administration's Mexican policy, Representative Focht of Pennsylvania asserted that this policy was responsible for failure of young men to enlist in the militia.

"That may be," replied Mr. Moore, "but the young men who have gone into the National Guard have been taught the idea that they would fight together. They have been encouraged to stand shoulder to shoulder, and to assist each other. There has been a comradeship about it. They have learned to know each other and have learned to know their officers, from the Sergeants up to the Major General of the National Guard. They have now been drafted into the regular army service, and here is one result of the draft.

"That is the situation that confronts us, and was bound to confront us under the draft system. Our 10,000 young men believed themselves qualified for service. They are a large proportion of the young men who are going to the front—I do not know whether they expected to be regular soldiers for a long period of three years or not; but they have had to leave their families at home at $15 a month, are now facing the conditions exactly as we pictured them here when the draft resolution was under discussion.

"A Captain of the regular army is set over them. They had served under a Major General of the National Guard, and he is one of the only two Major Generals of the National Guard of the United States; there are three brigade commanders, for we have nine regiments in Pennsylvania, and there are various other officers with these guard officers with whom they have marched; they have been in camp with them; they have talked patriotism together, and they expected to fight together, but now they find themselves in the regular army of the United States, with Captain Kemper of the regular army in charge.

"It may be all right, and the Captain, although reported as being a martinet, may be doing his full duty. I do not know, but if the incident is to be taken seriously it will not help the rush of recruits for whom the country is said to be in need."

GEN. McGRATH VOLUNTEERS.

Former Adjutant General, 75 Years Old, Offers His Services.

In response to the call for National Guardsmen who are past the campaigning age to do service in the organization left behind at the home depot units, General Thomas H. McGrath has offered his services to the National Guard authorities, to be used as they may command. General McGrath, who for thirty years served in the National Guard, was during the Administration of Grover Cleveland as Governor Assistant Inspector General. During Governor Hill's term of office he was Inspector General, and was appointed Adjutant General by Governor Flower. In reply to his offer Adjt. Gen. Louis W. Stotesbury sent him the following letter:

General Thomas H. McGrath, 226 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

My Dear General: I appreciate your note of the 21st inst. very much, and in these days of turmoil it is inspiring to know that we have the support of those who in years gone by have done so much to put the military force of the State in the position it now occupies.

It may be necessary to call upon you for counsel and advice, and you may be sure I will not hesitate to take advantage of your kind offer. Yours very truly,

LOUIS W. STOTESBURY.

General McGrath is 75 years old. He is a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

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Leave Saturday, August 5. Round-trip rate from New York, covering necessary expenses, $288.

Ask Ticket Agents for booklet, or address O. T. Boyd, Division Passenger Agent, 263 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Telephone Madison Square 7900.

Pennsylvania R. R.

LULL IN MOVEMENT OF TROOPS TO WEST

General Wood Will Issue No New Orders to Entrain for Two Days.

RHODE ISLAND LEAVES NEXT

Orders for First Infantry of Maine to Move Are Canceled—Yale Battery to Camp.

No new orders for the movement of National Guard units in the States included within the territory of the Eastern Department of the army will be issued for the next forty-eight hours, and probably not until all the units now under orders are well on the way to the border.

General Wood, the department commander, said last night that he would like to keep all the guard troops, not under orders to go to the border, in camp for six months before sending them forward. If this were possible, he added, it would mean that the units would be composed of seasoned troops who would know how to care for themselves as well as how to fight when they reached the frontier.

All the units now under orders for border service, however, will go as scheduled, and General Wood said that the Pennsylvania troops had finally begun to move, and that by tonight or tomorrow at the latest all the Pennsylvania infantry regiments and the other mobile units should be on the way to the frontier.

The Rhode Island field artillery units which were ordered to start South on Wednesday night are now equipped and have reported ready. They are expected to leave Providence some time today. The regular army inspectors reported yesterday that more than 500 of the men in the Florida regiment had been disqualified for physical reasons and that it would be some time before the command will have reached minimum war strength and be ready to start for Texas.

General Wood expressed astonishment yesterday concerning the reported complaints of the men of the Seventh Regiment as to shortage of food supplies en route to the front.

"The Seventh," said General Wood, "is the last regiment from which I expected a complaint. For this regiment to send in a kick about short rations on a moving train seems to me very peculiar when we take into consideration the kind of command the Seventh is generally conceded to be. It is thoroughly understood that soldiers when entrained take care of their own kitchen arrangements. The food is furnished them by the Government, and it is good food, too—the best that science dictates. If units going South have not supplied themselves with competent cooks and distributors of this food, the responsibility is on the shoulders of the commanders of those units."

The orders issued several days ago for the First Infantry of Maine to proceed to the border have been canceled for the reason that the regiment is not yet in condition for field service. The Yale battery, instead of proceeding to Texas immediately, will go to the Federal field artillery instruction camp at Tobyhanna, Penn., for further training. Other militia artillery organizations also will be sent to that training ground for additional instruction, it was announced.

Because of the pressing need of all available regular army officers for mobilization and other duties, the training camp for civilians at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., will be discontinued.

Reports received at Governors Island last night concerning troops now en route to the border stated that the Fourteenth Infantry of Brooklyn will reach Dallas, Texas, this morning, and that both the Seventh and the Seventy-first Infantry regiments of Manhattan should be well into Texas on the last leg of their journey today.

GUARDSMEN COMPLAIN.

New Jersey Boys Write Mother of Discomforts of Trip.

David Wesson of 111 South Mountain Avenue, Montclair, N. J., sent a letter to THE TIMES yesterday inclosing letters to their mother from his two sons who are members of the Essex Troop, N. G. N. J., and now on their way to the border. Mr. Wesson asserts that the War Department could not have gone about it in a better manner had it "deliberately started out with the intention of breaking down the health of the men and having them arrive in the condition to contract typhoid and other diseases," and adds: "I have just received another item of news from the troop from a reliable source, that plenty of time can be taken to water the horses which cost several hundred dollars apiece, but no time can be spared to feed the men or allow them to purchase food for themselves. Here are the letters from the younger Wessons:

Pittsburgh, Penn., June 28, 1916.

Dear Mother: This morning we arrived at above, where we are going to take off horses and water them. Last night Paul and I slept together, and we were so tired that we slept regardless of our quarters.

You know when you left the other night we had to stand in line for five hours and then ride down to the train, where we had to hold horses for ten hours. The Government sent us chicken and hog cars instead of horse cars, and they all had to be fixed up first.

Last night at Harrisburg the Ladies' Aid Society came down and fed us fruit and cigarettes. There is lots of spirit shown here in the West, and all the people in the small towns turn out with flags and lights to salute as we pass.

The extra blanket came in handy last night, for Paul left his on his saddle.

Yesterday we got exactly one small meal from the Government after being up two nights and days. Everybody looks as though they had been on a three days' tear. If the United States Congress had to take this trip I think they might wake up.

Will have to close now, with best love to all. Affectionately, HARRY.

Pittsburgh, Penn., June 28, 1916.

Dearest Mother: We are now in Pittsburgh, stopping to take the horses off the car and water them.

That is all talk about Pullman cars. We are sitting up in day coaches, but we are all so tired we could sleep on the floor if we had to.

At Harrisburg last night the Ladies' Aid Society sent boxes of fruit and candy; also cigarettes on the train.

While we were sidetracked at Harrisburg the Seventh Regiment train came by, and Harry and I waved to lots of fellows we knew out of the window.

Every one is keeping up his spirits in spite of the poor accommodations. Harry and Paul are as jovial as ever.

Must stop now. Love to all.

Your affectionate son, DAVID.

In asking that the letters be printed Mr. Wesson said he was willing to give his sons to the service of his country, but could not remain silent when he sees them "being sacrificed on the altar of political inefficiency, negligence and ignorance."

DELAY WILL AID AMERICANS.

Preparedness in Case of Trouble Would Be Perfected.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 29.—Any delay incident to new negotiations with General Carranza will be of inestimable benefit to the United States should the course of events cause a general clash between the United States and forces of the de facto Government, according to army officers here. This advantage would consist not only of permitting the release for active service of the 35,000 regulars guarding the border by substitution of National Guardsmen, but in the concentration of supplies for a big campaign, the mobilization of transport facilities, and rehabilitation of the flying arm of the service.

Activities of the Quartermaster's Department of the Southern Division have been diminished in no way since the report was received that the American prisoners taken at Carrizal would be surrendered to the American authorities. The department has continued to arrange for camp sites for the numerous National Guard units not yet started for the border. July 1 bids will be opened here for great quantities of provisions.

The pay of officers and men on the border now approximates $1,800,000 a month, but this will be greatly increased by the addition of the National Guardsmen.

GLANDERS IN CAMP ALARMS TROOPERS

Five Horses and Two Mules Have to be Shot at Van Cortlandt Park.

NO DANGER, SAYS DOCTOR

Many Animals Brought from West Suffering from Distemper, Which Is Not Contagious.

Troopers of the First Cavalry and Field Artillery encamped in Van Cortlandt Park are anxious through fear that an epidemic of glanders has broken out among 350 horses and sixty-eight mules which arrived at the camp last week in a shipment from Montana. The fact is, according to Dr. H. Nimphius, veterinarian in charge of the animals, five horses and two mules suffering from glanders were shot on Wednesday, but tests of the remaining stock show no signs of glanders among them.

The troopers are still somewhat excited, however, for they know that glanders, a very contagious disease, is communicable to men, and, Dr. Nimphius said last night, many of the horses were suffering from distemper, which the men mistake for glanders. The distemper, the veterinarian said, was not contagious and was not serious, being due merely to the unaccustomed climatic conditions in which the horses were suddenly placed; but to the non-expert eye the symptoms were similar to those of glanders. Consequently, the troopers, seeing the horses affected with distemper, assumed that glanders was prevalent and are in fear that they will catch the disease.

The fearful condition of the men was illustrated in many instances yesterday, most of those noticed showing decided aversion to going near the horses. For example, a cavalryman was seen walking toward a watering trough by a fellow trooper, who called out excitedly:

"Come away from there, Harry. Do you want to catch the glanders?"

Dr. Nimphius last night deplored this condition among the men.

"There is no danger at all, now," he said. "In the first place, several cases of glanders in such a large shipment of animals are not surprising, and, in the second, as soon as the disease was discovered every horse in the camp was inoculated with a solution which betrayed it in the five horses and two mules killed. None of the other animals showed any signs of serious ailment. The seven animals infected were segregated, and yesterday they were shot because their recovery seemed hopeless. The only ailment from which any of the horses is suffering is distemper, which is perfectly natural and thoroughly harmless."

It was learned at the camp that many of the cavalrymen fear difficulties when the time comes for entraining the horses and mules. The animals, it was said, are only partially broken and may prove almost unmanageable when the attempt is made to get them into box cars is made. They were removed from the cars in which they came with great difficulty, and persuading them to re-enter the cars will be more troublesome still, it was thought. The men, however, are very desirous of getting to the border and are impatient at delays.

SAYS CUBA MUST STAND BY MEXICO

Liberal Organ, However, Promises Support of America in Case of a European Quarrel.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, June 29.—The Heraldo de Cuba reproduces by cable part of THE NEW YORK TIMES editorial article today, and then charges THE TIMES with trying to bring odium upon Cuban Liberals. The Heraldo denies anti-Americanism, and adds:

"THE TIMES is enormously mistaken in declaring we are against the neighboring Republic. We admire the great spirit of progress and the profound virtues of work and moral grandeur in the American Union, but we can't pay the debt of gratitude we owe, since shed blood can't be paid for with gold or concessions. All the sorrows or simple difficulties of our benefactor find a deep echo in our hearts. We can add that on the possible, if unforeseen, day of European attack we will rise to show that we have not forgotten the sacrifices made in our favor by the great nation."

The Heraldo then defends its partisanship with Mexico on the ground that the Latins must stick together.

"The affection shown Mexico, our Latin sister," it says, "is the result of a spirit of defense and of necessity, for the life absorption of Mexico would be its ruin as an independent country, and the people who know at a distance their patriotic interests understand that in the evasion of a war with Mexico is their salvation. The deep unquenchable love which we have for the United States ceases in a moment. Our love for Cuba bids it cease. In this, Americans who truly love their country will applaud us."

LONG SICK LIST IN 47TH.

Col. Terriberry May Be Forced to Condemn Its Brooklyn Armory.

Conditions in the armory of the Forty-seventh Regiment, at Marcy Avenue and Heyward Street, Brooklyn, where the command has been under arms for the last ten days, are so bad, it was reported yesterday, after an inspection by Lieut. Col. W. S. Terriberry, Chief Surgeon of the National Guard, that he probably would order the building condemned. Ten men of the regiment are confined in the veterans' room with tonsilitis, and the others are laid up with colds.

The heat and bad air of the armory became so oppressive yesterday afternoon that the men were taken out on a hike of two and a half miles to McCarren Park and return. Although they were gone for some time and in their absence an effort was made to air out and clean up the armory, conditions were nearly as bad on their return. The confinement in such quarters had so weakened the men, who are expected to withstand the hardships of a border campaign, that four collapsed on the march, and the health of others was so bad that an extra surgeon was sent to the armory to attend them.

Benjamin Levy of Company E, who lives at 95 Siegel Street, became so ill that he was taken to Kings County Hospital.

EXILES TO AID CARRANZA,

Arredondo Tells First Chief, who Accepts Their Offers.

MEXICO CITY, June 29.—The Mexican Ambassador at Washington, Eliseo Arredondo, has informed his Government that various exiles of note, including Miguel Diaz Lombardo, former Minister to France; José Marie Maytorena, former Governor of Sonora; Francisco Escudero, former Minister of Foreign Relations in Carranza's Cabinet; Enrique Llorente, former Mexican Consul at El Paso; Manuel Garza, and Luis Guzman, have offered their services to the Constitutional Government in case of foreign intervention. The Government has accepted their offer.

General Carranza is in receipt of numerous messages from persons prominent in military and civil life declaring their adhesion to the Government in the event of the outbreak of war.

WILSON URGES THAT NATION BE JUST

Continued from Page 1.

ica first' means nothing until you translate it into what you do. So I believe most profoundly in the duty of every American to exalt the national consciousness by purifying his own motives and exhibiting his own devotion.

"In the second place, America, the country that we put first in our thoughts, should be ready in every point of policy and of action to vindicate at whatever cost the principles of liberty, of justice, and of humanity to which we have been devoted from the first. You cheer the sentiment, but do you realize what it means? It means that you have not only got to be just to your fellowmen but that as a nation you have got to be just to other nations.

"It comes high. It is not an easy thing to do. It is easy to think first of the material interest of America, but it is not easy to think first of what America, if she loves justice, ought to do in the field of international affairs. I believe that at whatever cost America should be just to other peoples and treat other peoples as she demands that they should treat her. She has a right to demand that they treat her with justice and respect, and she has a right to insist that they treat her in that fashion, but she cannot with dignity or self-respect insist upon that unless she is willing to act in the same fashion toward them. That I am ready to fight for at any cost to myself.

Small Group That Would Control.

"Then, in the third place, touching ourselves more intimately, my fellow-citizens, this is what I believe: If I understand the life of America, the central principle of it is this, that no small body of persons, no matter how influential, shall be trusted to determine the policy and development of America.

"You know what you want in your business. You want a fair field and no favor. You want to be given the same opportunity that other men have, not only to make known what you have to sell, but to sell it under as favorable conditions as anybody else; and the principle of the life of America is that she draws her vitality, not from small bodies of men who may wish to assume the responsibility of guiding and controlling her, but from the great body of thinking and toiling and planning men from whom she draws her energy and vitality as a nation.

"I believe—and this is the reason I am a Democrat, not merely with a big D, but with a little d; I am all kinds of a Democrat, so far as I can discover—but the root of the whole business is this, that I believe in the patriotism and energy and initiative of the average man. Some men say they believe in it, but when they act they show that they do not. They show that they think the only advice that it is safe to take is their advice.

"I was not referring to any individual, but I could give you an interesting and a very short list of a group of individuals who have that opinion, namely, that it is not safe for the United States to escape from their control. I feel perfectly safe in the hands of the average body of my fellow-citizens. You are bound to feel safe in their hands. If they do not believe in you, you cannot sell anything. If they do not believe in you, you cannot conduct your business. Your vitality comes from them to you; it does not go from ou to them. The theory of government which I decline to subscribe to is that the vitality of the nation comes out of closeted councils, where a few men determine the policy of the country.

"So, gentlemen, I feel at home in this company, not because I advertise, but because I have got principles that I am perfectly willing to expose to the public view, and because I want to express my sympathy with, not only, but my admiration for a body of men who think it is worth while to get together in order to tell the truth. The only thing that ever set any man free, the only thing that ever set any nation free, is the truth. A man that is afraid of the truth is afraid of the law of life. A man that does not love the truth is in the way of decay and failure, and I believe that if you will just let the vitality that is in you and the enthusiasm that is in you run beyond the confines of the businesses that you may be interested in, you will presently feel that infinite reward, as if the red blood of a whole nation came surging back into your own veins.

"Can you imagine, my fellow-countrymen, a more inspiring thing than to belong to a free nation and make your way among men every one of whom has the right and the opportunity to say what he thinks? Criticism does not hurt anybody. I heard an old politician once say to his son: 'John, don't bother your head about lies and slanders, they will take care of themselves, but if you ever hear me denying anything, you may make up your mind that it is so.'

"And when you see a man wincing under criticism, you may know that something hit him that was so, and, therefore, when they are saying the things that are not true, there is no credit in keeping your head and not minding it. I have such an inveterate confidence in the ultimate triumph of the truth that I feel, with old Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, that the truth is no invalid, and you need not mind how roughly you handle her. She has got a splendid constitution and she will survive every trial and every labor.

"I have gone, therefore, as I have abundantly shown you, not to make a formal speech—if I could show you some of the things I have been obliged to do before I came here, you would know that I could not possibly make a speech—but merely to show my profound interest in a body of men who are not only devoted to business, but devoted to ideals.

"Business is all right so long as it is not sordid, and it cannot be sordid if it is shot through with ideals. A man, no matter how humble his business, can hold his head up among the princes of the world if, as they ought to do, he will think of himself as the servant of the people and not as their master, as one who would serve and not one who would govern.

"I congratulate you, my fellow-citizens, upon the ideals of a profession which can lower or exalt business, as you choose, and which you have chosen to employ for its exaltation. I came away from Washington to look into your faces and get some of the enthusiasm which I always get when I come away from officialdom and touch hand to hand with great bodies of the free American people."

The President returned to his special train at the Broad Street Station immediately after finishing his speech. He held the train for four minutes until a newspaper man who had accompanied the party from Washington reached the station.

"I promised I wouldn't leave him behind," he told the Reception Committee when they inquired about the cause of the delay. The train pulled out at 5:03 P. M.

ADVERTISING MEN ADJOURN.

Trade Commissioner Hurley Among Speakers at Final Sessions.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—The Associated Advertising Clubs of the World concluded their twelfth annual convention here this afternoon after re-electing Herbert S. Houston President for another year. All of the other officers also were re-elected.

One of the chief addresses at the final session was made by Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, who has been co-operating with the Vigilance Committee of the advertising men's asociation in prosecuting untruthful advertisers. Mr. Hurley read a letter from President Wilson urging greater co-operation between the business men of the nation and the Federal Government.

Mr. Hurley said ignorant competition was one of the greatest dangers to the trade development of the United States.

"Government has complained about business," he said, "and business men have complained of the attitude of the Government toward business. Whatever justification there may have been in the past for such complaints, today there is a better understanding between Government and business.

"The Government, through the Federal Trade Commission, by recommending the subjects of costs to the business men of the country at this time and offering to aid in the actual development of proper cost systems, is endeavoring to do a constructive piece of work which is of the greatest importance. The problems of credit and finance, of foreign trade and unfair methods of competition, and of labor and capital—all will begin to solve themselves once the subject of costs receives on every hand the attention it rightfully deserves."

Others who addressed the convention at its final session were Edmond B. Osborne, President of the Osborne Company, Newark, N. J., who spoke for the advertising specialty manufacturers; E. T. Meredith of Des Moines, Iowa, who represented the agricultural publishers; William H. Ukers of New York, representing the business press; Homer J. Buckley of Chicago, representing the direct mail advertisers; Reuben H. Donnelly of Chicago, representing the directory publishers; H. D. Robbins of New York, representing the financial advertisers; C. Henry Hathaway of New York, representing the magazines; Harry Tipper of New York, representing the national advertisers; Louis Wiley, representing THE NEW YORK TIMES; Harvey Conover of Chicago, representing the outdoor advertisers; E. Allen Frost of Chicago, representing the poster advertisers; Loyal Lincoln Wirt of Wellesley, Mass., representing the religious press, and E. Lawrence Fell of Philadelphia, representing the graphic arts.

Following the speeches several trophies were awarded. A majority of the delegates to the convention left on a recreation trip to Atlantic City after adjournment.

PRESIDENT HERE TONIGHT.

Will Speak at Dinner of New York Press Club.

The promise of President Wilson to be the guest of the New York Press Club at its annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria tonight has aroused an interest in the occasion such as has not been felt since Ulysses S. Grant as President honored the club at its first banquet in 1878.

Because of the speech of the President, requests for reservations have come from all over the country. Practically all but a few places have been allotted.

A feature that has marked none of the dinners since President Grant inaugurated the custom lies in the intention of Mrs. Wilson to attend the banquet.

F. R. TRIPLER & Co.

TWO-PIECE SUITS

Blue Flannel — Tan Silk
$18.00 $15.00

FANCY MIXTURES
Washable and Non-Shrinkable
$10.00 and $12.50

FLANNEL TROUSERS
$5 and $6

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

Explaining This Sale of Pongee Silk Suits at $14.50

We are pleased to announce that the assortment of sizes in these Pongee Silk Suits is still complete.

We secured last season enough of this silk to make 1,500 suits, at a price which has enabled us to present them now for $14.50.

If the silk were purchased at present prices the suits, made in the same way, would have to be offered for not less than $20.

Norfolk and regular sack models, with patch pockets —smartly tailored, cool, hot-weather suits.

Weber and Heilbroner
Five Clothing Stores
30 Broad 241 Broadway 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway 42d and Fifth Avenue

ADVERTISEMENT.

White Rock
"The World's Best Table Water"

11,000 GUARDSMEN NOW AT BEEKMAN

Camp Augmented by the Arrival of Buffalo and Albany Regiments and Hudson Valley Companies.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WHITMAN, BEEKMAN, N. Y., June 29.—With the arrival of troop units here today, there are now 11,000 guardsmen under tents, making it one of the largest State military concentrations in history. The camp was augmented by the arrival of the Sixty-fifth Regiment from Buffalo, the Tenth from Albany, and several companies from the Hudson Valley.

Brig. Gen. Eddy failed to get a salute when he arrived in camp, although one had been ordered for him by Colonel Lucas. The field batteries in camp had no blank cartridges.

The Sixty-fifth, which comes from the east side of Buffalo, contains a large majority of men of German descent. It has also a few of nearly every other nationality, and is already known in camp as the "foreign legion." The one company in which Teutonic blood does not predominate is Company F, which is composed almost exclusively of Poles. It has Poles who have served in the Russian, Austrian, and German armies. One man in the company was in the Russo-Japanese War and another served with the Serbs in the Balkan War.

Captain J. M. Givinner of Company K said that all of his company were Germans except for a seasoning of Irish and one Greek, a veteran of the Graeco-Turkish War, who was enlisted because he is a barber.

The Sixty-fifth, which has been an infantry regiment for sixty years, was recently directed to make itself over, as a heavy artillery organization. It arrived here as a heavy artillery unit without any artillery. There are also three machine gun companies in camp now, but not a machine gun.

The supplying of the 11,000 troops with water, which has been done mainly so far by a spring and four wells near farm houses, will be taken over tomorrow by the new water system, Colonel Lucas announced tonight. Five recently bored wells, which have been found sufficient to supply 110,000 or more gallons of water a day, or ten gallons a day for each man, will be connected with the water mains by men of the Twenty-second engineers and the Second Regiment, working all night.

MOTOR BATTERY IN CAMP.

Fifty Guardsmen Chug Into Peekskill on Motor Cycles.

Special to The New York Times.

STATE CAMP, Peekskill, N. Y., June 29.—Motors were heard chugging in the distance here at noon, and before it was announced what was coming to the camp fifty guardsmen on motor cycles shot into view around the bend of the hilly entrance to the camp grounds, followed by three armored motor cars and several auxiliary cars. The first armored battery had arrived for machine-gun practice.

Captain H. G. Montgomery, in command of the motor battery, ordered the guardsmen, all of them college men, put through a rigid drill with their motor cycles on the camp ground, and until the consignment of machine guns arrive there will be only rifle practice on the range to perfect the men in marksmanship.

The battery numbers 156 men and four officers, including Lieutenant W. T. Starr, who pitched camp with fourteen men on Wednesday; Lieutenant Dudley Olcott and Lieutenant George Hubbell, Jr. The equipment of the battery consists of fifty motor cycles for machine gun and dispatch service, rifles, three armored motor cars, three scout cars, supply trucks and auxiliary motor cars.

D., L. & W. PAYS GUARDS.

Lehigh Valley Also Joins Employers Caring for Militia.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, and the Lhigh Valley Railroad yesterday joined the employers who will make provision for the National Guardsmen among their employes while the militia is in the service of the Government. The Board of Managers of the Lackawanna voted that employes of the company who were members of the guard on June 14, 1916, and who had been more than a year in the company's service should have an indefinite leave of absence for military service without impairment to their pension or other records. Such employes will find their places open when they return, and payments will be made in their behalf as follows:

Full pay to all for the month of June, 1916. After July 1, to married men, full pay; to unmarried men, one-half to two-thirds full pay, according to those dependent upon them; no payment to exceed $100 per month. The foregoing subject to termination at the pleasure of the Board of Managers.

The Lehigh Valley, in general, made the same provisions with slightly different details of payment, an original feature of the specifications being that only married employes living with their wives or families, should receive full pay. Unmarried employes with dependents, it was decided, should receive from one-half to full pay, and all other unmarried employes one-half pay, no payments after July 1 to exceed $100 a month

The American Type Founders Company doubly protected the dependents of guardsmen among its employes by requiring the men to sign a written order for the payment "of their salaries or wages or reasonable parts thereof in such maner as will provide for those dependent upon them in their absence." The company announced that, for the period of enlistment, it would pay full salaries in behalf of men regularly paid on a salary basis, and the average weekly earnings for the last three months in behalf of men regularly paid on an hour basis.

John McE. Bowman of the Biltmore Hotel announced that the hotel would pay full salaries to all guardsmen during their absence, and it was further learned that Mr. Bowman had provided soup for the soldiers of the Twelfth Regiment while they were waiting on Wednesday night for the departure of their trains.

Moller & Schumann Company announced full pay to all National Guardsmen during military service, and protection in insurance rights. William Green extended their guarantee of full pay during service to include not only militiamen, but employes with the company for more than five years who desired to go to Plattsburg. Full pay for militia duty and half pay while at Plattsburg was promised employes with the firm for from one to five years.

Pfeiffer Color Company, New York Gas and Electric Appliance Company, Valentine & Co., Henry L. Doherty & Co., and the George L. Dyer Company announced full pay for their employes during the period of military service.

Additions yesterday to the list of employers making sub-station provision for employes who were called out with the guard were as follows:

American Type Founders Co.
Biltmore Hotel.
Doherty, Henry L. & Co.
Dyer, the George L. Co.
Green, William.
Pfeiffer Color Co.
Lackawanna Railroad.
Lehigh Valley Railroad.
Moller & Schumann Co.
N. Y. Gas & Electric Appliance Co.
Valentine & Co.

Valentine & Co., who are manufacturers of varnishes and colors, are also paying the employes of their London office who are in the English Army, it was announced.

"TO UPHOLD SOVEREIGNTY."

Carranza's Nephew Cables Mexico Would Keep Up a War.

"We are determined to keep up the war indefinitely to uphold the sovereignty and independence of our country," read a cablegram received yesterday afternoon by William A. Staats of 29 Beekman Place from Colonel Alberto Salinas Carranza, head of the Mexican Aviation Corps, and nephew of the head of the Mexican de facto Government. Mr. Staats said he was a purchasing agent of aviation supplies for the Carranza Government, and was a personal friend of Colonel Salinas, with whom he went to school at St. John's Academy, near Syracuse.

Colonel Salinas's cablegram, which was sent yesterday, read:

Mexico City, June 29, 1916.

Neither the Government of Mexico nor the people of Mexico want war, and are both doing everything available to avoid it, but as long as your Government insists on keeping troops in our territory the danger of war will exist. If there is war all the responsibilities will fall on the American Government, as it has neither the right nor the motives for keeping soldiers on our soil.

It is inconceivable how your Government can bring about war, which would cause immense damage for many years to both countries, only to remedy insignificant and temporary ones, as we are determined to keep up the war indefinitely to uphold the sovereignty and independence of our country. You who have been here and know us personally should tell the American people the truth about Mexico.

A. SALINAS.

This cablegram was received in reply to a message sent by Mr. Staats to Colonel Salinas on June 27, in which he said:

"Please use all your influence to prevent a breaking off of the friendly relations between our Governments. It is my sincere desire that reason and sane judgment prevail in both."

AMERICANS LOSE PROPERTY.

State Department Asks About Mexican Action Against Refugees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Representations have been made to the Carranza Government by the State Department against the action of various local authorities in certain portions of Mexico confiscating the property of Americans who are joining the general exodus of refugees from Mexico. According to advices reaching the State Department, the property confiscated includes large quantities of gold and silver, and considerable personal property, including horses and automobiles. These seizures have taken place in the States of Jalisco, Sonora, Tamaulipas, and Colima, and in the ports of Tampico and Manzanillo.

The Navy Department's reports today showed that seventeen men, fifteen women, and fifteen children had been put on board the battleship Nebraska at Vera Cruz and that 411 American refugees are now on board that vessel. Admiral Winslow notified the department that sixty-seven refugees had left Guaymas on the armored cruiser Colorado, and that the Cleveland and Glacier had taken 209 refugees from that port.

All Americans but three have now left the Yaqui Valley. Several days ago Admiral Winslow reported that about sixty American colonists in the Yaqui Valley had refused to leave. Today the Admiral reported only three Americans had remained in that district.

From Tampico the Navy Department received word that 775 refugees had left that place for New Orleans on the Dixie, and 225 others had left Tampico on the tank ship Herbert G. Wiley.

Will Avoid Clashes of Sentries.

NOGALES, Ariz., June 29.—At the close of a conference today General Norzgaray, commander of the Mexican forces across the border, and Colonel W. H. Sage, the American commander, announced they had arranged for co-operation in the prevention of clashes through the mistakes of sentries.

$20 and $25 Suitings (to measure) $17.50
$27 and $30 Suitings (to measure) $22.50
$35 to $45 Suitings (to measure) $26.50

THIS *Clearance Sale* of Made-to Measure Suitings means woolens taken right off my shelves. Not a bolt was bought for this Sale, which is my *only sale* this year offering reduced prices.

You pay me as low a price NOW as you would pay for "ready-mades" LATER, and you get, besides, my body-gracing fit, my thoroughbred style, my personal attention, my pointblank refusal to let you take the Suit if it isn't next door to perfection. Come to be measured, or send for cloth clippings!

$15 *for Mohair Suits to measure*

Clemons
Custom Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
17 Years On This Corner

Robert Reiner Importing Co.,
Lace Mill, Weehawken, N. J.
Frederick W. Fischer, Architect.

'Turner for Concrete'
A second contract for this company followed the building above. Turner has built 9 buildings for the textile industry, including
Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co.
Nashua Manufacturing Co.
William Whitman Company
TURNER
Construction Co

WILSON STANDS FIRM.

Tells Mediation Committee "Acts Must Follow Words" in Mexico.

To a plea made at the White House by Professor Irving Fisher of Yale University, Mrs. Amos Pinchot, and Professor Harry A. Overstreet of City College for the submission of the controversy with Mexico to mediation or arbitration, President Wilson replied that affairs with Mexico had reached a "crisis where acts must follow words."

The two college men and Mrs. Pinchot were a committee who carried to the President the resolution passed by the joint committee on arbitration with Mexico following a mass meeting on Tuesday night of various organisations under the auspices of the Civic Club at 12 West Thirty-first Street. The resolution concluded with this request to the President:

> We ask that the differences between the two nations be submitted to mediation or arbitration in accordance with the spirit of the treaty of 1848 with Mexico, and in order that this treaty of the United States and Mexico shall not be a mere scrap of paper.

The members of the committee, who returned yesterday, gave this version of the reply of the President to their request:

"Never in my Administration shall it be said that any treaty of the United States is a scrap of paper. We have come to a crisis where acts must follow words. While we have the greatest sympathy with the problem of the Mexican people and their desire for self-government we have come to the point where we must insist that the lives and liberty of our own people shall be safe from the depredations of Mexican bandits."

The committee also had interviews with Secretary of State Lansing, and with Secretaries Baker, Lane, and Wilson of the War, Interior, and Labor Departments, in which Professor Fisher, Chairman of the delegation, urged the importance of the action of the nation at this crisis.

The committee received telegrams from Dr. David Starr Jordan and Señor Modesto C. Rolland announcing their departure for Washington yesterday for continuation of their mediation efforts. Mrs. Pinchot and Moorfield Story of Boston will go to Washington to join them in the work.

SEEK MILLIONS FOR FLYING.

Aero Club Delegation Visits Officials in Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—A committee of the Aero Club of America, headed by Alan R. Hawley, President, and Henry Woodhouse, Governor, visited Washington today on behalf of aerial preparedness. The committee, with Congressman George Murray Hulbert of New York, were in conference with Administration officials at the White House, the War and Navy Departments, Senator George E. Chamberlain, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs; Secretary of War Baker, Brig. Gen. George P. Scriven, Chief Signal Officer, and Colonel George O. Squier, in charge of army aeronautics. They also met Secretary Daniels.

At the request of Secretary Baker the committee submitted to the War Department a plan for aerial preparedness entailing an expenditure of $28,975,000.

The delegation told Secretary Baker that 300 aviators were needed immediately and that it would be necessary to train 900 men. To train these men it is necessary to allow one aeroplane in operation and one in reserve for every four men, making a total of 450 aeroplanes needed in training alone.

Check Off (✓) Your Wardrobe Gaps For Fourth-O'-July

IN THIS little space, my big stocks feel as cramped as a jack-in-the-box. Remember, I sell everything a man wears from *Hat* to *Hose.*

Stein-Bloch Summer Suits in Flannels, Homespuns and Tropical Worsteds—$20 to $45.

Palm Beach Suits, the genuine, original and uncopyable—$8.50 to $12.50.

"Professional" Swimming Suits—with deep-cut necks and armholes and short, snug trunks—Navy, Black, Oxford—$2.85 and $3.85.

White "Oxweave" Shirts without collar or with attached deep-point sport collar—$1.50.

Cool-Check Athletic Undersuits of thinnest Cross-Bar Nainsook--50c the garment.

White Flannel Trousers of needful weight to drape well and repel creases—$3.75 to $9.00.

Crepe Beach Robes with Slippers to match—$3.50.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

HIGGINS & SEITER.
FOUNDED 1887
CHINA AND GLASS MERCHANTS
9 & 11 EAST 37th STREET

NOVELTIES
FOR THE
COUNTRY HOUSE

The Answer

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RED CROSS ASKS AID FOR NEEDY FAMILIES

Many Left in Want by Breadwinners Being Called to Border.

PUBLIC TO FEED SOLDIERS

Appeals Sent to Towns Through Which Troops Are to Pass Get Ready Response.

The first formal appeal for subscriptions for the relief of the destitute families of soldiers at the front was issued yesterday following instructions from Ernest P. Bicknell, Director General of Civilian Relief of the Red Cross, and the local appeal asks that contributions be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 130 East 22d Street, New York City.

The appeal says that in accordance with its national charter, the New York County Chapter of the American Red Cross asks for the generous support of the public for the destitute families of the soldiers and sailors who have been called to the service of their country. It tells of appeals for aid which have already come in and emphasizes the fact that the people in need are independent and are only in want because their natural supporters have gone to the front to protect the lives and the property of those who remain at home, and that to give aid is a sacred obligation.

The appeal includes one for new members of the Red Cross, for which a campaign is now going on. It was said at the campaign headquarters on Fourth Avenue yesterday that more than 75,000 new members have come in during the last two months, four times the total number in the national organization six months ago.

Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, head of the Red Cross branch at Thirty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue, was informed yesterday that she would have to feed more guardsmen who are to start for the front this morning. She praised the fine work of her committee, which fed the members of the Twelfth Regiment at Hoboken on Wednesday and the Second Battalion of the First Field Artillery of Yonkers. She says that she knows now that the women can meet all demands made upon them.

"It was 10:30 A. M. on Wednesday," said Mrs. Tiffany yesterday, "when we were told that we would have 1,200 men to feed at Hoboken at 5 o'clock. We had to get the permission of the Lackawanna Railroad people to open a supply kitchen in their station, get the women together, and get electric stoves, for I was bound that things should be hot for the men. The Twelfth was late, and did not reach the station finally until 7 o'clock, but we were ready for them at 3.

"We had soup, 2,000 sandwiches, coffee, milk, cocoa, and ice cream donated by the Biltmore, Ritz-Carlton, Manhattan, and Vanderbilt Hotels and Childs Restaurant. We bought, and sent over, 1,000 tin cups and fifty trays. The Lackawanna people gave us the use of their emigrant room, which was perfect, for we had trains on all sides.

"We had thirty women of the Red Cross, the National Patriotic Relief Committee, and other organizations. Mrs. Arthur Burden, who was down on Long Island playing tennis, played out six sets, won her championship, came up, and was ready to work. There were Miss Belle Gurnee, Mrs. Austin Bolima, the Countess Villa Franca, Mrs. H. S. French, Mrs. Archer Alexander, Miss Alexander, Mrs. Frederick Edey, and Mrs. Bell Morris among others. We had three men from the Lincoln Trust Company to help us, A. C. Sherwood of the Men's Campaign Committee, and Arthur William of the Electric Company. We fed 1,250 men. Through some mischance which was unavoidable they had had nothing to eat since 5 o'clock in the morning. Simultaneously we looked after the 2,000 cavalrymen at Yonkers."

The general public assumed the responsibility of feeding the men yesterday after they left the vicinity of New York, through the work of the American Defense Society, which has national headquarters at 303 Fifth Avenue. In response to telegrams that were sent out by the National Committeemen along the railroad routes by which the National Guardsmen are hastening to the Mexican border they will find friends everywhere. Scores of these telegrams asked that committees be formed to meet the trains and supply the men with refreshments and tobacco, and all day yesterday replies were coming in saying that this was being done.

The Women's Supply Committee of the American Defense Society yesterday turned its attention to the manufacture of abdominal belts, which the women learned the greater number of the men had gone without and they are very necessary in hot countries. They have asked for workers and donations of flannel, which at the present time is costly. The employment bureau had many offers of aid and also appeals for relief.

The Broadway Branch of the Red Cross, of which Mrs. Richard Aldrich is head, at Broadway and Seventy-sixth Street, is doing the biggest work of any of the organizations in First Aid classes at its headquarters. There are three and four classes each day, including a class for men. This is an evening class, and the men will get the First Aid instruction from first-class nurses and doctors. There is also to be a Sunday class from 4 to 6 o'clock in First Aid for men. This headquarters is also open evenings, and men come in and help roll bandages and prepare dressings.

One trouble with the relief work, Mrs. Aldrich says, is that there are more persons who give time than who give money, and one is as necessary as the other, and as the cost of supplies is increasing there should be donations of money that a large stock of material can be laid in.

Bronx men have come to the aid of their women in the Red Cross work. The Bronx Red Cross Chapter was started at the opening of the European hostilities, and during the first year and a half shipped 68,000 articles the women had made to Europe. It is now doing the same kind of work for the Mexican frontier.

ORGANIZE RELIEF WORK.

Wives of Guard Officers Open Headquarters in 71st Armory.

The Active Service Auxiliary of the National Guard of New York, organized by the wives of staff officers at the suggestion of Major General John F. O'Ryan, opened its headquarters yesterday in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, to supervise the work of attending to the needs of families and dependents of soldiers. It is intended to organize branches in all the cities of the State.

The organization was formed following meetings at the home of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt on Tuesday and Wednesday, which were attended by Adjt. Gen. Louis W. Stotesbury, Major Gen. Daniel Appleton, Lieut. Col. William S. Terriberry, Colonel W. W. Ladd, and Mrs. John F. O'Ryan, wife of the Commander of the National Guard. Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, wife of the Governor, is a member of the Executive Committee of the auxiliary, of which Mrs. Vanderbilt is the temporary chairman.

The auxiliary will report direct to the military authorities. Local committees of the auxiliary will have offices in several of the city armories, where applications for aid may be filed. A staff of workers began their duties yesterday at the headquarters of the auxiliary.

"Our work will be limited to the relief of families of men in active service," said Mrs. O'Ryan. "General O'Ryan believes strongly that there ought to be some one State organization to act as a clearing house for the many organizations being formed for this purpose. He has therefore requested the wives of the officers of the National Guard to assume the responsibility of these duties, and this committee is organized in accordance with his request."

"Men will do better work at the front if their families are provided for," said Mrs. Vanderbilt, wife of Colonel Cornelius Vanderbilt, Inspector General of Militia, and a member of the staff of General O'Ryan.

All contributions should be sent to Nicholas Biddle, Treasurer, at the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 55 Cedar St.

Dr. Jordan Leaves for Capital.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., June 29.—Dr. David Starr Jordan, with his secretary, and Modesto C. Roland, the only peace delegates to arrive here, left tonight for Washington. Dr. Atl and Luis Manuel Rojas, Mexican peace delegates, have left Eagle Pass, Texas, on their way to Washington, Dr. Jordan said.

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"IT CLEANS THE TEETH AND THE TOOTH BRUSH TOO"

ARMY ACCEPTS BIDS FOR BORDER SUPPLIES

New Yorkers Make Quotations for 1,000,000 Suits of Underwear and 1,000,000 Ponchos.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 29.—Bids were opened at the Schuylkill Arsenal today for 1,000,000 suits of Summer underwear and 50,000 ponchos for the American Army on the border. The contracts, it is estimated, will aggregate about $70,000 and early deliveries are stipulated.

The clerical force at the Arsenal is hard pressed with the extra work entailed by the Mexican situation and, as the bids exhibited a wide range of samples and prices, official announcement of the awards will not be made until tomorrow. Unofficially, however, it was learned that William Brandeis & Co., a local concern, obtained the contract to furnish 100,000 pairs of cotton drawers at 31 cents, and Theodore S. Baulig Company were successful bidders on 100,000 jean drawers, each at 31, 31½, 32, and 32½ cents.

Among Philadelphia bidders were Young, Smith, Field Company, whose bid called for 1,000,000 shirts at prices ranging from 30 to 33 cents, and 1,000,000 drawers at a like price range up to 35 cents a garment. Ellis A. Gimbel bid on 100,000 shirts and drawers at 37½ and 39 cents; Roxford Knitting Company's bid was for 300,000 shirts at 37½ cents with an alternate bid for small lots at the same price. A series of bids submitted by John Wanamaker for 1,000,000 shirts and drawers, large and small lots on samples of various character, ranged from 35 to 38 cents a garment and from $2.26¼ a dozen to $4.72½ a dozen

Other bidders included Oppenheim & Oppendorf, New York, 10,000 drawers at 31¼ cents, 10,000 shirts at 31½ cents, and 10,000 union suits at 62½ cents; Greenhut & Co., Markowitz Brothers, H. H. Rice Corporation, Charles H. Cavanaugh, and the Hygienic Fleeced Underwear Company, the latter a Philadelphia mill.

There were nine bids for ponchos, ranging from $1.39, the lowest price, bid by A. E. London & Sons to furnish one lot of the 50,000 required, to $4, the figure named in the bids of Sigmund Eisner and the Charles Kenyon Company. Other bidders were Standard Oil Clothing Company, Henry E. Lazarus, E. A. Brinkenhoff, Richard Levick & Sons, Gloucester Manufacturing Company, and the United States Rubber Company.

The Government is in the market for 1,000,000 yards of shelter tent duck, 500,000 yards of eight-ounce khaki duck, 100,000 yards of nubleached duck of various weights and sizes, and 1,000,000 yards of 12 4-10 ounce duck for early delivery, and bids for this material will be opened at the Schuylkill Arsenal July 3 at 11 A. M.

Mill owners and selling agents have also been informed, according to authoritative reports, that the Government will call for bids on large yardages of woolens in the near future. The Philadelphia Quartermaster's Department bought this week on the open market 300,000 yards of sixteen-ounce olive drab melton for delivery during the next three months, and a purchase of 100,000 yards of all-wool khaki shirting flannel is also reported.

TAGEBLATT REAPPEARS.

Offense Was to Say Great Business Concerns Wanted War to Go On.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, June 29, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—According to the Berliner Tageblatt, which reappeared today, the responsible editor of Vorwärts was compelled by the censor to sign the following declaration:

"I can guarantee that I will act according to the desire that the uniformity of patriotic enthusiasm shall not be disturbed. I consider I have hitherto done everything possible not only not to disturb, but also to encourage patriotic enthusiasm."

The Central Committee of the Socialist Party has protested to the Chancellor that such demands should under no circumstances be made of the press.

General von Kessel, commandant of the Mark of Brandenburg, announces that the Tageblatt was suspended for stating that great trade organizations in Germany were anxious to see the war continued indefinitely solely in the interests of war profits. General von Kessel says this was an unusually grave disturbance of the domestic truce.

NO GAIN IN U-BOAT PLEDGE.

Reventlow Sees No Hope of American Demands on England.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, June 29, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Writing in the Deutsche Tageszeitung last night Count von Reventlow expresses very pessimistic views with regard to the possibility of a disturbance of Anglo-American relations an dan improvement of the standpoint of the United States toward Germany. He says:

"There is now no hope that the United States will demand from England the freedom of the seas in exchange for the abandonment of the submarine war by Germany. In Germany it also has been hoped that the United States would bring about an unfettered transport to German ports of raw materials from America, especially cotton, the cessation of American war material supplies to Germany's enemies, or the dispatch of similar supplies to Germany either direct to German ports or through neutral countries. Moreover, it hoped the United States would cease directly or indirectly to support Germany's enemies with money. A German-American loan was also suggested.

"But none of these hopes has been fulfilled, none of these calculations has proved to be correct. Not the slightest effort has been made at Washington to carry these projects through."

HARRIS SAYS HUGHES HAS A BAD RECORD

Democratic State Chairman Attacks Nominee's Acts as Governor at Albany.

A DEFENDER OF WEALTH

"Never Has Been Able to Look Upon a Man as a Human Being," He Tells Brooklyn Club.

Charles E. Hughes, the Republican nominee for President, was made the subject of a critical personal analysis in a speech by Edwin S. Harris, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, last night at the Young Men's Democratic Club, 9 Willoughby Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Harris declared that Mr. Hughes was absolutely unfit to hold executive office, and that while he was Governor he showed disregard of the public interest.

"Harsh as the statement may seem," said Mr. Harris, "Hughes nowhere in his record has been able to look upon a man as a human being. Man as a human being has no place in the thoughts of Governor Hughes. As a Cornell professor he was distinguished as a defender of property rights. As Governor of this State his veto of the two-cent fare bill and the five-cent surface railway fare bill, his disapproval of the income tax, and his proposal of the public service law, the latter being the only constructive piece of legislation of his four years, all show him a stalwart defender of organized wealth against any attempts to reduce its profits.

"His career as a corporation attorney showed him as giving not only his whole mind but his whole heart to the protection of his clients. As much as any man can wirship an idea, Governor Hughes has always worshipped the idea of property and its protection. In this fact we find the explanation of why the interests selected Hughes and not Roosevelt."

Mr. Harris in elaborating his argument said that the Public Service Commissions law which the Public Service corporations fought so bitterly while it was before the Legislature "was the greatest boon to the corporations ever enacted by a State Legislature." In reviewing his two administrations as Governor, Mr. Harris reached the conclusion that the record was all bad.

He said that "Mr. Hughes is an adroit, shrewd, resourceful politician, unsurpassed in this respect by any man in public life unless it be the late leader of the Progressive Party." He said Mr. Hughes as Governor "placed in charge of the canals of the State one of the shrewdest politicians the Republican Party has ever developed. He constructed a wonderful Hughes political machine which trampled upon the Old Guard throughout all the canal counties, spent hundreds of thousands of dollars more than had ever been spent before, and today there is nothing to show for the expenditure."

This reference was to ex-Senator Frederick C. Stevens, now dead, whom Mr. Hughes appointed State Superintendent of Public Works, thereby bringing down on his head the anger of the Republican macnine. Mr. Hughes had first learned to know Senator Stevens when he was Chairman of the Legislative Committee of which Mr. Hughes was counsel, and which wah instrumental in giving New York City its eighty-cent gas rate.

"Those familiar with the facts," Chairman Harris said, "know that Governor Hughes was nominated for the Presidency, not at Chicago, but in this city nearly a year ago. He was nominated, not by big business as a whole, but by that part of big business which strives through the control of government to get something which does not belong to it. He was nominated by those whose power was broken by the enactment of the Federal Reserve Act. He was nominated by those whose unholy profits were taken away from them by the enactment of the Underwood Tariff act. He was nominated by those who look upon the enforcement of Federal trade and commerce laws as a personal attack upon themselves."

HUGHES TO PLAY GOLF AWHILE

Candidate Will Work on Speech of Acceptance on Long Island.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEHAMPTON, L. I., June 29.—Charles E. Hughes returned to his Summer home this evening and will devote much of his time in the next few days working on the address he will make when notified formally of his nomination on July 15 in New York.

Mr. Hughes was greatly pleased by his interview with Colonel Roosevelt and it is understood that he discussed with the Colonel his speech of acceptance. It is to be an important document to be used as the keynote of the campaign.

Mr. Hughes has few important engagements for the next few days. His secretary, Lawrence H. Green, brought out a huge package of letters and Mr. Hughes will endeavor to catch up with his correspondence. He brought his golf clubs along and will get as much exercise as possible. He will probably remain here over July 4th, and will not go to New York again until late next week.

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HIGHEST GRADE TURKISH
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A limited number of desirable apartments available for season engagements.
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3:40 P. M. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.

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The rumored shortage of Turkish tobacco may affect other manufacturers, but causes us no concern whatever.

It is a well known fact that Turkish tobacco improves with age, and for years we have had, and now have in storage in the United States by far the largest supply of pure Turkish tobacco ever carried by any manufacturer.

So large is our supply of pure Turkish tobacco that we are now making the above standard brands out of the 1910 and 1911 crops, ageing our leaf from the subsequent crops for future use.

We maintain in the Orient our own organization, and are not dependent upon the haphazard supply from brokers and speculators.

Notwithstanding the difficulties of ocean traffic, we have continued shipments from the Orient, adding to our already enormous leaf stock more than a million of pounds in the past few months—the most recent cargo, amounting to about four hundred thousand pounds of the best Xanthi and Cavalla leaf, having arrived at the Port of New York on Thursday, June 22, 1916.

Each individual cigarette in every package of the above brands is guaranteed 100% Pure Turkish Tobacco.

Anargyros
A Corporation
Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World.

ITALIANS WIN BACK MORE TERRITORY

Meet Stronger Resistance as the Austrians Take Up Prepared Positions.

STORM FORT MATTASSONE

And Penetrate Enemy Trenches on the Carso Plateau—Airmen Drop Bombs on Udine.

ROME, June 29, (via London.)—The Italian advance continues on the Trentino front. The official report of today says that in the Arsa Valley the Italians stormed Fort Mattassone and carried the ridge of Monte Trappola.

The occupation of Pedescala in the Astico Valley by Italian forces is also announced.

The official report says:

Between the Adige and the Brenta we continued our advance yesterday, notwithstanding the increasing resistance of the enemy as they reached their previously prepared positions. In the Val Arsa our Alpine troops stormed Fort of Mattassone, and detachments of our infantry carried the ridge of Mount Trappola. During the evening the enemy launched a violent attack in the Zugna area to delay our advance, but was driven back with heavy losses.

On the Pasubio sector we took some trenches near Malga Comagnoon. Along the Posina line our advance was delayed by the nature of the ground and the fire of heavy batteries from the Borcola. We chased the enemy from the rocks and reached Griso, and carried the strong positions of Betta on Mount Majo.

In the Astico Valley we occupied Pedescala.

On the Setti Comuni plateau the enemy has strengthened the northern side of the Assa Valley heights on the left bank of the Galmarra to the Agnello Pass. In this district, which is rough and wooded, the enemy held the positions of his machine guns, while his heavy artillery continually swept our line of advance. We established ourselves on the southern side of the Assa Valley and gained possession of trenches near Zebio and Zingarella.

Along the rest of the front to the Carso there is no change.

On the Carso plateau our infantry succeeded in penetrating and occupying some of the enemy's trenches. During June 23 we captured 656 prisoners, including twenty-one officers, and also took four machine guns and arms, ammunition and material.

Today two hostile aeroplanes dropped bombs on Udine. One of the bombs fell on the civilian hospital, killing two women and wounding one. No other damage resulted.

LONDON, June 29.—An Austrian official communication received here today says that after a terrific artillery engagement, big battles developed on the Italian front in the regions of Monte San Michele, near San Martino and east of Vermegliano. These battles continue, but the Italian attacks are being partially repulsed by counterattacks.

BERLIN, June 29, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The Austrian report of June 28 says:

Italian front: The Italians made attacks in several places on the front between the Adige and the Brenta; at Valdi Foxi, on the Pasubio, against Monte Rasta, and on the slopes of Monte Zubio. All these attacks were repulsed with heavy losses for the enemy. In the advance made by heavy forces of the enemy against Monte Rasta 530 Italians, including 15 officers, were captured. In the Ploecken sector the enemy made further useless efforts. His attacks were directed principally against Freikofel and Gross Enpal. At certain places there was hand-to-hand fighting. Our brave defenders firmly maintained all their positions.

On the Isonzo front there were very spirited artillery duels for a time.

Our aviators bombarded stations and military establishments at Treviso, Monte Belluno, Vicenza, Padua, and Adria, and military establishments at Monfalcone.

BOSELLI PRAISES ARMIES.

Reconquest of Italian Territory Going On, He Tells the Chamber.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, June 29.—"This is not the moment for programs but for action," said the venerable parliamentarian Signor Roselli, in beginning his statement before the Senate Chamber. His speech was more than anything else a hymn to the "faith and valor of our marvelous soldiers and brave sailors." He recalled with moving words the fate of the inhabitants of those regions where the Austrian advance had occurred, who "abandoned all except their ideal of the fatherland, for which we will be grateful in the future, remembering the painful days of the cities and regions devastated by the enemy's rage."

"The powerful, violent enemy's attack," the Premier added, "not only immediately broke against the wings of our troops, but soon was entirely arrested and energetically repulsed, and now we are overcoming the enemy's resistance. We are accomplishing the reconquest of our lands and our steep, dominating crests."

The general impression from the statement is that no change is to be expected in the attitude of Italy toward the war. The only reason for the new Cabinet is to secure and maintain the complete national concord of all parties.

3 MORE ITALIAN SHIPS SUNK BY SUBMARINES

Twenty-five Members of the Pino's Crew Arrive at Minorcan Port.

LONDON, June 29.—Lloyd's shipping agency today announced the sinking of the Italian steamers Mongibello, Roma, and Pino.

PALMA, Majorca, June 29.—Twenty-five men of the crew of the steamer Pino of Genoa, which was shelled and sunk by a submarine on Tuesday, have arrived at Port Mahon, Minorca.

The steamer Mongibello of 4,059 tons gross, left Baltimore on June 7 for Genoa and passed Gibraltar on June 24. The Roma was a vessel of 2,491 tons and the Pino of 1,706 tons. Their recent movements are not recorded in the marine registers.

NEW POLICY FORTIFIES THE ALLIES' BLOCKADE

Trade Net Is Tight Enough, But British Wanted Stronger Legal Support for Acts.

LONDON, June 29.—"The Entente torpedoed the Declaration of London, not because the blockade needs tightening but because the Zamora decision made the legality of all Orders in Council exceedingly doubtful." The Associated Press was told this today by an American who has been prominently connected with the defense of American interests in prize court proceedings since the outbreak of the war, alluding to yesterday's announcement that the British and French Governments had decided to discontinue partial enforcement of the Declaration of London, governing maritime trade.

"The Zamora decision," continued this authority, "practically declared that all Orders in Council adopted prior to March 11, 1915, were invalid, while those promulgated subsequently depended for their legality on their reprisal nature. When the German submarine campaign was practically abandoned the Entente called the Paris conference attended by Lord Robert Cecil with a view not to tighten the blockade, which is now as effective as it could possibly be made, but to establish some legal basis less flimsy than the existing Orders in Council."

A London dispatch on May 5 said that as a result of the decision in the Zamora case it had been announced that the possibility was being considered of readjusting various Orders in Council to make them correspond with the doctrine set forth by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in the case. The copper cargo of the Zamora, a Swedish steamer, was held for the prize court and later requisitioned by the British Government. The right of appeal to the owners of the copper was granted by the court and the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council also granted the appeal and reversed the decision of the prize court in holding the cargo.

U-BOAT SANK TWO WARSHIPS

Austrian Admiralty Reports Destruction of Cruiser and Destroyer.

BERLIN, June 29, (via Sayville).—The Austrian Admiralty reports under date of June 25:

"On the morning of June 23 an Austro-Hungarian submarine sank an auxiliary cruiser of the Principe Umberto-type in the Strait of Otranto. The auxiliary was accompanied by a destroyer of the Fourche type. The destroyer pursued the submarine, firing shells, and then returned to the place at which the auxiliary was sunk. It was then sunk by the submarine."

The French Ministry of Marine announced on June 25 that the Italian auxiliary cruiser Citta di Messina and the French torpedoboat destroyer Fourche had been torpedoed in the Strait of Otranto.

ALLIES' OFFENSIVE GROWING IN WEST

Continued from Page 1.

plied with shells, but they have never before employed artillery on such a scale on so wide a front as we are doing. An extensive as against an intensive, method is now on trial, and so far has clearly much agitated the enemy, caused him considerable losses, and left our infantry free to enter his trenches at night, here, there, and everywhere."

The Times headquarters correspondent says:

"The British still retain the initiative and are inflicting heavy losses with surprisingly small casualties to themselves. At no point has there been any permanent change in position. The ground almost everywhere is deep in mud and the trenches full of water, and, while the British have harried the enemy badly, no attempt has been made in any of the raids to hold or consolidate ground won. Our object at all points seems to have been to inflict local losses, in which we have been very successful."

The British official statement issued last night reads:

During the last twenty-four hours a large number of our reconnoitering and raiding parties entered the enemy's trenches at various points along the entire front of the British Army. All these enterprises were successful in achieving their object, inflicting heavy casualties on the Germans and capturing prisoners and war stores.

In several instances our troops remained for a considerable period in the German lines, repelling counterattacks across the open. One of these enterprises took place after the discharge of gas. Our troops, entering the German trenches, found a considerable number of dead. Our casualties were insignificant.

The artillery of both sides has been active along the front. Hostile trenches were much damaged in many places. The intermittent discharge of smoke and gas has aroused the activities of the enemy's guns and caused him to disclose his battery positions.

The German official statement of yesterday says:

In the western war theatre the same conditions prevail along the British front and the north wing of the French front as have existed during the last few days. Attacks by enemy patrols and strong infantry detachments, as well as gas attacks have become more numerous.

Everywhere the enemy was repulsed.. Waves of gas have given no results. Artillery fighting attained great intensity at certain points.

On our front north of the Aisne and in the Champagne, between Auberive and the Argonne, the French kept up a lively fire. Here, also, weak attacks were easily repulsed.

Northwest of the Thiaumont Works (Verdun front) there were minor infantry engagements.

The Belgian communication reads:

Great artillery activity occurred on the whole front, especially in the sector east of Ramscapelle and in the region of Steenstraete.

French in Surprise Attacks.

PARIS, June 29.—The French delivered two surprise attacks today, one in Champagne, which penetrated as far as the German second line trenches, and one between Soissons and Rheims. In both these sectors German shelters and other military works were destroyed.

The Germans last night and today delivered strong attacks on both banks of the Meuse, which were repulsed.

The official communication issued by the War Office tonight reads:

Between Soisson and Rheims we carried out this morning a surprise attack on a German trench northwest of Sapigneul, destroyed some shelters and brought back prisoners.

In Champagne the fire of our artillery shattered enemy organizations at Mont Tetu, Butte du Mesnil and north of Tahure.

On the left bank of the Meuse, after a violent bombardment which extended from Hill 304 to the Avocourt wood, the Germans about 4:20 o'clock in the afternoon delivered an attack against our positions west of Hill 304. They were repulsed by the fire of our infantry and our curtain of fire.

In the Avocourt wood lively grenade fighting occurred during the course of the afternoon.

On the right bank no infantry action was reported. Artillery activity, of a very intense character, was maintoined in the sectors of Fleury and the Vaux, Chapitre and Chenois woods.

CHAPMAN'S OPPONENT.

Boelcke Noted for His Way of Setting Traps for Enemies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 30.—The Morning Post's correspondent in France, referring to the death of Victor Chapman at the hands of Lieutenant Bölcke, says:

"He was the first of the American volunteer airmen working for the French Army to be killed, but several of his comrades have been wounded and more than once. Many of them had thrilling escapes. In fact, an officer said to me, 'when our boys quit taking on five Boches at a time they will be of more lasting use to the French Army.'

"Bölcke, their pet enemy, was flying a small, fast machine painted entirely black. He is extremely active and, while no one can dispute his courage, he takes no more unnecessary risks than advertising his presence by the color of his machine. In this he follows in the steps of many of our star artists of the air. Boillot, for instance, flew a machine entirely painted red.

"But Bölcke uses his identity to prepare traps. He accepts the usual challenges that opposing airmen drop to one another, but when Bölcke turns up at the appointed rendezvous to engage the would-be duellist he usually is found to have supports that emerge strategically from behind adjacent cloud banks.

"The American squadron all mount fighting aeroplanes of a distinct class from the strictly observation machine."

NEW AUSTRO-GERMAN TREATY OF ALLIANCE

Unifies Direction of Military and Foreign Affairs—Dual Monarchy Chambers Not Consulted.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUDAPEST, June 29, (Dispatch to The London Times.)—I learn from a well informed source that at Berlin the draft of a secret treaty has been initialed by Prince Hohenlohe on behalf of Austria-Hungary, and Bethmann Hollweg on behalf of the German Empire. The treaty, which is to run for a period of twenty-five years, provides for the unification of the direction of military and foreign affairs.

As regards economic questions it covers only concerted action in dealing with foreign countries, the inter-State relations being left outside its scope.

It further provides for the organization of directing bodies which are to consist of members delegated by the Federal Council for Germany and by the Austrian and Hungarian Governments respectively.

RUSSIAN ATTACKS ON JEWS.

Photographs Said to be of Official Documents Inciting to Pogroms.

In the current issue of the American Jewish Chronicle appears an article, supported by photographs, of Russian official documents which claim to prove that the Russian Government was instrumental in the instigation of pogroms in Russia.

"Many thousand leaflets, entitled 'How to Fight the Jews' and 'The Jews and Espionage,' were sent out from Petrograd to Saratoff and other districts," says the Chronicle, "and more efficiently than any other system she had ever organized, official Russia aided the campaign of propaganda which charges the Jews with being spies and traitors, and which teaches 'loyal citizens' 'How to Fight the Jews.'"

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46th and 47th Sts.

CLOSED SATURDAYS—DURING JULY AND AUGUST.

—For Clearance Today—

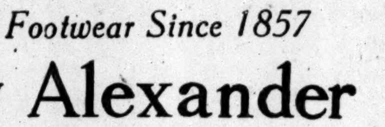
$55 to $125 Tailored Cloth Suits—$25
$35 to $45 Linen & Cloth Suits—$18
$38 to $85 Street & Afternoon Dresses—$22
$45 to $95 Motor & Utility Coats—$25 to $45
$15 to $25 Outing Skirts—$8, $10, $15
$10 & $12 Suit Blouses—to close at $5

Hats—For Sports, Street & Semi-dress Formerly $18 to $30—to close, $5, $10

Specialists in Footwear Since 1857

Andrew Alexander
Sixth Avenue at Nineteenth Street

MEN'S Oxfords of known quality—styles of the moment and styles of years' standing—$4 to $7. Having an experience of 59 years we know just what men want and our great stock is in a state of constant preparedness.



$4 Dark mahogany or black calfskin.

B. Altman & Co.

Men's Sports Coats and Outing Trousers
are on sale at decidedly advantageous prices.

TWEED SPORTS COATS
in an attractive model . . . $9.50

OUTING TROUSERS
at . . . . . $3.50 & 3.75

A Timely Reduction Sale of Men's Straw Hats
offers extraordinary values in

SENNIT STRAW HATS
at . . . . . . $1.85 & 2.85

And MILAN STRAW HATS
at $3.75

(Departments on the First Floor)

Fifth Avenue, New York

Arnold, Constable & Co.
The
Men's "*Rendezvous*" of Fashion
5th Avenue at 40th Street

Today's Sale of

Men's Vacation Furnishings

Finest Pure Fibre Silk Shirts—Only the improved fibre thread is used in the construction of this newest of all shirtings—as lustrous as pure silk. Very attractive patterns on a clear white ground. Will launder perfectly. This is our third showing this season of these shirts, which we can recommend for service. 3.50
Real Value $4.50. 3 for 10.00.

Pure Silk Shirts
All our own makes, taken from our regular stock. Fine qualities, good patterns and fast colors. Sizes 14 to 18.
2.95 each
Values $4.50 and $5.00.

Plain Colored Shirts
Pastel shades of a light weight and sheer crepe shirting of unusual softness. Soft cuffs. All sizes.
2.00
Specially priced.

Men's Cool Underwear

Athletic Underwear—Sleeveless shirts and knee drawers. Made from a good quality plain white nainsook. Perfect fitting and well made.
45c per garment
Specially priced.

Athletic Union Suits—Well made and perfectly proportioned suits from a plain white soft-finished nainsook.
85c per suit
Specially priced.

Store open all day to-morrow, Saturday

We don't advocate picking a suit with your eyes shut—but you can do it in

The Saks Suit Selections at $20

and not go wrong!

¶ We were never stronger than we are to-day at $20.

¶ In some respects we were never so strong at $20, for in the middle of the season we are obviously more competent to attune our models and our color schemes to the pulse of popular choice.

¶ Practice makes perfect, and to-day the Saks assortments at $20—replenished as fast as depleted—are so finely adjusted to the popular demand in cut and color that a man might pick a Saks $20 suit with his eyes shut and come closer to satisfaction than he can with a microscope in most $20 selections.

(Yes! and at any other price, too!!!)

¶ Single Breasters—Double Breasters—Pleated Back Models—and Norfolks, tailored in a magnificent array of fine fabrics, skeletonized till they're as light as a feather, and saved from the commonplace by the custom-tailored touches of Saks' own workmanship and skill.

Other Good Suggestions:

White Flannel Coats and Trousers, the coats single breasted, or Norfolk......	$20.00
White and Striped Flannel Trousers, the striped variety in many new designs.	$3.75 to $6
Silk Coats and Trousers, in plain single breasted and new Norfolk models......	$17.50 to $28

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Store Open All Day, Tomorrow

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"
SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Notice to Charge Customers.
All purchases made today will be entered on bills rendered August 1st.

GREENHUT'S—THIRD FLOOR

Your Vacation Baggage
Trunks—Bags—Suit Cases—
All Priced Moderately at Greenhut's

Roxylite Travelling Bags—black walrus grain; Oxford style; large and roomy; sewn corners; strong frame; brass lock and catches; good handle; neatly lined; pocket; choice of sizes; 14 to 18 inch; today, at........... $2.50

Leather Suit Cases—double steel frame; sole leather corners; solid brass lock; linen lined; large pocket in top... $3.75

Short Trip Travelling Trunks—good quality basswood; canvas covered; bound with hard fibre; strong leather handles; brass lock and catches; 2 stout leather straps over body.

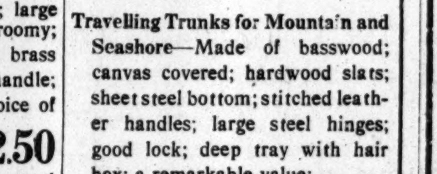
Size 28	30	32 Ins.
$4.50	$4.85	$5.25

Size 34	36	38	40 Ins.
$5.60	$6	$6.45	$6.85

Cowhide Travelling Bags—Oxford style; extra deep; leather corners; steel frame; solid brass lock and catches; leather lined; various sizes........ $3.95

Travelling Trunks for Mountain and Seashore—Made of basswood; canvas covered; hardwood slats; sheet steel bottom; stitched leather handles; large steel hinges; good lock; deep tray with hair box; a remarkable value:

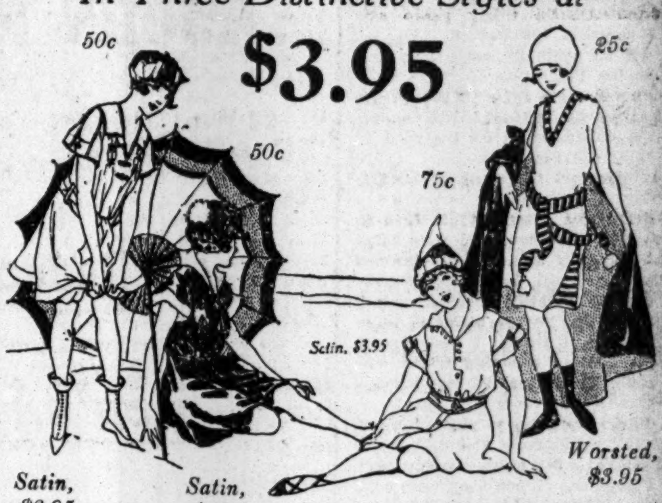
Size 28	30	32	34	36 ins.
$3.60	$4	$4.40	$4.85	$5.25



Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Forenoons—Single Stamps Afternoons

Gimbels
Broadway and 33d Street

ON SALE TODAY
Salt-water-proof
Satin Bathing Suits
In Three Distinctive Styles at
$3.95



The only store in New York offering Satin Bathing Suits of this quality at this extraordinary price.

Three Models at $3.95.

SATIN Bathing Suits have always been regarded as one of the luxuries of the "elite of the beach." But this is an opportunity to possess one in the smartest style and fashioned of high grade salt-water-proof Satin. The waistline model of Black Satin has collars and cuffs of white silk faille.

The belted model has very novel cuffs and collar, and is fastened with buttons and loops. The sash model has a fitted yoke with smocked front.

At $3.95
Wool Jersey Slip-on Bathing Suit (illustrated) in black trimmed with black and white striped wool-jersey. Buttons over the shoulders.
Special Black Canvas High Shoe with canvas soles at 65c.

At $3.95
Beach Cape (illustrated) fashioned of rubberized poplin, in sand color. Full circular model with roll collar.

Special at 25c.
Diving Caps (illustrated) plain colors, some with black band.
Other Rubber Caps, 35c to $1.25.

At $2.95
Mohair Slip-on Suits with mohair sash. Trimmed at hem edge with 4 rows of white cotton soutache.

At 50c
Pom Pom Satine Cap (illustrated). Red or Navy with white pom-pom.

At 50c
Rubberized Satin Caps (illustrated) in blue and white or red and white.
Bathing Bags of Satine at 50c, 75c and $1.
Fitted Bathing Bags, $1.95.
Bathing Tights, 65c to $3.75.

At 75c
Wing-Hat (illustrated) of plain color satine, trimmed with striped bands.

GIMBELS—Third Floor

Store Open All Day Saturday

Gimbels
Broadway and 33d Street

"Very Special"

$15

GIMBELS Men's Clothes Store, Fourth Floor

JUST before the Fourth, right at the very opening of outdoor life, you may choose from among thousands of

MEN'S SUITS
That Were $19.50 to $25
At $15.

The reason is in the weather, not in the clothes, for by all that is just, such clothes, so early in the season, should not be embarrassed by so low a price.

Smart new Pinch Backs and real New York Sack Suits. Rich flannels, old faithful serges, unfinished worsteds, homespuns—all here at $15.

ALL STYLES, SIZES, SHADES, WEAVES

ALSO
White Flannel Trousers, $3.75
Men's $10 Sport Coats at $7.50
Men's $10 Gray and Tan Dusters, $6.50
Men's $8.50 Khaki Motorcycle Suits, $5.00
Men's Genuine Shantung Silk Suits, $12.50
Men's Khaki Outing Trousers, $1.50

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

EX-PEDDLER GIVES EMPLOYES $15,000

Bernhard Blitzer Arrived from Austria 30 Years Ago with Only 19 Cents.

LIFE STORY A ROMANCE

Fortune Seen in Manufacturing Lighting Fixtures in Days When Gas Was Little Used.

Bernhard Blitzer of the New York Gas and Electric Appliance Company, 569 and 571 Broadway, arrived in New York from Austria thirty years ago with 19 cents in his pocket. He invested his 19 cents in suspenders and sold them on the Bowery. Last week he distributed more than $15,000 among the twenty-seven heads of departments and salesmen employed by the firm of which he is the President.

Mr. Blitzer told the story of his life last Saturday night at a dinner in the Hotel Belleclaire given by his firm to the traveling salesmen, and permission to print the story as told was obtained yesterday.

"I came to America from Austria," said Mr. Blitzer, "when about 18 years old, and when I landed I had just 19 cents. I met an Austrian friend who ran a small hotel near the Battery and he offered me a room and meals on credit until I was able to pay for them. I accepted his kindness, and with my 19 cents I bought a few pairs of suspenders, which I peddled. When they were sold, I put my principal and profit into suspenders and peddled again. I kept this up, always putting every cent of profit into more stock, until I rose to the proud position of peddler-merchant. In those days a peddler-merchant was one who had a cart and paid a man $1 a day to push it while he sold merchandise."

After a time, Mr. Blitzer was able to pay his landlord in full, and some time later he was able to marry. From peddling merchandise he went to work for the Gas Company of New York, and there he had his opportunity and his idea.

Enlisted Aid of Brother-in-Law.

"I saw the possibilities of manufacturing and selling lighting fixtures," he told his salesmen. "I investigated and found that thousands upon thousands of New York homes were without either gas or electricity. I realized that sooner or later every home in New York would have one or the other, that many new homes would be built, and that fixtures would be necessary wherever gas or electricity went. So I determined to go into the business of manufacturing and selling lighting fixtures. I took all of the money I had saved—it wasn't very much, but it gave me a start—and I persuaded my brother-in-law, now the Secretary-Treasurer of our company, Charles A. Gottesman, to put in all of his money, and together we began business at 138 Bowery. This was in 1906. Our place was small and our business was little at first. I was the salesman, and Mr. Gottesman was packer, shipper, credit man, store manager and a dozen other things.

"It was slow going at first, but we were headed in the right direction. People began to use electricity and gas more and more, and we began to sell more and more fixtures. The rest of the story is simply one of steady growth, each year being better than the year before, and last year being the best of all.

"And now I think we have gotten to the position where we can begin to share our success with the men who have helped us make it. We are therefore presenting a little gift to each man, and I wish to announce that in the future the profits of the firm will be shared with those who help make the profits."

Dinner Proves Double Surprise.

The dinner in the Belleclaire was preceded by two weeks by another dinner at the Hotel McAlpin given by the firm to the heads of departments, at which checks were distributed to the guests. When the firm later invited the salesmen to the dinner at the Belleclaire the department heads, to show their appreciation of the firm's bounty, arranged among themselves to go to the dinner and surprise the members of the firm with a silver loving cup. They surprised the firm, but the firm, through Mr. Blitzer, surprised the salesmen with their checks and Mr. Blitzer's address.

And it was noted that all of those who received checks had themselves risen from the ranks. Mr. Blitzer believes in employing office and errand boys and making salesmen and department heads out of them. It was said that he never employs a man from outside for a high position. Max Held, for instance, went to work for the firm five years ago as an errand boy, and at the dinner he received a check for $700 and specoal mention as holding second place in the record of sales for the year preceding.

The principle of requiring every employe to learn the business from the bottom up was applied rigidly in the case of Mr. Blitzer's three sons. The two eldest are now members of the firm, having served in every capacity, and the third was recently made a salesman. He shared in the distribution of checks in the same proportion as the other salesmen.

The checks presented to the department heads were $300 and more, and none of those given to the salesmen was for less than $500. Many received $700 and $750.

REVERSES PELL AWARD.

$29,364.68 Verdict Against Long Island Road Set Aside.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn handed down a decision yesterday reversing the verdict against the Long Island Railroad Company, awarding to Mrs. Elizabeth Warden Pell $29,364.68 for the death of her husband, Samuel Osgood Pell, who was killed on the night of Aug. 3, 1913, at Wreck Lead crossing, near Long Beach, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Pell, Mr. and Mrs. William Laimbeer, William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Richard Peters on the evening of the accident dined at the Trouville at Long Beach. On the return Mrs. Pell rode in Mr. Vanderbilt's auto, while Mr. and Mrs. Laimbeer rode with Mr. Pell. When the collision took place Mr. Pell and Gambino, Mr. Pell's chauffeur, were killed instantly and Mr. Laimbeer died the next day. The Vanderbilt car, which was a short distance in the rear, escaped injury. Mrs. Pell, as administratrix of her husband's estate, sued the railroad company for $500,000.

The Justices of the Appellate Division today ordered the judgment and order reversed and a new trial granted on the grounds that the finding reported with the verdict, to the effect that the whistle of the train did not blow, is against the weight of evidence. They declared that Justice Aspinall charged in effect that negligence could be found from the absence of a flagman and later that it could not, and that he also charged in contradiction as to the question of speed. They also declared that the Justice's charge on the subject of the signboard or post at the crossing was erroneous.

Destroyers to Escort the Adriatic.

Owing to her big cargo of war munitions, amounting to more than 17,000 tons, the White Star liner Adriatic did not get away from the pier until 3:30 yesterday afternoon, which was three and a half hours after her appointed sailing hour. She had seventy cabin passengers and will be met on nearing the Irish coast and escorted into Liverpool by two torpedo boat destroyers.

Take A Copy With You On Your Holiday!

HARPER'S For July

HARPER'S For July

7 Delightful Short Stories
with striking pictures.

Mark Twain's Great Serial
The literary event of the year.

W. L. George on The Break-Up of the Family is brilliantly humorous and something more, for families are breaking up and he shows why some of them do it.

Financial Illusions of the War, by Thomas W. Lamont, dispels various current illusions as to financial aspects of the great war and shows there is no probability that economic pressure will bring the war to an end.

HARPER'S for JULY

JOHN FORSYTHE

20 West 34th St.
Near Waldorf-Astoria

201 Broadway
Near Fulton St.

Reduction Sale

Men's Fine Shirts

Pure Silk and Silk Mixture Shirts

Reduced to

2.85

The silks are heavy, satin striped tub silks; the silk mixtures are in striking new designs.

Woven Madras Shirts 1.65
Formerly $2.00 & $2.50
Imported and domestic madras of superior quality, taken from regular stock; all sizes. Sleeve lengths up to 36 inches.

Silk Crepe & Crepe de Chine Shirts

5.85

Former prices to $8.50. Exceptional quality, exclusive patterns.

Holiday Clothes For Men
High Grade Suits
At $21.50

Smart designs and fabrics in plain and pinch back models—one, two and three button coats, with patch pockets, slash pockets, crescent pockets and flap pockets. Many of them quarter lined with silk, and with silk sleeve linings.

Blue, brown, gray and green flannels; fancy cheviots, cassimeres, worsteds and homespuns—in smart mixtures, stripes, plaids and shepherd checks. No clothing made to sell at this price can compare with them in style, fit and finish.

Smart, Cool Outing Clothes
For Town, Seashore, or Country—for the Links, the Courts or back of a Motor

Knitted Golf Coats, $12.50
Oxfords, Olives and Heather Mixtures

Riding Coat and Breeches
$35 $37 $40 $45

Shantung Silk Suits
One and Two Button Models.
$15 $20 $25 $30 $35

White Flannel Trousers
and Smart Striped Serges.
$3.65 $5.00 $8.50

Smart Sport Coats, $10.00
Green, Blue or Brown Flannel.

Golf Suits, $20.00 to $45.00
With Trousers or Knickers.

Smart Single and Double Breasted Norfolk Suits for Boys, with Two Pairs of Knickers—Special at $5.50, $8.50 and $12.50

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
And Our New Store—1456 BROADWAY, AT 42ND ST.

The *Last Thing* to Put in Your Grip—The *First Thing* to Take Out—The *Best Thing* to Have Along—

STERNO CANNED HEAT
for instant cooking

Invaluable to vacationers, motorists, campers, travelers, sportsmen and military men, and indispensable to mothers, nurses, housekeepers and apartment dwellers.

Don't accept substitutes. Ask for STERNO CANNED HEAT and look for the *grooved can.*

Sample Can sent on receipt of 10c in coin or stamps. Address Dept. T.

S. STERNAU & CO. Inc.,
233 Fifth Avenue
New York

A Statement from The Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association

To the Public: ***What we have refused to arbitrate---***

The one big, outstanding issue between the Manufacturers and the Union is—

Shall the Manufacturers Have the Right to Hire and Discharge their Employees

The Union insists—that any worker after a trial period in a shop secures the right to permanent employment in that shop. He cannot be discharged whether there is work for him or not.

The Union insists—that a worker cannot be employed unless he has a card from the Union certifying that he has paid all his dues, fines or assessments up to the date of such hiring.

The Association contends—that its members have the right to hire such workers as are necessary for the efficient conduct of their business and to discharge such workers when, in their judgment their services are no longer required.

The Association contends—that, in the employment of workers, there shall be no discrimination against any man whether he is or is not a member of the Union.

The Association has refused to arbitrate—

BECAUSE—

It will not concede to the Union the right to say that the employer must retain more workers than he requires for the production of his output, and

BECAUSE—

It will not concede to the Union the right to say that, if an employer takes on additional workers to meet an increased demand, these workers become a permanent part of the organization.

When workers cannot be discharged, discipline and efficiency in the factory are destroyed.

To force a permanent tenure of employment upon the Manufacturers, places the control of the factory in the hands of the Union.

The right to hire and discharge, we consider to be an inalienable right, admitting of no compromise; therefore, we must refuse to submit these questions to arbitration.

We ask any employer of labor whether he will agree to turn over to another person his right to select and retain his employees.

OUR POSITION IS AS FOLLOWS

1—We recognize the rights of the workers to combine to maintain the highest standards of wages and working conditions.

2—We believe in collective agreements.

3—We welcome now and hereafter, investigation by any properly constituted body into the condition of our factories.

4—We have retained the director of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control for the supervision of our factories.

Our Shops are now open and have been open since June 1, 1916, and our workmen are free to return under conditions that will be absolutely fair to them

THE CLOAK, SUIT AND SKIRT MANUFACTURERS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION, 220 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

WE CAN HAVE PEACE IF WE WANT IT

AN OPEN LETTER ABOUT MEXICO

On March 25, President Wilson said:

"It is my duty to warn the people of the United States that there are persons all along the border who are actively engaged in originating and giving as wide currency as they can to rumors of the most sensational and disturbing sort, which are wholly unjustified by the facts. The object of this traffic in falsehoods is obvious. It is to create intolerable friction between the Government of the United States and the de facto Government of Mexico for the purpose of bringing about intervention in the interest of certain American owners of Mexican properties. This object cannot be attained so long as sane and honorable men are in control of this Government, but very serious conditions may be created, unnecessary bloodshed may result, and the relations between the two republics may be very much embarrassed. The people of the United States should know the sinister and unscrupulous influences that are afoot . . ."

This was true when Woodrow Wilson said it two weeks after the Villa raid. It is equally true now.

American newspapers are playing into the hands of these "influences." For instance, yesterday's principal news story about Mexico was the release of the American prisoners at Carrizal. *This was important because it clears away the main obstacle to settlement by arbitration under the treaty of* 1848.

How does W. R. Hearst tell the public the news? In letters two inches high clear across the front page of the Journal

"CARRIZAL CAPTIVES MENACED."

And he proceeds to cover the real story under a smother of rumors to the effect that Mexicans at Juarez will never let the prisoners reach the border alive. As a matter of fact, the American prisoners themselves say that they have received excellent treatment from the Mexicans. Does this kind of thing, pulled off at a time when the United States is swaying on the brink of a war, appeal to thoughful, patriotic people?

Other papers are playing into the hands of the interventionists and annexationists, through ignorance or an excessive jingo spirit. The World, ordinarily a fair paper—as papers go—printed this in its editorial columns:

> **"Orders by Gen. Carranza for the liberation of the American soldiers held as prisoners by him will hardly close the Carrizal incident. He has made war upon the United States, and there should be no quibbles, executive or legislative, as to the nature of the proceeding.**
>
> **"The unwarranted attack upon the Tenth Cavalry squadron, the long refusal to release the captive troopers and the insolence and defiance of diplomatic communications suggesting an exchange of prisoners—our soldiers to be traded for red-handed bandits—are consistent with nothing but well-calculated hostility and an unwillingness to co-operate with the United States for the preservation of order.**
>
> **"It is this hostility that has made it necessary to mass the greater part of our armed forces on the Mexican border. Any conclusion of this demonstration falling short of a complete abandonment of Gen. Carranza's present pose will amount only to an invitation to him to engage in much greater treachery and mischief hereafter."**

Now if we are going to war with Mexico, let's at least go on facts—not on fancies. To inflame the public mind against Carranza on the ground that the Carrizal incident was "war upon the United States," "an unwarranted attack upon the Tenth Cavalry" and "treachery" seems unnecessary. For the thing most to be feared in making war upon Mexico is not Mexico itself. It is the possibility that our country, if egged on to hatred by people who have interests in Mexico and other people who stop thinking when somebody beats a drum, will do something unworthy of our country, of its humanity and its history.

Printed below are American and Mexican accounts of eye witnesses to the Carrizal affair.

Report of Captain Morey:

"Carrizal, Mexico,
"June 21, 1916, 9:15 A. M.

"To Commanding Officer, Ojo Frederico: My troop reached Ojo Santo Domingo at 5:30 P. M., June 20. Met C Troop, under Captain Boyd. I came under Capt. Boyd's command, and marched my troop in rear for Carrizal at 4:15 A. M., reaching open field to southeast of town at 6:30 A. M.

"Captain Boyd sent in a note requesting permission to pass through the town. This was refused. Stated we could go to the north, but not east. Captain Boyd said he was going to Ahumada at this time.

"He was talking with Carranza commander. General Gomez sent a written message that Captain Boyd was bringing force in town and have a conference. Captain Boyd feared an ambush. He was under the impression that the Mexicans would run as soon as we fired.

"We formed for attack, his intention being to move up to the line of about 120 Mexicans on the edge of the town. We formed C Troop on the left, in line of skirmishers, one platoon of K Troop on right of line, and another K troop platoon on extreme right, echeloned a little to the rear.

MEXICANS OPENED FIRE.

"When we were within 300 yards the Mexicans opened fire, and a strong one, before we fired a shot. Then we opened up. They did not run. To make a long account short, after about an hour's fire both troops had advanced, C Troop to position of Mexican machine-gun, and K Troop closing in slightly to the left. We were very busy on the right, keeping off a flank attack. A group of Mexicans left town, went around our rear, and led our horses off a-gallop.

"At about nine o'clock one platoon of K Troop, which was on our right, fell back. Sergeant said he could not stay there. Both platoons fell back about 1,000 yards to the west, and then, together with some men of C Troop, who were there, these scattered.

"I was slightly wounded. Captain Boyd, a man told me, was killed. Nothing was seen of Lieutenant Adair after fight started, so man I saw stated.

"I am hiding in a hole 2,000 yards from field, and have one other wounded man and three men with me.

"(Signed), MOREY, Captain."

Report of Private W. D. Gibson, Tenth Cavalry, as printed in The Tribune of June 27, 1916.

"Captain Morey joined us at Santo Domingo. That night four Mexicans came into camp and told us that the Carranza troops at Carrizal had four machine guns. It was said that these Mexicans had warned Captain Boyd he had better turn back, but I don't know if there was any truth in this talk.

"Two miles out of Carrizal we were lined up by Captain Boyd and told we might have to fight or we might get through peacefully, but there was only one way to carry out orders and that was to obey them. This was the first time we had ever started anywhere without knowing where we were going.

"When the fighting started we were in an open plain and the Mexicans had the advantage of ditches and brush.

"Returning from his conference with the Mexican leader, Captain Boyd gave his horse to his striker and ordered us to advance in skirmish order and to hold our fire until we were fired upon.

"Fifteen of our men dropped on the first volley. We fought hard until we were about surrounded. Then we dropped our guns and ran. We thought we would try and get to El Paso. We were overtaken at Los Humos.

"We were brought back to Villa Ahumada, but were well treated."

Telegram of General Trevino:

Chihuahua, Mex., via Washington.
Robert V. Pesqueira, June 26, 1916.
1,328 Broadway.

Your telegram regarding Carrizal battle official dispatches assert it was as follows:—Lieutenant Colonel Genovevo Rivas went out to hold a conference by order of General Felix Gomez. As the American column was approaching it was warned to explain its movement, answering to be in pursuit of bandits looting near by. In reply it was said there were no marauders because those places were under the custody of constitutional forces. Then they said to be bound to go to Villa Ahumada to catch a deserter; as this was not admitted because of the forbiddance to allow American troops to enter any city it was answered this order was of no account to them to reach Villa Ahumada.

Lieutenant Colonel Rivas reported result to General Gomez who went out in person, having obtained the same reply, he made a proposal to American commander in order to avert conflict between the two forces; they should stay on the ground four hours meanwhile wiring to Juarez to ask permission to enter the city, but the American commander refused and both chiefs retired. Americans advanced in line of tireurs and suddenly opened fire. A battle followed which lasted two hours. General Gomez was killed in the first volley. Lieutenant Colonel Rivas took his place, forcing the Americans to retreat. They left on the field arms, ammunition, horses and their killed. The casualties inflicted were eleven killed and twenty-four prisoners taken. Prisoners declared American commander was alone responsible for the action. Regards, Provisional Governor, Colonel Francisco L. Trevino. 9.58 P. M.

Today, we can be proud of our country's international policy. We have been fairer than most nations in our dealings with weaker peoples. But we have not been infallible. Much of the suspicion against Americans among Mexicans today is on account of the Mexican war over half a century ago, in which they lost New Mexico, Arizona, California and Texas.

Of this war, General U. S. Grant, who fought in it, says in his memoirs:

> **"There was no intimation that the removal of the troops to the border of Louisiana was occasioned in any way by the prospective annexation of Texas, but it was generally understood that such was the case. Ostensibly we were intended to prevent filibustering into Texas, but really as a menace to Mexico—and to this day I regard the war which resulted as one of the most unjust ever waged by a stronger against a weaker nation. It was an instance of a republic following the bad example of European monarchies.**
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> * * *
>
> **"The presence of United States troops on the edge of the disputed territory furthest from the Mexican settlements, was not sufficient to provoke hostilities. We were sent to provoke a fight, but it was essential that Mexico should commence it. It was very doubtful whether Congress would declare war, but if Mexico should attack our troops, the executive could announce: 'Whereas, war exists, by the acts, etc.,' and prosecute the contest with vigor."**

Sunk in Mexico today there are between three and four billion dollars of American money. These influences that President Wilson spoke of on March 25th as sinister and unscrupulous, but which might perhaps be more fairly described as merely being too narrowly commercial to be aware that there is a human side to things, are now hard at work trying to edge us into war. They feel that they must make that money safe by intervention or annexation. This is why every day, every hour, every minute we are told and taught to repeat "Mexico is a sink, a cesspool; we have got to go down there and clean things up, no matter what it costs in blood and honor. Mexico must be pacified, civilized and Christianized—and naturally the only way to do it is machine guns."

Let every patriotic American realize what we are up against, and do his part to prevent future historians from writing about us in 1916 what Grant wrote of us in 1847.

Certainly the Carranza de facto government is weak. Mexico does not deny there is lamentable disorder in this time of her reconstruction. But disorder was none too scarce in our own reconstruction period in the '60s. For instance, according to a government report, more than nine hundred American citizens were killed by lawless bands in one State of the Union in the first seven months of 1867. Why not give Mexico a little more time to do what it took the higher civilization of the United States a decade to accomplish after our civil war?

At this time, when our minds are necessarily more or less affected by the war fever that has come across the ocean, we are apt to forget some things that we ought to remember. One is that the Mexicans have for years been living in practical slavery, because Diaz let foreign and Mexican companies take away the people's land. Thereupon, the supply of labor being far in excess of the demand for it, Mexicans had to become slaves or stop eating.

The de facto Government may be inefficient—no doubt, it is. It may not be able to keep order in Mexico, especially on the northern border. (But let us not forget that the Yaquis and Francisco Villa defied Diaz year in and year out, and joined American Indians in raids on both sides of the line.) Carranza may be, as the press pictures him, an impossible person to deal with, obstinate, suspicious of the United States. He is, no doubt, also a bigoted person, an intellectual, a thorough-going abolitionist, with all the faults and virtues of his class. But none who knows him has failed to realize that he is an honest man, and that he is trying, with some success, to swing a great proposition in Mexico, which ought to appeal to every American who believes in democracy.

Porfirio Diaz was the tool of Mexican and foreign capitalists. He was not in a real sense a President of Mexico, but the superintendent of a big estate, to be worked for the benefit of great interests—many of them American. He gave them what they wanted—commercial opportunity. They gave him what he wanted—permanent power. He divided up the communal lands among exploiters. Diaz sold out his people. He took Mexico from the Mexicans. Thenceforth the people had to work at whatever terms their masters offered them, or starve. That is Mexico's problem; that is the cause of the revolution. The land question in Mexico is not like political questions in the United States. To them, it is a religion, a matter of life and death, a great national cause. Even the poorest, even those who cannot read or write, understand it.

Whatever their faults, the Mexicans represented by Carranza are giving their lives to the proposition of restoring the land to the people and abolishing slavery. *They believe that as long as the natural resources of Mexico are in the hands of a few powerful individuals and great companies there will never be any real freedom, any democracy that is worth anything to the common man. The opposition to Carranza and his people is not confined to Americans, to English and Germans. It is shared by all whose interest call for perpetuation of the Diaz system. Mexican concessionaires are as hostile to him as ours. Everybody who wants to keep Mexico "Mexicanized" curses Carranza. They want a Diaz, a Huerta. They have been trying to bring about a situation where there will be nothing possible for the United States but war, invasion, and the return of "a strong government."*

Another thing that many Americans do not remember about Mexico is that we have an arbitration treaty with her. It provides that

> **"If unhappily any disagreement should hereafter arise between the Governments of the two republics, whether with respect to the interpretation of any stipulation in this treaty or with respect to any other particular concerning the political or commercial relations of the two nations, the said Governments, in the name of those nations, do promise to each other that they will endeavor, in the most sincere and earnest manner, to settle the differences so arising, and to preserve the state of peace and friendship in which the two countries are now placing themselves, using, for this end, mutual representations and pacific negotiations. And if, by these means, they should not be enabled to come to an agreement, a resort shall not, on this account, be had to reprisals, aggression, or hostility of any kind, by the one republic against the other, until the Government of that which deems itself aggrieved shall have maturely considered, in the spirit of peace and good neighborship, whether it would not be better that such differences should be settled by the arbitration of commissioners appointed on each side, or by that of a friendly nation. And should such course be proposed by either party, it shall be acceded to by the other, unless deemed by it altogether incompatible with the nature of the difference or the circumstances of the case."**

Governor Simeon E. Baldwin of Connecticut, ex-dean of the Yale Law School, calls attention to the above treaty. He says: "It is fortunate that the two countries have a treaty which ought to prevent an actual war." Certainly the question whether one country may cross another country's boundaries in pursuit of bandits and how long it may keep troops there should be a matter clearly within the scope of arbitration under such a treaty.

Moreover, since 1882, Mexico and the United States have had a series of protocols relating to the pursuit of marauders across the boundary, both ways. These protocols relate only to Indians, but there is no reason why, either by arbitration or otherwise, a settlement could not be made which would henceforth provide for protocols that would allow each side to protect the border against bandits, as well as Indians.

Whether the lives of thousands, perhaps tens of thousands, of our bravest sons and brothers shall be sacrificed in a needless war; what shall be the fate of Mexico herself, of her courageous struggle for economic freedom, of her soldiers, and of the thousands of women and children in a land already touched by famine, and, above all, the greater issue, whether our country shall be guided by justice, or incline to the side of commercialism—these are unfortunately some of the questions which we must think about until the crisis is over.

Unfortunately, too, it is easier for most people to get excited and blunder than to sit down and think out what is to the country's interest in the long run.

In the last analysis, the decision of peace and war rests with Congress. Write to your Senators and Congressmen, so that, if another incident like Carrizal occurs, there will be a strong influence at the capital in favor of deliberate action.

60 Broadway,
New York, June 29th, '16.

Yours truly,
AMOS PINCHOT.

ALL UNITE TO CHECK INFANT PARALYSIS

Health Department, Rockefeller Institute, and Private Doctors Organize Campaign.

49 NEW CASES YESTERDAY

Facilities Provided for More Complete Isolation and Better Nursing in Crowded Areas.

Health Commissioner Emerson has mobilized practically all the available medical forces of the Health Department to combat the further spread of infantile paralysis. Forty-nine new cases of the disease were reported yesterday and thirty-two cases the day before, making a total of 255 cases since the epidemic began. Most of them are in crowded parts in Brooklyn, although cases have been reported from all boroughs except Queens. Manhattan has twenty cases. So far there have been twelve deaths, eleven in Brooklyn and one in Manhattan.

Dr. Simon Blatteis of the Bureau of Preventable Diseases has been put in charge of the fight against infantile paralysis and every available man in the Department of Health has been turned over to him. Other special department activities will be dropped until the epidemic is under control. Yesterday there were ten department physicians, ten nurses, and sixteen sanitary inspectors at work in the infected districts looking for new cases, putting into effect a strict quarantine of cases already reported, and attending the sufferers.

Dr. Emerson does not fear that the disease will get beyond control. "We believe," he said, "that application of well organized sanitary measures will limit this outbreak. The Health Department cannot possibly carry out all measures necessary unless the people do their part and promptly report every case even remotely suspicious. Reports from janitors, neighbors, visiting nurses, as well as physicians will be welcomed. No names of persons making them are necessary. Our chief reliance must lie in complete and quick isolation of patients for not less than eight weeks, and on perfect cleanliness of the patient's surroundings." A bulletin issued by the Board of Health says:

> There is little doubt as to the transmissibility of the disease, either directly or through a third person. There is also some evidence that the disease can be spread by apparently healthy individuals who harbor the virus, although themselves immune.
>
> The disease is eminently one of childhood, but adults are frequently affected, no age being immune. Children between 1 and 5 years are most susceptible. The disease occurs most frequently during the Summer months, from June to October, inclusive, which usually constitute the dry season; but cases are reported every month throughout the year.
>
> Acute poliomyelitis can occur in many different forms and in varying degrees of severity. The most frequent type is characterized by a sudden onset with fever, followed usually in from twelve hours to three or four days by a general or localized paralysis. * * * Vomiting and convulsions occur frequently at the onset, but are not constant symptoms. Rather more significant may be considered the headache, restlessness, irritability, and sleeplessness which occur early in a large proportion of cases. However, some cases may be drowsy and stuporous.

A special pavilion has been established in the Kingston Avenue Hospital, Brooklyn, where patients who cannot be properly isolated in their homes, or who are not otherwise able to command proper treatment, may receive attention of specialists.

Dr. H. L. Amoss of the Rockefeller Institute has been assigned to work with the specialists who are studying the outbreak in Brooklyn. A meeting of these experts will be held this afternoon at the Health Department. Tomorrow the Brooklyn physicians living in the infected areas will meet in the Polhemus Memorial Clinic under the joint auspices of the Health Department and the special poliomyelitis committee.

As to the seriousness of the disease in Manhattan, Dr. Emerson said:

"The situation in Manhattan is not encouraging. Most of the cases are confined to the crowded lower and upper east sides and follow the line of population. The epidemic of 1907 began similarly."

Helen Elizabeth Downing, 14 years old, daughter of Walter Downing of 221 Webster Avenue, Brooklyn, died on Wednesday night of infantile paralysis on the eve of her graduation from Public School 184. According to the records of the Board of Health, she was the oldest child known to have died of the disease.

The girl became ill on Saturday night. The diploma she was to have received was taken to the parents last night by one of her classmates.

Dr. H. L. Amoss of the Rockefeller Institute explained last night that much can often be done toward successfully treating infantile paralysis, although no cure has been discovered.

"Much depends upon the treatment," he said. "To say that there is no cure, although strictly true in the sense that there is no known antitoxin, would be likely to mislead, for many cases have completely recovered."

$15,000 FOR A MAUSOLEUM.

Thomas N. McCarter Maintains Old Hance Cemetery at His Expense.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., June 29.—Thomas N. McCarter, President of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, has awarded a contract for the building of a $15,000 mausoleum in the old Hance Cemetery, in the Rumson Road, near Mr. McCarter's estate. The mausoleum will be 14 by 18 feet, in Greek style of architecture. Granite will be used in its construction. Two heavy bronze doors will guard the entrance, and there will be twelve crypts of slate.

The cemetery is said to be the oldest in Monmouth County. It is a legend that the Indians buried their dead there before Monmouth County was settled. The cemetery was originally a part of the Hance homestead. The oldest headstone in the cemetery bears the names of John Hance and his wife, Joyce Hance, and the date 1722. For a number of years the place was used as a public burying ground. Although there was nothing to show who owned the cemetery, the indiscriminate burying ceased. For several years the ground was looked after by Mrs. Julia Drummond, who was born in the Hance homestead. The money for the maintenance was contributed by members of the Hance family.

END STORE SCHOOL COURSE

Class of 35 at Lord & Taylor's is Graduated.

At the close of business yesterday at Lord & Taylor's department store the second commencement of the store's continuation school was held for twenty-eight girls and seven boys, who received certificates of graduation in the courses of study provided. The recreation room, in which the exercises took place, was decorated with flowers. Two in the class had a record of 99 per cent, and ten stood above 95 per cent. None was lower than 80 per cent. on the scale of the public school markings.

A. C. McMaster, Vice President of Lord & Taylor, assisted by A. E. Colby, superintendent of the store, presided. Mrs. Belle Brandow, in charge of the classes of the continuation school, explained that the school was designed to enable children who had been obliged to curtail their schooling because of the necessity of going into business to continue their education. She said that it had been found that the boys and girls, through the direct application to their daily store duties of what they learn in classes, not only advance more rapidly in their studies, but attack them with greater interest.

Mrs. A. H. Wilcox, Supervisor of the Continuation Schools under the auspices of the Board of Education, complimented the graduates upon the excellent progress they had made. One of the boys presented Mrs. Brandow with a cut glass water service as a gift from the school.

STERN BROS. GRADUATES 32.

Saleswomen Complete the Course in Department Store School.

Thirty-two saleswomen from various departments in Stern Brothers' store at Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street received last night certificates of satisfactory completion of the salesmanship courses given under the auspices of the Department of Education and the Department Store Education Association. This is the fourth class from Stern Brothers to be graduated since February, 1915, when the educational work there was started by the Department Store Education Association under the Presidency of Miss Anne Morgan. A total of 189 saleswomen have taken the course.

Miss Beulah Kennard, who came to New York two years ago to plan this system, announced last night that her work was completed, and she handed the plan to the Board of Education and to the department stores for its extension and application to individual stores.

The plan includes the standardization of the work of department store salesmanship, simple courses by which saleswomen may gain a better knowledge of the goods they are selling, and class instruction by which all may benefit instead of a few. Miss Virginia Potter is President of the Department Store Education Association for 1916. Mrs. Henry Ollesheimer, Vice President; Mrs. Robert G. Mead, Secretary, and Miss Anne Morgan is the Treasurer.

TO USE MORE DAYLIGHT.

Committee Asks Congress to Consider Turning Clock Forward.

A public hearing on turning the clock farward to save daylight was held yesterday afternoon in the assembly hall of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building. The meeting of the Special Committee, which consists of Edward D. Page, Waldo Marshall, and Leopold Plaut, was called by Borough President Marcus M. Marks. Mr. Marks read a paper pointing out that the change had been made in eight foreign countries and in four cities of the United States.

The committee recommended that a Congressional Committee be appointed to bring the matter before Congress. It also recommended that an educational campaign be started to explain the purposes and results of saving an hour of sunlight each day.

Mr. Marks said that his proposal meant an increase in health and efficiency by saving the human system from the strain and exhaustion of an hour's work in the heat of the afternoon and substituting the earlier morning hour. The hour gained for recreation at the end of the afternoon, he said, would compensate for the extra effort of getting up earlier in the morning. To be successful the change must be nationwide.

THEATRE AUDIENCE FLEES FROM FIRE

900 Leave Fox City Playhouse by Rear Exits and Fire Escapes.

TEN FIREMEN OVERCOME

Blaze in East Fourteenth Street Burns Out Half a Dozen Firms.

A fire in the six-story building at 116 and 118 East Fourteenth Street last evening burned out a half-dozen business tenants and brought to an abrupt end a performance in the Fox City Theatre at 114 East Fourteenth Street. The audience of 900 persons left without accident by rear exits and fire escapes to Thirteenth Street. The entrance of the theatre is through a lobby on Fourteenth Street, but the stage and auditorium extends 125 feet in the rear of the street front eastward and parallel with Fourteenth Street.

An open court or alleyway about fifteen feet wide separates the theatre from the buildings in which the fire occurred. Several persons sitting near the open doors of the two exits on the north side of the gallery saw smoke drift through the openings. When they approached the exit doors they felt the heat of flame in the second floor of the structures across the alleyway. Policeman Frank Reilly of the East Fifth Street Station and Robert Richardson of the Mercer Street Station assisted the theatre audience in getting out.

Then the two policemen went to the gallery and worked the hose standpipes from the exit doors, where flame was spreading across the court and blistering the theatre doors and walls.

When the firemen came in response to signals sent in by Reilly from an automatic alarm in the burning buildings and from a call another policeman sent in from a box at Thirteenth Street and Fourth Avenue, they had a fire on every floor to fight. Deputy Chief Langford sent in a second alarm. While some of the firemen worked their way with hose up the blazing floors, others attacked the blaze from the theatre fire escapes in the rear, from the roofs of adjoining buildings, and with water towers on the Fourteneth Street side.

Ten firemen on different floors of the burning structures were overcome by smoke and heat. Captain McElligott of Rescue Squad 1, who went to the assistance of the disabled men, was himself overcome. All but three of the men were revived where they had fallen. The three most severely hurt were carried across Fourteenth Street to the store of Levison Brothers, which was turned into a temporary hospital. These men were James Burke, George Heckel, and John Johnsson of Engine Company 14. As the firemen were being taken across the street a woman who said she was Dr. Margaret Clark of Worcester, Mass., offered her assistance. She worked to revive the men until the arrival of Dr. E. B. Ramsdell of the Medical Division of the Fire Department. Fireman Burke, in addition to injury from smoke and heat, was wounded in the foot from a nail in a broken wall on the second floor.

The fire, which began at 7 o'clock, was under control in an hour, but the upper floors and roof burned for two hours despite the tons of water thrown there. Langford said this stubborn blaze was due to a double ceiling between the top floor and the roof. The fire was not completely extinguished until this intervening ceiling was chopped away.

There were only four employes in the building at the time of the fire. They were helped out by Detectives Oliver, Dowling and Fennelly of Inspector Cray's special squad. They had to risk the flame on the stairway, as the elevator apparatus was burned out and the car held at the first floor. It was not known how or where the fire started.

The damage to tenants and the buildings, which are owned by August Luchow, was estimated by the firemen at $60,000. The tenants were Maum & Medicus and the Beck Shoe Company, first floor, (damage by water;) the Greater New York Film Rental Company, second floor; Loewinger Brothers, printers, third floor, and the Star Case Company, manufacturing jewelers. The top floor was vacant.

All of the Fourteenth Street surface cars were held up at Broadway and at Third Avenue for two hours.

Papal Ban Halts Outing.

The picnic of the Holy Name Society of St. Aloysius Church, in West Side Avenue, Jersey City, which was to have been held yesterday in the Greenville Schuetzen Park, was abandoned because the committee in charge thought the Pope's edict against dancing would probably make the outing a financial failure. The arrangements for the picnic had been made before the announcement last Sunday in Roman Catholic Churches of Hudson County of the Papal ban on dancing.

ROOKIES DRIVE REDS ACROSS THE BORDER

Offensive Tactics of Plattsburg Division Prove Successful—Begin Long Retreat Today.

Special to The New York Times.

CHAMPLAIN, N. Y., June 29.—The Red Army opposed to the Third Plattsburg Training Regiment was chased across the Canadian border this morning after being dislodged from its position and driven back across a mile of swampy land. The offensive tactics of the rookies have been so successful that they are to have a test on the defensive for the rest of the hike, beginning a retreat toward Plattsburg tomorrow.

The defensive really began this afternoon when the four companies of the First Battalion were sent out on outpost duty three miles west of here. They were ordered out soon after noon mess, and some of them did not get in until an hour after night mess call was sounded. They missed a swim in the Big Chazy Lake and the band concert which the members of the other two battalions got.

The regiment is camped tonight less than a mile from the Canadian border. They had the heartiest greeting of their week's hike here. Flags are displayed through the streets, and every one turned out to cheer.

The rookies are thankful that the change in route, which the bad roads in the section caused, led them into a more thickly populated one than that which they have been traveling over. They have movies here, and the two theatres in town are more thickly populated than the town.

The camp site here is very small, and the cavalry and artillery troops are quartered in separate camps. It was the best that could be found in the vicinity, however, after the sudden change in the route. The route tomorrow will be to Chazy. Saturday night the troops will bivouac at West Chazy.

The regiment went on record tonight as in favor of universal military training under exclusive Federal control when it joined the Military Training Camps Association in a body. Theodore Rousseau, Mayor Mitchel's Secretary, was chosen Chairman of a committee to represent the regiment, and the top Sergeants are to choose the other members.

Butchers Indicted in Bribery.

The ten Johnson Avenue, Brooklyn, wholesale butchers who were arrested for an alleged attempt to bribe Fred W. Schoneweg, an Inspector of the Board of Health, were arraigned before Judge Roy in the Kings County Court yesterday on Grand Jury indictments charging them with offering and giving bribes. It is alleged that the men contributed $75 each to induce the Inspectors to pass beef which in some cases was diseased, and in all unfit for consumption. All pleaded not guilty and were granted five days for changing pleas or for making motions. The indicted men are Robert, Arthur, Samuel, and Simon Plaut, Philip Straus, Aaron Scheck, David Feinberg, Harris Bulnick, Parry Palmer, and Herman S. Braunschweig.

$500,000 TO MILLS & GIBB.

Court Says Receivers May Borrow to Buy Merchandise.

At the conclusion of a hearing yesterday before Judge Julius M. Mayer of the Federal District Court, sitting in chambers in the Woolworth Building, it was announced that plans for the reorganization of Mills & Gibb, the white goods concern now in the hands of receivers, had not reached a point where they could be submitted to the court. Judge Mayer set Aug. 9 as the next date for considering the future of the corporation.

Attorneys present in behalf of the various committees interested in effecting a settlement were unanimous in expressing the belief that 100 cents on the dollar could be realized, and that the future prospects of the house were encouraging. Representatives of the Creditors and Noteholders' Committees stated that they had no desire to press matters at this time.

Charles D. Rushmore and Henry Root Stern, as counsel for Receivers Martindale and Poor, asked the court for permission to borrow $500,000 to buy Spring 1917 merchandise. Judge Mayer granted the request and signed an order.

Thoughtful people will find a better reason for the necessity of clean teeth than that they are beautiful to look at. Teeth that are not kept clean soon decay. To prevent this keep food particles from between the teeth and use a dentifrice that will actually clean the teeth.

Albodon, the modern dentifrice, contains higher proportions of cleansing and polishing ingredients than any other dentifrice. It is safely antiseptic.

Though Albodon comes in a tube, it should not be confused with pastes; it is a cream. It is not artificially colored. It does not melt or harden. It has a distinctive "smack"—a likeable taste.

Try it to-day.

Albodon can be had at 25 cents a liberal tube wherever toilet articles are sold, and a free sample can be had by sending your name and address to The Albodon Co., Dept. A, 154 West 18th Street, N. Y. A postal will do.

A Book to Take Away Over the Fourth!

BLOW THE MAN DOWN

By Holman Day

$1.35 net

HARPER & BROTHERS
Established 1817

The outdoor world is caught in the pages of this splendid new novel; we are blown along through the story by the very breath of the sea. With the strong hero we struggle against tempest and man's perfidy; we watch the sunlight ripple over the waves all along our eastern coast; we thrill with the dangers which await the hero and the girl he loves when he leaves the millionaire's yacht to prove himself a real seaman of the old American stock, and we laugh at the sayings of the quaint old sailors.

It holds the very spirit of the summer and the sea.

LOCOMOBILE

Low built and distinguished in appearance, easy riding, powerful yet economical, the 1917 models unquestionably reveal the furthest development of the fine vehicle.

The cost is simply a measure of the fine materials and the careful workmanship. The ownership of such a car is an unique satisfaction. Prices $4600. upwards. A few 38 Horse Power Models for delivery now.

THE LOCOMOBILE COMPANY
OF AMERICA

West Sixty-first Street, next to Broadway

Buy Your Vacation Needs At Liggett-Riker-Hegeman's

Before Starting on Your Journey take a trip through a Liggett-Ricker-Hageman Drug Store and notice the wonderful array of seasonable articles there displayed.

Remember that city prices are much lower than those you will be compelled to pay at a Summer Resort. Visit one of our stores today and buy your vacation needs where the assortment is large and the prices are low.

Rubber Bath Caps, 25c to $1.00
Bathing Suit Bags, 39c to 98c
Thermos Bottles, $1.25 to $5.00
Kodaks and Cameras, 85c to $23.38
Stationery, 10c to $1.47
Hair Brushes, 49c to $5.89
Combs, 15c to $1.00
Towels, 25c to $1.00
Wash Cloths, 5c to 35c
Collapsible Metal Drinking Cups, 10c to 98c
Paper Cups, 5c to 25c
Waterman Fountain Pens, $2.50 to $10.00
Whisk Brooms, 15c to 79c

Safety Razors, 15c to $8.10
Rubber Lined Tourist Cases, 10c to $1.98
Sternau Cooking Outfit, 50c to $2.50
Sterno Canned Heat, 10c to $3.25
Razor Strops, 25c to $2.00
Automobile or Carriage Sponges, 49c to $1.49
Soaps, 5c to 50c
Talcum Powders, 10c to 50c

VIOLET DULCE COMPLEXION POWDER

A powder of exceptional merit that is soft, smooth and daintily fragrant. It is invisible when applied and gives the skin a beautiful velvety appearance. Comes in three tints, brunette, flesh and white.
PRICE, 50c

Accident Cases, 19c to $2.50
Medicine Cases, (Empty Vials in Leather Case), 59c to $4.50
Umbrellas, $1.00
Ankle Supports, 65c to $2.50
Pipes, 25c to $1.50
Tobacco in small tins, 5c; also ½-lb. and 1-lb. packages
Cigars and Cigarettes
Soap Boxes, 17c to 59c
Tooth Pastes, 15c to 50c
Tooth Powders, 15c to 25c
Goggles, 33c to $1.59
Pocket Flasks, 49c to $1.75
Flashlights, $1.00 to $3.50
Shaving Brushes, 25c to $2.50
Tooth Brushes, 10c to 55c
Playing Cards, 9c to 38c
Wrist Bands, 10c to 45c
Absorbent Cotton, 5c to 34c
Carbolic Healing Salve, 25c
Peroxide Hydrogen, 10c to 25c
Gauze Bandages, 5c to 18c each
Gypsy Cream (for Insect Bites), 25c

A Big Box of Good Stationery for 29c

A combination package containing folded sheets and correspondence cards of Cascade Linen fabric finish stock, with envelopes to match.

Boxes covered with beautiful mottled, dye-stamped paper in two shades of brown.

Each Box Contains:
24 Elite Correspondence Cards.
24 New Wallet Flap Envelopes to match.
24 Folded Sheets Clarine Size Writing Paper.
24 New, Long, Narrow Wallet Flap Envelopes to match.

BATHING CAPS

That Make You Look Attractive

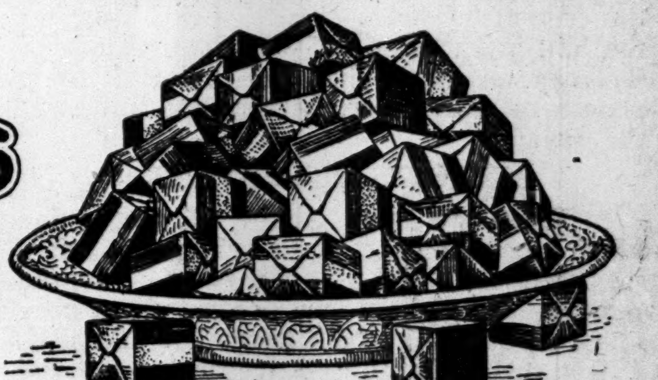
Wide variety of new shapes and styles, both plain and fancy, with an interesting assortment of colors to choose from. These caps are practical as well as ornamental, and the best we have ever offered.

BATHING CAPS, all rubber, fancy trimmed,
50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1.00

DIVING CAPS, pure gum, assorted colors,
25c, 35c, 40c, 50c

CADET INLAY Caramels SPECIAL PER POUND 29¢

Dainty and delicious squares of rich, mellow, chewy cream caramels—with inlays of smooth marshmallow and nut cream in a variety of flavors. These caramels are strictly high class and are made exclusively for *Liggett-Riker-Hegeman Stores.*



BRIAR PIPES

SPECIALLY PRICED AT 19c AND 25c

The fact that genuine imported briar pipes are rapidly advancing in price on account of the European war makes this reduction in price on our 25c and 35c pipes of unusual interest. We cannot duplicate this offer after present stocks are exhausted. Come early while the assortment is at its best.
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Fruit Whip Sundae

At The Fountain

A delicious mixture of fresh Crushed Pineapple, Cherries and Marshmallow generously spread over a good sized dish of Riker's Perfect Ice Cream.

Our Price 10c

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MANHATTAN, BRONX and BROOKLYN

Liggett's RIKER-HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

Chocolate Covered Maxixe Cherries

Plump, luscious, ripe cherries covered with a thin shell of vanilla cream and a coating of the finest sweet chocolate; lb... 39c

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KAVANAUGH KNIT

Men Who Work—

Men who work hard to earn a dollar, know that the cool underwear that protects and wears so well is

KAVANAUGH BALBRIGGAN

The Comfortable Underwear

No pinch—no sticky feeling, always uniform, from Kavanaugh made yarn and thread. Costs less than most underwear. Ask your dealer.

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"A FINE AND SOUND PIECE OF FICTION."
—The Outlook

The Third Edition Is Now Ready.
Take it with you over the Fourth.

ALICE BROWN'S NEW NOVEL

THE PRISONER

THE PRISONER— "A novel that deserves to be ranked with the best, most significant American fiction of recent years. . . . A story true to the essentials of human nature, with a cunningly contrived plot that keeps the reader interested and puzzled to the end."—*N. Y. Times.*

THE PRISONER— "A most thoughtful, significant tale of the times. . . . How to keep America American—this is the vital question with which Miss Brown wrestles."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE PRISONER— "Leaves no doubt as to Alice Brown's front place as an American novelist. . . Has strong romantic interest and a dramatic plot."—*N. Y. Globe.*

THE PRISONER— "No novel of the whole season more richly deserving."—*N. Y. World.*

THE PRISONER

"A Remarkable Story"—N. Y. Times

Take a copy of this new novel with you over the holiday.

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The sun sets later

for factory workrooms where ceilings and walls are treated by the Rice method. You get 19% to 36% more daylight.
May be applied over old cold water paint. Can be washed like tile. Stays white longest.
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An *appetizing* smoke—a tonic for that jaded feeling—*that's*

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A cigar that "tastes better."

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Touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment and follow with hot shampoos of Cuticura Soap

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RAE TANZER JURY UNABLE TO AGREE

Deliberations of Nearly a Day Result in No Verdict—New Trial in Doubt.

REPORT 9 FOR CONVICTION

Defendant Says Result of Trial Supports Congressional Finding Against Marshall.

Unable to agree after nearly a day of deliberation the jury that has been trying Rae Tanzer for perjury in the Federal District Court was discharged by Judge Wolverton yesterday. Twice the jury returned to court to have the indictment read or to ask for instructions, and once it came back to report a disagreement, but Judge Wolverton, after dwelling on the importance of the case, the time consumed, and the money spent on it, sent the men back again to the jury room to argue over the question whether the defendant lied when she said James W. Osborne, the lawyer, was the Oliver Osborne who won her heart and then broke it by running away.

Several members of the jury said after being discharged that there was an agreement among them not to talk for publication regarding their deliberations. The unofficial talk about the corridors was that up to noon opinion in the jury room was about evenly divided. Later ten voted for conviction and two for acquittal. After they were sent back for the last time by Judge Wolverton another juryman was won over to the belief in Rae Tanzer's innocence, it was asserted.

When the jury returned to announce for the second time that the deadlock could not be broken there was a wait of six minutes for the court stenographer to appear. Foreman Frederick Kelly said that the jury was unable to agree. Judge Wolverton wanted to know if it could not possibly come to a verdict.

"I don't think so," replied the Foreman.

The Judge then thanked the jury and discharged it.

It was a tedious wait for every one connected with the case. Rae Tanzer, looking very weary, sat beside her companion, and by and by she put her head in the lap of the other woman and went to sleep. She did not awake when the jury came in the first time and reported that it could not agree.

William Rand, Jr., the special prosecutor for the Government, would not say whether there would be another trial. The matter, he stated, was one for Mr. Marshall, the United States District Attorney, to decide. Mr. Marshall had left his office before the jury reported and was discharged. Later in the office of Slade & Slade, Miss Tanzer asserted that she would continue truthfully to maintain that James W. Osborne was Oliver Osborne.

If it had not been for Harold Spielberg, she added, she would never have recanted. He represented to her, she said, that she could not fight such a powerful man as James W. Osborne, and told her that if she recanted no one would be hurt.

"Now that the jury failed to convict me," Miss Tanzer said, "it becomes more apparent that a finding of the Judiciary Committee of the United States Congress recently published in the press against H. Snowden Marshall and his two assistants, Roger B. Wood and Samuel H. Hershenstein, has ample support. The committee found, as published, that the United States District Attorney's office used the Federal Courts to protect his friend James W. Osborne, and that indictments were improperly obtained against me and others. Many facts of extraordinary importance have not yet been disclosed. At the proper time the world will be astounded when it learns what dastardly methods have been resorted to."

When the jury was discharged Harold Spielberg surrendered Rae Tanzer's bail of $5,000, and she was released in the custody of her counsel, Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler. Mr. Chanler said that nothing had occurred during the trial to change his opinion of Miss Tanzer's innocence and the truthfulness of her story.

RUSH TO PAY INCOME TAX.

Downtown Office Takes In $5,000,000 on Next to Last Day.

The Federal Internal Revenue offices in this city were thronged all day yesterday with persons paying income taxes, both individual and corporation. Just before the Federal Reserve Bank closed for the day Collector Lowe of the downtown district deposited $4,400,000, received up to 2 o'clock. By the time the revenue office closed at 4:30 $1,000,000 more had been paid in. Today, the last for payment of the tax without penalty, the office will close at the usual hour.

Roman L. Modra, Chief Deputy in the Third District office at 1,150 Broadway, said yesterday that receipts in that district would probably be $4,000,000 greater than last year. John D. Rockefeller, who is registered in the Third District, paid what was said to be a larger sum than any other person in the United States. Mr. Modra refused to tell the amount.

The Third District office will remain open until midnight tonight.

At the close of business yesterday receipts in the Brooklyn district were reported far ahead of last year.

POST OFFICE BILL PASSED.

Senate Sends Measure to Conference with Important Changes.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The annual Post Office Appropriation bill, carrying $322,000,000, was passed today by the Senate after a debate begun more than a month ago. Differences over the railway mail pay provision and other sections of the measure probably will prevent final agreement in conference before July 1 and force continuance of existing postal appropriations with the coming fiscal year.

Three important changes were made in the bill in the Senate. As a substitute for the House's space method for compensating railroads for mail transportation the Senate adopted the Cummins amendment, directing the Interstate Commerce Commission to fix the method and rates of pay. An amendment was adopted restricting the combination of horse-drawn rural mail routes into motor routes. Provision that contracts for pneumatic tube service in the big cities should be continued another year, stricken out by the House, was restored.

ACCEPT NEW NAVY PROGRAM

Senate Committee Unanimously Approves Eight Capital Ships in 1917.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The Senate Naval Committee today agreed unanimously to amendments to the naval bill providing for construction of four dreadnoughts and four battle cruisers in 1917, and completion in three years of the $500,000,000 building program urged by the Navy General Board. This is the program recommended by a subcommittee after conferences with Secretary Daniels. As passed by the House the bill provides for only five capital ships next year and contemplates no continuing building policy.

The committee added an amendment to the subcommittee report providing for reorganization of the naval militia along the lines of the National Guard reorganization effected in the Army Organization act. The bill will be reported to the Senate Saturday or Monday, and be called up for consideration next week. Chairman Tillman of the committee today designated Senator Swanson to have charge of the measure on the floor.

WOMAN KILLED BY AUTO.

Countess de Cippico's Maid Run Down at Crossing—Others Hurt.

With all of the ribs of her right side broken as the result of an automobile accident, a young woman was revived long enough before dying last night at the Polyclinic Hospital to say that her name was Vina, and that she was the maid to the Countess de Cippico, who lives at the Hotel Claridge.

The automobile which struck her was owned by Raymond Saks of 108 West Seventy-first Street, and was driven by Bernard A. McMahon, 23 years old, of 200 West Sixty-fourth Street. McMahon says that the girl darted from behind a truck at Forty-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue and tried to cross the avenue directly in the path of his car. The mudguard struck her and threw her to the pavement.

Patrolman Hackett of the East Fifty-first Street station placed the unconscious woman in the tonneau of the automobile, and McMahon was arrested.

Three other women were injured yesterday in automobile accidents near New York. At the Forest Avenue crossing of the Long Island Railroad Mrs. Edward Langer of 122 East Thirty-fourth Street, who is summering at Freeport, was hurt when her automobile, driven by her chauffeur, Rudolph Novak, collided with a train. Mrs. Langer was injured about the hips and back.

Miss Lucille Bard, a moving picture actress of 127 West Ninetieth Street, is in the United Hospital, Port Chester, N. Y., as the result of an automobile accident yesterday morning on the Boston Post Road. She is suffering from lacerations on the face, and possibly her skull is fractured. Two Yale students, John Van Sanford of Troy, N. Y., and William M. Decker, Jr., of Buffalo, both 22 years old, are held in cash bail of $75 each by Justice Taylor of Mamaroneck to await the result of Miss Bard's injuries.

Mrs. John Enstein of Riverhead, N. Y., had her jaw broken in two places yesterday evening when her automobile collided with one owned and driven by Daniel Warner of Baiting Hollow, on the outskirts of the Village of Riverhead. She was driving her own car. No one in the other car was hurt.

FEW FIFTH AV. BUSES.

Only Ten in Operation and Chauffeurs' Strike Remains in Force.

Despite the invitation of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company to its chauffeurs, who struck on Wednesday, to return to work and submit their grievances to adjustment, only ten out of 140 busses were running yesterday. There was no service on the Riverside Drive line.

Michael J. Reagan, Mediator of the State Industrial Commission, took a hand in the strike yesterday and conferred with President Meade of the bus company. Mr. Meade said he had nothing to report in the way of a settlement. The company's officials reported that union chauffeurs interfered with the operation of the few buses they did have on duty.

When Harry Piper, a driver who did not go on strike, took his bus to the company's garage at 102d Street and Madison Avenue late in the afternoon, he had a fight with two striking chauffeurs, whom the police say were John Lawlor and Patrick Farrell. After two policemen had stopped the fight they took all three to the East 104th Street Station. Piper said the others attacked him; Lawlor said that Piper struck him first. In the Men's Night Court last night Magistrate Murphy held Lawlor and Farrell in $500 bail for a further hearing today and paroled Piper in the custody of Robert Hutchins, counsel for the Coach Company.

J. G. Glynn, Secretary of the Chauffeurs' Union, denied the company's statement that the men had offered no opportunity for settlement before they went on strike. He said that last Friday he sent to the company's office a letter containing a copy of the agreement the men wanted signed. He asserted the only reply to this was the discharge of several chauffeurs who were known to be members of the union.

ARBITRATION IN SIGHT.

Misha Appelbaum Believes Cloakmakers' Strike May End Soon.

Misha Appelbaum, head of the Humanitarian Cult, said last night after a conference of several hours with E. J. Wile, President of the Cloak, Suit, and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, that he hoped within a few days to have a plan of arbitration in effect that would settle the nine weeks' cloakmakers' strike. Mr. Wile told Mr. Appelbaum that the manufacturers would not surrender the rights of the open shop and the power to discharge. Mr. Appelbaum said his next task was to make the union agree to arbitration on a basis satisfactory to the employers.

The Independent and Mutual Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Associations have already signified to Mr. Appelbaum their willingness to accept his offices as arbitrator, and Mr. Appelbaum said last night that he would take this up with the union in a day or two.

SHILLITANI DIES TODAY.

Governor Says Slayer Is Sane and Refuses to Interfere.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 29.—In the matter of Oreste Shillitani, whose execution is set for tomorrow at Sing Sing, Governor Whitman said tonight:

"It is impossible for me to reply to the numerous communications which I have received today from well-meaning but misguided persons, some of whom have been my lifelong friends. Shillitani is not insane. I am not particularly interested in what a few alleged experts are saying today about his case. As District Attorney, I directed this prosecution, and I am familiar with every detail of the case. I have no doubt that the citizens of New York City will recall the fact that Shillitani killed the two police officers who attempted to arrest him for the murder which he had committed. At the trial conducted for the people by my assistant under my direction the question of his sanity was not even raised, and never has been at any stage of the proceedings until he killed a keeper in his endeavor to escape from prison.

"Perhaps no one in the State is more thoroughly informed as to this case than I am. I decline to interfere."

A Guide to Works of Art.

The Municipal Art Society has shown its interest in the city beautiful by sending to each of its members a copy of "A Guide to the Works of Art in New York City" by Florence N. Levy. This little book has just been published through the co-operation of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the Brooklyn Museum, the Art Commission of the city, the West 156th Street group and the Municipal Art Society. The special purpose of the book is to help in the enjoyment of half day "art pilgrimages." Four of these are described in details: "Three Hours in the Metropolitan Museum," and the "West 156th Street Group," by the editor, Florence N. Levy; "the Brooklyn Museum," by Helen Greenleaf and "From the Battery to Fifty-ninth Street," by William B. McCormick.

Defeat McGraw for Committeeman.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 29.—Colonel John T. McGraw, Democratic National Committeeman from West Virginia, was defeated for re-election by ex-Senator Clarence W. Watson of Fairmont at a meeting of the State Executive Committee today. The result was a surprise, as the re-election of Colonel McGraw had been recommended by the delegates to the St. Louis Convention.

Flinn Out for Hughes.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., June 29.—William Flinn, member of the Progressive National Committee from Pennsylvania, announced here today that he will support Charles E. Hughes for President.

LIED FOR GERMANY, TAUSCHER ADMITS

Says He Was Misled by von Papen, but Will Not Accuse Former Attache of Betrayal.

ANGERED BY SUMMING UP

Wife, Mme. Gadski, Offers Comfort While Alleged Plotter Is Being Scored as "Yellow Patriot."

Captain Hans Tauscher, retired German Army officer and agent of the Krupp works in this country, yesterday heard Assistant District Attorney Roger B. Wood in the United States District Court score him for an exhibition of patriotism "with a yellow band around it" in trying to pass the blame for his present troubles to Captain von Papen, the dismissed German Military Attaché. The prosecutor spent nearly an hour summing up before the jury that is trying Tauscher on a charge of furnishing dynamite and pistols to von der Goltz and his band when they went to Buffalo to blow up the Welland Canal in Canada.

It was evident as Mr. Wood scored him as a liar and an offender against the laws of this country that the Captain was keeping himself in hand with difficulty. Beside him sat his wife, Mme. Gadski, the singer, and as Mr. Wood made his points against her husband she would rest her arm on his shoulder and reassure him. Once Captain Tauscher half started from his chair, but one of his lawyers spoke a low word of admonition.

Tauscher earlier on the witness stand told of being sent here by the German War Office to report to Captain von Papen and of the assurance given him by the Captain that he would not be called upon to do anything contrary to the laws of this country. He denied that von Papen ever mentioned the Welland Canal to him or that he had knowledge that an attempt was to be made to destroy it or that he suspected Bridgeman Taylor, as he knew von der Goltz, had purchased the dynamite for other than legitimate mining use. He frankly admitted the sale of six pistols to "Newington" at von Papen's request, but he did not connect the sale with the purchase of dynamite.

He destroyed the books containing the entries of the ordnance sales in 1914 and in December, 1915, because he did not want German military secrets to fall into hostile hands. Von Papen told him it would be a good thing to do, and besides he remembered what had happened to Dr. Albert's papers.

The witness described the visit of Government agents to his office and his arrest. He told them, he said, that the sale was made to Taylor, and that von Papen had nothing to do with it. In this he said he purposely misled them to protect the embassy.

"Do you want this Court and this jury to believe that von Papen betrayed you into violating the laws of the United States?" asked Mr. Wood in his cross-examination. Tauscher would not say that he had been betrayed. He used the word "misled," and added that perhaps von Papen had not knowingly broken the law.

"Even though you were arrested you lied to protect the embassy?" Mr. Wood pressed.

Tauscher winced at the epithet, but replied that he had lied.

The great question at issue, Herbert C. Smyth, Tauscher's attorney, said in summing up, was the veracity of von der Goltz, the Government witness, and Tauscher. "Von der Goltz tricked von Papen out of his money, and that is all there is in this case," he said. The Americanism of the jury would, he said, approve the very honesty of Tauscher's lies—told through patriotic motives and to protect his embassy. The defense conceded that Tauscher had sold the dynamite and the pistols at von Papen's request, but denied that Tauscher knew he was engaged in other than a legitimate commercial transaction.

As an offset to the charge of the defense that von der Goltz was a liar, Mr. Wood in his summing cited the lying done by Tauscher when his own deeds were uncovered. He added that von der Goltz had been von Papen's partner. "Why did the plot fail?" he asked. "Because of von Papen's telegram to Ryan, the Buffalo lawyer. I believe Ryan got instructions from von Papen but did not dare to go through with them. Don't condemn von der Goltz as a traitor or a squealer. He lay in prison for months in silence until the incriminating papers were found on von Papen. Von Papen was the blunderer who gave all away."

The case will go to the jury today.

WOMAN COURT ATTENDANT.

Miss Miller First of Sex to Hold Appellate Division Job.

Justice Alfred R. Page of the Appellate Division yesterday appointed Miss Minnie Miller, of 420 Charlotte Place, Brooklyn, confidential attendant, in the place of Edward C. O. Thomas, who recently resigned. This is the first instance where the position, which carries with it a salary of $1,800 yearly, has ever been given to a woman.

According to Harding St. John, private secretary of Justice Page, the duties of a court attendant in the Appellate Division differ from the duties of the corresponding office in the Supreme Court. Miss Miller's work will be more in the nature of a stenographer.

NEW STYLES FOR MEN.

A Novelty Resembles the Fatigue Hat of National Guardsmen.

Fashions for men have begun to take a surprising turn. From Spain recently came something quite new in the form of the sandal coat, which, according to prediction, will be popular when the hot weather sets in. And now a new style hat for men has been found to rival the old standby sailor. It made its appearance yesterday for the first time at the Vanderbilt Hotel, where it attracted considerable attention.

The new model is very like the broad, flat fatigue hat of the National Guardsmen. The hats were seen on five or six fashionably dressed men who came into the Vanderbilt for luncheon. These hats are being sold in some Fifth Avenue shops, where it was stated that they were originated to supplant the Mexican sombrero.

John W. Earle Left $25,000.

The will of John Walter Earle, former President of the Remington Typewriter Company, who died on June 22, was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. The entire estate, amounting to about $25,000, is left to Mrs. Rita Carr Earle, his widow.

Folks Sometimes Overlook

advantages right near at hand. For instance, here is a day school with a million-dollar equipment in the heart of Brooklyn. Prepares for college or business. Unusually competent college-trained teachers and methods which stimulate each boy to do his best. Supervised athletics, gymnasium, swimming pool, tennis, hand ball. Write for catalog or call.

MARQUAND SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Central Branch, Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, and Stenotype Departments.
Eastman-Gaines Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue. 123d Street and Lenox Avenue

PRATT SCHOOL—23 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship. Summer session.

WOMAN KILLED BY TRAIN.

Mrs. Ebeler Struck by New Haven Express at a Bronx Station.

Mrs. H. Ebeler of 75 Grove Street, Mount Kisco, was mortally injured last night at the Westchester Avenue station of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad in the Bronx. She was walking near the edge of the outbound platform, waiting for a train for New Rochelle, when an express train struck her. Her handbag was found 200 feet up the track. She was knocked to the platform, and was unconscious when the Station Master reached her.

An ambulance surgeon from Lincoln Hospital, who responded to a hurry call, found her left shoulder, left arm, and several ribs were broken. She died in the hospital half an hour later. Her identity was established by a card in her handbag bearing the names George Schneiker and Tillie Schneiker of 511 East 162d Street. The police found they were the nephew and niece of Mrs. Ebeler, and she was on her way home after spending a day with them. She was 60 years old, and leaves a husband, two sons, and one daughter.

ROCK SLIDE IN SUBWAY.

Seventh Avenue at Forty-ninth Street Closed for Repairs.

About six tons of rock on the east side of the new subway cut at Seventh Avenue and Forty-ninth Street slid into the excavation last night, and in consequence the street was closed to traffic while workmen placed steel beams under the car tracks and with heavy timber braced the side rock.

No one was hurt and no excitement was occasioned in the street above. The street was roped off as a precaution. The slide took place on a section of the Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins contract.

SARAH BERNHARDT COMING.

Cables Her Manager She Will Sail at End of September.

Sarah Bernhardt has announced her intention of making the visit to America which the illness that followed the amputation of her leg prevented her from making last season. W. F. Connor, her American manager, yesterday received the following cablegram from Mme. Bernhardt:

"Sailing from Liverpool end of September after an engagement in London, where I will present a very novel piece in English and French."

Before she had recovered from the shock of the amputation last year Mme. Bernhardt made arrangements to come to America early in the Fall. The trip was postponed several times till finally the actress became convinced that the undertaking was impossible. She appeared in France several times, however, and then went to London, where she played four months, mostly in sketches in which she had to do little moving about. Upon her return to France she gave six performances at the trenches for the soldiers.

Mme. Bernhardt will be 72 years old when she makes her ninth visit to this country. Her engagement in New York will be at the Knickerbocker Theatre, which is to be remodeled during the Summer.

Movies of Ambulance in War.

A private view of motion pictures of the American Ambulance Field Service will be given next Wednesday afternoon at the Hotel Majestic. The films show the work of this unit of the French hospital service from the time the wounded are lifted from the trenches till they have had their wounds attended to in the base hospitals at Neuilly. The German and French first line trenches, within speaking distance of each other, are shown, and the effect of the high explosive Austrian shells is graphically pictured. The pictured are owned by the Triangle Film Corporation and will be exhibited under the auspices of the American Committee, of which Mrs. Robert Bacon is Chairman.

Percy G. Williams Host to Children.

Percy G. Williams, who sold his string of vaudeville houses to the Keith interests several years ago, played host at his Summer home at East Islip yesterday afternoon to 200 children from St. Mary's Parochial School. Mr. Williams engaged a New York band and the youngsters marched behind it from the school to the Williams estate, where they played games, held athletic contests for prizes, ate ice cream and posed for the movie men.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

William A. Brady has placed in rehearsal a drama by Jules Eckert Goodman, entitled "The Man Who Came Back," founded on a story of the same title by John Fleming Wilson. The play will be produced in Long Branch on July 18, and early next season will be seen in New York. Mary Nash is at the head of the cast, and among the other players are Frank Thomas, Mabel Frenyear, Hubert Druce, Lewis Edgard, and Ruth Chester.

Before leaving yesterday to spend the Summer at Big Moose Lake, in the Adirondacks, Mrs. Fiske completed arrangements with Corey & Riter for her appearance on tour next season in "Erstwhile Susan." The tour will begin in New York in the early Fall, and will embrace the principal cities of the East and Chicago, where an engagement of indefinite length will be played. Her supporting company will include some of the principals who appeared with her at the Gaiety.

Edward Childs Carpenter's romantic comedy, "The Cinderella Man," will end its long engagement at the Hudson tomorrow night. The present plans are to resume the engagement in August with the same cast.

Josef Urban yesterday delivered scene models to Klaw & Erlanger for their production of "Little Miss Springtime," which will be one of their earliest offerings next season. It was erroneously reported recently that Mr. Urban would hereafter devote himself exclusively to the Century Theatre productions. While the Viennese artist will have an office at the Century and has been engaged by Messrs. Ziegfeld and Dillingham to redecorate the interior and design the costumes and scenery for their first production, he will retain his studio near Boston and continue to work as a free lance.

Mrs. Millie James Thorne, President of the Stage Children's Fund, will take a company of her charges to the Actors' Fund Home on Staten Island next Thursday to give an entertainment for the veteran players who reside there.

Britt Wood, a vaudeville player appearing at the New Brighton Theatre this week, was married last night on the stage of that playhouse to Helen P. Delaney, a dancer.

W. P. Carleton's initials are so much like those of his father, W. T. Carleton, that the two are of the opinion it might be well to reiterate that it is the younger actor who will be seen here next season as Blanche Ring's leading man in Willard Mack's "Jane O'Day of Broadway."

Doris Keane will give her three hundredth performance in "Romance" at the Lyric Theatre, London, today.

Regina Vicarino has been engaged to sing at the Rialto again next week.

"The Passing Show of 1915" will return to New York next week after a continuous tour of fifty-eight weeks.

General Leonard Wood saw "The Fall of a Nation" at the Liberty last night.

CELESTINS
VICHY
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water

For 50 years the standard Mineral Water for the relief of Sour Stomach, Indigestion and Uric Acid.

VICHY
CELESTINS

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

Bottled at the Springs

SONG RALLIES ON FOURTH.

More Than $4,000 Subscribed to the Mayor's Committee.

The Citizens' Fund, which will be used in defraying the expenses of the celebration prepared by the Mayor's Independence Day Committee, has reached a total of more than $4,000. The subscriptions range from $1 to $500, although the majority are sums of $10, $25, and $50. The names of the firms and individuals who have contributed $100 or more follow:

James Byrne	$150	E. S. Harkness	$100
E. S. Harkness	200	John E. Berwind	100
J. P. Morgan & Co.	500	James Talcott	100
Robert Goelet	100	J. H. Archbold	100
E. C. Bliss	100	F. L. Stetson	100
Rogers, Peet & Co.	100	Anonymous	100
D. Guggenheim	100	Tiffany & Co.	100
Jacob H. Schiff	100	James Douglas	100
C. H. Lodge	100	W. Ottman & Co.	150
		George Ehret	100

Programs for four song rallies on the Fourth of July have been given out by the Mayor's Committee. At 11 o'clock in the morning there is to be a concert in honor of the National Educational Association in the Great Hall of the College of the City of New York. Gutzon Borglum, the sculptor, will make an address. At 3 o'clock there is to be a song rally under the auspices of the Washington Headquarters of the Daughters of the American Revolution at the Jumel Mansion. Mayor Mitchel and Borough President Marcus M. Marks will make addresses. In the evening there is to be a rally in the Lewisohn Stadium and another at the City Hall.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
Ziegfeld Follies
After the Show SEE (Atop This Theatre)
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. LAST 3 TIMES. Last Matinee Tomorrow 2:20.
The Cinderella Man

THE FALL OF A NATION
A PLAY FOR PATRIOTS
At the LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:20 & 8:20.
Choice Seats 25c-50c-75c-$1.
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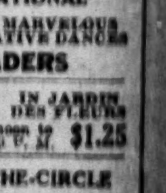

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1916.

THE NEXT STEP.

Inasmuch as CARRANZA has an army big enough to give him the courage to talk about war with the United States—Consul GARCIA says "we have more "than 200,000 veterans trained to a "style of warfare that makes the best "use of our peculiar natural conditions"—he is of course abundantly able to scatter the bandit gangs, destroy marauders, and effectually police the whole of Northern Mexico, thus enabling us gradually to withdraw PERSHING's troops. That was the agreement reached in the memorandum signed by Generals SCOTT and OBREGON. CARRANZA was to take care of his outlaws, protect our border against their incursions, and we on our part were to withdraw our forces now in Mexico, withdrawal being conditioned upon CARRANZA's keeping his part of the bargain.

The surrender of the Carrizal prisoners prepares the way for a renewal of the Scott-Obregon agreement. That is plainly the way out of a situation that had become dangerous, it is the way to avoid war. CARRANZA repudiated the agreement, for this reason among others, according to General OBREGON, that "it imposed improper "conditions upon the Mexican Government." Conditions that are equally honorable to both parties can hardly be improper for either. We desire nothing so much as the opportunity to withdraw PERSHING's force. It is for CARRANZA to make the withdrawal possible. It has not been possible hitherto, for there were the gravest reasons to fear that the first steps toward withdrawal would be the signal for hostile action on the part of the Mexicans. They would have construed withdrawal as retreat, and our troops would have been exposed to attack and harassment at every step. They would have had to defend themselves in executing the very move CARRANZA insisted they should make.

Whether he has 200,000 veterans, or 100,000, or whatever the number may be, he has enough to prevent raids across the border. If he has the will he can find the way. There are persistent reports that many of the outlaws have joined his armies. They at least are taken care of. He can easily take care of the rest, and he can keep his mobs away from the line of withdrawal, and thus avoid further clashes which might lead to fresh difficulties.

His response to our demand that the prisoners be released has been received with great satisfaction in this country. He has kept his promise, the men captured at Carrizal have been safely delivered across the border. Everybody feels that the situation is less acute, the tension has been relieved. But there remain the other grounds of complaint against Mexico explicitly set forth in our note of June 20. CARRANZA can remove them by making such disposition of his forces in Northern Mexico that raids across the border will be effectively prevented, and by establishing and maintaining order in the republic, to the end that the lives and property of American citizens in Mexico, and of other foreigners not Americans, for more than one European nation looks to us for their protection, shall no longer be endangered by the prevalence of banditry unchecked and unpunished.

That is the short and sure way to avoid war with the United States. That is the way to invite our interest, our sympathy, and our friendly aid, in such way as aid can be rendered, in his efforts to establish his Government upon a firm foundation.

WHY NOT HEED THE OFFICERS?

Senator JAMES A. REED of Missouri made a characteristic remark in the course of the debate on the amendment to the Emergency Militia bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the relief of families of National Guardsmen called to the front. "I am growing a little weary," said the Senator, "of officers "of the United States Army dictating "the policy of Congress with reference "to the volunteer soldiers of the "country." Ignoring the fact that all military service in this country is voluntary, and without pausing to argue that National Guardsmen are not technically volunteers, as they have been permanently constituted by law a part of the first line, and no call for volunteers has been made as yet, it is worth while to inquire what evidence Mr. REED could produce of dictation by army officers in any of the recent military legislation. In the haggling over the Military bill through a dreary Winter and a dispiriting Spring, which made the people of this country more than a little weary, there was little evidence that the army officers exerted influence on Congress. Yet if Congress were disposed to accept any advice in framing military measures, why should not that of practical and experienced soldiers be heeded?

Senator REED expressed a sentiment entirely too common among members of Congress. Too many of the nation's legislators fancy that they know more about army requirements than the soldiers know. It is comprehensible that some army officers may have objected to a national provision for the dependents of National Guardsmen on duty when the men of the regular army who have the harder burdens to bear must get along on their small wages. But we have not heard that the army officers interfered with this amendment at all. It was stricken out in the Senate after its acceptance by the House, and Mr. REED was anxious to have it restored. We are not criticising Mr. REED on that account. The idea of thus specially providing for the families of citizen soldiers who lose salaries or wages by responding to the President's call for militia is uneconomic and must not be allowed to become a precedent. But the call was sudden, the guard has scarcely been federalized yet, and the sentiment of the country will, we fancy, approve of the plan which will now be embodied in a separate measure and can be fought over by the Senators and Representatives without delaying the mobilization of the citizen soldiers. But the persistent Congressional sneer about army officers ought to be discouraged. We have been very near to war in the last fortnight. In our preparations to defend the nation the suggestions of the army officers should be heeded. They know, much better than the politicians, what ought to be done.

ANCIENT ERROR IN BOSTON.

The Boston Herald speaks pre-Adamite, palaeozoic things, unintelligible, impossible in this happier time:

> The action of the Progressive leaders vindicates anew the generalship of Mr. W. MURRAY CRANE of our own State, who more than anybody else dominated the Chicago Convention and brought to pass the nomination of HUGHES.

"Mr. CRANE," this echo of a bygone world continues, "proceeded to take "the steps required to bring to pass "the nomination of HUGHES." And "Mr. CRANE and his lieutenants steadily and resourcefully pushed the decreed program to completion." We have heard some whisper of Mr. CRANE, a recently reformed boss, if he is not already a Progressive Republican. How could he "dominate," how could there be any "decreed program" for him to jam through? The Hughes movement sprang up in the heart of the people, stirred irresistible popular enthusiasm in the breast of FRANK HITCHCOCK, was testified to by several thousand citizens of Vermont and Oregon, swept the Chicago Convention with the mighty impetus of the people's will. Mr. CRANE bowed to that will. Why is the hateful antiquated theory of boss-ship applied to that Chicago seconding of the popular motion and emotion?

VANITIES OF MARTYRDOM.

The martyr is an irresistible person. You cannot let him alone. He demands to be persecuted. The only calamity that can befall him is not to be persecuted. To ignore him is to deprive him of his reason for existence. He has really a very beautiful time. The psycho-analysists hold clinics on his soul, and the psychiatrists on his mind. That is greatness already. The biologist attends to his past, the theologian to his future, and the State to his present. This is to be great, indeed. All the sentimental and romantic people in the world have a weakness for the martyr. Everybody treats him with some reverence. It is perhaps the instinctive reverence for human faith. If he has to be hanged, it is done not in anger but in sorrow. "What a pity!" say those who have sacrificed him to his faith. "He had the courage of what he believed. If only he had believed the "right things!"

To all of them, for different reasons, to every one for some reason, the martyr is interesting. But to himself he is interesting for all reasons. He fascinates himself. There is no fact in the whole universe comparable to that of his presence in it. How flat and unexciting the universe would be to Sir ROGER CASEMENT unless it contained, first, the fact of Sir ROGER's existence, and, second, the fame of his martyrdom! Forty-five million human beings into whose affairs he happened to be born may call it treason. That does not matter, really. They are wrong and he is right. Martyrs must be right.

"A coward," said one of Sir ROGER's hasty confreres in martyrdom, "dies "many times, but a brave man dies "only once." Martyrs are always brave. They run headlong after death, but, alas! it sometimes escapes them. In Germany it was different. Among 65,000,000 who are under the delusion of race martyrdom a martyr who seeks only himself must not presume too far. Dr. KARL LIEBKNECHT, the violent Socialist member of the Reichstag, was tried for treasonable conduct. He had denounced the war, not only in the Reichstag, where it wouldn't have been minded so much, but in the streets; he had incited people to form mobs and behave in an unpatriotic manner; he had wildly accused the Government of scandalous things. And for all this he was sentenced to thirty months in jail. "The court," says the news dispatch, "adopted the view that Dr. LIEBKNECHT had been guided by political "fanaticism and not by unpatriotic "feeling." Therefore, the lowest possible penalty was imposed. Another count goes down against German military nature, namely, cruelty to martyrs. If only it were a dungeon, that would help, but Dr. LIEBKNECHT will probably be sent to a highly sanitary place of detention, where his political fanaticism will be impotent until the war is over.

There is much to be said for martyrdom. There is almost nothing to be said for martyrolatry. It is merely maudlin. A lot of sympathy will be wasted on Sir ROGER, much more on him than on Dr. LIEBKNECHT, because Sir ROGER will be hanged. But all the people living in the world could not provide among them such a quantity of deep, exquisite, and poignant sympathy as Sir ROGER will ecstatically provide for himself. He will expand and dissolve in self-heroism. No British chronicle will be complete without him. They will make a ballad of him in Ireland.

But what has he done to be great? He was willing to throw away his life for a thing he believed. That is nothing. Thousands of men are throwing away their lives hourly in Europe, not as martyrs, but as soldiers.

If Sir ROGER had lost his life fighting for England he would have been but a name on the roll of honor. He owes his eminence to the notoriety of his emotional aberration. Consciously, no doubt, he has worked heroically for the "liberation" of Ireland. Unconsciously he has attended to his own greatness; he has captured the bauble of martyrdom.

Dr. LIEBKNECHT's fate is much less tragic. Not to have been taken seriously by the German Government seems almost a humiliation. Politically, however, his work has been rational and will ultimately bear fruit. His offense has been to tell people what they already knew at a time when they did not wish to hear it. Yet it is possible to imagine that his name will be honored in Germany, not as that of a martyr, but as that of a passionate rebel, unable to compromise even in war time with the curse of Prussian militarism.

THE GREAT HARMONIZER.

That delegate to the Progressive National Convention whose adoration tripped up his consonants spoke better than he knew when he talked of "Tall of Sarsus." The relentless persecutor of the "crooks" and "burglars" is sweet as Summer to them now. Abused and abuser are now brethren in unity. The Dictionary of Vituperation will pour forth its shrapnel words on new foes. Who that recalls the furious cannonading of 1912 but is astonished and edified by the blessed peace now patched up between those deadly opposites? Mr. ROOSEVELT went up and down the land, blasting with all his dynamite Mr. TAFT and his works. The types all but melted in the fury of that polemic. Mr. TAFT and his defenders responded, if with less temperamental energy, with no feeble curtains of fire.

In this first bright flush of concord, amid these tender strains of harmony, this millennial scene when the Wolves of 1912 are bleating and the Lambs of 1912 are howling, it would be cruel to collect specimens of the compliments which the Progressives and the Republicans paid one another four years ago. An innocent student of political manners could not but be convinced, if he believed the asperities he heard, that each side was worse than the other. But allowance must always be made for the conventions of political faction and its unlimited license. To free the soul by copious fierce speech against your adversary is a fashion and luxury. But no politician can be happy wandering in the desert. Bitter as tribal quarrels are, union for the spoils is only a question of time. The seceding chief of 1912 now drips with good-will. He has blest Mr. HUGHES. He is ready to bless Mr. TAFT. That amiable and forgiving gentleman is preparing to give him the kiss of peace. Mr. TAFT is no longer a "Buchanan." Mr. ROOSEVELT has found a Democrat to whom he assigns that part. Let four unhappy years be as if they had never been. "TEDDY" is full of the spirit of Tiny Tim. After sharp estrangement sweet is reconciliation. Welcome and good luck, "WILL! Dear old friend! "Everybody is my friend who will "help in the task, the most momentous that has been undertaken "since history began in 1901, of beating WILSON."

There are scars and wounds enough left under this plaster of harmony, but that the great schism of 1912 is fairly healed, that the two wings of the Republican Party can be made, to a considerable extent, to "get together," is impressive proof of the political formidability of Mr. WILSON. We must not be deluded by the show and gestures of the Republican and Progressive actors. We must not attribute too much to the old experience and dexterity of Mr. ROOSEVELT, even if in the art of politics he has bettered his instructor, THOMAS COLLIER PLATT. "They call me a practical politician," said Mr. PLATT, "but I take off my hat to Mr. ROOSEVELT." The real architect of Republican union is Mr. WILSON. The constructive achievements of his Administration have been so notable, his strength with the people has been found so great by Republican and Progressive observers, the number of "Wilson Republicans" is so considerable, his foreign policy, in spite of intolerant criticism, has met such popular approval, the course of many Republican leaders and of the majority of the Republicans and almost all the Progressives in the House has been so unpatriotically partisan, and in one case so un-American, there have been so many Republican and Progressive colloguings with and concessions to the hyphenate, that a wholesome fear possesses the souls of the leaders of the divided party. They need every vote they can drum up.

A united, or at least a strong, Republican Party is something to be thankful for, however it was brought about. A competent opposition party is a condition precedent of satisfactory government. It is necessary to keep the party in power up to the mark. If the Republican Party were to continue faction-rid, divided, it might sink into a disconsidered body, no longer attracting fine talent, querulous, Bourbon, unequal to responsibility when called to it by popular disgust with the ruling party, made careless or corrupt for want of a vigorous opposition.

FOR ARMY AVIATION.

The War Department is awake at last to the need of air service in modern military operations. The House of Representatives voted $1,000,000 to pay for aviation in the army in the next fiscal year, and the Senate increased this allowance to $3,000,000. In the past the army has been provided with light machines unfit for good service and heavy machines in which the engine power is too great for the propellers. But we are encouraged to believe that the War Department has learned its aviation lesson. It submitted to Congress yesterday a supplemental estimate calling for $15,000,000 for military air service, the money to be immediately available, so that the National Guard may be equipped with aeroplanes without delay. It is reasonable to infer that the department has determined upon the type of machines to be employed and knows where to get them. The Aero Club's races have been abandoned, so that the aeronauts who were entered as contestants may give their time to instructing army men, and the makers of machines declare they can turn them out for the Government at the rate of ten daily. There is reason to hope, therefore, that our first practical step toward preparedness may set us right in one defensive branch we have been strangely neglecting.

The quick mobilization of so many men, and the other processes incidental to getting ready for a war, which everybody now hopes will amount to nothing more than the formation of a strong guard on the border, are causing a great deal of anxiety in American families and disturbing the normal course of life everywhere, but bid fair, nevertheless, to be of great and lasting benefit to the whole country. There will likely be a revulsion of feeling by and by, if peace continues and the threat of war disappears, but we shall have gained much by that time. We shall have many thousand more men who can shoot well and can endure the fatigue of the soldier's life; we shall have many more experienced officers; radio operators, electricians, and chauffeurs will have learned how to adapt their skill to military requirements, and there will no longer be a lack of military aviators.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

War Helps as Well as Harms.

In most comments on war, especially when they come from pacifist sources, the plausible assumption is made that it destroys in such great numbers the young and strong men of each belligerent as seriously to menace the quality of that nation's next and future generations. That some injury of that sort is done, especially by a war such as that now waged in Europe, is indisputable, but a dispatch from Saloniki to The London Globe calls attention to the fact that while war does destroy strong men, it also, by good feeding and outdoor living, under careful medical attention, gives health and vigor to many who in peace would be deprived of both.

And the "selection" of war is not altogether blind. The combination of intelligence with physical perfection does not save the man shot through the head or heart with a bullet or blown to pieces by a mine, but it does count something toward survival, and the men who come through a war have qualities highly satisfactory to the eugenist.

"And it is not only beef and brawn," writes the observer of the British soldiers in Saloniki, "that the army has given them. There is an expression of character and alertness in almost every face that was not seen among the pale-cheeked football crowds of the old days. In fact, if we were sending a contingent to a World's Man-hood Exhibition, it would not be easy to find a better entry than the Saloniki army as a whole."

All this will be painful to the pacifists, and they can attack it as a one-sided presentation of the case, but it is no more one-sided than their own, and they cannot get around the fact that the fighting nations are the stalwart nations, while those that have sought peace at any price are as inferior mentally as physically.

A Remarkable Amount of Agreement.

Whoever has studied the peculiarities of human testimony knows how nearly impossible it is for two persons, however honest and well-intentioned, to tell exactly the same story of a happening which they have both observed. As a matter of fact, they do not see it from precisely the same standpoint of either mind or body. Features of the incident that to one seem important seem trivial to the other, or are wholly ignored, and the discrepancies between the two accounts tend to become more numerous and serious when the incident is a complex one, and especially when the observers take in it divergent or antagonistic interests—when, in other words, each has a cause to serve.

There is no reason for surprise, therefore, in the differences between the stories of the fight at Carrizal as told by Captain MOREY, the Mormon interpreter SPILLSBURY, the negro troopers who escaped from the battle, and the Mexican officials, military and civil, who have reported on it. What is surprising is that these several accounts, coming from sources so dissimilar, agree so well as to all of the essential details and disagree so little on minor points. Indeed, there seems to be no dispute as to what was done and said on both sides, and the only questions at issue are as to the rights involved and as to the interpretation to be placed on the actions taken before, during, and after the conflict.

The position of SPILLSBURY is the only anomalous one. Though an American by birth, he shows a tendency to put the blame on our own soldiers and to exculpate the Mexicans. That may be because he wrote or spoke under duress, and regard for his personal safety made him color his account to suit the wishes of his captors, or the leaning may be explained as a result of his grievances, as a Mormon, against the American Government. There is some mystery about his inclusion in his statement of the explicit admissions that he has more Mexican than American friends, that he was serving General PERSHING only because he was "stone broke" and could get no other employment, and that it was with reluctance that he participated in Captain BOYD's unfortunate little expedition.

Pays Many Checks with One.

One of the Boston trust companies—the Old Colony—has devised or had devised for it a novel form of check by which its depositors, if they choose, may very considerably decrease, not the cost of paying their monthly bills—that could hardly be expected—at least the bother of it.

The new, or multiple, check, as it is called, is much like the old-fashioned kind, except that its size is much increased by the addition to it below and at the side of a large number of firm and corporation names, with a space beside each for the writing in of the amount that may be owed to that particular concern. The total of these amounts the depositor, in making out his check, orders his bank to pay itself and then to distribute it as indicated. The distribution is by crediting the creditor's account, if he also is a depositor in that bank, and by remittance if he is not. The stub of the multiple check is also a large one, with space on which its drawer can write out the several names selected for payment, and the amounts paid, or he can set down only the total and put his bills received in envelopes supplied for the purpose by the bank.

The effect of the scheme, obviously, is to decrease the depositor's work by transferring most of it to the bank's clerks. It seems practicable enough, and presumably its merit, from the point of view of the banks that adopt it, lies in its tendency to attract depositors. For the depositor with a labor-saving yearn its attractiveness would depend a good deal upon the number of firm and corporation names that appeared on the checks as those included in the operation of the plan, and in extending that feature there might in time come to be a lively competition between banks.

This multiple check is another illustration of the present general inclination to diminish the complexities of business transactions—an inclination shown in the extending use of fenestrated envelopes for the sending of bills and dividends, and in the abandonment to some extent of the habit of returning receipts for all money received, even when it comes by check.

War Profits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Whenever a nation enters or is about to enter into a war it is generally accepted that all patriotic citizens are bound to make all needed sacrifices to secure the safety and the ultimate happiness of their country. That such sacrifices are made by very large numbers of men is shown by the fact that they are willing to offer to their country what is most precious—their lives.

But is there a similar gift from those who do not go to battle? What do these give? Here we find a most extraordinary situation. While many are not only willing to, but actually do, give up their lives for the group; others gather immense profits by supplying the defenders of the country with materials of warfare and their wives and children with the necessities of life. It seems that such a condition should not be tolerated. The least that can be done by those who do not fight is to supply the nation with all it needs, without a cent of gain. This would by no means be equivalent to the risks of battle, but might in a small way be a substitute therefor. Is it not, then, imperative for us to formulate the following principle: All profit must be abolished during war or during preparation for war. The price of all commodities and materials required by those who are risking their lives and their families must be sufficient to cover the cost of production, and no more. Only in this way is it possible for those who remain behind to show evidence of patriotism and willingness to make sacrifices for the common weal.

A. FICHANDLER.

Brooklyn, June 20, 1916.

Who Knows?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article entitled "Sorrows of Socialism," you imply that Socialism is a failure, emotionally, idealistically, and practically. Perhaps you are right. Who knows? Is Christianity a failure? Is marriage a failure? Troubles Socialism and the Socialists have and will have a-plenty. In fact, they are seeking trouble. But, like Christianity and marriage, they will abide with us awhile yet.

HENRY L. SLOBODIN.

New York, June 26, 1916.

The Struggles of Three.

To get up, fix your own breakfast, and get yourself ready and off to school in time, when you are only a small boy of 9 or a little girl of 6, is really a proud achievement. The two small E.'s who do this lost their father from cancer some time ago, and their mother, who starts off for work every morning at 5 o'clock, is unable to see her little folks off as most mothers do. Mrs. E. returns in the middle of the day and then cleans, mends, loves, and sometimes punishes as a mother must. For years Mrs. E. has worked day and night trying to support the family. Her husband was ill for some time, and savings were exhausted and debts accumulated. In spite of all her efforts the time came when ends would not meet and her health began to break down. Since then the Charity Organization Society, to which she applied for aid, has been assisting regularly with the rent, leaving the mother's earnings to buy more strengthening food for them. Much needed medical treatment has been secured, and in a few months it is hoped the E.'s troubles will be over. Until then assistance must be continued, and the society appeals for $70 for them. Gifts should be sent to 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be promptly acknowledged.

The society acknowledges with thanks the receipt of the following contributions in response to a previous appeal: Shirley, $2; Cash, $1; "E. C. N.," $1; "C. K. H.," $3, and Mrs. G. P. Slade, $25.

BELGIUM AND GREECE.

Difference Between Violating Territory, Sovereignty, and Neutrality.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wonder if some of the confusion in current discussion of Greek neutrality is not due to lack of distinction between violation of neutrality, violation of sovereignty, and violation of territory. You speak of the guarantee of Greek neutrality and imply that the violation of its territory at Saloniki was not a breach of its neutrality. This is strictly correct, certainly from one point of view of international law. The occupation was a violation of territory and violation of sovereignty, but it did not necessarily affect the status of Greece as a neutral power.

On the other hand, however, precisely the same is true as to the German violation of Belgian territory with the very significant difference that the possible violation of territory, under certain circumstances, was distinctly contemplated in the treaty of 1831. This is generally ignored in public discussion, but it is, nevertheless, absolutely clear as a matter of historical criticism, from the fact that guarantee against violation of territory was expressly mentioned in the earlier protocols and omitted in the treaty after Belgian territory had actually been violated by France within the meaning of the treaty.

The fact, as a matter of historical criticism, is unmistakable, and the distinction between violation of territory and violation of neutrality should not be ignored in current discussion. It is one of the matters which cut both ways, but it does clear the skirts of Germany as to any charge of treaty-breaking even more clearly than it clears the Allies at Saloniki. Germany, in fact, violated sovereignty and violated territory, but proceeded punctiliously under the rules of the text books as to the procedure in violation of neutral territory. The procedure in Greece is no worse, but has proceeded with less regard to prescribed forms. Indeed, this forced demobilization comes perilously near a breach of neutrality; for one of the most commonly argued points as to neutrality is the right of a nation to keep its armed forces ready to defend it where possible, as Switzerland and Holland, for example, are doing. The Japanese and English did not require this of China outside the war zone, although they themselves went outside and were not resisted; nor did Germany ask it of Belgium outside the region to be occupied.

E. C. RICHARDSON.

The Library of Princeton University, June 23, 1916.

The Federal Enlistment Oath.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Whoever devised the new Federal enlistment scheme and oath is to be congratulated on his ability to do the wrong thing with exceptional skill. Why the few thousand citizen soldiers who are willing, unprepared as they are, to leave their homes and occupations and risk their lives in defense of our borders should be further penalized for the privilege, possibly, of dying, by having to swear that for six years they will be at the call of the War Department only the ingenious deviser of this law can say. It should be made easy for our National Guard and volunteers to go to the front, not difficult, and it is safe to say that this remarkable statute is well calculated to prevent enlistment and will do so. It is no answer to say that the enlistment is voluntary. The moral pressure is almost irresistible, and only those of great courage can hold out against it and this preposterous requirement that a man willing to fight must sacrifice his business and future for six years in order to do so. Is this simply the result of the blundering to which the country is becoming accustomed, or is it a cheap plan to force into the Federal service for a long period the National Guard and volunteers without giving them the same opportunity which other citizens have of joining that service or not, as they may elect?

In any event, the law should be amended and put in proper shape, or revealed at once in justice to the National Guard. The ninety-odd million people, defended by the few thousand, ought to attend to this little matter and to the political future of its originators.

J. F. C.

New Haven, June 26, 1916.

What Kitchener Is Spared.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The person whose letter was printed in a recent issue of THE TIMES describes Lord Kitchener as being "drowned like a rat." I do not think there can be many British who regard his end in this light. Though stunned with grief individually, and as a whole, at the loss of one great man, the nation mourns him, but does not think his end the ignominious one of a rat, ("drowned in a hole," to complete the hackneyed phrase;) rather was it like that of a viking.

This colossus among men shrank from being paraded as a public hero, as was evident to us who lined the London streets to welcome him back from the South African war. We could not help but see that he just "endured" being acclaimed a victorious hero and all the attendant fuss, the procession, the cheering, &c. This was not an ungracious trait in his character, but simply an inherent shyness that so many "big" characters possess. Therefore I feel that he rests more peacefully because his body has not been subjected to the parade of a funeral procession to the Abbey or St. Paul's, there to be the object of the vulgar gaze of sightseers and trippers for generations to come.

KATE ROONEY.

Deal Lake, N. J., June 26, 1916.

Is There Any Difference?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Might I suggest to "Indignant Mother" that she should be at pains never to allow her sons to take part in the national game of baseball, in which stealing (bases) is condoned, "and methods of deception are constantly practiced to outwit the enemy."

C. G. LAMB.

Santa Barbara, Cal., June 10, 1916.

AT CARRIZAL.

("Captain Morey says his negro troops faced death singing.")

By day the sky of Mexico
Stares, brazen, overhead;
By night the light of alien stars
Keeps watch above the dead.

How did they die in that far land,
How did they face the grave—
Those men whose fathers bore the brand
That marked the southland slave?

Did they, like recreant cowards, weep,
Or vainly seek to fly?
Ah, no, upon that bloody field
They showed how men should die!

Betrayed, outnumbered, still they fought
To their heroic end,
And smiled at death, and bravely sang,
As welcoming a friend.

The strange, wild music of their race
With mellow, low refrain,
From cabin homes, from rice-land swamps,
In memory swells again.

But never such a song rang out
As when they faced the foe,
And, singing, charged from trench to trench,
And gave him blow for blow!

And in the annals of our land,
Long as our flag shall wave,
That song will show that men are men,
Though children of the slave.

CHARLES T. DAZEY.

CONFESSIONS OF ARCHDEACON STUCK.

Whatever Else He Said, He Meant That to Help Mankind You Must Understand Him, and to Understand You Must Love Him.

By ARCHDEACON HUDSON STUCK
of Fort Yukon, Alaska.

New York, June 27, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have ignored the many public and private criticisms which my baccalaureate sermon at Columbia has provoked, and, having shot my bolt, had not thought to open my mouth again; but the fine letter signed "E. and S. Atherton" I cannot bring myself to ignore. I feel pain to have given pain in that quarter, and am almost ready to admit that I am rebuked.

The trouble with newspaper reports of any public utterance is that the main point and contention, the burden of the "message," is often lost sight of, and the public attention is directed solely to whatever may be unusual or striking in incidental reference or illustration. Such was the fate of my sermon. I was not inveighing against the machinery of investigation, but only upon dependence on such machinery as all-sufficient; my plea was not against methods of securing information, but was concerned with the manner and spirit of using such information in the action which followed.

During the last six months I have read, cursorily, a good many sociological publications, as I have gone round among those deeply concerned with modern problems; cursorily, because I have found them exceedingly dry and ill-done, for the most part, and seemingly obsessed with the importance of the mechanics of their science, if indeed it may justly be termed a science; and I had formed in my mind a conception of a number of men, immured in laboratories and studios, surrounded with apparatus of all sorts, engaged chiefly in the elaboration of formulas, and I had conceived them as largely wound up in their own formulas, as a spider who should find herself enmeshed in the web she had spun from her own bowels.

Now I may be entirely mistaken in this conception, in which case what I said is without point. I do not think I was; I think still that there is some such situation, and when I was honored by the request that I preach to a large number of graduates, many of whom had been studying sociology and the allied subjects, I felt that it might be opportune to warn them of the barrenness of any efforts for the benefit of mankind that were not shot through and through with love for mankind; and that was the beginning and the end of my purpose.

Sociology seems to be anybody's science today—if science it be—from the cloistered professor in academic shades to the wild-eyed, red-headed Polish Jew, with an astonishing command of broken English, who holds the office boys spellbound in Madison Square. I have not entered upon the arena of these controversies, I have ventured no theories, propounded no discoveries, offered no formulas. I took occasion to insist that before mankind can be helped, mankind must be understood, and that before mankind can be understood mankind must be loved. Anything else was the mere garnishment of illustration, except when it was the joyful airing of personal prejudice, to which latter I suppose we are all prone. The thing I enjoyed most about the sermon myself was what I was able to drag in on "spelling reform."

HUDSON STUCK.

MEXICO'S FINANCES.

How Carranza Proposes to Put the Country on a Gold Basis.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Señor Beltran's article in THE SUNDAY TIMES was interesting, and since he made reference to the 750,000,000 pesos that the First Chief put into circulation, it may be opportune to show your readers how Carranza proposes to retire those bills from circulation and place the Mexican currency on a gold basis. The following, gleaned from several recent decrees, shows how the miracle is to be performed.

The first decree on the subject provided "that on and after May 1 all Constitutional bills of the issues made in Mexico, D. F. or Vera Cruz, would be exchanged for the new ones (infalsificables) on the basis of ten pesos of the old paper for one peso of the new paper; that said exchange of notes must be made between the dates of May 1 and June 30, 1916; that the method to be used for guaranteeing the bills of the new issue would be duly made known through a later decree."

The looked-for decree saw the light of day on May 31, and says:

> In order to facilitate the retirement of the various issues of Constitutional bills from circulation, and beginning on and after June 5, all bills of 100, 50, and 20 pesos shall cease to be in force. Said bills, however, will continue to be received for the payment of taxes up to Dec. 31. The bills of 10, 5, 2, and 1 peso will continue to be in force till June 30. These small bills, likewise, will be acceptable for tax payments till the end of the year, but after June 30 said bills will cease to be in force for private transactions. After June 30 all outstanding bills must be deposited in the places designated in due form, depositors having the privilege of marking the bills with a rubber stamp for identification, and provisional certificates will be given depositors for the bills so turned in. None of this money shall be put into circulation again, and will be given over to the Monetary Commission for inspection and amortization. Bills of all denominations will cease to be in force after June 30, excepting for tax payments, as provided above.

All the above is comprehended within the first ten clauses; then follows:

> Beginning Oct. 1, the National Treasury will commence to exchange the temporary certificates for permanent gold certificates, to be extended to depositors at the value of 10 cents national gold for each peso of paper money deposited. * * * The Mexican gold certificates so obtained will be paid for at par in metal currency in five payments, covering the period beginning June 30, 1917, (not 1916,) and ending June 30, 1921. * * * After Dec. 31 of this year all holders of said bills will have no claim against the Government for reimbursement in any form whatever, not even for payment of taxes.
>
> Constitucion y Reformas, Mexico, D. F., 31 de Mayo de 1916.
>
> (Signed) VENUSTIANO CARRANZA.
> LUIS CABRERA.

Havana, June 19, 1916. H. W.

Cuban Peace Not Menaced.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Counting on your fairness in all matters, allow me to do something toward correcting the entirely false impression conveyed by your editorial article of the 16th. It is true that the bill providing for the retirement of the President from office for a period of sixty-five days before election, when the President in question is a candidate for re-election, has passed the Cuban Senate. But this bill is not constitutional, and like a few bills that have passed in the United States Senate will in all likelihood never become a law. But even were such a bill to become a law this would by no means imperil the present peace and quiet of Cuba. The only leaders who have any incentive to start trouble have so much profitably invested wealth in sugar estates that they would be the very last to want violence of any sort. Also, they would not be able to get any recruits. Today every man who can wield a machete is doing so, in combination with his axe, clearing new cane lands at $2 a day and better. And those who are not clearing new lands are otherwise employed, mostly cultivating the soil or caring for cattle. None is hungry.

R. G. HAINES.

Bayamo, Cuba, June 23, 1916.

Medical Inspection in Armories.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of today there is a letter from H. Grinnell Disbrow, stating he has been informed that candidates for the National Guard have no physical examination at the armories before leaving for the State Camp. I am informed by the First Lieutenant of Company B, Third Infantry, N. G. N. Y., that under general orders from the War Department, Circular No. 5, all candidates are physically examined at the State armories before they are accepted.

W. L. FAY,
First Vice President National League of Company B, Third Inf., N. G. N. Y.

Geneva, N. Y., June 26, 1916.

Appeal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Have you a canary or an aquarium that you can spare when you go away for the Summer? Either would bring great joy to the children in the Metropolitan Hospital. Send to Miss Palmer, Metropolitan Hospital, via East Seventieth Street Ferry, or notify the New York City Visiting Committee, 105 East Twenty-second Street.

Mrs. J. J. MOORHEAD,
Chairman Metropolitan Hospital Committee.

New York, June 27, 1916.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

Now for a League to Enforce Peace on the Western Hemisphere.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The United States has before it a golden opportunity to put into practice its theoretical League for the Enforcement of Peace, and I trust that this will not be allowed to slip away unheeded.

The idea of a League for the Enforcement of Peace has, for the most part, been looked upon as a chimerical doctrine which could never be anything more than a theory. Now comes our opportunity: the chance to put into force what so many have looked upon as nothing but a dreamer's plan. This league, which is a combination of independent nations, hopes to maintain righteous peace by laying down laws to govern nations, and to enforce these laws, by economic and military power. In brief, its platform of four planks is this:

1. To appoint a court composed of representatives from the various nations in the league.
2. To lay down international law to be adhered to by the participating nations.
3. To settle, by means of this court, disputes, both justiciable and non-justiciable, that may arise between the nations of this league.
4. To enforce the laws and decisions rendered by this international court, first by economic means, and then, if necessary, by force of arms of the combined powers.

There are in the Western Hemisphere, including Mexico, twenty-one independent nations, seventeen of which have Ministers or Ambassadors accredited to the United States. Would it not be possible to form our Peace League among these countries? Or, if we at this time care only to consider those nations which have military and naval strength, we could suggest that Argentina, Brazil, and Chile send one or two representatives to meet with a like delegation from the United States. This commission, or court, would then investigate the trouble that has arisen with our unruly neighbor, Mexico, and determine the action that should be followed. Surely if we have such a strong case against Mexico as our press has led us to believe it will not be difficult for our South American neighbors to see the case as we do.

Of course, I realize full well that the United States is the largest nation in the Western Hemisphere, and feels completely able to settle its own differences without calling on the South American republics. But are we not so great that we can afford to consult with these smaller nations?

Let us suppose that the commission selected, as I have suggested, decides that Mexico has made of herself an outlaw nation. According to the platform of the Peace League, we would then summon against her all the economic force that we could bring to bear. The stopping of commerce to her Atlantic and Pacific ports and the closing of her borders would isolate Mexico except for the countries which lie between the southern boundary of Mexico and the Panama Canal; but there again, could we not bring these countries, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Costa Rica, into our Peace League? No doubt Mexico would strike back by attacking our southern border. We could then use our military force to restore a stable government in place of the anarchy which now exists. If our South American friends wished, we could even be assisted by their armies and navies, for remember this is exactly the combination that would occur if we were obliged to uphold the Monroe Doctrine by force of arms.

There are many reasons why the United States should pursue such a course as is mentioned above. Chief among these reasons is the possibility that the commission, formed as I have suggested, would be the beginning of a permanent League to Enforce Peace. In time it could be made to embrace the entire Western Hemisphere. If successful, and there is every reason to believe it would be, the idea could be easily carried across to the European Continent. In forming this league the United States would allay the fears of aggression held by her South American neighbors and show that this country is great enough to make the first step in worldwide peace.

And, finally, before this country asks her young men to lay down their lives, let us be sure that the United States is right, for a month has not yet passed since President Wilson said that we should first look to our own overzealous, money-grabbing citizens, who have undoubtedly supplied Villa and his bandits with money and ammunition.

S. SPENCER SCOTT.

New York, June 26, 1916.

Services Held Back.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is announced that elaborate plans have been made for a full division of troops who are to offer their services to the Government under the leadership of Colonel Roosevelt, and that the requisite number of men are holding themselves in readiness for such service. In the meantime regiments are being hurried forward without their full complement of men and there appears to be more or less difficulty, especially in the smaller towns outside of New York City, in recruiting the organizations up to full war strength. Wouldn't it be more to the purpose for these patriotic citizens to at once respond to their country's call and immediately enlist in the organizations that are short of men rather than wait for a call for volunteers, which may or may not come? There will be enough men to answer a call for volunteers when the time comes. Let those who can enlist do it now and get what training they can rather than wait on the side lines for a chance to do something "heroic" at some future time.

GEORGE E. WELLS,
Late Captain Company G, Second New Jersey Volunteer Infantry, War with Spain.

Hackensack, N. J., June 28, 1916.

CHOATES RECEIVE THE GARDEN CLUB

Delegates Visit Octogenarians' Famous English Garden at Naumkeag.

SEE BEAUTIFUL BROOKSIDE

Tour Ends at Clovercroft, Home of Mrs. Oscar Iasigi—Club Elects Mrs. J. W. Martin President.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., June 29.—At the annual meeting of the Garden Club of America in Curtis Hotel this morning there were discussions on the preservation of wild flowers, country roadside planting and extermination of poison ivy. The club then chose Lake Forest, Ill., for the place of the next meeting in 1917, at the invitation of the Garden Club of Illinois Mrs. Walter S. Brewster of Lake Forest brought the invitation. It was also voted to hold the convention of 1918 in Southampton, L. I., and the convention of 1919 in Cincinnati.

At the election of officers Mrs Archibald D. Russell of Princeton, N. J., presided. The club elected as President Mrs. J. Willis Martin of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia; Vice Presidents, Mrs. Archibald D. Russell of Princeton, N. J.; Mrs. Benjamin T. Fairchild, of New Milford, N. Y.; Mrs. John Newlands of Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. Frances King of Alma, Mich.; Secretary, Mrs. Bayard Henry of Germantown, Philadelphia; Treasurer, Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss of New York; Librarians, Miss Ernestine A. Goodman of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia; Mrs. Walter S. Brewster of Lake Forest, Ill.

During the morning the delegates paid a visit to the exhibition of flowers and plants by the Lenox Horticultural Society. The social side of the day began with a luncheon given by Mrs. John E. Alexandre at Spring Lawn for the officers and delegates. Mrs. Alexandre received, assisted by the Misses Anne R. and Caroline Leroy Webb of New York. Beautiful decorations of rare garden flowers arranged with exquisite skill were on the tables and sideboard. The colors were blue, pink, white, and yellow in fine contrasts. The tables were laid on the porches and in the dining room. From Spring Lawn the delegates began the day's visits to the notable gardens of the region. They went in automobiles through the grounds of Wyndhurst, the country place of Mr. and Mrs. William E. S. Griswold of New York, to Lee, and visited the garden of Mr. and Mrs. Willard D. Smith. Thence to Tyringham to inspect the picturesque garden built by Mr. and Mrs. Banyer Clarkson, and found much to admire. Returning to Stockbridge a call was made at Council Hill, where Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Mellen received the delegates and showed their informal garden and greenhouses.

One of the pleasantest visits of the day was at Naumkeag, the country seat of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Choate. These octogenarians, both in good health and spirits, received the visitors who passed through their country seat into the famous English garden, where Mr. Choate for thirty years has been maturing a garden known from coast to coast as one of the choicest in the land. Leaving Naumkeag the club proceeded to Brookside, Great Barrington, where the masterpiece of landscape planting by Ferruccio Vitale, the Italian landscape architect for Mr. and Mrs. William Hall Walker, held the attention of the delegates for an hour. This is considered to be one of the most sympathetic landscape treatments in formal gardens done in America, and is said to have cost $250,000. Mr. and Mrs. Walker received the club and indicated their choicest treasures, where the spirit of nature seems to dominate the scene.

Returning to Stockbridge over the river route, the club next stopped to see the gardens of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Chester French. They were also privileged to view the works of sculpture which Mr. French is doing at his beautiful studio amid the hills. Mrs. French was assisted in the reception of the club by her daughter, Miss Margaret French. Passing on, the delegates visited the garden of Miss Emily Tuckerman, the much-praised garden of Mr. and Mrs. Bernhard Hoffman at Overbrook Orchard, and also that of Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. de Gersdorff at the Vesy place at Clovercroft. The beauty of the close of a perfect June day greeted the members of the Garden Clubs as they motored into the grounds of Mrs. Oscar Iasigi of Boston, the final chosen spot for the visitation and the climax of an afternoon of delights. Mrs. Iasigi was assisted in the reception by her daughter, Mrs. William Marshall Bullitt of Louisville, Ky., and tea was served at tables on the terraces and on the porches.

This evening in Sedgwick Hall an exhibition of lantern slides in colors of the gardens of the Berkshires, and other places was shown by William Hall Walker, Rev. Joseph R. Lynes of Great Barrington and Mrs. S. Cobb Coleman of Pittsfield, who are experts in the production of the new photography called auto chromes, photographs taken in colors. This exhibition, which was attended by more than two hundred, was the closing part of the program arranged by the Lenox Garden Club. The delegates will leave Lenox tomorrow.

Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant will arrive at the Maplewood tomorrow.

Mrs. H. Brewster Hobson went to New York to bid farewell to Mr. Hobson, who is departing for the frontier with Squadron A.

Mrs. Lewis L. Delafield gave a luncheon at Heaton Hall this afternoon, entertaining for Mrs. Ramsey Hoguet and Miss Mary McCreery.

Miss Elizabeth Osgood, Mrs. C. C. Reed, Mrs. F. G. Phelps and Miss Washburn of New York arrived at Curtis Hotel.

Professor Allen Marquard and a party of friends touring registered at Curtis Hotel for luncheon.

Mrs. H. de Berkeley Parsons, Mrs. J. Howard Wainwright, Miss C. F. Stillman, Miss B. G. Stillman, Mrs. Thomas H. Talmage, Miss Lillian Talmage and T. Hunt Talmage of New York arrived at Hotel Aspinwall.

John Hutton is at the House of Mercy Hospital in Pittsfield for treatment for incipient appendicitis.

IN SHAKESPEARE GARDEN.

Committee Gathers and Will Appeal for Funds for Its Care.

The Central Park Shakespeare Garden Committee assembled yesterday afternoon for a reception at the garden, near the west drive at Seventy-ninth Street, in response to an invitation from Mrs. Clarkson Cowl, President of the committee. After an inspection of the garden the committee discussed raising $1,500 for the continuance of the garden this season, the Park Department having found it necessary, in curtailing expenses, to abandon its care. It was announced that $600 was needed to complete the fund, and efforts to collect this will be made by public appeal.

For this purpose a leaflet which tells "The Story of the Garden" has been prepared. It reminds one that "old men and women and little children in a brick and stone city" come to the garden in hundreds to enjoy its delights. Because Shakespeare "especially voices these delights" this year, in celebration of his tercentenary, the garden has been dedicated to him. The Mayor of Stratford-on-Avon has shipped a Stratford Oak, which will be planted in the garden when it arrives.

Among those present yesterday were: Park Commissioner Cabot Ward, Dr. George F. Kunz, honorary President of the committee; Mrs. Clarkson Cowl, President; Mrs. G. Glen Gould, Vice President and Secretary; Gilbert D. Lamb, Treasurer; Theron S. Atwater, Mrs. Charles E. Birge, Mrs. N. L. Britton, Clarkson Cowl, Mrs. Charles H. Denison, Dr. D. Stewart Gager, G. Glen Gould, Mrs. F. N. Hoffstot, Thomas Quigley, Louis Stewart, Jr., and Dr. Gustav Straubmuller.

BRIDE OF LIEUT. CAMPBELL.

Army Officers Ushers at Miss Katherine Browning's Wedding.

Miss Katherine Browning, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Browning of Llewellyn Park, West Orange, N. J., and Lieutenant Raymond Potter Campbell of San Francisco were married at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Central Presbyterian Church, Orange. The Rev. Dr. John Fulton Patterson, pastor of the church, officiated. The wedding was a military one and the church was beautifully decorated with American flags and ferns.

Miss Browning was attended by her sisters, Mrs. Howard Murchie and Mrs. Arthur de Baun, as matrons of honor. Miss Marjory Murchie was flower girl. The best man was Lieutenant G. Sidney Andrew, and the ushers were Lieutenants William D. Styer, Ralph I. Sasse, William A. Snow, Raymond G. Moses, Dwight F. Johns, John W. Fraser, S. Ross McLean, and Frederick J. Williams.

Lieutenant Campbell was graduated this month from West Point. The couple will spend the Summer in San Francisco.

WEDS MISS GLADYS CAPEN.

Dr. Nathaniel Mills, Justice's Son, Marries in Mount Vernon.

Society of Westchester County and New York City attended the wedding last night of Miss Gladys Josephine Capen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Capen of Bronxville, to Dr. Nathaniel Mills, son of Appellate Court Justice and Mrs. Isaac N. Mills of Mt. Vernon, which took place in the Church of the Ascension, Mt. Vernon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Melford L. Brown, the rector.

The bride was attended by Misses Adelaide Capen, of Montclair, as maid of honor, Katharine Utz and Grace Grainger, Bronxville, Lucille Becker and Florence Ross, Mt. Vernon, as bridesmaids, and Helen Mills, as flower girl. Leroy Mills was best man, and the ushers were Elbert Vancott and F. P. Bronson, Mt. Vernon. J. Nelson, Port Chester, and Dr. Brockeway, Brooklyn.

A reception was held in the auditorium of the Westchester Woman's Club.

MISS VAUGHAN A BRIDE.

Weds Milton J. Davies of Institute of Arts and Sciences of Columbia.

Miss Harriet Elspeth Vaughan, daughter of Captain John Albert Vaughan and Mrs. Vaughan, was married to Milton Judson Davies of the Institute of Arts and Sciences of Columbia University, yesterday afternoon at the home of her brother, Dr. John Colin Vaughan, 181 West Seventy-fifth Street. The officiating clergymen were the Rev. E. O. Wilson of Newark, N. J., and the Rev. Abner J. Davies of Conshohocken, Penn., a brother of the bridegroom.

Owing to a recent death in the bride's family it was a quiet home wedding. The bride was formerly General Secretary of the Young Women's Christian Association of the Oranges.

After a brief honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Davies will live at 202 West Seventy-fourth Street.

Le Vino-Prussing.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Alice Prussing, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene E. Prussing of Chicago, to Albert Shelby Le Vino of this city took place yesterday at the home of Colonel and Mrs. A. Hirst Appel of 495 West End Avenue. Only the immediate relatives and a few friends attended the ceremony, and the couple left later for a short honeymoon trip. Upon their return they will live in this city.

Lloyd George's Daughter Engaged.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 29.—The engagement of Olwen Elizabeth, elder daughter of the Right Hon. David Lloyd George, to Captain T. G. Cary Evans of the Indian medical service, is announced.

Son to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. A. Clark.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Francis A. Clark of 1,140 Park Avenue are being congratulated upon the birth of a son yesterday at Warren House, their place in Newport, R. I. Mrs. Clark was formerly Miss Evelyn Bigelow.

SOLDIERS WED ON EVE OF DEPARTURE

D. O. Rogers of First Squadron of Cavalry, N. G. N. J., Marries Miss M. C. Mordaunt.

LIEUT. GRAY TAKES BRIDE

Officer of Company K, Fifth Regiment, N. J. Inf., and His Bride, Miss Corraz, Visit Camp Fielder.

The wedding of Miss Mildred C. Mordaunt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lionel Mordaunt, and David Ogden Rogers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Pendleton Rogers of Plainfield, N. J., took place yesterday afternoon in the chantry at Grace Church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. E. Vicars Stevenson, Rector of Grace Church, at Plainfield, who was assisted by the Rev. Howard R. Weir.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Elizabeth Mordaunt, as maid of honor. John S. Rogers was best man, and the ushers were William Barlow, Jr., J. Horton Ijams, Henry W. Richards, and Frank Watrous.

Mr. Rogers is a member of Troop D of the First Squadron of Cavalry, N. G. N. J., and expects to leave for the Mexican border at the end of the week.

Granted a twenty-four-hour furlough yesterday morning, First Lieutenant Roger D. Gray of Company K, Fifth Regiment, New Jersey Infantry, of Montclair, went at once to the home of his sweetheart, Miss Helen Corraz, of 111 Essex Avenue, Bloomfield, whom he had promised on the departure of the troops for Sea Girt, that he would return at the first opportunity to be married.

Arrangements were hastily made and the ceremony was performed Wednesday night at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Corraz, by the Rev. B. Franklin Dickinson, pastor of the First Methodist Church, Bloomfield. Miss Corraz was attended by her twin sister, Miss Adelia Corraz, as maid of honor. Town Clerk Raymond F. Davis of Bloomfield, and law partner of Lieutenant Gray, was best man.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Gray went to Camp Fielder at Sea Girt yesterday morning, where they were serenaded by members of the company, who stood at attention, headed by Captain Roscoe Johnson, as the party entered the company street. Mrs. Gray expects to go to El Paso for a time.

Lieutenant Gray is a son of Mrs. Alice D. Gray of South Orange, and received his first military experience last Summer at Plattsburg, later joining Troop A of the First Squadron, where he made a record as a marksman. He was elected a Lieutenant in Company K a few days before the command was sent to Sea Girt.

EDUCATORS IN CONFERENCE.

National Association Delegates Begin Sessions Tomorrow.

Columbia University will be the host for the next week of the delegates to the annual conference of the National Education Association of the United States, which opens tomorrow at the Hotel Astor and will continue until July 8. Several hundred representatives of the leading schools and colleges of the country have already arrived in the city. Sessions will be held afternoons and evenings at Madison Square Garden, the Hotel Astor, Columbia University, and Washington Irving High School.

Dr. David Bancroft Johnson of the Winthrop Normal and Industrial College, Rock Hill, S. C., President of the association, will preside at the first session of the convention tomorrow in the ballroom of the Astor. Greetings will be presented by Governor Whitman, Mayor Mitchel, John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education; William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education, and Acting Superintendent of Schools Straubenmuller. Dr. David Starr Jordan, Chancellor of Leland Stanford, Jr., University and Vice President of the association, will respond to the greetings.

The list of speakers for the conference includes the names of some of the foremost men of the country. Ex-President Taft is to speak on the subject "Is There Waste in Modern Education?" Mr. Taft will deal with the question of the practicability of reducing the eight years of elementary training to six years. Secretary William C. Redfield of the Department of Commerce will deliver an address on "Industrial Education."

Other speakers and the subjects they have chosen are: Dr. V. K. Wellington, Chinese Minister, "Chinese Education"; Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, "Public Health and the Public Schools"; Congressman Simeon D. Fess of Ohio, "Possibilities of a National University at the Capital"; Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, "American Schools and the Workingman"; Thomas Mott Osborne, "Trust in Humanity"; Albert Shaw, editor of The Review of Reviews, "American Leadership and the Country School"; Dr. Anna Shaw, President of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, "The Story of My Life"; Dr. John H. Finley, "The Education of the Alien"; Professor John Dewey, Columbia University, "Nationalized Education," and Charles R. Van Hise, President of the University of Wisconsin, "The Place of the State University in a Democracy."

Many of the delegates will give courses at the Summer session at Columbia University, which opens on Monday, July 10, while a still larger number of the educators will study at the session. Several post-convention tours have been arranged, including trips to Bermuda, Halifax, Newfoundland, Porto Rico, Cuba, Jamaica, Costa Rica, and Panama.

MANUSCRIPTS BRING $1,600.

Cards Written by Mark Twain Are Auctioned Off at Sothebys.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 29.—More than $1,600 was realized today at Sothebys, where a collection of autograph letters and manuscripts was offered for sale. These are the property of Mrs. Isabel Brocklesby and the late Rev. Canon A. W. N. Deacon and John Payne, Esq.

"The Heptalogia, or the Seven Against Sense, a Cap with Seven Bells," the author's own copy, revised and augmented by him for the second edition by A. C. Swinburne, was sold for $345. Sixteen cards written by Mark Twain to his publishers during 1880-1899 and other documents of the same character brought $70. Two Robert Louis Stevenson letters from Sydney and Samoa, written during 1890, concerning "Ballads and Verses" and "Father Damien," were sold for $200.

Eleven Swinburne letters, one without signature, all relating to "A Study of Shakespeare," was auctioned at $240.

The autographed manuscript of the unpublished prose tale by Swinburne, "A Nine Days' Wonder," a twenty-seven-and-a-half-page folio, with transcript, brought $250, and a collection of letters from contemporaries to Thomas Purnell, including several from Rossetti and Swinburne, was sold for $500, the largest single amount received during the day's sale.

McCumber Defeats Hanna.

FARGO, N. D., June 29.—United States Senator McCumber has defeated Governor Hanna for the nomination as Senator on the Republican ticket, according to returns available today from yesterday's primary. John Burke, United States Treasurer, is leading F. O. Hellstrom on the Democratic Senatorial ticket.

Mrs. E. L. Ludlow Breaks Her Hip.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 29.—Mrs. E. Livingston Ludlow of New York is at her cottage, suffering from a fracture of the hip received in a fall this afternoon. Dr. Charles D. Easton is attending her.

DUCHESS TALKS TO DOCTORS

Former Miss Vanderbilt Delivers a Lecture on Infant Mortality.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 30. — The Duchess of Marlborough, formerly Consuelo Vanderbilt, an enthusiastic worker for the welfare of mothers and their babies, spoke for an hour before the National Health Society yesterday. She delivered the Lady Priestley Memorial Lecture in the hall of the Royal Society of Medicine, and Sir Ray Lankester described her address as "unflinching and thorough." It dealt with causes of infantile mortality and remedies for it. She is the first woman to deliver the lecture, which is a yearly event.

The Duchess had a large audience of doctors and women, and she was frequently applauded. She emphasized the fact that the yearly loss of babies to the nation was about 320,000—more than the year's losses in the war—and that about 76 per cent. of this loss was held to be preventable.

LINN BOYD PORTER DEAD.

Author, Widely Known as Albert Ross, Was in His Sixty-sixth Year.

BOSTON, June 29.—Linn Boyd Porter, the author who was widely known under the pen name of Albert Ross, died at his home in Brookline today in his sixty-sixth year. He was born in Westfield, Mass., and received his education in the Leicester Academy. Mr. Porter had traveled extensively in Europe. Years ago he was a newspaperman in Boston.

He was the author of many popular novels in the "Albatross" series. Some are "A Black Adonis," "That Gay Deceiver," "Thou Shalt Not," "Thy Neighbor's Wife," "A Sugar Princess," "Stronger Than Fiction," and "His Private Character." He married Miss Mary E. Moore of Cambridge, Mass., in 1874. His daughter, Miss George Eliot Porter, is Mrs. Robert Edeson, wife of the actor.

Obituary Notes.

Miss SUSAN F. STRONG of 318 Seventy-second Street, Brooklyn, a stenographer attached to the editorial staff of The Tribune, died on Wednesday in the Holy Family Hospital in Brooklyn. She was formerly private secretary to the late Whitelaw Reid.

PATRICK F. KELLEHER, President of the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association of New York County, died yesterday at his home, 401 West Forty-eighth Street, in his forty-seventh year. He was born here and was a member of many social and fraternal organizations. His wife, two sons and a daughter survive him.

SIDNEY ARNSTEIN, a teacher of stenography for the Board of Education, and connected with the Morris High and Commercial High Schools, is dead at his home, 941 Intervale Avenue, in his twenty-sixth year, leaving his mother, a sister and brother.

LOUIS ACKERMAN, a real estate operator, is dead at his home, 133 West Eighty-ninth Street, in his fiftieth year. He left a widow and daughter.

Mrs. ANNE HART, 66 years old, wife of Hugh Hart, for many years a contractor and dock builder, and mother of Joseph Hart, a well-known Queens attorney, died at her home, 150 Pearsall Street, Long Island City, Wednesday.

ALEX I. MAYER, a diamond dealer, died on Wednesday in Atlantic City, N. J., in his forty-seventh year. He was born in this city and was unmarried. Mr. Mayer left a sister and two brothers.

ARTHUR KAHN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kahn of New York, whose Summer home is in Succasunna, N. J., died yesterday in the Morristown Memorial Hospital.

JAMES J. PETERSON, a retired farmer, died on Wednesday at his home in Mendham, N. J., in his eighty-fourth year.

THOMAS J. LASSAN, a business man of Hackettstown, N. J., died on Wednesday at the home of his daughter there, in his forty-sixth year.

SAMUEL A. KIRBY, a dealer in builders' hardware here, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 334 Chilton Street, Elizabeth, N. J., in his seventy-first year.

Miss BARBARA ALBERTA CLARK, a dancer whose last appearance was with the "Watch Your Step" company, died on Wednesday at her home, 104 West Sixty-first Street, in her twenty-first year. She had appeared in "The Passing Show of 1914," and "The Marriage Market."

Mrs. SARAH HYATT CARPENTER, wife of David G. Carpenter, died on Wednesday at her home near Rye Lake, Conn., in her thirty-ninth year.

Captain HIRAM W. BARROWS died on Wednesday at his home in Malden, Mass., in his eighty-third year.

Mrs. MARY E. MARA, wife of Joseph J. Mara, a former Councilman of Passaic, N. J., died on Tuesday at her home there.

Major R. W. MILLSAPS, a wealthy merchant and banker, the founder of Millsaps College in Jackson, Miss., and a Trustee of Vanderbilt University, died at his home in Jackson on Wednesday, in his eighty-fourth year.

HENRY H. PEDEN, a buyer for many years for a large grocery house and a former resident of Brooklyn, died at Klein's Hotel, in Rockville Centre, L. I., on Wednesday, aged 55 years. He was unmarried.

Mrs. ELIZABETH J. METZ, widow of Edward G. Metz, died on Wednesday at her home, 477 Park Place, Brooklyn. She is survived by a son.

CHARLES C. FLEMING, a veteran of the civil war and for thirty-five years in the employ of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, died in the Kings County Hospital on Wednesday. He was born seventy-six years ago in Bethel, Vt. His funeral services this afternoon will be held under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic at 86 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn.

ALFRED NEWELL DE CLUE, 51 years old, for more than a quarter of a century in the employ of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, died from Bright's disease on Wednesday at his home, 650 Wythe Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARGARET GREEN CUNNING, wife of John Cunning and formerly active in the work of the Church of the Transfiguration in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at her home, 50 East Thirty-first Street, Flatbush, aged 66 years.

JAMES JOSEPH MARTEN, a patrolman attached to the Fourteenth Precinct Station in Manhattan and a member of the force for twenty-one years, died on Wednesday at his home, 39 Pine Street, Brooklyn, from Bright's disease. He was 45 years old and left a widow and two sons.

Mrs. SARAH E. MacKAY, widow of Edwin T. MacKay and formerly a resident of Baltimore, Md., died on Tuesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph P. Searing, 513 East Fifteenth Street, Flatbush, in her seventy-first year.

Mrs. AUGUSTA SCHMIDT, wife of Heinrich Schmidt, city editor of The New York Staats-Zeitung, died on Wednesday at her home, 35 Covert Street, Brooklyn. She was a native of Roemerstadt, Austria, and a member of the German Hospital Society, the Ladies' Circle of the Schlaraffia, and of the Ladies' Circle of the German Press Club.

ANTHONY A. BRAUN, who was associated with his five brothers in the bakery business at 75 Duffield Street, Brooklyn, died at that address on Wednesday. The business was established by their father more than thirty years ago. His brother, William A. Braun, who was also in the baking business, died seven weeks ago.

FRANK M. RILEY, owner of the Riley Machine Works in Brooklyn and a son of Reuben Riley, at one time Brooklyn Bridge Commissioner, died in a sanitarium in Brooklyn on Wednesday. Mr. Riley was 48 years old and a member of Zeredetha Lodge No. 483, F. and A. M., and Brooklyn Lodge No. 22, B. P. O. Elks. His funeral services will be held this evening at the home of his sister, Mrs. C. Schubert, Thirteenth Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. LAURA J. LAWS, widow of John T. Laws, died yesterday at the home of her son, the Rev. Dr. Curtis Lee Laws, 1,273 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, in her seventy-fourth year. After a simple service at her late residence this afternoon, the body will be taken to Middleburg, Loudoun County, Va., for interment. Besides her son, who is editor of The Watchman-Examiner, she is survived by two other sons, Dr. Clifton C. Laws, a physician of Chesapeake City, Md., and Henry M. Laws of Baltimore.

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Write for booklet to the manufacturer, Henry B. Platt, 42 Cliff St., New York.

MAKES AN APPEAL FOR STARVING JEWS

Isidore Hershfield, Back from War Zone, Says Thousands Are in Dire Want.

MANY LIVE UNDERGROUND

Describes the Expulsion of Jews from the Province of Kovno on 24 Hours' Notice.

In a detailed report on the suffering of the Jews in Europe, Isidore Hershfield, Director of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, who has recently returned from the war zone, declared at Carnegie Hall last night that in occupied Russia alone, 750,000 Jews were on the verge of starvation. To alleviate their want and misery, he urged immediate relief measures, such as the prompt shipment of foodstuffs to the starving districts of Poland, Courland, Lithuania, and Galicia.

"Much has been done and is still being done," said Mr. Hershfield, "to obtain the consent of England to raise its blockade to this extent. But money can still buy articles of food. The local Jewish relief committees in almost all cities and towns have instituted free tea halls and stores for the sale of food supplies at or below cost. The vast numbers who daily patronize these kitchens and stores testify to the acuteness of the demand.

"It is particularly pitiful to see the food kitchens which cater specially to children. The scarcity of food has revived in these children the animal instinct of burrowing and concealing food. I have seen at these food kitchens, which give to each child one meal a day, consisting of a bowl of soup and a chunk of bread, children, even little ones of 3 or 4 years, eat the soup and pocket the bread for use as an evening meal because they knew nothing else would await them at night."

Last night's meeting was called on purpose to receive Mr. Hershfield's report. He returned on May 25, after being abroad for many months as the representative of the Hebrew Sheltering Society. With the permission of the military authorities of both the Austro-Hungarian and German Governments, he established a means of communication between the war sufferers and their friends and relatives in the United States. The communication is carried on through formula letters which are addressed and delivered through the society at its own expense, regardless of the race or creed of the writer or receiver. In his work Mr. Hershfield received the assistance of Ambassador Gerard at Berlin and William B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor.

While engaged on this mission, Mr. Hershfield made an inspection tour of the entire Jewish zone on the eastern battle front. The most sorrowful plight of the Jews, he said, was to be witnessed in the Province of Kovno, which at the beginning of the war had a population of 190,000 Jews.

"On the 5th day of May, 1915," Mr. Hershfield declared, "every Jew, man, woman and child, in the Province of Kovno was expelled on twenty-four hours' notice. From this edict of expulsion not one Jew was spared. It included infants, women in childbirth, the aged, the sick, the lame, the poor, the wealthy merchant, the artisan, the lawyer, and the physician. All fled eastward, because to the west was the German battle front. Passenger trains carried many away. Cattle cars, which I have seen labeled 'twenty-four persons or six horses,' carried a larger number. Freight cars carried more.

"Probably half of these 190,000 wandered away on foot. Most of these are practically lost in what is now still Russian territory. Those who fled to Vilna and to other places which have since been occupied by the German forces were later permitted to return. The City of Kovno today, however, instead of its normal population of 45,000 Jews, has only about 4,200."

Mr. Hershfield described many of the atrocities committed on the Jews in Poland and Galicia and cited instances of privation and misery which illustrated the plight into which the Jews were plunged as the result of the war. In Wilna, he said, he found men, women, and children living in subterranean chambers, in subcellars, and in rooms into which not a ray of light ever entered.

In Mr. Hershfield's opinion the Jews in occupied Russia fare much better under German rule than they did under Russian. Much of the present oppression of the Jews, he said, is not due to any willful desire to oppress, but to the lack of understanding between the German and Austrian officials and the Jewish residents. It was Mr. Hershfield's conviction that the best possible outcome of the war for the Jews would be for Germany to retain that portion of Russia which she now occupies.

Other speakers at the meeting were William B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor, and Herman Bernstein. Jacob H. Schiff sent a letter regretting that he could not attend because he had decided to "keep aloof from Jewish public meetings for some time to come."

H. S. Slocum Dies at Bramshott.

Herbert Spencer Slocum, a member of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, and a brother of Ernest Foster Slocum of Tower House, Grymes Hill, Staten Island, died on last Saturday at Bramshott Camp, in England. He was the youngest son of the late J. D. and Cleone T. Slocum, and lived with his brother until four years ago, when he went to the Canadian Northwest. When war began he joined the Forty-seventh Battalion of Canadian Infantry, but is believed to have been transferred to another command. In addition to his brother, he left two sisters.

SUBMARINE SEEN IN HARBOR

Passenger from Coney Island Says Destroyer Was Pursuing.

A passenger on the 10:45 o'clock boat from Coney Island, who very modestly observed that he did not wish his name to be mentioned, telephoned THE TIMES last night that he saw what looked like a submarine being chased by a torpedo boat destroyer off the Quarantine Station as he came through the Narrows.

The undersea craft was about 1,500 feet from the steamboat, he said, and the destroyer was flashing her searchlight on the craft so that he could distinguish her plainly. The passenger added that there was no one around he could question, and the people on deck appeared to be too much engrossed in themselves to notice even such an interesting vessel as a submarine.

Inquiries made at the navy yard and the Quarantine Station failed to elicit any information regarding the arrival of a submarine. Both the destroyers were at anchor, the observer said, and all was well.

The Rev. Frank Fletcher.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 29.—The Rev. Frank Fletcher, aged 81, of North Plainfield, a prominent Baptist minister, died yesterday at Newton Highlands, Mass., while on a visit to his son Loren Fletcher. He was born at Marlboro, N. Y., was graduated from Colgate University, and filled many pastorates in this State and New York. He enlisted in the civil war with the 134th Regiment, New York Volunteers, and was an aide-de-camp on the staff of General Patrick Jones. Four sons and a daughter survive.

Miss Kate Mason Rowland.

Miss Kate Mason Rowland, author and magazine writer, died on Wednesday in Richmond, Va. She was a daughter of Major Isaac S. Rowland and wrote extensively. Among her books are "The Life of George Mason," and "The Life of Charles Carroll of Carrolltown." Miss Rowland also edited books and collections of stories written by other authors.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

WEAVER.—Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Weaver announce the birth of a daughter, June 29, 1916.

Engaged

GOLDING—SMITH.—Mrs. Frank Safford Smith of Warwick, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mildred Walton Smith, to Dr. Harold Horton Golding of Peekskill, N. Y.

LEWIS — STILES. — Florence C. Stiles to Charles D. Lewis.

Married.

COURTAIS—SCHIAVONI.—June 28, Olga Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Schiavoni, to Henri Gaston Courtais.

DE QUEIROGA—CEVASCO.—The announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Effie Antoinette Cevasco to Mr. Joseph B. de Queiroga, Jr., on Saturday, June 24, in the Chapel de Notre Dame. Mr. and Mrs. de Queiroga will sail Saturday on the S. S. Verdi for South America to visit Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo, and Buenos Aires.

JACOBS—SERRELL.—At Park Ridge, N. J., on June 29, 1916, by the Rev. George S. Dodge, Marguerite, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward William Serrell, to Arthur Irving Jacobs of Hartford, Conn.

ROGERS—MORDAUNT.—On Thursday, June 29, 1916, at the Chantry of Grace Church, New York City, by the Rev. E. Vicars Stevenson, Mildred Cumberlege Mordaunt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lionel Mordaunt, to David Ogden Rogers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Pendleton Rogers of Plainfield, N. J.

SOLOMON—LOEWI.—On Thursday, June 29, at 46 East 76th St., Katherine Popper Loewi, daughter of Mr. Edward Popper, to Albert E. Solomon.

WAGNER—CLARK.—On Wednesday, June 28, at the Church of the Redeemer, by the Rev. Leigh Urban, Susie W. Clark, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Clark, to Gilbert C. G. Wagner.

HECKMAN—FAY.—June 28, Louisa Fay to William F. H. Heckman.

ROST—TOMPKINS.—June 28, Lilla Tompkins to Charles F. Rost.

TRIMMER—TUPPER.—June 28, Maier S. Tupper to Aaron T. Trimmer.

Brooklyn.

BESTON — LYONS. — June 28, Agnes M. Lyons to George L. Beston.

BREHM—HOLLISTER.—June 28, Laura Hollister to Charles Brehm.

GAISER—SCHOTTLER.—June 27, Florence Schottler to Albert J. Gaiser.

GELPCKE—BACKHOUSE.—June 28, Florence Backhouse to Herbert S. Gelpcke.

MUIR—CARLEY.—June 28, May H. Carley to Arthur S. Muir.

ROOD—CAHILL.—June 28, Lillian Cahill to Carl A. Rood.

SCIAME—CASTELLO.—June 25, Anna Castello to Ernest Sciame.

SEGER—AMBERT.—June 28, Edna V. Ambert to Benjamin J. Seger.

VALENTINE—FARRAR.—June 28, Hazel Farrer to Drew M. Valentine.

Long Island.

ERB—BLANCKE.—June 25, Glendale, Wilhelmine Blancke to William Erb.

McLAREN — KRIEG. — June 28, Brooklyn Manor, Lillian E. Krieg to Hugh McLaren.

MIDDENDORF — HOFMANN. — June 29, Woodhaven, Margaret A. Hofmann to George A. Middendorf.

SEIZ—PELSTER.—June 25, Middle Village, Anna Pelster to Andrew Seiz.

Died.

BAYLIS.—On Tuesday evening, June 27th, at her Summer residence, Quogue, Long Island, Mary, daughter of the late Abraham B. and Deborah McDonald Baylis. Funeral services at Church of the Atonement on Friday, June 30, 12:30 P. M. Special car on train leaving Pennsylvania Station 10:07 A. M., returning, arrives New York 6 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

BROWN.—On Wednesday, June 28, 1916, Nancy Lamb Brown, wife of the late Samuel Queen Brown, at her residence, 160 West 59th St., N. Y., in the 74th year of her age. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

BURRELL.—On June 28, after a short illness, at her residence, 305 West 72d St., Josephine Burrell, widow of the late Harry Burrell, Jr., and daughter of the late C. V. B. Ostrander. Funeral private.

CHRISTIAN.—Entered into rest on June 28, 1916, August H. Christian, dearly beloved husband of Mary Miller, in his 59th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 511 East 87th St., Saturday evening, 8 o'clock. Relatives and friends, also members of Martha Washington Council 11, Jr. O. U. A. M., Blanchard Press M. A. A., and Franklin Union 23, Inc. I. P. P. and A. U. are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private, Sunday morning, 10 o'clock.

$150,000 FOR ORPHANS.

Children's Home Bureau Made Possible by Generous Gifts.

Commissioner of Charities John A. Kingsbury announced yesterday that his department had organized a Children's Home Bureau for the purpose of placing orphaned and other dependent children under the age of 8 years in families of their own religious faith instead of in private child-caring institutions. Mr. Kingsbury said the work had been made possible by a contribution of about $150,000 subscribed to principally by Mrs. Elizabeth Milbank Anderson, Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins, Adolph Lewisohn, and V. Everit Macy.

Second Deputy Commissioner William J. Doherty, who was Executive Secretary of the Catholic Home Bureau, a similar organization, for fifteen years, will supervise the new bureau, and John Daniels will be the Director.

Mr. Kingsbury is now ready to receive applications from families who desire to adopt or board children, for the existence of the fund makes it possible for the department to pay for the lodging and care of children for whom homes cannot be found by adoption.

Frank J. Conlon, Engineer.

Frank J. Conlon, an assistant engineer in the Brooklyn Bureau of Sewers, died on Wednesday at his home, 577A Macon Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 45 years. Mr. Conlon was born in this city, and in 1895 entered the service of the old City of Brooklyn in an engineering capacity in the Department of City Works. At the time of the consolidation of the boroughs, he was assigned to the Department of Sewers, where he remained ever since. Mr. Conlon laid out the large sanitary intercepting sewer extending from the border of Queens County to the East New York section of Brooklyn, and was the principal designer of sewer systems draining more than 10,000 acres in Brooklyn. Mr. Conlon was a charter member of the Brooklyn Engineers' Club, an associate member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and a member of the National Geographical Society. His wife and two sons survive him.

Died.

CHAPMAN.—Victor Emmanuel of the American Flying Corps, killed in action at Verdun on June 23, son of John Jay Chapman and the late Minna Timmins Chapman. A memorial service will be held at Trinity Church, New York, on Friday, June 30, at 10 A. M. Boston papers please copy.

COURTRIGHT. — On Wednesday, June 28, 1916, at Newark, N. J., Everett Perr Courtright, M. D., husband of Effie Anderson Courtright, in his 48th year. Funeral services private at his late home, 11 Centre St., on Saturday at 2:30 P. M.

DOTY.—On June 29, 1916, at her late residence, 347 West 55th St., Mary S. Doty, daughter of the late Walter and Mary Keese Doty. Funeral private.

GUNNISON.—Mrs. Adelaide Hyde Gunnison, widow of the late Austin Gunnison, at her residence, 587 West 141st St., on June 29. Funeral services at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 142d St., near Convent Av., on Saturday morning, at 10:30 o'clock.

HARDEE.—Sarah. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building.) Time later. Auspices Actors' Fund.

HOGG.—Suddenly, on June 29, 1916, at his residence, Robert Hogg, Jr., son of Robert and Annie D. Hogg. Funeral private.

KELLEHER.—To the members of the Retail Liquor Dealers' Central Association of New York County and the various subordinate locals thereof: With deep regret we beg to announce the untimely death of our esteemed President, Patrick F. Kelleher. Funeral from his late residence, 401 West 48th St., corner 9th Av., on Monday, July 3, 9:30 A. M., to Sacred Heart Church, 51st St., between 9th and 10th Aves. Solemn requiem. Interment Calvary. Kindly attend. T. D. O'Connor, Secretary.

LAWS.—Mrs. Laura J., at the home of her son, Rev. Curtis Lee Laws, in her 74th year. Funeral service at her late residence, 1,273 Carroll St., Brooklyn, Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Burial at Middleburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, Saturday.

LUCK.—Frances, beloved wife of Emanuel Luck, daughter of the late Moses and Terese Strasburger. Funeral private, at convenience of family.

McGRATH.—Concord Lodge, No. 50, F. and A. M.—Brethren: You are hereby summoned to attend an emergent communication to be held 727 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J., Friday evening, June 30, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of paying our last tribute of respect to our deceased worshipful brother, Alexander McGrath. By order of JOHN E. NESER, Master. WILLIAM L. FINCH, Secretary.

MAYER.—At Atlantic City, N. J., on Wednesday, June 28, 1916, Alex I. Mayer, son of the late Abraham and Anna Mayer, brother of Mrs. Grace Nathan and of Fred J. and Lou D. Funeral services at Salem Fields Cemetery, Sunday, July 2, at 1 o'clock.

POEHL. — On Wednesday, June 28, 1916, Elizabeth Poehl, in her 58th year, at her residence, 237 West 138th St. Funeral private.

RIEGEL.—On Thursday morning, June 29, John S. Riegel at his Summer residence, Mamaroneck, N. Y. Funeral services Monday, July 3, at Riegelsville, Penn., at 3:30 P. M.

RILEY.—Frank M., aged 43 years, son of Reuben Riley, suddenly, June 28. Funeral services from the home of his sister, Mrs. C. Schubert, 13th Av. and 86th St., Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Saturday, 10 A. M.

RITTER.—At Union Hill, N. J., on Thursday, June 29, 1916, Harry W., beloved son of William H. and the late Dora Ritter, aged 20 years. Funeral services will be held on Saturday, July 1, at 12:30 P. M., at his late home, 228 3d St., Union Hill. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

ROSE.—At the home of her daughter, Mrs. M. M. Jamieson, Jr., Lawrence Park, West Bronxville, on Wednesday, June 28, 1916, Martha Rose, widow of A. C. Rose, in her 78th year. Funeral service at St. Paul's Church, Yonkers, on Saturday morning at 11 o'clock.

RYAN.—Joseph J., husband of Flora (Wells) Ryan, and father of Cornelia Ryan Kelsey and Dr. R. R. Ryan, died at Sharon, Conn., June 29.

SMITH.—Lillie Jackson, wife of W. Stebbins Smith, Wednesday, June 28. Funeral services at late residence, 960 Brook Av., Friday evening, 8 o'clock.

VAN BENSCHOTEN.—On June 28, 1916, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. M. G. Brown, 601 West 113th, Ellen B., widow of Rev. Dr. S. Van Benschoten. Services and interment at Penn Yan, N. Y., July 1.

VAN DEVENTER.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., June 29, Virginia Van Deventer, wife of George M. Van Deventer and daughter of the late Rev. R. D. Van Kleek. Funeral services at her late residence, 4 Plaza St., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, July 2, at 3 o'clock.

VON ARNIM.—On June 29, Rose, wife of Otto F. von Arnim, at her residence, 103 East 86th St. Services at the house, 3 P. M., on Friday. Interment private.

Died.

WICKSTEAD.—Edwin, Jr., suddenly, at [illegible] Paso, Texas, on June 27, 1916.

WINTHROP.—On Friday morning, June thirtieth, at One Hundred and Seventy West Fifty-ninth Street, Mary V. S. Winthrop, daughter of the late Grenville and Elizabeth Van S. Oddie Winthrop. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BAKER.—Juliet, 58 East 102d St., June [illegible], aged 62.

BARON.—Anna, June 27. Funeral 120 East 116th St., today, 10 A. M.

CLARK.—Barbara A., 104 West 61st St., June 28. Funeral service today.

CORCORAN.—Mamie, 123 East 118th St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

CUNNINGHAM.—Peter T., Jr., 596 Riverside Drive, June 28. Funeral notice later.

DUKE.—William, Fort Wadsworth, S. I., June 27, aged 2.

EARLY.—Margaret, 650 10th Av., June [illegible]. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GANEY.—Julia, 210 East 56th St., June [illegible]. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HOLLAND.—Michael, 510 East 18th St., June 28. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HUHNA.—Annie L., 2,253 Valentine Av., Bronx, June 28. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

KAHN.—Arthur A., June 27. Funeral [illegible] Lenox Av.

KASTENS.—Louise, 233 9th Av., June [illegible]. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

KENNEDY.—John A., Princes Bay, S. I., June 27, aged 73. Funeral today.

McLAUGHLIN.—Annie, 534 East 142d St., June 27. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

MOSBACH.—Friedrich, 320 East 80th St., June 27. Funeral private.

O'BRIEN.—John F., June 28. Funeral, 10th Av. and 23d St., tomorrow.

SINGLETON.—Julia T., 401 East 156th St., June 28, aged 19. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

THOMPSON.—Mary A., 453 Fort Washington Av., June 28. Funeral notice later.

Brooklyn.

BRAUN.—Anthony A., 75 Duffield St., June 28. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

BURKE.—Bridget, 385 Warwick St., June 27, aged 85. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

CONLON.—Frank J., 577A Macon St., June 28. Funeral tomorrow.

CUNNING.—Margaret, 50 East 31st St., June 28. Funeral tomorrow.

DOWD.—Sarah E., 201 Park Av., June [illegible], aged 76. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

ENGLER.—William, 607 Flatbush Av., June 28. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

FLEMING.—Charles C., June 28. Funeral 86 Lefferts Place.

FOX.—Walter, 94 Amity St., June 29. Funeral July 3.

HYLAND.—Mary, 489 St. Mark's Av., June 28, aged 68. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

KELLY.—James P., 189 Sands St., June [illegible]. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

KNOWLTON. — Sarah J., 715 Carroll St., June 28. Funeral service today.

LE GRYS.—Emma, June 28. Funeral [illegible] Atlantic Av. today, 2 P. M.

McCLOSKEY. — James, 455 Woodward Av., June 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MARTEN.—James F., 39 Pine St., June [illegible]. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MULLIN.—Mary A., 1,754 44th St., June [illegible]. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

OSTROW.—Raymond C., 329 3d St., June [illegible]. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PEASE.—Colonel Le Roy B., June 28, aged 74. Funeral 86 Lefferts Place tomorrow, 2 P. M.

PEDERSEN.—John, 649 Hicks St., June [illegible]. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PERRY.—Frederick J., 199 Kent St., June [illegible]. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

QUEREN. — Mildred D., 460 East 9th St., June 27. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

QUIGLEY.—Bridget, 1,083 Pacific St., June 28.

ROBERTS.—Robert W., 493 10th St., June 28. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

SCHMIDT.—Augusta, 35 Covert St., June [illegible]. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

STAMM. — Marjorie, 415 9th St., June [illegible]. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

STRONG.—Susan F., 318 72d St., June [illegible]. Funeral private.

TRUCHON.—Jane, 8 Jackson Place, June [illegible]. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

VIDAL.—Ellen E., St. Mary's Hospital, June 28. Funeral tomorrow.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

CLANCY.—Mary, 80 Newkirk St., Jersey City, June 29.

COLLINS.—Arthur K., 701 Summer Av., Newark, June 28. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

CONIGLIO.—Sarah, 164 Hutton St., Jersey City, June 27, aged 14.

EBS.—Helen, 128 Madison St., Hoboken, June 27, aged 5. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GAGHAN.—Bartley, 147 Montgomery St., Jersey City, June 28. Funeral today, [illegible] A. M.

GASTON.—Annie E., 257 North 7th St., Newark, June 27.

HALLORAN.—Anna M., 169 Norfolk St., Newark, June 29. Funeral tomorrow, [illegible] A. M.

HEFFERLIN.—Anna, 370 Washington Av., Newark, June 28. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KOHLER.—Margaretta, 388 South 11th St., Newark, July 28, aged 56.

NEWSOME.—William, 115 Morris Av., Newark, June 28, aged 23. Funeral July [illegible], 2 P. M.

NORRIS.—Rebecca, 70 Monroe St., Hoboken, June 28, aged 82.

PAYTON.—Ella, Jersey City, June 28, aged 60.

SCHULTE.—John, 70 Chadwick Av., Newark, June 28, aged 59.

SMITH.—Frederick, Newark, June 28, aged 78. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

STADLEMAN.—Frederick, Newark, June [illegible]. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

STAUSS.—Charlotte, 254 Belmont Av., Newark, June 28, aged 8. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

WILFLING.—John, West Hoboken, June [illegible], aged 2.

Long Island.

BROWN.—Katherine, Maspeth, June [illegible], aged 51.

BURKHARDT.—John, Flushing, June [illegible], aged 3.

CARDINALE.—Rosa, 210 Flushing Av., Astoria, June 26, aged 52.

CORNELL.—Eliza J., Morris Park, June [illegible], aged 88.

HAUGHLY.—Frank, Flushing, June [illegible], aged 17.

IRWIN.—Elenor, Jamaica, June 26, aged 44.

JAMES.—Frank A., Ozone Park, June [illegible], aged 48. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

JENTZ.—Anna K., Ridgewood, June 28, aged 57. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

KIRKMAN.—Mary E., Woodhaven, June [illegible]. Funeral service today.

LORATA.—Maria, Corona, June 27, aged 2.

MOORE.—Elizabeth, Richmond Hill, June 27, aged 61.

MULDOON. — Mary, Glendale, June [illegible], aged 70.

NICOLS.—Edward and Joseph, Elmhurst, June 26.

PEDEN.—Henry H., Rockville Centre, June 28. Funeral today, 3 P. M.

PUSCH.—Louis, Union Course, June [illegible], aged 71.

RINALDO.—Theresa, 148 Lawn Av., Astoria, June 27, aged 6 months.

SIMON.—Abraham, Cedarhurst, June 28. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

SIMON.—Hannah, Elmhurst, June 28. Funeral service today.

TINGDEN.—Charles, 245 Greenpoint Av., Long Island City, June 27, aged 51.

VIERLING.—Myrtle, Richmond Hill, June 28, aged 24.

WEATHERALL.—John, Jamaica, June [illegible], aged 25.

In Memoriam.

CHAPMAN.—Victor Emmanuel. A memorial service for Victor Chapman of the Franco-American Flying Corps, killed in battle at Verdun on June 23, will be held at Trinity Church on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Boston papers please copy.

MURRAY.—Mary A., mass St. Patrick's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.

CIRCLE 104 J. WINTERBOTTOM SIXTH AV. at [illegible] St.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

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Made from clean, rich milk with the extract of malted grain, malted in our own Malt Houses under sanitary conditions.

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ALICE CARPENTER
Director, Women's Department.

JACK DILLON DEFEATS FRANK MORAN DECISIVELY IN BOUT AT WASHINGTON PARK

DILLON'S PUNCHES OVERWHELM MORAN

Indianapolis Boxer Shows Marked Superiority in Every Round Except One.

LOSER IS BITTER AT END

Declines to Take Hand of Rival When Bout Is Over—Dillon on the Aggressive Throughout.

Jack Dillon, the giant killer, smashed, rushed, and ripped big Frank Moran every inch of the way through their ten-round bout before 18,000 people at Washington Park last night, scoring a sensational victory which set the big gathering in a flame of excitement when the Indianapolis boxer completed his crushing task.

Shorter by many inches and weighing 35½ pounds less than his ponderous opponent, Dillon was as quick and as punishing as the Bear Cat they call him. He toyed with the blonde Pittsburgher and most of the time had his face crimson with blood.

Every round was Dillon's except the third, when Moran got the Hoosier mauler cornered on the ropes and shot in rights and lefts. Dillon covered himself so well that Moran's punishment did not make even a scratch. By being liberal, one might give Moran an even break in that round, but Dillon finished it in whirlwind fashion. Moran, with his pale face smeared with blood, seemed to feel deeply the humiliation of his downfall, for when the bout was finished and the tigerish little Dillon bounded across the ring to shake the big fellow's hand, Moran climbed through the ropes, deliberately refusing to congratulate his victor.

It was the biggest surprise Moran ever got in his life and he made the fearful mistake of underestimating the value of the rugged, aggressive little fighting machine from Indiana. It was the best fight that New York has seen in years, for Dillon insisted that there should be action from the start, and there was.

Crowd Cheers Dillon.

The crowd was in an uproar from the beginning, and after the first round the crowd was for Dillon. He received a big ovation at the end, and ranks higher in the boxing world than ever before. They say Dillon has never been knocked off his feet. Last night he took the hardest punches Moran had and they didn't even shake him. It is easy to believe this proud boast.

Moran weighed 204¼, while the Hoosier tipped the scales at 169. There was a great contrast as they both appeared in the ring at 10:35. When they stripped for the young army of photographers Dillon was as brown as a berry. His back and shoulders shone like copper plate and knots of muscles stood out on his arms.

Moran's white flesh looked soft. He was large at the waist, and he was far from being the finished, well-trained athlete that he was when he gamely took Jess Willard's punishment at Madison Square Garden. Moran had to set himself to deliver every blow, and by the time he was ready to get over his slow, clumsy blows, Dillon was dancing away. It looked ridiculous to see a little fellow like Dillon bore in head first, both hands busy, and drive a huge figure like Moran back to the ropes. Dillon was so clever of hand and of foot that Moran was at a perfect loss as to how to fight him.

Moran Hits the Air.

Moran was as wild as a cannibal with his blows, and the greater part of them slipped over Dillon's bronze shoulders or were lost in the space beyond. Mat Hinkel, the Cleveland referee, had to actually pry Moran away from his smaller opponent in the last few rounds, when Moran, tired, bleeding, and hurt, tried to lay all over the little fellow to avoid his wicked uppercuts.

It was truly like Goliath and David, for the contrast between the two in the Washington Park ring was almost as great. Jack was surely the giant killer. He has the energy and strength of any 200-pounder that ever put on boxing gloves and is twice as fast. This was the best battle of his career, and for many years he has been waiting for just such an opportunity to flash his fighting talent.

Dillon rushed and rushed and Moran backed away. Leaning far back, with his left arm extended far out, awkwardly, Frank held his right arm back ready to find a landing place. Dillon bored in incessantly under his left arm, planting left jolts to the body, then jumping almost off his fet to plant his crashing right on Moran's jaw.

Hammers Moran Groggy.

Moran smiled at his friends around the ringside for the first few rounds, but later his face was hard set, when he wasn't dazed. In the fifth Dillon hammered him into a corner with an unrelenting body attack, and suddenly ripped his right to Moran's face. The blood began to flow from Frank's nose and mouth. The sight of the gore gave the Wildcat renewed energy and he ripped into the Pittsburgher with fury and hammered him viciously on the head and body until Frank was groggy. It was a gladsome sound to him when the bell rang.

One round was very much like another. It seemed incredible that a fighter as small as Dillon could make such a plaything of a big man like Moran, but as the fight progressed Moran appeared all the more ridiculous. He was a foolish looking sight, as he was compelled to take back water and take the grueling punishment of Dillon. In the later rounds Moran got tired and tried to stall by laying his 204 pounds against Dillon's shoulders. Dillon wasn't tired, for he actually carried Moran's weight several times and beat him back across the ring in the bargain.

Dillon's Partner Wins Preliminary.

The Dillon camp started off with a victory in the ten-round semi-final. Gus Christie, Dillon's sparring partner, outpointed Zulu Kid, Moran's right-hand punching object. Early in the bout some of the women spectators gasped when Gus opened a cut over the Kid's eye. There were many female sighs before this when in one of the preliminaries, Willie Irish knocked out Hank Ferns "cold" in the first round.

One of the most nervous spectators was George Considine, the stakeholder, who sat close to the ring with a mysterious-looking package in his hands which contained the wad of money—the $40,000 purse—for which the boxers were battling. Near the stakeholder was Manager John J. McGraw of the Giants. He was approached by a newsboy, crying, "Baseball extry, Giants lose two." McGraw told the lad to run along and peddle his papers.

Novelty Appealed to Society.

The novelty of the open-air boxing circus hit the fancy of New Yorkers, and most of the notables who are not at the seashore or the mountains motored over the bridge to see the set-to. Thousands of cars were parked outside, and much of the finery of the women and the shantung suits of the men were hidden beneath automobile dusters.

The cheap seats were at the far ends of the grand stand in the bleachers, and it was from these crowded tiers that most of the noise came. Here were the real leather-lunged fight fans, but most of their incessant shouts were lost on the night air because they were so far from the ring. To them big Moran and little Dillon looked like small boys. In one way it was like a baseball game, inasmuch as the hawkers of peanuts, popcorn, and lemonade were getting in everybody's view at critical moments of the bouts.

It was a classic ring in which the men battled. The squared circle from the famous old National Sporting Club in Twenty-fifth Street came to life again. Here were the same green plush ropes, the same shining brass posts, which inclosed the National Club's ring when Stanley Ketchel knocked out Philadelphia Jack O'Brien. O'Brien was at the ringside last night, and there was a look of sadness on his face as he recognized the settings. It was in this same ring, too, that Abe Attell and Jem Driscoll had their sensational bout.

THE FIGHT BY ROUNDS.

Details of the Ring Battle at Washington Park.

First Round.

Moran led off with the right. Dillon countered with a left to the stomach. Dillon again brought his left to the stomach. In an exchange in the corner Dillon drove right and left to the body, and Moran twice jabbed his left to Dillon's face. Dillon brought his left heavily to the stomach. A swift exchange followed, with Dillon the more effective of the two. Dillon's left went deep into Moran's stomach. Dillon continued to force, landing a few punches which stung, but did not badly hurt Moran. Dillon crossed his right to Moran's jaw and then went in close, whipping his left into the stomach and his right to the head.

Second Round.

Dillon walked in close, renewed his activity with both hands, and blocked effectively. Moran swung a heavy left to the jaw, but Dillon rushed and shook Moran with a fusillade to the upper body. In a clinch Dillon uppercut the left to Moran's head, and the Pittsburgh man missed the same punch. Dillon rushed, but could not land, and then played for Moran's stomach, getting home a few light lefts. Dillon time and again put his left to the body and hooked the right to the jaw, but Moran always came back for more.

Third Round.

Moran opened this round by rushing Dillon to the ropes, but could not break through the Indiana boxer's defense. Dillon's left went flush to Moran's head, and Moran, showing the first real fighting ability, crashed a right to Dillon's head, driving the Indianapolis man to the ropes. He worked right and left to the head, but did not seem to hurt Dillon. Moran then forced Dillon across the ring and repeated this. Then Dillon came to life and shook Moran with a right to the head. The milling waxed extremely warm. Moran appeared arm weary at the end of the round, while Dillon showed no signs of being hurt. Dillon protected himself in this round with great science.

Fourth Round.

Moran rushed out of his corner to receive a left to the body. When in close Jack played a tattoo to Moran's stomach. A long left hook caught Dillon off his balance and sent him to the ropes, where Moran hit him three times to the head. In a clinch Moran took two left hooks to the jaw, and then Moran put a straight left to the nose. He repeated this performance twice and then missed with the right. Moran missed a vicious right to the head, and was then dazed with a right to the head, followed by a left, which almost turned him around.

Fifth Round.

There were light exchanges for several seconds after the bell, each man boxing cautiously. Both slowed up perceptibly. A right and a left reached Moran's nose and Moran's head bobbed back and forth. From the concussion of Dillon's fists blood was drawn from Moran's nose, and the big fellow had to stand up under a series of punches which shook his frame heavily. Dillon utilized every second in the latter stages of the round with telling effect, his blows landing where they were intended to land, while Moran seemed to have lost all sense of distance. This was the liveliest session of the bout so far.

Sixth Round.

Dillon went after Moran with a vengeance and pumped both hands to Moran's face. Occasionally he shifted to the body. Blood continued to stream from Moran's nose. Moran missed a hard right and rocked on his heels, while he received another battering to the upper section of his body. Moran waited for one punch, and while he waited Dillon peppered his stomach and head with punches, every one of which hurt. Moran got a weak left in on the body, but left himself open to Dillon's left to his nose. Dillon's score of points was very big in this round.

Seventh Round.

Dillon speedily went to his task, and working like a steam engine kept Moran at bay while he found his mark every time he shot out either hand, which was as fast as he could move them. Dillon bored in close and made Moran swing wildly over his head, then he snapped his left a half dozen times to the head while Moran kept his right around the kidneys. Moran's nose received a terrible lacing in an ensuing clinch. Moran could not get set for a punch, and every time he led with a hard blow it hit nothing but the air. Moran was reduced to a state of discomfort, if not submission, by countless punches to the face in the final stages of this round.

Eighth Round.

Clinches were much to the liking of Moran at the start of this round. He clung to Dillon persistently. Dillon finally broke away and staggered Moran with a right to the mouth. Close fighting followed without much damage. Then Dillon's left followed with great force right to the point of Moran's chin. Moran's eyes became glassy, but he shook his head and came back to get six punches to various portions of the head. Moran was helpless against the wily and clever moves of Dillon, who simply smothered his opponent with blows.

Ninth Round.

Moran saw his only hope in a knockout and he walked determinedly from his corner and started a left for the head which never landed. He got Dillon on the ropes, but to no avail; he could not break down Dillon's guard. Dillon fought back and both hands moved with such speed that the eye could not follow them. Moran's head went from side to side, when first a left, then a right reached its target. Moran mauled Dillon around the ring, but that was all he could do. Dillon made a toy of the big fellow. The fight slowed up. The round ended with a heavy exchange in Dillon's favor.

Tenth Round.

In a harmless swishing at the start of the last round Moran uncovered himself for a moment and allowed Dillon to rip in a few punches to the body. Then the big blonde rallied, but the few punches he did land had no effect on Dillon other than to cause him to unleash another series of punches, some of which landed and some of which did not. Moran's left eye was partially closed and a deep gash cut in his forehead when Dillon crashed an overhand right to this point. The bout ended with an exchange of punches and with Moran's refusal to accept the hand of the victor.

Boxing Bouts Tonight.

Harlem S. C.—Paul Doyle vs. Eddie Clifford; Young Fulton vs. Young Britt. Both ten-round bouts. One six and three four-round exhibitions also.

New Polo A. A.—Sailor George Volk vs. Johnny Baker; Abe Goldstein vs. Ally Kennedy. Both ten-round bouts. One six and three four-round exhibitions also.

Brown's Far Rockaway A. C.—Willie Brown vs. Frankie Burns. Ten rounds.

Freeport S. C., Long Island.—Larry Temple vs. Joe Langford. Ten rounds. Two six and three four-round exhibitions also.

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WHITE LABEL
THE SCOTCH OF GREAT AGE

HUGE CROWD SEES MORAN-DILLON BOUT

All Sorts and Conditions of Men—and Women Also—in Gathering About Ring.

Washington Park, which formerly housed the Brooklyn Federal League team, only once before held a larger crowd than it did last night, and that was at the opening game of the now defunct club two years ago. But in spite of this the crowd must have been disappointing to the promoters, who had dreamed of a $100,000 gate. The attendance was big, but it failed by many thousands of fulfilling the expectations.

Glaring gaps were in evidence in the grandstand and in the crystal maze of flimsy and hastily erected boxes which surrounded the ring on the field under a starless, summery sky. The crowd was late in arriving, as is the case at every bout of importance, and early indications were very misleading. Both the right and left field bleachers, from which the real fight fans, the $2 boys, viewed the tilt, were jammed sardine fashion long before Billy Roche called the first preliminary boxers to the centre of the ring at 8:30.

About four thousand strained their eyes from these distant points for a glimpse of Moran and Dillon, and they were somewhat successful, thanks to the brilliant moving-picture lamps which burned heatedly above the ring. There were also many prominent persons around the ringside, but they were decidedly fewer than witnessed the Moran-Willard encounter in Madison Square Garden.

The theatrical profession turned out some of its most brilliant members, but the mobilization of the National Guard kept many of the Wall Street fans away from the ringside. The departure of the Seventh Regiment for Texas and the mustering of the Twenty-third took from the crowd many wealthy men who have not missed a big bout in years. The old guard of boxing enthusiasts—the men who saw Jeffries batter Sharkey at Coney Island and have seen every noteworthy contest since then—formed a big part of the ringside crowd. Scattered around the field, aside from Benny Kauff, were several hundred fans from Indianapolis, who rent the air with their cheers for Dillon, and delegations from nearby cities, which divided their allegiance about evenly between the contestants.

Dimly burning gas lamps in tenement houses about 300 yards from the ring revealed a few hundred people who had beaten the gate, and a like distance to the west were several hundred more ensconced on a high coal pile. The forms of the latter became invisible when darkness began to settle over the field.

Many fashionably dressed women occupied seats around the ringside, and a few women could be seen in the cheaper grand-stand chairs. They made fine fans, too.

There was very brisk speculation on the main engagement, with the early odds of 5 to 4 on Moran. It veered to 6 to 5, with Dillon on the short end, before the first bell sounded. Matt Hinkel, the Cleveland arbiter, made a big hit with the local promoters when it became known that he had declined to accept any remuneration for his services as third man in the Moran-Dillon match. Hinkel donated his services for the good of boxing, he being deeply interested in the game as President of the American Boxing Association, but his philanthropy won't increase his popularity among referees to any noteworthy degree.

Among those who were noted around the ringside were Joe Weber, Eddie Leonard, George M. Cohan, Sam Harris, Chris Dalton, Barney Bernard, David Belasco, Pat Moran, Benny Kauff, John McGraw, Charles Flynn, Russel Cole and his wife, Ethel Barrymore; J. Hartley Manners and his wife, Laurette Taylor; Diamond Jim Brady, Tex Ricard, promoter of the Moran-Willard bout; Tom Jones, manager of Jess Willard; Charley "Old Eagle Eye" White, Wilson Mizner, Louis Mann, Jack Skelly, Grover Cleveland Alexander and nearly all of the Philadelphia National League players, Jim Corbett, Nat Goodwin, Pearl White, and a host of others whose names are well known.

Among the late arrivals were Lillian Lorraine, Douglas Fairbanks, Flo Ziegfeld, Jr., Morris Gest, former Police Inspector McLaughlin, Senator Reynolds, Senator Jim Frawley, framer of the bill which legalizes boxing here; Frank McKee, James E. Gaffney, George Considine, Boxing Commissioner; Fred A. Wenck, Commodore J. Stuart Blackton, S. A. Rothaffel, Tod Sloan, Charles J. Harvey, and Joseph Schenck.

CARDINALS YIELD TO CUBS.

Lose First Home Game After Long Trip by 3 to 2.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—The St. Louis Cardinals returned today after a long road trip and were defeated by Chicago 3 to 2. Zelder's steal of home was the feature of the game. The score:

CHICAGO.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Zeider,3b	3	1	0	0	1
Zwilling,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Mann,rf	4	0	0	3	0
Schulte,lf	3	0	1	1	0
Knabe,2b	3	0	0	2	2
Saier,1b	3	0	1	11	0
Fischer,c	2	1	2	7	1
Mulligan,ss	2	0	1	1	1
Packard,p	2	0	0	0	4
Hendrix,p	0	0	0	0	2
aZimmer'n	1	1	1	0	0
bTinker,ss	0	0	0	0	2
Total	27	3	6	27	13

ST. LOUIS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Betzel,2b	5	0	2	2	4
Bescher,lf	5	0	1	3	0
Long,rf	3	0	2	2	1
Miller,1b	3	0	0	7	0
Hornsby,3b	4	1	0	1	0
Smith,cf	2	0	0	1	0
Snyder,c	3	0	2	8	3
Corhan,ss	4	0	1	2	1
Steele,p	3	0	0	0	1
Meadows,p	0	0	0	0	0
Wilson,cf	1	0	0	1	0
cButler	1	1	1	0	0
dGonzales	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	9	27	10

a-Batted for Mulligan in eighth inning.
b-Batted for Packard in eighth inning.
c-Batted for Smith in sixth inning.
d-Batted for Meadows in ninth inning.
Errors—Knabe, Mulligan.

Chicago ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—3
St. Louis................0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2

Three-base hits—Mulligan, Fischer. Sacrifice hits—Long, Snyder. Sacrifice flies—Tinker, Fischer. Stolen bases—Zeider, Saier. Double plays—Snyder, Betzel, Snyder; Snyder and Corhan. Wild pitch—Steele. Hit by pitcher—By Packard, (Miller.) Balk—Steele. Bases on balls—Off Steele, 3. Struck out—By Steele, 3; by Packard, 5; by Hendrix, 2. Hits and earned runs.—Off Steele, 6 hits, 3 runs in seven and one-third innings; off Meadows, 3 hits and no runs in one and two-thirds innings; off Packard, 3 hits, 2 runs in seven innings; off Hendrix, 3 hits, no runs in two innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Chicago, 2. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—Two hours.

RACING
AT
AQUEDUCT
SIX
ATTRACTIVE FEATURES
TODAY
INCLUDING
THE MIDWOOD
& 5 Other Good Races
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., also from Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:30, and at intervals up to 2 P. M. Also reached by Fulton St. "L" (Lefferts Av. Branch) to Greenwood Av. Station and by trolleys.
GRAND STAND $3. LADIES $1.50

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 4; New York, 0.
(First game.)
Philadelphia, 5; New York, 2.
(Second game.)
Brooklyn, 2; Boston, 1.
Chicago, 3; St. Louis, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Philadelphia, 0.
St. Louis, 7; Cleveland, 0.
Washington, 3; Boston, 0.
Chicago, 8; Detroit, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	36	22	.621
Philadelphia	33	27	.550
Boston	29	27	.518
New York	29	29	.500
Chicago	30	33	.476
Pittsburgh	27	31	.466
Cincinnati	28	34	.452
St. Louis	28	37	.431

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	36	26	.581
Cleveland	35	28	.556
Washington	34	29	.540
Chicago	32	29	.525
Boston	33	30	.524
Detroit	34	31	.523
St. Louis	29	35	.453
Philadelphia	17	42	.288

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Brooklyn at Boston.
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.
Chicago at St. Louis.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Boston at Washington.
Detroit at Chicago.

SOX GAIN FIRST DIVISION.

Coveleskie's Wild Heaves Contribute to Detroit's Defeat.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Harry Coveleskie supported himself so poorly today that Chicago won easily from Detroit, 8 to 2. In the fifth he made two wild throws, one of which, with the bases full, allowed the White Sox three runs. Chicago is now in the first division. The score:

CHICAGO.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Felsch,cf	4	1	1	3	1
Weaver,ss	4	2	1	3	5
E.Collins,2b	4	0	1	0	3
Jackson,lf	3	1	2	1	0
J.Collins,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Fournier,1b	4	0	2	14	1
Schalk,c	1	2	0	3	0
Von Kolnitz, 3b	4	1	2	1	1
Wolfgang,p	3	1	0	1	3
Total	30	8	9	27	14

DETROIT.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bush,ss	3	0	0	1	3
Vitt,3b	4	0	0	0	3
Cobb,cf	4	1	2	1	0
Veach,lf	3	1	0	3	0
Heilman,rf	4	0	2	1	0
Crawford,1b	4	0	0	9	0
Young,2b	2	0	0	4	3
Baker,c	2	0	0	5	2
Coveleskie,p	2	0	0	0	0
Cun'ham,p	0	0	0	0	1
Boland,p	0	0	0	0	0
aKavana'gh	0	0	0	0	0
Total	28	2	4	24	12

a-Batted for Cunningham in eighth.
Errors—Coveleskie, 2.

Chicago ....0 1 1 0 5 1 0 0 ..—8
Detroit ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—2

Two-base hits—Heilman, Cobb, Fournier, Von Kolnitz, E. Collins. Home run—Weaver. Stolen base—Schalk. Sacrifice hits—Baker, J. Collins. Double plays—Bush, Young, and Crawford; Felsch and Fournier. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Chicago, 3. Bases on balls—Off Coveleskie, 3; off Cunningham, 1; off Wolfgang, 4. Hits and earned runs—Off Coveleskie, 6 hits and 2 runs in five innings; off Cunningham, 3 hits and 1 run in two innings; off Boland, no hits and no runs in one inning; off Wolfgang, 2 runs. Struck out—By Coveleskie, 2; by Cunningham, 1; by Wolfgang, 2. Passed ball—Baker. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Nallin.

BROWNS TRAMPLE INDIANS.

Bunch Hits and Apply Whitewash Brush to Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 29.—St. Louis bunched seven hits off Lowdermilk in the fourth and fifth innings here today and won, 7 to 0. Davenport proved a puzzle to Cleveland, allowing only three hits. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Shotton,lf	5	2	2	1	0
Austin,3b	5	1	1	0	3
Tobin,rf	5	1	1	0	0
Sisler,1b	4	1	2	12	0
Pratt,2b	2	1	2	2	4
Marsans,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Lavan,ss	4	0	2	1	1
Severeid,c	4	0	2	7	1
Davenport,p	4	1	2	1	1
Total	37	7	14	27	10

CLEVELAND.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	4	0	1	1	1
Chapman,ss	4	0	0	7	3
Speaker,cf	4	0	1	0	0
Roth,rf	4	0	0	1	1
Gandil,1b	3	0	0	8	0
Howard,2b	2	0	0	2	1
Evans,3b	2	0	0	2	2
O'Neill,c	2	0	0	6	5
Billings,c	0	0	0	0	1
L'milk,p	2	0	1	0	1
Klepfer,p	0	0	0	0	0
W'gans,3b	1	0	0	0	0
aSmith	1	0	1	0	0
bBagby	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	0	4	27	15

a-Batted for O'Neill in eighth.
b-Batted for Lawdermilk in eighth.
Errors—Speaker, (2,) Roth.

St. Louis ....0 0 0 2 3 0 0 0 2—7
Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Sisler, 2; Pratt, 2; Shotton. Stolen bases—Speaker, Pratt, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland—4; St. Louis, 5. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Base on balls—Off Lawdermilk, 2; off Davenport, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Lawdermilk, 12 hits, 1 run in 8 innings; off Klepfer, 3 and 0 in one inning; off Davenport, 4 and 0 in 9 innings. Struck out—By Lawdermilk, 6; by Davenport, 7. Wild pitch—Klepfer, 1. Passed balls—O'Neill, 1; Severeid, 1. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires Messrs. Dineen and Chill.

HONOR BASEBALL'S BIRTH.

Celebration of Origin of Game Is Begun in Cooperstown.

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., June 29.—Celebration of the birth of baseball in Cooperstown was begun here today in connection with the opening of a new railroad passenger station. H. M. Hempstead, President of the New York National League Baseball Club, was among those who attended, and John K. Tener, President of the National League, was one of the speakers.

A special Baseball Commission appointed by the National and American Leagues in 1907 declared that baseball was first played in Cooperstown. This was said to be as early as 1839. General Abner Doubleday, a West Point graduate and a native of Cooperstown, was credited by the speakers with being the originator of the modern game. It was he, according to President Tener, who first laid out the baseball diamond and fixed the strategical positions of the players.

ASCENDING YANKS BROADEN THE GAP

Shut Out Athletics 5 to 0, While Cleveland Sinks Deeper Into Second Place.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 29.—There is plenty of joy in the camp of the Highlanders tonight. Their defeat of the Athletics this afternoon in the second game of the series while Cleveland was being defeated by the lowly Browns enabled them to widen the gap. They now lead the pennant chase by many points.

The Highlanders acted like a real bunch of champions in their fray with the Mackites. They had plenty of pepper and showed class from the start. With the pitching of Bob Shawkey, erstwhile Athletic hurler, the New Yorkers never were in danger of losing the game. They played with a dash that fairly swept the locals off their feet, and their trio of tallies pushed across the rubber in the opening session were more than enough to win the game. The score was 5 to 0.

The game nearly proved a costly one for Manager Donovan and his charges, for Frank Baker met with an accident that forced him from the game after he had hurt his injured leg again in sliding to a base. Manager Bill later said that Baker was not hurt badly, and that he would be back in the game again tomorrow.

The big stick of the Trappe farmer that struck terror to so many of the opposing pitchers when Baker played at Shibe Park as a Mackite again proved the big factor in the New York victory. In the first round Baker found the range of the right field wall after a lapse of two years and slammed a liner against the concrete that proved to be the clean-up wallop. Not only did the drive put the game on the right side of the ledger, but it caused the downfall of Nabors.

Just one session was enough for this youngster and Sheehan worked until the ninth round, when Hasselbacher, former State College star, went to the mound and finished the game.

Bob Shawkey hurled another of those games that have made him one of the strongest of the Yankees' pitchers allowing only four safe drives. None came until the fifth, when Schang slammed a hot one to left. From the opening gun it looked like a sure bet that the Highlanders were destined for another easy victory. Not one of the locals reached third base, and the fans roundly applauded the work of Shawkey after each inning. It was one of his best exhibitions of the year in this city.

The New Yorkers started to score early. Gilhooley walked, and after High had hoisted one to Schang, Peck poled a safe one to left on which Gilhooley reached third. Pipp was tossed out at first and Gilhooley scored. Then Frank Baker came within a few feet of lifting the ball over the right field wall. The hit went for a double, scoring Peck. Baker tallied on Magee's safe one to left. That was enough for Nabors and Sheehan took up the task.

He had the visitors guessing during the first seven innings, but in the eighth a walk to Gilhooley, his steal, and a single produced the fourth tally. Sheehan retired to allow a pinch hitter to take his place at the plate, and the rookie collegian hurled the final session. A base on balls was responsible for the final count. Pipp walked and was moved along on Boone's sacrifice. A scratch hit by Magee to right deposited Pipp at the plate for the closing run of the game. The score:

NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Gilhooley,rf	2	2	0	1	0
High,lf	4	0	2	4	0
P'paugh,ss	4	1	1	1	8
Pipp,1b	2	1	0	9	1
Baker,3b	1	1	1	0	0
Boone,3b	1	0	0	3	2
Magee,cf	4	0	3	2	0
Gedeon,2b	4	0	0	1	1
N'maker,c	3	0	0	6	0
Shawkey,p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	28	5	7	27	9

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Witt,ss	4	0	0	3	4
King,2b	2	0	0	4	1
Strunk,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Schang,lf	4	0	2	2	0
Rowe,3b	4	0	0	0	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	0	7	0
Walsh,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Meyer,c	3	0	1	6	6
Nabors,p	0	0	0	0	1
Sheehan,p	2	0	0	0	2
H'bacher,p	0	0	0	0	1
aLawry	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	0	4	27	15

a-Batted for Sheehan in eighth inning.
Errors—Gedeon, King, Strunk.

New York ....3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—5
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Baker, Schang. Sacrifice hit—Boone. Stolen base—Gilhooley. Struck out—By Shawkey, 6; by Sheehan, 5. Left on bases—New York, 2; Philadelphia, 6. First base on error—Philadelphia, 1. First base on balls—Off Nabors, 1; off Sheehan, 3; off Hasselbacher, 1; off Shawkey, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Shawkey, (King.) Hits and earned runs—Off Nabors, 3 hits 3 runs in one inning; off Sheehan, 3 hits, 1 run in seven innings; off Hasselbacher, 1 hit, 1 run in one inning. Times of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

SALLEE QUITS THE GAME.

Tells President Britten of St. Louis He Is Tired of Baseball.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—Harry Sallee, pitcher for the St. Louis Nationals, has retired from the game, according to a statement issued today by Schuyler Britten, President of the club.

"Sallee told me that he had quit the game," the statement says. "I wanted him, but he told me that he was tired of the game. Sallee did not ask to be traded. I had an offer of $10,000 cash for him and New York wanted to give me Tesreau for him, but I turned down both propositions. I hope he changes his mind."

Sallee was suspended two weeks ago for leaving the club in New York and failing to report at Cincinnati.

New York State League.

Syracuse, 3; Elmira, 2.
Albany, 2; Scranton, 0.
Utica, 5; Binghamton, 3.
Wilkes-Barre, 11; Harrisburg, 2.

American Association.

Kansas City, 4; Minneapolis, 2.
Toledo, 2; Louisville, 1.
Milwaukee, 9; St. Paul, 8.
Indianapolis, 6; Columbus, 4.

Eastern League.

Lynn, 11; Hartford, 10.
Portland, 2; Lawrence, 0.
New Haven, 8; Lowell, 4.
Worcester, 1; Bridgeport, 0.
New London, 6; Springfield, 2.

Southern Association.

Atlanta, 3; Memphis, 0.
Birmingham, 3; Little Rock, 2.
Nashville, 2; New Orleans, 1.
Chattanooga, 7; Mobile, 4.

DODGERS TAKE ANOTHER

Smith Holds Braves While His Mates Gather a 2 to 1 Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., June 29.—A wild throw to the plate by Johnny Evers in the first inning and a base on balls issued by Arthur Nehf, the young Boston left-hander, in the fourth, settled today's game between the Dodgers and the Braves. Robbie's leaders, playing the tightest of airtight ball behind Sherrod Smith, again finished under a one-run lead, the score being 2 to 1.

Both left-hand pitchers worked well, but Smith was in better form, the Braves' four hits being scattered through as many innings, and the home club failing to pass second base after scoring the run in the first inning.

The Dodgers made nine hits off young Nehf, failing to connect safely in only one of the eight innings he worked. However, only once was there any combining. This took place in the third inning, when, after a start of three singles, the Robins scored their winning run because Nehf passed Cutshaw and forced Jake Daubert home.

Daubert was very much a factor in today's game because of his remarkably fine defense at first base. The other infielders made many splendid stops, but their throwing for the most part was low and away from the mark. Daubert, with his wonderful reach and sure-handedness, insistently dug up the ball at times when Brooklyn slip-ups would have put the Braves right in the game.

The home club made life miserable for Umpire O'Day, protesting repeatedly on called strikes, and even President Haughton went behind the screen to show the fans how wide the balls were. Impartial spectators, however, saw only that O'Day was seeing the balls right because Smith put them over the corners with hairbreadth accuracy.

As yesterday, Brooklyn broke into the game with a run, Johnston again starting with a double, and Daubert sacrificing. Stengel fanned, and Wheat hit straight at Evers, who threw badly to the plate, and Johnston counted. In Boston's half, Smith's only pass of the game was turned into a run. The pass was received by Fitzpatrick, with two men out, and he immediately made the remainder of the circuit when Magee hit the centre field fence with a double and was relayed out by Johnston and Wheat trying to reach third. Boston had only three men reach first base during the remainder of the game. The score:

BROOKLYN.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Johnston,cf	5	1	2	1	1
Daubert,1b	3	1	2	10	0
Stengel,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Wheat,lf	4	0	1	3	1
Mowrey,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Cutshaw,2b	3	0	1	1	1
Olson,ss	3	0	0	4	3
Meyers,c	4	0	0	6	0
Smith,p	4	0	1	0	2
Total	34	2	9	27	10

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
M'anville,ss	4	0	1	4	3
Evers,2b	3	0	0	0	1
Fitzpat'k,rf	3	1	0	0	0
Magee,lf	4	0	1	4	0
Konetchy,1b	3	0	0	10	0
Smith,3b	3	0	2	2	2
S'dgrass,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Tragesser,c	3	0	0	5	2
Nehf,p	2	0	0	0	5
Hughes,p	0	0	0	0	0
aGowdy	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	4	27	13

a-Batted for Nehf in eighth inning.
Errors—Maranville, Evers.

Brooklyn ....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Boston ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Johnston, Magee. Stolen bases—Daubert, Fitzpatrick. Sacrifice hits—Daubert, Evers. Double plays—Smith, Tragesser and Konetchy; Nehf, Maranville and Konetchy. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 8; Boston 3. First base on error—Brooklyn. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 1; off Nehf, 1; off Hughes, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Smith, 4 hits, 1 run in nine innings; off Nehf, 9 hits, 1 run in eight innings; off Hughes, no hits and no runs in one inning. Struck out—By Smith, 6; by Nehf, 1; by Hughes, 1. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Eason. Time of game—One hour and fifty-nine minutes.

SENATORS USE THE BRUSH.

Red Sox Fail to Fathom Harper's Offerings and Lose, 3 to 0.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Washington again defeated Boston here today. The score was 3 to 0. Harper was invincible when danger threatened. The score:

WASHINGTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Moeller,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Foster,2b	4	0	0	1	1
Milan,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Shanks,3b	2	1	1	2	0
Williams,1b	2	0	0	8	1
Rondeau,lf	1	2	0	5	0
Henry,c	3	0	1	6	0
McBride,ss	2	0	0	1	5
Harper,p	3	0	0	1	0
Total	24	3	3	27	7

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Hooper,rf	3	0	0	2	1
H'nriksen,rf	0	0	0	1	0
McNally,2b	2	0	0	1	0
aBarry,2b	2	0	0	2	0
Lewis,lf	4	0	2	1	0
Gainer,1b	4	0	1	7	0
Walker,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Gardner,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Scott,ss	2	0	0	2	2
Carrigan,c	2	0	0	5	2
Leonard,p	2	0	0	0	1
Gregg,p	0	0	0	0	0
bAgnew	1	0	0	0	0
cCady	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	0	4	24	7

a-Batted for McNally in fifth.
b-Batted for Leonard in eighth.
c-Batted for Hooper in eighth.
Error—Gardner.

Washington ....0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 ..—3
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Milan. Stolen bases—Lewis, Henry. Sacrifice hit—Williams. Sacrifice fly—McBride. Double play—Hooper to Barry. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Washington, 3. First base on error—Washington. Bases on balls—Off Leonard, 4; off Harper, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Leonard, 3 hits, 2 runs in seven innings; off Gregg, none and none in one inning. Hit by pitcher—By Harper, (Scott.) Struck out—By Harper, 6; by Leonard, 5. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Owens.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT NEWARK.

		R.	H.	E.
Rochester	2 3 1 0 1 0 0 0 0—7	15	0
Newark	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	9	3

AT PROVIDENCE.

		R.	H.	E.
Providence	0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 1—4	14	2
Buffalo	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1—3	7	1

AT BALTIMORE.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	2 0 1 2 0 2 0 0 ..—7	8	0
Montreal	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	9	3

AT RICHMOND.

		R.	H.	E.
Richmond	0 1 1 1 0 5 0—8	14	0
Toronto	0 1 0 1 0 0 5—7	7	0

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Providence	35	18	.660
Baltimore	30	26	.536
Buffalo	26	26	.500
Richmond	27	27	.500
Newark	26	28	.481
Toronto	23	25	.479
Montreal	26	30	.464
Rochester	19	32	.373

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Rochester at Newark.
Buffalo at Providence.
Richmond at Baltimore.

CURTAIN FAILS TO SCARE GIANT JINX

Screen Designed to Improve Batting Fails to Work, and McGraw's Men Drop Two.

A new green curtain was erected in centre field at the Polo Grounds, which was calculated to make the Giants hit the ball. The man who invented it will probably never be able to collect his money, because with the curtain as a background the Giants hit less than ever. At the double-header with the Phillies yesterday the native unfortunates were twice beaten, 4 to 0 and 5 to 2. It would seem that the Giants must learn to pitch the ball and hit it, too, if they expect to flirt with the pennant.

Eppa Rixey, the tall, lank Virginian, displayed an unusually hoodwinking assortment of left-handed pitching to the Giants in the first game. They got four hits, and yet only twenty-seven batsmen faced Eppa in the nine innings.

He mowed them down like tenpins in the final of a bowling match. Three times the first New York batter opened the inning with a single, only to have the rapid, sprightly support behind Rixey spill the beans with a double play. Not a New York player got to second base. It was the neatest game that Rixey has ever uncovered hereabout.

For the second time in two days Luderus had a perfect batting average. Yesterday, in four times up, he got a triple, a double, a single and a sacrifice hit. He also scored two of the Phillies' four runs.

About the only thing which glistened as far as the Giants were concerned was a play by Fletcher in the sixth inning, when he knocked down a lightning fast drive off Cravath's bat and threw him out at first. Fred Anderson pitched a good game, but it was shoved into the background by Rixey's great performance.

In the second game Old Chief Bender came back to life and pitched well enough to hold the Giants to seven hits, while the Phillies pounded Perritt, Schauer and Schupp for eleven hits. Bancroft, the Quaker shortstop, was the star of the second tilt, when, in the second inning, he hit Perritt for a home run, driving Luderus and Whitted home ahead of him.

The champions got busy in the second inning of the opening game. Luderus hit a liner over Doyle's head. Whitted singled to centre, Kauff letting the ball bounce through him. Luderus scored and Whitted went to third. When Doyle threw Bancroft out at first Whitted counted. Another tally came to the Phillies in the fourth. Burns made a lurid muff of Cravath's fly and the runner went to second. Luderus sacrificed him to third and Cravath scored when Whitted dumped a perfect bunt to the infield.

The other Quaker run was harvested in the ninth. Luderus completed his batting average of 1,000 by shooting a double to centre. Whitted sacrificed and Bancroft got the only pass of the game. Luderus then scored on a squeeze play, Killifer being tossed out at first by McKechnie. Rixey completed the inning by going out at first.

The Giants got the jump on the enemy in the second game. After Burns had fouled to Luderus, Kauff singled to right. Robertson singled to left, sending Benny to second. Doyle forced Robertson at second, Bancroft making a quick play. In trying for a double play at first Bancroft threw wild, Doyle going to third. Kauff scored. Fletcher ended the inning by striking out.

The Phillies fell upon Perritt savagely in the second. Luderus hit a safety to centre and Whitted got an infield hit. Bancroft poled a home run into the grand stand in right field and three large runs loomed up for the champions on the scoreboard. One more counter came for the Phillies in the fourth. Whitted and Bancroft singled. Killifer sacrificed, and Whitted attempted to score on the play but was doubled at the plate, Merkle to Rariden. Chief Bender singled to left and propelled Bancroft home.

The Giants gathered one in the fifth when McKechnie singled, went to second on Bender's wild pitch, and scored on Rariden's single. The Quakers got the run right back in the sixth when Whitted walked and scored on Bill Killifer's triple to deep right. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Paskert,cf	4	0	1	0	0
Niehoff,2b	3	0	1	1	4
Stock,3b	4	0	1	0	0
Cravath, rf	4	1	0	2	0
Luderus,1b	3	2	3	11	0
Whitted,lf	3	1	2	4	0
Bancroft,ss	3	0	0	4	5
Killifer,c	3	0	0	5	2
Rixey,p	4	0	0	0	4
Total	31	4	8	27	15

NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Kauff,cf	3	0	0	0	0
R'bertson,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Doyle,2b	3	0	1	4	3
Fletcher,ss	3	0	0	1	8
Merkle,1b	3	0	0	17	0
McK'nie,3b	3	0	2	0	3
Rariden,c	3	0	0	3	2
Anderson,p	2	0	0	0	2
aLobert	1	0	0	0	0
Total	27	0	4	27	18

a-Batted for Anderson in the ninth inning.
Errors—G. Burns, Kauff.

Philadelphia ....0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—4
New York ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Luderus. Three-base hit—Luderus. Stolen base—Bancroft. Sacrifice hits—Luderus, Niehoff, Whitted, Killifer. Double plays—Killifer and Niehoff; Rixey, Bancroft, and Luderus, (2.) Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5. First base on error—Philadelphia, 1. Base on balls—Off Anderson, 1. Earned runs—Off Anderson, 2. Struck out—By Anderson, 3; by Rixey, 5. Wild pitch—Anderson. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and Byron.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Paskert,cf	5	0	1	3	0
Niehoff, 2b	3	0	1	0	3
Stock,3b	5	0	2	1	2
Cravatn,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Luderus,1b	4	1	1	13	1
Whitted,lf	3	2	2	2	0
Bancraft,ss	3	2	2	4	3
Killifer,c	3	0	1	3	0
Bender,p	3	0	1	1	3
Total	33	5	11	27	12

NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Burns,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Kauff,cf	4	1	1	2	1
R'bertson,rf	4	0	3	0	0
Doyle,2b	3	0	0	3	0
Fletcher,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Merkle,1b	4	0	0	10	1
McK'nie,3b	4	1	1	1	3
Rariden,c	3	0	1	8	0
Perritt,p	1	0	0	0	1
aRoush	1	0	0	0	0
Schauer,p	0	0	0	0	0
bLobert	1	0	0	0	0
Schupp,p	0	0	0	0	3
Total	33	2	7	27	13

a-Batted for Perritt in fifth inning.
b-Batted for Schauer in seventh inning.
Errors—Bancroft, Rariden, (2.)

Philadelphia ....0 3 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—5
New York ....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Robertson, Paskert. Three-base hit—Killifer. Home run—Bancroft. Stolen bases—Whitted, Stock, Bancroft. Sacrifice hits—Killifer, Niehoff. Double plays—Kauff and Doyle; Perritt, Merkle, and Rariden; Niehoff, Bancroft, and Luderus. Left on bases—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 7. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 1; off Schauer, 2; off Schupp, 1; off Bender, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Perritt, 8 hits and 4 runs in five innings; off Schauer, 2 hits and 1 run in two innings; off Schupp, 1 hit and no runs in two innings; off Bender, 1 run. Struck out—By Perritt, 1; by Schauer, 2; by Schupp, 2; by Bender, 3. Wild pitch—Bender. Passed ball—Rariden. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Quigley.

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NEW ROCHELLE Y. C. RACE.

Many Craft Expected to Sail in Tomorrow's Regatta.

Interesting competition is expected in the annual regatta of the New Rochelle Yacht Club to be sailed tomorrow. The yachts of the four divisions, with their allowances, are as follows:

Yacht and Owner.	P.C.
FIRST DIVISION.	
Anita, G. P. Granbery	1
Carolina, A. W. Lockwood	2
Wasaka, W. L. Coursen	3
Pontiac, W. H. Bowes	2
Virginia, R. B. Budd	7½
Arvia, Geo. C. Molloy	7½
Aieua, J. W. Alker	0
Senora, W. H. Farrell	8½
SECOND DIVISION.	
Sally IX., A. E. Black	9
Coot, H. Wennemer	8
Mediator, J. L. Mitchell	6
Nadia, W. F. Clarke	3½
Clare, P. C. Pfeiffer	7
Sentana, H. L. Stone	6
Red Wing, Grace & Loewy	2
Ariel, T. Price	5½
Kenmuir, V. P. Krauss	5½
Veda, Geo. Chadwick	2
Mignon, Edwin G. Smith	2
THIRD DIVISION.	
Robin Hood III., G. E. Gartland	1
Jolly Roger, H. I. North	3
Firefly, E. S. Foster	9
Twinkle, S. C. Hunter	1
Natoma, T. S. Clarke	0
FOURTH DIVISION.	
Solita, Daniel Bacon	2
Chiloe, Howard Parker	6
Ogeemah, A. J. Dealy	0
Kum On, Rossiter Maurice	6

SPECIAL PRIZES FOR RACE.

Cincinnati Auto Sweepstakes Has $30,000 in Awards.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—In order to insure the limit of speed from the very start of the race, the Board of Directors of the Cincinnati Speedway have decided to offer three special prizes for automobile drivers leading at various distances in the opening international sweepstakes contest, to be held at the new track at Sharonville on Labor Day, Sept. 4. These prizes are of $500 each, and are arranged as follows: To the car leading at 100 miles, $500; to the car leading at 200 miles, $500; to the car leading at 250 miles, $500. Distribution of the rest of the $30,000 purse offered for this occasion will be as follows: To the driver finishing first at the full distance, $12,000; second, $6,000; third, $3,000; fourth, $1,500; fifth, $1,300; sixth, $1,200; seventh, $1,100; eighth, $900; ninth, $800; tenth, $700. Entries will close at midnight of Aug. 26.

Ten entries have already been received, and it is expected that a number of others will be added during the week at hand, as assurances have been received from most of the noted drivers of the country that they will come to Cincinnati for the Labor Day event. The race will be run under the rules and sanction of the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association and will be for Class E, non-stock cars, having 300 cubic inches piston displacement or less, with a maximum weight of 2,500 pounds.

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For solid comfort—Norfolks.
Some of Shantung silk and white serge.
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$2.50 golf clubs—$2.15.
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Broadway at Warren
"The Four Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Dunlop Golf Ball
Smashes American Record!
AT the Minikahda championships James Donaldson of Glenview Country Club, Chicago, broke the course record by four strokes, shooting a 66. He used a Dunlop Ball No. 29.
Dunlops are unrivalled for length and accuracy.
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CHICK EVANS BREAKS COURSE RECORD IN OPEN GOLF TITLE TOURNEY

EVANS SMASHES COURSE RECORD

Western Amateur Champion Leads Field of Open Golfers at Minikahda.

REID IS IN SECOND PLACE

Finishes First Round on Even Terms with Edgewater Player, Then Drops Back—Play Ends Today.

The card of the Minikahda course is as follows:

Hole.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
Distance	310	460	130	530	265	300	220	410	400

Total distance, 3,025. Total par, 36.

Par.	4	5	3	5	4	4	3	4	4
Hole.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Distance	160	385	583	475	365	335	355	160	355
Par	3	4	5	5	4	4	4	3	4

Total distance, 3,125. Total par, 36.
Grand total distance, 6,150. Grand total par, 72.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 29.—Chick Evans of Edgewater, five times medalist in the national amateur championship and certainly one of the best golfers in this country who has never won a national title, seems in a fair way to realize the dream of all amateur players—a victory in the national open championships. Not only did he lead the field here today in the first thirty-six holes of the national open championships being played over the Minikahda course but he equaled the course record of seventy strokes in the morning round and set a new mark of sixty-nine strokes in the afternoon. His wonderful thirty-six-hole total of 139 strokes left him three strokes in the lead of the field of sixty-four of the finest amateur and professional players in this country. The remaining thirty-six holes will be played tomorrow.

Only twice in the history of American golf has an amateur won the open title. Francis Ouimet jumped to fame in 1913 at Brookline by defeating Vardon and Ray in a spectacular play-off of a tie for the championship, and Jerry Travers, present title-holder, led the field at Baltusrol last year by a stroke. Chick Evans made a great uphill fight at Midlothian in 1914, finishing only a stroke behind the winner, Walter C. Hagen of Rochester. Although the little Westerner is acknowledged as one of the brilliant exponents of the royal and ancient game in the country, he has yet to win his first national title.

Wilmington Player Is Second.

Wilfried Reid of Wilmington ended the day in second place with a total of 142 strokes. He was on even terms with Evans at the end of the morning round, and at the turn in the afternoon he had a lead of three strokes over the Chicago amateur. From this point to the home hole the touch of his putter deserted him, and he might as well have putted with his driver, considering the results he got. He took an extra putt on the last seven greens and found himself as far in the rear of Evans at the end of the inward journey as he was ahead of him before he turned the corner and started back again. Reid was not the only player during the day finding it easier to get out to the ninth hole than to get back to the clubhouse.

Many of the strongest professional players who were expected to finish well up in front are now in the ruck and must perform "fearful and wonderful" feats to get back into the running. Nipper Campbell and Jimmy Simpson, who led the field on the qualifying days, are evidently tired from this brilliant, but useless exertion. Campbell is now possessed of 150 strokes for his two rounds, eleven strokes below Evans, and Simpson is a stroke worse. Walter Hagen, champion in 1914; Freddy McLeod, titleholder in 1908, and Alex Ross, winner in 1907, are all tied at 149 strokes with Gil Nicholls, metropolitan open champion.

Barnes and Peebles Tied.

"Long Jim" Barnes of Whitemarsh Valley and Bob Peebles of Kansas City tied for third place today with 145 strokes, followed by George Sargent, 1909 champion, and Bob McDonald, runner-up to Nicholls in the metropolitan open championship at Fox Hills last Summer, with 146 strokes. Little Jack Dowling of Scarsdale returned with 147 strokes, followed by a host of players grouped at the next three figures.

Evans's cards were as follows:

MORNING ROUND.

Out ....3 4 3 4 4 3 3 4 4—32
In ....4 4 6 4 4 5 4 3 4—38—70

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Out ....4 5 2 5 4 4 4 4 4—36
In ....3 3 5 5 3 4 4 3 3—33—69

The summary:

Charles Evans, Jr., Edgewater, 70, 69—139; Wilfred Reid, Wilmington, 70, 72—142; Jim Barnes, Whitemarsh, 71, 74—145; Bob Peebles, Shawnee Heights, 73, 72—145; George Sargent, Interlaken, 75, 71—146; R. G. McDonald, Buffalo, 74, 72—146; Jack Dowling, Scarsdale, 71, 76—147; J. Ferguson, Spring Lake, 75, 73—148; Mike J. Brady, Oakley, 75, 73—148; J. J. O'Brien, Mansfield, 76, 72—148; Jack Hutchinson, Allegheny, 73, 75—148; Tom Vardon, Whitebear, 76, 72—148; Gilbert Nicholls, Great Neck, 73, 76—149; Walter Clark, Denver, 73, 76—149; Fred McLeod, Columbia, 74, 75—149; Lewis Tellier, Brookline, 74, 75—149; Alex Ross, Detroit, 73, 76—149; Walter C. Hagen, Rochester, 73, 76—149. Joe Mitchell, Ridgewood, 75, 75—150; Walter Fovargue, Skokie, 76, 74—150; Alex Campbell, Baltimore, 75, 75—150; William Kidd, Kirkwood, 76, 75—151.

Elwood Queen, Interlaken, 76, 75—151; Jas. B. Simpson, Blue Mound, 75, 76—151; Bert Battell, Flushing, 76, 75—151; Tom Carrigan, Siwanoy, 79, 72—151; Geo. Simpson, Oak Park, 76, 76—152; Geo. McLean, Dunwoodie, 77, 76—153; Arthur Reid, Richmond, 77, 76—153; John Gatherum, Chicago, 78, 75—153; Alex. Cunningham, Wheeling, 79, 75—154; J. S. Worthington, Mid-Surrey, England, 77, 77—154; James A. Donaldson, Glenview, 79, 75—154; Norman Clark, Westmoreland, 76, 78—154; Tom McNamara, Taplow, 75, 79—154; Dave Levy, Geneva, 77, 77—154; Geo. Turnbull, Midlothian, 87, 73—155; Herbert Strong, Inwood, 82, 73—155; H. C. Lagerblade, Youngstown, 76, 80—156; Geo. Fotheringham, Chicago, 78, 78—156; Tom Morris, Town and Country Club, St. Paul, 78, 78—156; Harry G. Legg, Minikahda, 76, 80—156.

Jack Burke, Rockford, 81, 76—157; Otto Heckbarth, Cincinnati, 77, 80—157; Jack Croke, Exmor, Chicago, 77, 80—157; C. W. Hackney, Atlantic City, 80, 77—157; Carl H. Anderson, Boston, 81, 77—158; P. H. Judin, Ontwentsia, 81, 77—158; Tom L. Boyd, Fox Hills, 80, 78—158; James Wilson, Pinehurst, 79, 79—158; Robert Taylor, Minikahda, 79, 79—158; Arthur Clarkson, Indianapolis, 77, 81—158; H. L. Van Every, Lafayette, 79, 81—160; James Morton, Racine, 83, 77—160; H. C. Fletcher, Winnipeg, 76, 84—160; Harrison R. Johnston, Minikahda, 86, 75—161; Dave Kober, Evanston, 80, 81—161; Jack Jolly, Newark, 78, 84—162; Frank Adams, French Lick, 83, 82—165; Dr. W. E. Code, Wheaton, 83, 83—166.

U. S. G. A. TAKES FIRM STAND

Will Insist That Clubs Regard Ruling on Amateur Status.

Secretary Howard F. Whitney of the United States Golf Association gave out yesterday the following important announcement, signed by the Executive Committee, and defining the position of the U. S. G. A. on the vexed amateur question and the clubs that are taking an active part in the discussion of its application with regard to particular players. The communication has been sent to all the clubs affiliated with the U. S. G. A. and is worded as follows:

In order that all clubs, members of the U. S. G. A., may understand the practical effect of the amateur rule and the decisions of the Executive Committee under it, the following announcement is made:

All players whose amateur status has been forfeited under the rules of the U. S. G. A. are ineligible to compete in amateur tournaments. Should any such player be permitted to enter an amateur tournament, a protest filed with the Executive Committee on this ground would naturally be sustained; therefore, no such player could rightfully be awarded any prize in such a tournament.

Officials of clubs that are members of the U. S. G. A. are advised that they should be very careful not to accept the entry of a player in any tournament unless his amateur status is unquestionable. It is to be presumed that it is the desire of every member of the U. S. G. A. to carry into effect the action of the delegates at the last annual meeting as expressed in the recent rules adopted by the Executive Committee.

It is also to be hoped that all golf associations in the United States will be equally ready to reject the entries of such players in all amateur tournaments held under their respective jurisdictions.

SEELEY OUT OF CONN. GOLF.

Ex-Champion Defeated at Greenwich—Lewis in Semi-Finals.

W. Parker Seeley of Brooklyn, a former titleholder, was eliminated from the Connecticut State championship contest over the Greenwich Country Club links yesterday in the first round of match play by R. L. Jackson of Highland. This was the only upset of the day, and Regie Lewis of Ridgefield, Bob Abbott of Brooklyn, W. A. Jackson of Hartford, and Samuel Graham of the home club will clash today in the thirty-six-hole semi-final matches. Reggie Lewis, who recently annexed the Westchester title as a member of the Wykagyl Club, found the Greenwich course to his liking yesterday and played two fine rounds of golf.

In the morning round the youthful Ridgefield player defeated Scofield of Wee Burn, taking a 75 to a 77 for his opponent, and finishing with a lead of 3 up and 2 to play. He regained much of the confidence on the putting greens which a series of disastrous rounds had taken from him recently, and yesterday it seemed easy for him to find the cup. In the afternoon round against M. A. Davis of New Haven Lewis was a stroke under fours and par at the turn, and was two strokes under par and even fours when he won his match on the thirteenth green, 6 up and 5 to play.

He won the first hole in a stroke under par, but Davis evened the match when Lewis drove over the next green, the only loss of a hole that he sustained on the entire round. He won the next four holes in succession, not by the poor playing of his opponent, but by his own superlative work. A 3 on the ninth, where his opponent hit an unoffending knoll a mighty blow with his tee shot, left Lewis 5 up at the turn, with a score of 35. He had a short putt for a 2 on the tenth green, but a half stymie blocked him off. An overapproach by Davis on the twelfth gave Lewis a lead of 6 up, and a half in 4 on the thirteenth gave him the match 6 and 5. The summaries:

CHAMPIONSHIP DIVISION.—First Round—Robert Abbott, Brooklawn, defeated S. M. Pierson, Wee Burn, 1 up, (19 holes;) J. T. L. Hubbard, Brooklawn, defeated O. L. Guernsey, Greenwich, 1 up; R. M. Lewis, Ridgefield, defeated E. L. Scofield, Wee Burn, 3 and 2; M. A. Davis, New Haven, defeated S. D. Bowers, Brooklawn, 5 and 3; G. P. Lynde, Greenwich, defeated G. B. Carhart, Greenwich, 4 and 3; S. J. Graham, Greenwich, defeated Percy Rothwell, Hartford, 2 up; W. A. Jackson, Hartford, defeated H. S. Lake, Hartford, 1 up; R. L. Jackson, Highland, defeated W. P. Seeley, Brooklawn, 2 up.

Second Round—Abbott defeated Hubbard, 4 and 3; Lewis defeated Davis, 6 and 5; Graham defeated Lynde, 1 up; W. A. Jackson defeated R. L. Jackson, 1 up.

THREE IN TIE FOR LOW-SCORE MEDAL

Kerr, Marston, and Carter Each Have Card of 80 in Sleepy Hollow Golf Tourney.

Although an excess of putting kept the scores in the qualifying round of the annual Sleepy Hollow invitation tournament in rather lofty regions, it affected all the players and distributed its ill effects so evenly that Hamilton K. Kerr of Greenwich, Max Marston of Baltusrol, and Phil Carter of Nassau ended the day's play in a tie for the low score medal with 80 strokes each.

One hundred and ten players started over the Scarborough links in the annual fixture, and as many of them were having great difficulty in making the long hill holes. The vacant places on the scoreboard may indicate that some of them are still endeavoring to complete the qualifying round. Although these are the longest days in the year they are none too long for golfers who start out in the afternoon with the expectation of taking at least three well-calculated and long-considered putts on every green, to say nothing of some few shots on the fairways and countless in the bunkers.

Nelson O'Shaughnessy, who finished just outside of the last sixteen, is now convinced that there are some places and things worse than Mexico. Even with the advantage of playing from the Royal and Ancient Club of St. Andrews in Scotland, the former diplomatic representative found that it required 54 strokes to reach the ninth green, and 64 more to get around to the home hole. He had a healthy total of 118, making good use of every stroke of it.

Hamilton Kerr, after failing to qualify at Greenwich on Wednesday for the Connecticut championship, of which he is the present holder, journeyed to the turn at Sleepy Hollow in 38 strokes after a bad start with a 6 on the first hole. From this point to the sixteenth he was going great guns, and seemed headed for the medal until he took another 6 on the sixteenth, aided materially by overworking his putter. Another fatal 6 on the home hole gave him a 42 for the inward journey and a total of 80.

Marston made a better start than Kerr, but he had the same score at the turn, and a 6 which he also accepted on the sixteenth hole gave him an in and out card very similar to that of Kerr, with the same total of 80 strokes. Phil Carter distributed things more evenly. He took an even 40 on each half of his round and found that he made out as well at the end as the other two. The North and South amateur champion had a large collection of 4s and 5s on his card, with only one 3 for the short holes, and a large size 6, which he gathered at the very same spot where Marston and Kerr found 6s ready to hand.

E. P. Wilson of Rockland gave the low-score golfers a scare by making the outward journey in 36, but a 49 to get back to the clubhouse cost him whatever hopes he entertained of carrying off the medal. Gardiner White and Frank Dyer were two other players who met their Waterloos when homeward bound.

Carter, Marston, Kerr, and Dyer are in the upper half of the draw, with prospects of meeting in the second round today unless their opponents register peremptory and effective protests in the morning rounds. Gardiner White, Howard Maxwell, and Lee Maxwell are in the lower half. The summaries:

FIRST SIXTEEN.—Hamilton K. Kerr, Greenwich, 38, 42—80; Max R. Marston, Baltusrol, 38, 42—80; Philip V. G. Carter, Nassau, 40, 40—80; F. W. Dyer, Montclair, 40, 42—82; H. V. Gaines, Wykagyl, 39, 44—83; Gardiner White, Flushing, 40, 43—83; R. H. Gwaltney, Baltusrol, 38, 45—83; S. D. Connolly, Rockland, 43, 41—84; H. W. Maxwell, Jr., Nassau, 40, 45—85; D. D. Cooke, Arcola, 40, 45—85; L. W. Maxwell, Sleepy Hollow, 40, 45—85; E. B. Wilson, Rockland, 36, 49—85; C. G. Comstock, Jr., Sleepy Hollow, 42, 43—85; M. B. Starring, Jr., Sleepy Hollow, 41, 45—86; C. H. Brown, St. Andrew's, 45, 42—87; J. J. Wylde, Brookline, 42, 45—87.

SECOND SIXTEEN.—James Bertram, Wykagyl, 41, 46—87; A. S. Bourne, Westbrook, 42, 45—87; C. D. Cooke, Arcola, 40, 47—87; O. C. Macy, Sleepy Hollow, 40, 47—87; L. P. Gwyer, Siwanoy, 41, 46—87; T. R. Brown, Scarsdale, 41, 46—87; M. L. Fearey, Oakland, 47, 41—88; H. G. Rice, Englewood, 39, 50—89; C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Baltusrol, 43, 46—89; D. Brandreth, Sleepy Hollow, 41, 48—89; C. T. Lansing, Knickerbocker, 45, 45—90; M. Meacham, Ardsley, 44, 46—90; Leon Abbott, Jr., Princeton, 44, 47—91; Scott Stewart, Sleepy Hollow, 41, 50—91; H. L. Phillips, Siwanoy, 45, 46—91; M. D. Becker, Dunwoodie, 45, 47—92; E. B. Cooke, Arcola, 45, 47—92; C. H. Messmore, Ardsley, 44, 49—93.

THIRD SIXTEEN.—D. B. Lawrence, Sleepy Hollow, 45, 48—93; L. M. Lombard, Hyannisport, 48, 45—93; S. M. Hinman, Cranford, 51, 42—93; J. G. McMahon, Sleepy Hollow, 47, 47—94; L. G. Young, Ardsley, 46, 48—94; S. Allison, Atlantic City, 42, 52—94; G. W. Van Vlack, Scarsdale, 45, 49—94; A. B. Gilkes, Siwanoy, 45, 49—94; O. E. Carlson, Siwanoy, 48, 46—94; E. C. Stevens, St. Andrew's, 43, 52—95; J. D. Beals, Wykagyl, 43, 52—95; Walter Baylis, Ardsley, 50, 45—95; J. R. De Witt, Sleepy Hollow, 45, 50—95; F. W. De Jahn, Scarsdale, 45, 51—96; R. L. Dula, Ardsley, 47, 49—96; A. O. Choate, Sleepy Hollow, 45, 51—96; E. J. Laidlaw, Apawamis, 47, 49—96.

FOURTH SIXTEEN.—C. R. Gillette, Wykagyl, 48, 49—97; A. D. Lawrence, Ardsley, 44, 53—97; D. W. Hewitt, Ardsley, 45, 52—97; H. D. Brewster, Scarsdale, 45, 52—97; H. Chalmers, Scarsdale, 48, 49—97; G. C. Austin, Englewood, 51, 47—98; J. W. Benning, Jr., Sleepy Hollow, 51, 47—98; A. G. Hayes, Sleepy Hollow, 47, 51—98; P. S. MacLaughlin, Scarsdale, 48, 50—98; G. T. Ordway, Sleepy Hollow, 48, 50—98; C. R. I. Martin, Sleepy Hollow, 45, 53—98; F. M. Dyer, Englewood, 48, 51—99; C. A. Corliss, Englewood, 51, 49—100; C. F. Schmidt, Sleepy Hollow, 49, 51—100; S. R. Hollander, Siwanoy, 50, 51—101; W. J. Sturgis, Sleepy Hollow, 50, 52—102; Dr. G. T. Smith, Ardsley, 50, 52—102; Barrett Andrews, Sleepy Hollow, 51, 51—102.

FIFTH SIXTEEN—W. Van Vlack, Scarsdale, 49, 53—102; A. Fletcher, Jr., Nassau, 46, 56—102; Norton Squire, Apawamis, 47, 55—102; F. M. Gould, Oakland, 48, 55—103; J. T. McMahon, Sleepy Hollow, 49, 54—103; A. N. Peterson, Sleepy Hollow, 49, 54—103; M. S. Brown, N. Y. Golf Club, 48, 55—103; G. B. Francis, Sleepy Hollow, 49, 54—103; H. B. Guthrie, Sleepy Hollow, 51, 52—103; J. P. Hobbie, Sleepy Hollow, 53, 52—105; Samuel Rea, Sleepy Hollow, 52, 53—105; G. L. Billings, Mahopac, 50, 58—108; M. P. Collins, Sleepy Hollow, 47, 61—108; K. Van Rensselaer, Maidstone, 51, 58—109; A. W. Lawrence, Sleepy Hollow, 51, 59—110; S. A. Cunningham, St. Andrew's, 52, 59—111; F. V. Veiller Ardsley, 54, 58—112.

Other Scores—Nelson O'Shaughnessy, Royal and Ancient, 54, 64—118; H. K. Harrison, Sleepy Hollow, 58, 61—119.

Times for starting—First sixteen, 10:05 A. M.; second sixteen, 9:25 A. M.; third sixteen, 10:45 A. M.; fourth sixteen, 11.25 A. M.; fifth sixteen, 8:45 A. M.

POLICE GAMES TOMORROW.

Over 1,000 Athletes to Compete for Honor Roll Relief Fund.

More than a thousand policemen will doff their blue uniforms to don the scanty attire of the athletic field and khaki of the soldier tomorrow afternoon at the athletic carnival of the Police Department's Honor Roll Relief Fund, which will be held at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway.

In the track and field events Jack Eller, Matt McGrath, Babe McDonald, Egon Erickson, and Gene Jennings will concede liberal handicaps to their rivals. A polo match between teams representing Brooklyn and Manhattan will be one of the day's novelties. The remarkable intelligence of the police dogs will be demonstrated in an interesting little pantomime in which the canines track a burglar and assist in his capture by clever tripping as he runs away. In the motor cycle races Howard Smith, police champion, will defend his title, and in the 1,200-yard relay race Eller, Merz, Murphy, and Bennerich will meet teams representing the Fire and other city departments. A series of bicycle and horse races and feats of horsemanship will round out the program.

Probably the most interesting event of the day will be the spectacular sham battle, in which over 800 policemen, Spanish war veterans, ex-military men, and graduates of the Police Department's Military Training Camp, will participate. The battalion will be divided into an attacking force, under the command of Inspector Dwyer, and a defending force, under the command of Acting Captain Halleck. The former will assail the defenders, who will be intrenched behind a masked battery.

As the invaders approach in skirmish order by squads and platoons, under the new army regulations, using subdued whistles and the silent motions of the officers' arms. The artillerymen will mine their gun position and retreat to a small wood, blowing up the ground in the face of the charging invaders.

The opening event will commence promptly at 1 P. M. The entire receipts of the carnival will be devoted to the Honor Roll Relief Fund, which provides for the relief of the families of patrolmen killed in the performance of duty.

THREE-DAY BICYCLE TOUR.

Century Road Club Philadelphia Run Will Start on Sunday.

On Sunday, promptly at 5 o'clock in the morning, will begin the annual three-day tour on bicycles of the New York Division of the Century Road Club Association, from City Hall, New York, to City Hall, Philadelphia.

The course for this tour leads from the City Hall in New York through Staten Island to Totterville, to New Brunswick, Dayton, Princeton, and Trenton, and then on the Burlington Pike, to Camden and finally on to Philadelphia, which is expected to be reached at 5 o'clock the same evening.

The next morning, making an early start, the riders will go through Berlin, Hammondtown, and Egg Harbor City, to Atlantic City, where they will remain three hours. The course from Atlantic City leads through Absecon, New Gretna, and Tuckerton, where the second night's stop will be made with about two hundred miles covered.

On the Fourth, the riders will proceed from Tom's River, by way of Forked River, and on to Lakewood, Freehold, Keyport, and finally through South Amboy, continuing through Staten Island to New York City Municipal Ferry at St. George. In the meanwhile, a second "clique" of riders will have started from New York on the Fourth and will have ridden part of the way down the coast, and about Lakewood will meet and escort the tourists back to the Municipal Ferry. All cyclists are invited to join this tour

DAVIS AND JOHNS ARE CHALLENGERS

Victory in Clay Court Finals Gives Them Right to Meet Mathey and Church.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 29.—The magic that lies in the play of the California tennis men asserted itself forcibly today in the seventh clay court championship at the Lakewood Tennis Club. Willis E. Davis, champion of California, and H. Van Dyke Johns, whose greatest claim to fame is a victory scored over Johnston, were the luminaries. These two men, playing as doubles partners, won their way through the final round of the tournament, and will tomorrow face Dean Mathey and George M. Church, the titleholders, in the challenge round. But this was not the limit of play for Davis. The Pacific Coast man reached the final round of the singles competition by a victory over the sturdy youngster, Charles Garland of Pittsburgh, and will face the winner of the Conrad B. Doyle-William S. McElroy match for the right to play R. Norris Williams, 2d, in the challenge round.

The victory of Davis and Johns in the doubles event was won at the expense of Conrad B. Doyle of Washington and Walter B. Knox of Princeton. The Californians, though they lost the first set, were invincible in the next three, the score of the contest being 3—6, 6—0, 6—1, 6—2. Davis and Johns have elected to play as doubles partners through the season, and their work today marked them as formidable rivals for the titleholders. They did not get started quickly, a tendency to the erratic featuring the play of the first set, and Doyle and Knox, who settled down to conservative tennis from the very outset, were able to win the opening encounter, the errors of their opponents aiding largely in the result.

With one set against them, Davis and Johns lost no more time. They played with the perfect cohesion of action which makes for success in doubles competition, and a fierce attack was centred on the opposing team. The Californians raced to the net, and once there were ready to make the smashing strokes count. Davis in particular was strong at the net game, his backhand having an elusiveness that baffled Doyle and Knox. Three games in the second set went to deuce, but each time Davis and Johns had the reserve that pulled out the victory.

In the third set Knox and Doyle tried to rally, but there was little in their game that could avail against the sturdy play of the rival team. The score went to 5—0 before Knox and Doyle could carry one game against the certain placement shots of the Californians.

In the singles competition Davis played whirlwind tennis against the Pittsburgh expert, Charles Garland. As in the first set of the doubles, the Californian was prone to be wild. He scored dazzling placements down the lines and to the back court, but they were offset by a multitude of nets and outs, so that Garland took the set at 6—4. Davis put ten drives into the net and seventeen were out of court.

After this bit of flightiness the Pacific Coast man came down to sound and brilliant tennis. Errors cropped out with less frequency and placements began to mount up so that Garland was in difficulties. The speed of Davis's drives was so great that Garland could not begin to cover court so as to cut off the shots. The Pacific Coast player had a way of hiding the strokes so that Garland was outguessed and helpless.

Davis ran off the second set by brilliant play at the net, this point of vantage being his objective at all times. Caught out of position, Garland tried to lob, but the strokes had no reliability against the speed with which the ball was played to the Pittsburgh man.

He struggled gamely through the third set, but the impress of defeat must have been strong upon him. At any rate, there was no clouding of the fact in the minds of the several thousand spectators that Davis must win. Garland could gain only one game in the third set and in the fourth he was again at the mercy of the brilliant play of the Californian.

In the women's singles event Miss Molla Bjurstedt of New York and Miss Martha Guthrie of Pittsburgh will be the finalists. They also faced each other in the final round of the Metropolitan championship on the West Side Tennis Club courts. Miss Guthrie then was stricken with a touch of stage fright and did not put forth much of a battle against the champion.

Miss Bjurstedt today defeated Miss Florence Ballin of New York 6—1, 6—3. Miss Guthrie, with her famous chop stroke, eliminated the Canadian champion, Mrs. Harry Bickle of Toronto, 6—1, 3—6, 6—4. The point scores and summary:

Willis E. Davis and H. Van Dyke Johns vs. Conrad B. Doyle and W. B. Knox.

FIRST SET.

Davis and Johns.....3 7 1 3 4 7 4 1 2—32—3
Doyle and Knox......5 5 4 5 6 5 2 4 4—40—6

SECOND SET.

Davis and Johns............4 5 5 4 7 4—29—6
Doyle and Knox............1 3 3 2 5 2—16—0

THIRD SET.

Davis and Johns..........4 4 5 4 4 0 4—25—6
Doyle and Knox...........1 0 3 1 1 4 1—11—1

FOURTH SET.

Davis and Johns.......4 5 2 4 0 4 4 5—28—6
Doyle and Knox........2 3 4 2 4 0 1 3—19—2

Willis E. Davis vs. Charles Garland.

FIRST SET.

Davis ....6 0 4 1 4 1 5 2 4 3—30—4
Garland ......4 4 0 4 0 4 7 4 2 5—34—6

SECOND SET.

Davis ....6 4 1 5 4 7 4 4—35—6
Garland ....4 1 4 7 2 5 0 1—24—2

THIRD SET.

Davis ....5 1 4 4 5 4 4—27—6
Garland ....3 4 2 1 3 2 0—15—1

FOURTH SET.

Davis ....4 4 5 4 2 8 2 5—34—6
Garland ....2 0 3 2 4 6 4 3—24—2

MEN'S DOUBLES.—Semi-final Round—Willis E. Davis and H. Van Dyke Johns, San Francisco, defeated Donald A. T. Spaulding and T. W. Hendricks, Buffalo, 6—1, 6—1, 6—3; Conrad B. Doyle, Washington, and W. B. Knox, Pittsburgh, defeated Charles Benton and Pettee, Cleveland, 6—2, 6—2, 6—1.

Final Round—Willis E. Davis and H. Van Dyke Johns, San Francisco, defeated C. B. Doyle, Washington, and W. B. Knox, Pittsburgh, 3—6, 6—0, 6—1, 6—2.

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—Semi-final Round—Miss Martha Guthrie, Pittsburgh, defeated Mrs. H. W. Bickle, Toronto, 6—1, 2—6, 6—4; Miss Molla Bjurstedt, Norway, defeated Miss Florence Ballin, New York, 6—1, 6—3.

BIG ENTRY OF OARSMEN.

Many to Compete in People's Regatta on Schuylkill July 4.

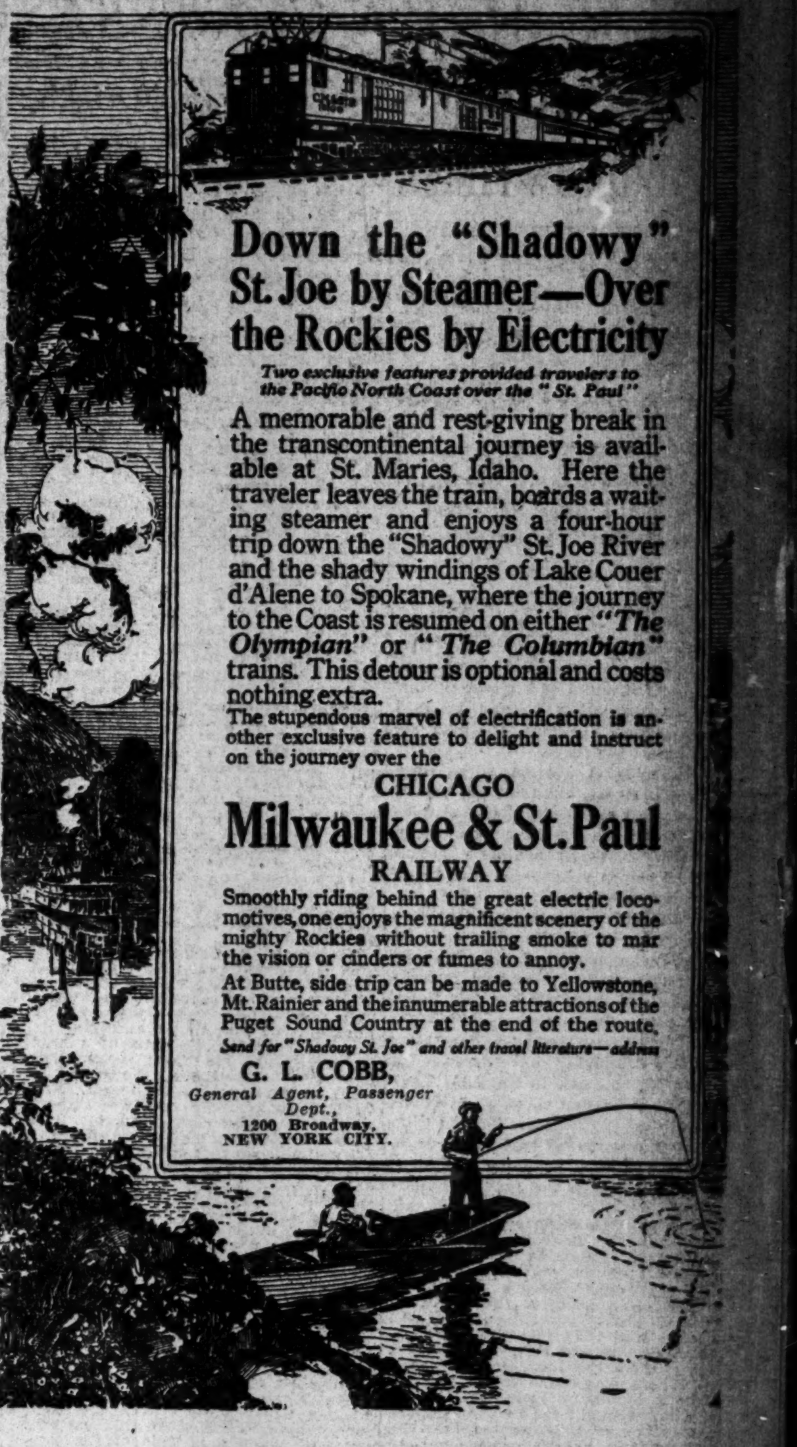
PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Oarsmen from many points in the East and Middle West will compete in the annual people's regatta on the Schuylkill River July 4. Sixty-three entries have already been received for the sixteen events on the program. The Detroit Boat Club and the New York Athletic Club have eight-oared crews entered in both the junior and intermediate events. Other entries are expected from Washington and Baltimore.

In the junior singles the entries include Detroit, B. C., Edward Henkel; Bayonne Rowing Association, Kenneth Mackenzie; Atlantic B. C., New York, William Whitlick; Ravenswood Boat Club, Long Island City, Robert J. Allen. The New Rochelle Rowing Club has entries in the intermediate double and quadruple sculls and the junior centipede.

Johnson Wins Bay State Title.

BOSTON, June 29.—Harry C. Johnson, one of this year's States doubles tennis champions, today won the singles title, defeating George P. Gardner, Jr., in the challenge round, 6—4, 6—3, 8—6.

Other sporting news will be found on following page.



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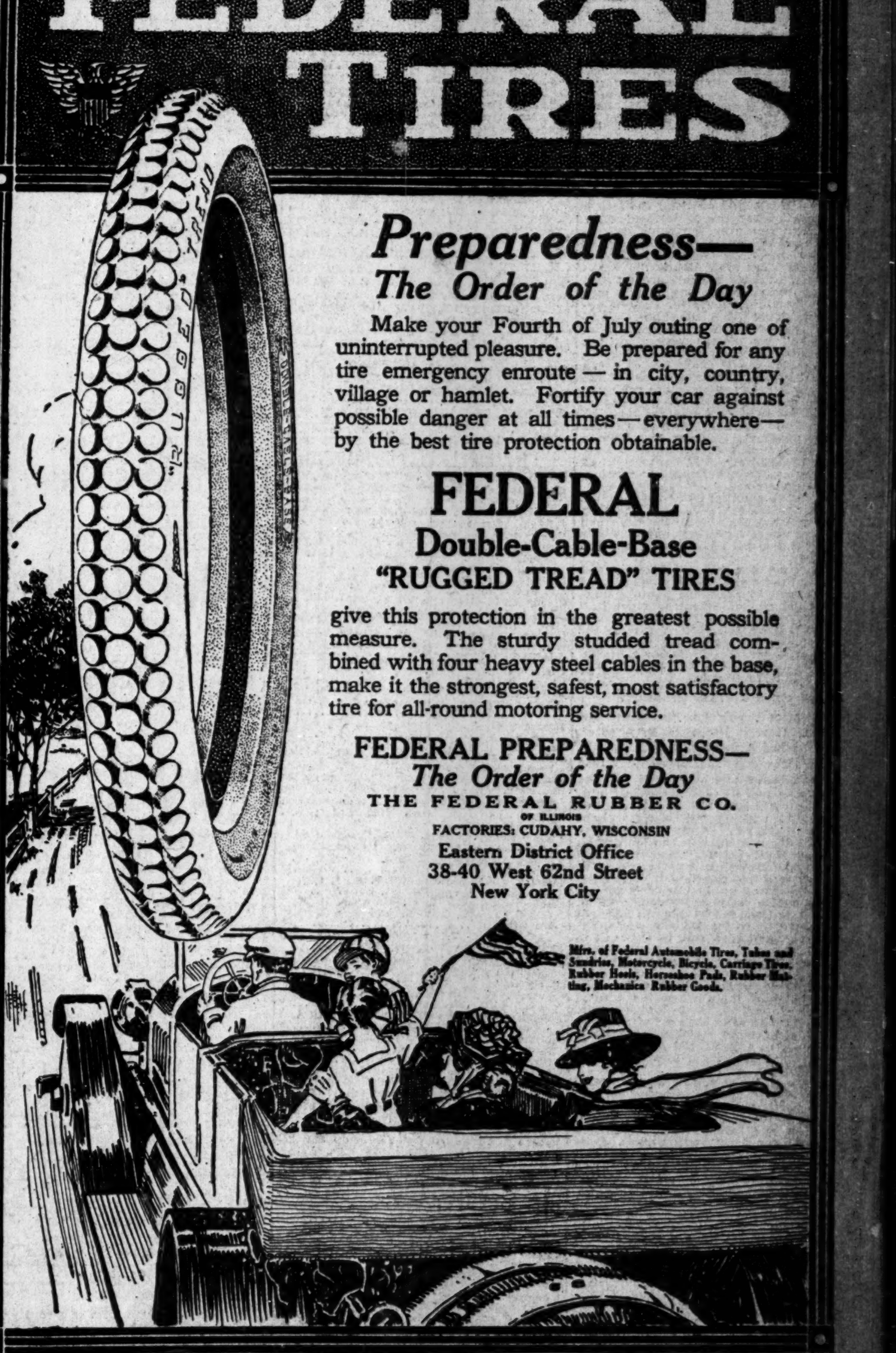

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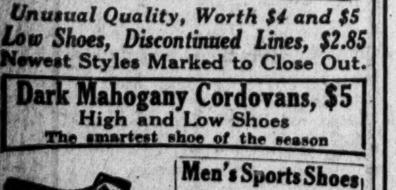

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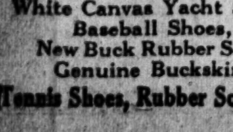

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CALM MARS CONTEST OF YACHTS

YACHTS BECALMED AND FEW FINISH

Only 8 of 24 Starters in Daily Race of Cruising Week Cross Line in Time.

CAROLINA MAKES THE PACE

George Nichols's Craft Heads the Fifties in a Slow Run from Bridgeport to Stamford.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., June 29.—The hoodoo that has pursued the interclub cruising and racing week was working today, and only eight of the twenty-four sailing yachts which started finished their run before 5 o'clock, the hour set for calling off the races.

The day's sport started with every promise of success, but the wind hauled about and finally failed entirely at mid-afternoon and left the fleet becalmed in the Sound. A brisk, southerly breeze came just before sunset—too late to do the yachtsmen any good.

George Nichols's Carolina won the race for the fifties of the New York Yacht Club, and Commodore E. Y. Weber's Priscilla won in the Stamford one-design class. In both classes two boats finished before the races were called off. The other winners—because none of their competitors finished in time—were: A. K. Bourne's Black Duck in the New York Yacht Club forty-foot class, F. L. Richard's Adios in the New York Yacht Club thirties, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr.'s, Comet in the special handicap, and T. S. Clarke's Natoma in the regular handicap class.

For the first time since the interclub cruise began the fleet got away from the anchorage without a postponement. As no one could be found to sail Ventura, Commodore Baker's big white fifty-footer was taken to the westward in tow, but Grayling, sailed for J. P. Morgan by Ralph N. Ellis, and Carolina, which once more had Harry Maxwell at the tiller, answered the signal for their class. There was some lively and interesting preliminary jockeying for the start, which brought the two big fellows close together as they went across the line, practically abeam, with Grayling finally getting the weather position. Both were on the port tack, with jib topsails set, Carolina first breaking out her spinnaker. Grayling followed immediately, and they went out of the harbor with a moderate northeast wind blowing steadily, which promised them a run to the finish line off Stamford Light.

Pauline Off in the Van.

Five minutes later Pauline led the forties across the line with her spinnaker to port. Rowdy was to leeward of Pauline, and Arthur Bourne sent his Black Duck across at the leeward end. The latter made direct for Stamford, but the other two, which had not understood that the course had been changed to a direct run to Stamford, stood off toward the Long Island shore to make the longer run of twenty-six and a half miles which had been laid out originally for all the big boats.

This brought about a division of the class into two races, with a prize for each of them, Black Duck, of course, winning her share handily by finishing at 3:11.10, making the run of seventeen miles in 4:51:10, and crossing the line a few minutes after the fifties had completed their run over the same course. While the other forties were still away off toward the Long Island short trying to outguess each other about the vagaries of a wind, they got into a calm spot and could only drift along in the doldrums. They did not finish, Pauline being towed back from the Long Island shore by her tender, the Whippet.

As there was no other sloop of her class ready to start, Alice once more raced against the P Class boats, Aleda and the Marquita, the new name of the Ediana, which has passed into the ownership of F. K. Medford. They got away at 10:30, followed five minutes later by the Adios and Alera, the only two of the thirties to start. Comet and Ninfea again sailed in a special handicap race, and Arvia, Natoma, and Coot made up another class of the handicap division, sailing as one class.

Nine of the Stamford one-design class lined up for the start. As soon as they crossed the line they made for the shoal waters of the Connecticut shore, where they could also get advantage of the run of the tide.

Spare Time was the only power boat to answer the signal for that class, and she was sent to Stamford against time, making the run of seventeen miles in 2 hours and 15 minutes. Commodore Upjohn's Flyaway III. took a run to the eastward, as she could get nothing to sail against her, T. B. Taylor's Vision, which was expected to be ready to race today, failing to appear.

Carolina Defeats Grayling.

The first of the fleet to finish was the Carolina, George Nichols's fifty-footer, which reached Stamford at 2:58:31, having made the run from Bridgeport in 4 hours 48 minutes and 31 seconds, beating Grayling by just three and one-half minutes. This was achieved through a bit of sailor's luck which befell Carolina about midway of the run. At that time Grayling was about a mile in the lead when off Long Neck Point. There the wind failed, and Maxwell allowed Carolina to stand off well into the Sound. When the breeze did spring up, he caught it several minutes before Grayling, which had kept nearer the Connecticut shore, and not only caught up to the Morgan yacht, but passed her, and then won in the beat to the finish.

The calm of the afternoon so interfered with the racers that they were well in the offing with a run of an hour or more ahead of them when the official time for closing the race—5 o'clock—arrived. By that hour Natoma of the handicap division had finished at 4:46:28, and Comet at 4:59:52, the latter getting in just eight seconds before the signal for the close.

Priscilla and Fawn, two of the Stamford one-design class, which had hugged the Connecticut shore instead of getting out into deep water, got home leaders of their class and winners of first and second prizes for the Stamford class. Priscilla's elapsed time for the run was 5:52:50, and Fawn took five minutes and forty seconds longer for the journey. Aurelia crossed the line five minutes too late to have her time recorded.

The rest of the fleet drifted in as late as 7 o'clock. Tomorrow, the last day of the cruise, will see the run to Manhasset Bay, L. I., where the fleet will disband.

ENTRIES FOR TODAY.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-old fillies; selling; five furlongs. Aimee T., 102 pounds; Vixen, 102; Chatterbox, 114; Lantana, 100; Bright Star, 109; Wide Eyes, 118; Ripesta, 106; Kathryn Gray, 111; Cheer, 118; Nancy Fair, 109.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; The Midwood Handicap; six furlongs. Marse Henry, 117 pounds; Startling, 106; Prince of Como, 113; Kewessa, 107; Daddy's Choice, 95; Rhine Maiden, 105; Superintendent, 107.

THIRD RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one and five-sixteenth miles. Virile, 122 pounds; Jem, 103; Tamerlane, 105; Pandean, 111; Spearhead, 117; Shyness, 107.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; handicap; one mile and a sixteenth. Old Broom, 110 pounds; Spearhead, 112; Sky Pilot, 102; Nepthys, 105; Redland, 104.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; maidens; selling; one mile. Burglar, 105 pounds; Friar Nought, 105; Set Square, (imp.,) 108; Reconteuse, 106; Beau of Menlo, 108.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; conditions; five furlongs. The Dean, 106 pounds; Nashville, 109; Intriguer, 115; Amalgator, 115; Merchant, 109; Leonie, 112; Bally, 115; Diversion, 106; Deer Trap, 109.

MURPHY CAPTURES STAKES.

Hirsch's Colt Wins the Feature Race at Aqueduct.

Although there was no special attraction carded like the Brooklyn Derby, run on Wednesday, the racing at the Aqueduct course yesterday afforded a number of interesting contests, the fields being fairly large and the finishes close.

The feature on the program was the Union Selling Stakes of $1,500, for three-year-olds at seven furlongs. The winner turned up in Max Hirsch's Murphy, a fine looking colt of Irish parentage, his sire being McGee. At the finish Murphy had three lengths on Feminist, who was followed by the imported Broomvale.

Ten went to the post in this race, but only nine started because, after looking over the company behind the barrier, Illuminator decided he would have none of it, and forthwith proceeded to run away. After Garner, who had the mount, had given a realistic imitation of Paul Revere's ride and had traveled two and a half miles, or twice around the track, Illuminator decided he had had enough exercise for one day and stopped. The son of Von Tromp did not pull up a second before he was ready, in spite of Garner's efforts to stop him. The jockey had all he could do to keep his seat, as at times the horse swerved all over the course. Illuminator and his rider were excused from the race.

Murphy never left the race in doubt, going to the front at the start and always holding his field safe. He was only breezing along at the finish. Feminist, who was led to the post, was always second and finished two lengths ahead of Broomvale, who improved his position at each pole and came on from behind to defeat the others and get inside the money.

Captain E. B. Cassatt's Flying Fairy was at her best yesterday and the mare scored a fairly easy victory in the handicap for three-year-olds and upward at a mile. The distance just suited the daughter of Aeronaut, and she gave one of her old exhibitions of running. E. Campbell, her rider, handled her cleverly. On her toes at the barrier, she went to the front at the break. For a while both Grumpy and the imported Gunbearer pressed her hard, but in her usual courageous way she threw them off and held on tightly to the lead. The Brookmiller entry challenged again after turning into the home stretch, but Campbell just roused the mare up a bit and she increased her speed to finish a length in front of Grumpy, who was always a contender. Gunbearer as usual was slow in starting, but when once under way made up a lot of lost ground and was only a length and a half behind Grumpy at the finish. Garner had the mount on the latter, but appeared none the worse after his strenuous ride on Illuminator in the previous event.

Campbell piloted home another winner when Marie Odile won the race for maiden two-year-olds over a five-furlong course. There were thirteen starters, and when once free of the bunch Clifford A. Cochran's Star Shoot filly made every pole a winning one. She finished five lengths in front of her field. The real contest was between Sandal and Melting Moments for the place, which was taken by the former with a short head to spare.

The opening race, which was a handicap for three-year-olds and upward at six and a half furlongs, was won by James Butler's Kilkenny Boy, with the imported Benevolent second, half a length in front of J. E. Davis's Brooks. The winner, with J. Loftus up, handled his 123 pounds top weight in clever fashion. He took up the running after the first quarter, and from then on held command. At times he had to be ridden out to stave off the challenges of Benevolent, who made up a lot of ground at the turn and had just enough left to take the place from Brooks. The imported Heather Moon, who finished fifth, pulled up very lame after the race.

Although many lengths in the lead and looking like a sure winner in the steeplechase, the Northwood Stable's Sandow fell at almost the last jump, and Haynes on Stonewood came on to win by two lengths from J. E. Davis's Racebrook. Abdon, after losing his rider at the second jump, continued in the race and stayed in third place, much of the discomfiture of the other contenders, as the riderless horse was generally in the way.

Al Bloch had two lengths on Humiliation at the finish in the last race. The latter was just a nose in front of the old campaigner, G. M. Miller.

The summaries, with the straight, place, and show odds:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap, selling, with $500 added; six and one-half furlongs. Time—1:19.

Kilkenny Boy, James Butler's ch. g., 4 years, 123 pounds, by Hippodrome-Maid of Erin, 11 to 5, even, 1 to 2, (J. Loftus) 1½

Benevolent, (imp.,) O. Lewisohn's b. g., 4 111, 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, (C. Fairbrother) 2½

Brooks, J. E. Davis's br. g., 3, 100, 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, (M. Garner).... 3¹

Corsican, Heather Moon, (imp.,) Nephthys, Presumption, Gallop, Gloaming, Star Gift also ran. Sir William Johnson and Feminist scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; steeplechase; selling; purse $600; about two miles. Time—4:22.

Stonewood, L. Wood's b. g., 4 years, 132 pounds, by Wadsworth-Trisauce, 3 to 1, even, and 1 to 2, (B. Haynes)....1²

Racebrook, A. J. Davis's b. g., aged, 137, 18 to 5, 6 to 5, and 3 to 5, (T. Moore)...2¹⁵

Cloud, A. L. Kramer's br. g., aged, 147, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and 8 to 5, (P. Kelleher)..3⁸

Pay Streak and Rusila also ran. Zellwood refused. Powder Puff, Abdon, and Sandow fell. Flying Peep scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds, the Union Selling Stakes of $1,500; seven furlongs. Time—1:26.

Murphy, M. Hirsch's b. c., 106 pounds, by McGee-Intrigue, 13 to 5, even, 3 to 5, (L. Lyke) 1³

Feminist, G. A. Cochran's ch. f., 102, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 5, (J. McCahey)....2²

Broomvale, (imp.,) R. F. Carman's b. g., 102, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 2, (H. Shilling)...3³

Bonnie Tess, Wenonah, Sun God, Dancer, Sasin, and Plaudito also ran. Illuminator ran away. Miss Puzzle scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, handicap, with $700 added; one mile. Time—1:39.

Flying Fairy, Captain E. B. Cassatt's br. m., 6 years, 117 pounds, by Aeronaut-Millie A., 9 to 13, 1 to 3, and out, (E. Campbell) 1¹

Grumpy, C. J. Brookmiller's [illegible], 2 to 1, 1 to [illegible] (M. Garner)....2¹½

Gunbearer (imp.,) [illegible] 5, 102, 9 to [illegible] (J. McTaggart)....3

Top Hat and [illegible] also ran. [illegible] and Hidden [illegible] scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds, selling, purse $500; five furlongs. Time—1:01.

Marie Odile, [illegible] pounds, by [illegible] to 5, 1 to 2, [illegible] (E. Campbell)....1⁵

Sandal, Oneck Stable's b. g., 106, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to [illegible]....2

Melting Moments, (imp.,) Kentucky Stable's b. f., 103, [illegible] (A. Shuttinger)....3

Miss Tipperary, Spinster, Lady Rowena, Burney Kurney, Bendlet, Moonlighter, (imp.,) The Only One, Tootsie, Alone at Last, [illegible] also ran. Br[illegible] [illegible] lass S. Manne[illegible] scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward which have not won $450 since May 24, selling, with $500 added; one mile. Time—1:40.

Al Block, J. [illegible] 5 years, [illegible] pounds, by V[illegible] 1 to 5, out, [illegible]....1²

Humiliation, [illegible] 12 to 1, 3 to [illegible]....2

G. M. Miller, [illegible] 110, 8 to 1, 7 [illegible]....3

Ray o' Light, [illegible] also ran.

MISS WILDEY WILL MEET MISS WAGNER

These Players Reach Final in Women's Tennis Tourney at Sleepy Hollow.

Play in the women's invitation tennis tournament at the Sleepy Hollow Country Club advanced to the final round in botoh singles and doubles yesterday. In the singles competition the victors were Miss Edna Wildey and Miss Marie Wagner, and in doubles the teams to attain final-round brackets were Mrs. Rawson Wood and Miss Marion Vanderhoef and Miss Ina Kissel and Miss Natalie Browning.

Miss Marion Vanderhoef almost reached the final round in both events. In the singles her opponent was Miss Edna Wildey, and three sets were necessary before the decision favored Miss Wildey. Though she lost, Miss Vanderhoef played some excellent tennis, but Miss Wildey displayed remarkable ability in covering court and returned shots that would have been good against a weaker opponent. The rallies were long sustained, each player sending the ball high and deep.

After each had gained a set, Miss Wildey started the third by running three games before Miss Vanderhoef could stop the attack. And when she did reverse conditions by taking the fourth game, the result was accomplished by a lifting drive that sent the ball out of reach of Miss Wildey. This stroke, however, was abandoned a little later, and Miss Wildey ran out the set.

Miss Wagner once again scored a victory over Mrs. H. Stuart Green. She outplayed her rival by steadiness in placing. Mrs. Green tried at times to take the aggressive, but Miss Wagner nipped off any attempt at sustained success.

The premier doubles match brought Mrs. Rawson Wood and Miss Marion Vanderhoef against Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Caroma Winn. The former pair won mainly through better team work. Miss Win was weak both on ground strokes and overhead, particularly in the first set. In the second set she gave a better account of herself.

Miss Ina Kissel and Miss Natalie Browning did not meet with serious opposition from Miss Florence Sheldon and Mrs. Theodore Cassebeer in the lower half of the semi-finals. The summaries:

Women's Singles.—Semi-Final Round—Miss Edna Wildey defeated Miss Marion Vanderhoef, 6—3; 1—6, 6—3; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Mrs. H. Stuart Green, 6—3, 6—3.

Women's Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—Mrs. Rawson Wood and Miss Marion Vanderhoef defeated Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Caroma Winn, 6—1, 9—7; Miss Ina Kissel and Miss Natalie Browning defeated Miss Florence Sheldon and Mrs. Theodore Cassebeer, 6—1, 6—2.

VOSHELL REACHES FINALS.

Wins in Both Singles and Doubles in Long Island Tennis.

S. Howard Voshell reached the final round of the Long Island tennis championship yesterday afternoon when he defeated Charles Chambers in a four-set match at the Kings County Tennis Club, the score being 6—2, 3—6, 6—1, 6—1. In the fifth round Frederick G. Anderson, several times holder of the championship, defeated E. B. Hutchings, and he will play the winner of the L. P. Moore-R. L. Baggs match in the semi-final round.

The final round of the doubles was also reached yesterday. S. H. Voshell and F. C. Baggs came through in the upper half, and in the lower half J. S. O'Neale, Jr., and F. T. Hunter advanced. Baggs and Voshell won their way through by defeating D. E. Rice and G. Stadel. The victory of O'Neale and Hunter was at the expense of W. N. Jennings and H. Roberts. The summary:

SINGLES.—Fifth Round—Frederick G. Anderson defeated E. B. Hutchings, 6—1, 7—5. Semi-final Round—S. Howard Voshell defeated Charles Chambers, 6—2, 3—6, 6—1, 6—1.

DOUBLES.—Third Round—S. Howard Voshell and F. C. Baggs defeated R. V. Lake and E. B. Hutchings, 6—0, 6—1; D. E. Rice and G. Stadel defeated Holly and Wilson, 6—4, 1—6, 8—6.

Semi-final Round—S. H. Voshell and F. C. Baggs defeated D. E. Rice and G. Stadel, 6—3, 6—2, 6—1; F. T. Hunter and J. S. O'Neale, Jr., defeated W. N. Jennings and H. Roberts, 6—4, 6—3.

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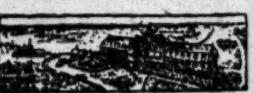
HOWE & TWOROGER, Managers.
Winter Resort, Princess Hotel, Bermuda.

Equinox House
Manchester-in-the-Mountains
Vermont.
NOW OPEN.
N. Y. OFFICE, THE LORRAINE.

WHITE MOUNTAINS
NEW PROFILE HOUSE
TWENTY COTTAGES. OPEN JULY 1ST.
Accommodations for 450 Guests. Catering to those who wish a Summer Home in a resort favored with a clientele of the highest order. ON IDEAL TOUR. Fine garage, golf, tennis, boating, fishing. C. H. Greenleaf, Pres. Booking Office, E. B. RICH, HOTEL VENDOME, BOSTON.



New Hygeia Hotel
BLOCK ISLAND, R. I.
15 miles at sea. Aver. summer temp. 75°. Bathing, fishing, golf, tennis, etc. Modern hotel equipment. Service and cuisine as perfect as can be produced. Ownership management. Direct lines from N. Y.
W. R. CHAMPLIN, Mgr., Hotel Astor, N. Y.

CAPE COD NEW HAMPSHIRE HOUSE
Open the Year 'Round for Guests
Near postoffice, church, short walk to shore, fishing, boating, bathing, tennis; good table board; automobile parties accommodated.
MRS. E. I. SMALL, South Chatham, Mass.

The Malvern
AND COTTAGES
BAR HARBOR, MAINE.
NOW OPEN.
ERNEST G. GROB, Manager.

Straitsmouth Inn
ROCKPORT, MASS.
Directly on the rocks at the extreme end of
CAPE ANN.
E. S. WILKINSON, PROP.

BRETTON WOODS
WHITE MOUNTAINS, N. H.
The Mount Pleasant, Now Open. Closes Oct. 2.
C. J. DUNPHY, Mgr.
The Mount Washington. Open July 8 to Oct. 15
D. J. TRUDEAU, Mgr.
For Information and Booklet address Hotels.

Mt. Madison House
GORHAM, N. H.
"At the Gateway to the White Mts."
Rooms en suite, with private baths, Electric Lights, &c. Eight miles from base Mt. Washington. Capacity 200. Garage and Repair Shop. Booklet and rates on request.
C. A. CHANDLER, Prop.

GRANLIDEN HOTEL,
LAKE SUNAPEE, N. H.
Gateway to White Mountains; on Ideal Tour. Golf, Tennis, Saddle Horses, Canoeing, Bathing, Boating, Fishing, Dancing. Write for circular. Cottages for rent. W. W. BROWN, Winter season hotels, Indian River and Rockledge, Rockledge, Fla.

TOUR NEW ENGLAND
Perfect Roads! Magnificent Scenery! Bracing Air. For Road Map address Wm. M. Kimball, Sec'y N. E. Hotel Association, Draper Hotel, Northampton, Mass.

Marthas Vineyard and Nantucket
Picturesque islands off the Massachusetts coast where
Vacation Days
offer the enticements of sea and land to the rest and health seeker.
Surf and still water bathing—fishing in sea and lakes—ideal harbors for sail and motor-boats—golf, driving and riding.
Round Trip Fares from New York, via New Bedford Line: to Oak Bluffs $7.50; to Nantucket $8.50
For illustrated booklets write to Vacation Bureau, Room 549, 171 Broadway, New York
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad
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The Ideal Tour
Is the Ideal Way to the Most Famous Resorts of America
A THOUSAND MILES THROUGH NEW ENGLAND'S SCENIC WONDERLAND
A FIRST CLASS HOTEL AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S RUN.

Illustrated Route Book or large Map in Colors Free at 1180 Broadway or by Mail from
ALMON C. JUDD,
Hotel Elton, Waterbury, Conn.

NEW ENGLAND.

1,200 Feet up in the Clouds.
HOTEL BERKSHIRE
LITCHFIELD, CONN.
Special Rates over Fourth.
Only three hours from New York. All outdoor sports. Dancing and Orchestra. Excellent Cuisine Service. Tea and Grill Room. Suites with private bath. Telephone in every room. Accommodates 175. Booklet.
H. PFLANZ, Prop.

MERRILL HALL AND COTTAGES,
EAST GLOUCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS.
Open June 1. A house of refinement for select people. Cool situation. Attractively appointed. Excellent table. Cleanliness a feature. Rooms en suite with private bath. For information address
BUELL & CROSBY.

THE GRISWOLD EASTERN POINT, NEW LONDON, CONN.
NOW OPEN. Coolest, Most Modern Hotel on Atlantic Coast. Courtesies of Shenecossett Country Club extended to All Season Guests; 18-Hole Golf Course. Alex Smith, Professional. Yachting, Boating, Deep Sea Fishing, Motoring and Tennis.
H. D. SAXTON, Manager.

THE HARBOR VIEW
East Gloucester, Mass.
Situated Directly on Gloucester Bay.
Piazza 400 feet long. Private telephone exchange connecting rooms. Tennis court. Table a Special Feature. Booklet.
W. F. OSBORNE.

YORK HARBOR, MAINE.
HOTEL ALBRACCA
SUPERB VIEW OF ATLANTIC OCEAN. Seashore and country combined. Rooms en suite with private baths. Booklet and terms on request. Garage. BAKER & BAKER.

OTTAWA HOUSE,
CUSHING'S ISLAND,
PORTLAND HARBOR, ME.
Open June 22. Seashore and country combined. Cap. 350. Booklet. E. W. BOYCE CO., Prop.

SURF AND STILL WATER BATHING
WATCH HILL HOUSE
WATCH HILL, R. I. NOW OPEN.
18-Hole Golf. A. E. DICK, Proprietor.

NEW ENGLAND.

LONGWOOD INN,
LAKE COBBOSEECONTEE, WINTHROP, MAINE. Owned, operated by Y. M. C. A. Boating, bathing, fishing. Vegetables, fruit, milk, cream from Association farm. Reasonable rates. Good connection to Boston and N. Y.

WYKEHAM INN, Washington, Conn., will open for the season July 1st. Finest location in the Berkshire Foothills. Pure Air, Sparkling Water, Broad Verandas, Golf, Tennis. Booklet.
GEO. T. SANGER, Mgr.

GUNNERY INN
Washington, Conn., will open June 28. An ideal place for the Summer; near country club, golf, tennis; fresh fruit, milk, and vegetables; booklet. Geo. T. Sanger, Manager.

PENNSYLVANIA.

FOREST PARK HOTEL
FOREST PARK, PIKE COUNTY, PA.
On Forest Lake, only three hours from New York by Lackawanna R. R. In 3,000-acre Pine Park. Finest bathing, boating, fishing, tennis and baseball. Dancing every evening. Every modern improvement. Elevation 1,800 feet. Capacity 350. Apply
ARTHUR LEDERER, Owner,
135 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Gramercy 4136.

CHURLEIGH INN 1300 Ft. Elevation Delaware Water Gap
Always cool, beautiful views, cuisine the best; mod. hotel, rms. with or without bath; bathing, fishing, tennis, golf. Mod. rates. Booklet.

The Glenwood Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Capacity 400. Home comforts; moderate rates. Golf, tennis, all amusements. For booklet address F. R. JOHNSON, Proprietor.

CANADA.

Get away to happiness—away to the nerve-resting, pine-scented, sleep-giving air of the Muskoka Lakes. There you will find this Hotel with the cheery rooms, good food, golf, tennis, everything, that makes life worth while. No restrictions entering Canada. Booklet, Royal Muskoka Hotel, P. O. Lake Rosseau, Ontario.
Royal Muskoka

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

BROADCLOTH.—Open for white, Copen, and red. Schwartzreich & Goodman, 114 West 26th.

BROADCLOTH Kersey, will pay cash for black coating weight. Farragut 616.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on Fall ladies' and misses' coats. Call between 9 and 12, eighth floor, 18 West 27th St.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders all week on better grade Fall coats. Third floor, 22 West 27th St.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Waists, Skirts—Jobs for cash; quantity no object. Sumner, 8 Lispenard St. Telephone 2412 Franklin.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at Fall sample silk afternoon and party dresses; orders given. 32 West 27th, 8th floor.

DRESSES.—Our Mr. Rubin will look at lines of Fall dresses up to $12.50 each. Standard Mail Order Co., 425 West 55th.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at silk afternoon, party, and evening dresses; orders given. 32 West 27th, 8th floor.

DRESSES.—Jobber placing orders: serge and silk dresses; bring samples. 137 West 35th, 7th floor.

LAWNS.—We are open for any amount of white lawns and organdies for spot cash. Rosengarten & Kellner, 20 West 20th St. Chelsea 4461.

PLUSH and wide wale fall corduroy; any quantity for spot cash. D. Pankin & Sons, 37 West 20th.

SHANTUNGS, any quantity of heavy weights wanted for cash; state weight, yardage, and price. M 147 Times.

SILK WAISTS.—Contractors on silk waists, $33 per dozen up; bring own samples. Dorothy Waist Company, 38 West 26th St.

SUITS.—Ben S. Levis open for jobs of linen suits; quantity no object; spot cash. Ben S. Levis, resident buyer, 72 Madison Ave., telephone 7197 Madison Square.

SUITS.—Prominent jobber looking at fall line coats and suits. 38 West 32d; Room 1507.

SUITS.—Jobber looking at Fall suits. 8th floor, 12 West 27th St.

SUITS AND COATS.—Jobber placing orders on Fall suits and coats. Call with samples all week, 1,333 Broadway, 10th floor, entrance on 36th St.

SUITS AND COATS.—Jobber placing orders on Fall suits and coats. Call with samples all week 1,333 Broadway, 3d floor. Entrance on 36th St.

TOILET GOODS.—Wanted job lot fancy toilet goods, sundries for drug stores. Store, 64 Court St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN'S WEARING APPAREL.—Highest prices paid for women's wearing apparel; quality and quantity no object. Gruber, 456 Broadway. Spring 358.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

COATS.—Silk jersey; best shades; also corduroy coats, at $1.75; immediate delivery. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS, SUITS.—Closing suits; poplins, gabardines, navies, black colors. Slater, 114 West 26th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Poplins, checks, jerseys, Palm Beach, silverblooms. Talbot, 114 West 27th.

DRESSES.—We have serge dresses in the latest styles for immediate delivery. International Dress and Skirt Co., 138 West 25th St.

DRESSES to close out 300 voile dresses; desirable merchandise. Star Dress Mfg. Co., 122 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Will close out 500 high-class cotton dresses at a price. Fifth floor, 30 East 20th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs Summer dresses, also silk dresses, cheap. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Silk and wash silver bloom suits; cheap. Jacobus Bros. Co., 1,261 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Job Summer dresses, large assortment, cheap. Windsor, 148 West 24th.

DRESS LINENS.—Six hundred yards colored, 45 inches wide; real linen; given away to close. Phone 2668 Spring.

HOUSE DRESSES, &c.—Quitting business. Henry Ettelson Co., 119 West 23d St., closes out large stock piece goods, &c.

LINEN THREAD, 175 pounds, drab color on skeins for button thread. International Thread Co., 21 West 19th St., Chelsea 5946.

NAVY TAFFETAS and silk jersey sport suits and sport skirts for delivery. Tip-Top Waist and Dress, 134 West 37th St.

SUITS.—Silverbloom and Palm Beach, to close out; also navy serge coats. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

SUITS.—Palm Beach and Silverbloom, to close out. T. Weinberg & Son, 144 West 27th St.

WAISTS.—150 dozen crepe de chine and cotton waists to close out. 15 West 20th, 6th floor.

WASH DRESSES.—500 to close out very cheap. Graber & Wechsler, 164 West 25th.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..4 per cent. for the best names
Wednesday.3¾@4 " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Neckwear Business Thrives.

The big volume of Spring duplicate orders placed forced some neckwear manufacturers to delay sending out their Fall lines. Their men, now on the road, are turning in large orders. Some of the more representative houses have been able to get a larger share of business than usual. This is accounted for by the fact that they are in a better position to supply the needs of the retailers. They have larger resources and have on hand many of the fabrics and colorings that their smaller competitors cannot obtain. Figured effects are being featured rather extensively.

⁂

New Tie Arrangement.

One of the leading houses in the neckwear business has perfected a new slip-easy device after some time spent in experimenting. The band, as now arranged, will do away with some of the objections raised to a former attempt to get a tie that would draw easily through the collar. The chief difficulty to be overcome was in getting a way of joining the double width of the scarf to the band. A tubular satin is used for the band. It is joined with the body of the tie by a triangular end. One width of the tie overlaps this, and the two triangular ends are sewed strongly together, the stitching forming a diamond.

⁂

Significant Price Change.

The action of the leading factor in the woolen market, in practically revising downward prices on mackinaws, is regarded in many quarters of the trade as a significant move. Lines were originally brought out, starting at $1.50. These goods were sold to some, and then new lines were put out at $1.32. Purchases on the higher-priced goods are understood to have been revised so that buyers might take advantage of the lower-priced cloths. Hints are heard in different parts of the market that this action foreshadows price recessions in other lines.

⁂

Agree Not to Sell at Retail.

Several clothing manufacturers who volunteered to tell why they have sold to retail customers yesterday agreed at a meeting of the Executive Board of the Retail Clothiers' Association of New York to discontinue the practice. The meeting was held at the office of William H. Chorosh, counsel for the organization. The campaign of the association directed against wholesalers who sell their goods to retail customers will be carried on in other cities, and plans were discussed yesterday to that end. The retailers expect to confer shortly with representatives of the National Association of Clothiers, the manufacturers' organization.

⁂

Army Supplies Were Needed.

Despite the statement coming from army officials claiming that the War Department was fully supplied to meet the demand for equipment needed by the National Guard, several of those who have received orders from the Government are inclined to hold a contrary opinion. According to an army officer stationed at Philadelphia, supplies of different kinds are being bought to replenish those drawn from the stores held to equip the volunteer force. If this were the case, the mill men hold that orders would not have been received to ship merchandise by express, because the volunteer army supplies could be gathered with less haste.

⁂

Prices Firm for Gray Goods.

The market in gray goods was quiet yesterday, but prices continued very firm. Sales were reported on 60-52s, 38½ inch, 6 yards, at 5 cents. Some business was also done on 64-60s, 38½ inch and 64-56s, 38½ inch goods. Bids of 4 13-16 cents were given on 60-48s, 38½ inch, 6.25. All goods of the latter construction offered below the price named have been cleaned up. After the holidays the market is expected to have a firmer tone. Closing prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s	7⅝c	38½-inch, 64-60s	*5⅝c
39-inch, 72-76s	6⅞c	38½-inch, 64-56s	5½c
39-inch, 68-72s	6⅝c	38½-inch, 60-52s	5c
39-inch, 56-44s	4⅝c	38½-inch, 60-48s	*4⅞c
38½-inch, 64-64s	5⅞c	27-inch, 64-60s	3⅞c

*Asked.

⁂

American Sardines on the Market.

Jobbers in canned goods are watching with keen interest the effort being made to put on the market American sardines packed in pure olive oil. Extra-selected sardines are being used. The prediction was made yesterday by a representative of the jobbers that, if the packers can be gotten to carry out the ideas advanced by the trade in regard to the preparation and packing of the fish, there was almost a certainty that the native sardine would remain in the market, and sell in large quantities even after imported sardines get to be more plentiful and reasonable in price. The success of the endeavor rests entirely with the packers, according to trade factors.

⁂

How Much Sold Up Were They?

Some mill representatives, who kept quiet while their competitors made loud boasts of having their year's production sold up, are now enjoying a laugh at the expense of their fellows. The mill representatives who claimed to have their output disposed of satisfactorily are now among the most eager to get army business. Whether the attempt will be made to substitute army business for the orders of regular customers which were accepted at rather low prices, is something no one in the market cares to say. The excuse of having a Government or war contract, however, is not unknown to buyers who have been fortunate enough in the past to purchase goods when they were low priced and found it difficult to get deliveries.

⁂

The Men's Sport Coat Demand.

The men's sport coat branch of the clothing trade is making rapid strides. The great popularity of such sports as tennis and golf is responsible for the growth of this new department of manufacturing. At present the manufacturers find two distinct types of garment in demand. For the medium and cheaper class trade, knitted coats are sought, retailing from about $7.50 up. Colors range from the dark attractive mixtures to real "loud" cloth patterns. In the higher grade of such clothing gabardines are principally in demand. Retail prices for these start in at about $18.50. The covert shade is the most popular, and contrasting backs are used. A distinct advantage of these garments is that they are waterproof, so that the player need have no fear of the shower that may catch him on the links or court.

⁂

Colored Cottons Are Active.

Denims and colored goods in general are showing a little more activity. Printcloths, dull for some time, have been in more active demand during the last week. Orders are now being taken for shipment up to the first of the year. Filling in bills for the Fall are reported to be larger than usual. Staple ginghams are moving freely, and the fancy dress cottons in a number of different lines have been sold up and withdrawn. More natural indigo is coming in to take the place of logwood dyes, which did not give all the satisfaction which the trade desired. There is no sign of weakness in prices, and the outlook is for higher ones. Buyers who have failed to place orders will find difficulty, it is said, in getting in their necessary supplies. The Mexican situation is having no apparent effect on the trade, although some letters were received yesterday from points close to the border asking that goods ready for shipment be held up.

NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLES.

Fine Points Raised in a Test Tariff Case Concerning Them.

The increasing use of non-refillable bottles by foreign shippers of spirits is responsible for a suit which the Government is pressing before the Reappraisement Division of the Board of General Appraisers. The test case now before the customs tribunal has to do with shipments of Scotch whisky to this country by the David Nicholson Grocery Company, Glasgow.

Duty was taken in the usual way on the whisky at specific rates per proof gallon, there being no dispute regarding the accuracy of the assessment on the spirits. In levying duty on the bottles, however, the Collector added the value of the non-refillable device to each bottle, and, regarding the bottle and the device as an entity, exacted duty at the rate applicable to bottles, which was 30 per cent. The Government's theory on which the assessment was made was that the device enhanced the value of the bottle.

The American importers, on the other hand, maintained that the various components of the device, such as the outer foil, wooden top, insert cork, sleeve, cork wafer, porcelain parts and labels, actually constituted packing charges necessary to put the merchandise in a condition for shipment. It was argued that as such, the Collector alone was authorized under the tariff law to decide what value attached, if any, and what rate of duty to levy. In the case at bar this was not done by the Collector, his action being merely to add the non-refillable adjuncts to the value of the bottle.

When the issue came before Judge Sullivan, sitting as a single reappraisement official, he decided that a ruling of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals made under the Tariff act of 1897 was made under the Tariff act of 1897 in the case of olive oil bottles was applicable to the issue before him.

Luke Lamb of the Department of Justice, who will try the appealed Scotch whisky case before the full board, said yesterday that the Government will insist that the decision in the Hayes case cited by Judge Sullivan as conclusive of the present issue has no application to the pending case.

Silk Rate Hearing Continues.

The Silk Association of America closed its case yesterday before Examiner Henry Thurtell of the Interstate Commerce Commission at the hearing held in the assembly room of the Merchants' Association, in which it was charged that railroad rates were too high on raw finished silk goods. The entire afternoon session was devoted to hearing the railroads' side of the controversy. Representatives of the transportation lines submitted statistics in support of their contention that the present rates should be allowed to stand. Today counsel for both sides will sum up.

Big Wool Purchase.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 29.—More than two million pounds of wool were purchased yesterday and today by Boston buyers at the concentrating stations of Lampasas, Kerrville, and Deirio.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Tiles, Dyes, and Other Articles Figure in the Decisions.

Bernard, Judae & Co., Chicago, lost yesterday before the Board of General Appraisers in a protest claiming lower duty on tiles made from a design to form part of a panel. Altogether there were seventy tiles in the completed panel or picture, which represented a dairy farm. The panels were intended to be used as wainscoting in the restaurants operated by the proprietor of the farm. The Collector took 30 per cent. duty under the provision for "articles composed wholly or in chief value of earthenware tiles or tiling." The claim was for entry at 5 cents per square foot under the same paragraph reading "decorated and all other earthenware tiles or tiling." Judge McClelland said that the tile provision in the old Tariff act had been re-enacted in the act of 1913, and that no reason existed for disturbing the Collector's classification.

Importers of German dyestuffs were overruled yesterday in claims for a reduction in the assessment imposed on merchandise returned at 30 per cent. as coal tar colors. Judge Brown said the case would have to be determined by a ruling made some time ago by the Customs Court, which construed the designation "coal tar colors" in Paragraph 20 to be the equivalent of the enumeration by name of all classes and kinds of coal tar colors not otherwise provided for. The importers figuring in the litigation disposed of yesterday included the Farbwerke Hoechst Company, Badische Company, Berlin Aniline Works, Herman A. Metz, and Thomas Nevin.

Collapsible metal drinking cups of the more expensive sort, imported by Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, formed the subject of a decision by Judge Sullivan. The goods were packed in leather cases for convenience in carrying about. The Collector accordingly held that as they were designed to be carried on or about the person they were properly taxable at 60 per cent. Among the claims for lower duty was one for a rate of 50 per cent. as metal articles plated with gold. The board decided that this classification was applicable to the merchandise and sustained the protest.

Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, imported tape measures about one meter long, inclosed in a round nickel-plated case about one and a half inches in diameter, by one-half inch thick. They were returned for duty at 60 per cent. as metal articles worth more than 20 cents per dozen pieces, intended to be carried on or or about the person. The board sustained the claim for entry at 20 per cent. under the provision for manufactures of metal not specially provided for.

Judge McClelland, sitting as a reappraisement official, upheld the local Appraiser by approving of an advance of 10 per cent. over entered prices on rubber blankets shipped to an importing firm in this city by P. B. Cow & Co., London. The merchandise was described on the invoices as "28 by 3-ply PBC blankets special adhesive quality." The blankets of this class were entered as having an English value of 10 shillings, 3 pence per yard, while those described as 32 by 3-ply were entered at the Custom House at 11 shillings, 9 pence per yard. The General Appraiser found that the market prices on these goods had risen at the date of shipment, and that the American importers in making entry failed to take this fact into account.

BRITISH IMPORTS CUT DOWN

Automobiles and Parts, Vacuum Cleaners, and Yeast on New List.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The British Government has announced, according to a dispatch from Consul General Skinner, at London, a further restriction on the importation into the United Kingdom of automobiles and other articles, which is to go into effect on July 16. Provision is made for the importation, under licenses issued by the Government, of such articles as may be approved by the Government authorities.

After July 6 the importation into the United Kingdom of such motor cars, chassis, parts and accessories (except tires) as were exempted from previous prohibition and of vacuum cleaners and yeast will be prohibited. Licenses to import such goods will be granted where goods were en route or were paid for on the date of the proclamation. Licenses for the importation of automobiles will be issued where the national interest is apparent or where commercial motor cars are required for fire departments, conveyance of wounded or sick, for police or local Government authorities, agricultural purposes, or the conveyance of essential goods. Spare automobile parts may be imported under licenses when intended for imported commercial vehicles already in the United Kingdom. Licenses to import yeast not exceeding half the amount imported in 1915 will be granted.

A general license has been issued permitting the unrestricted importation of the following products: Glacial acetic acid, steel ball bearings, returned empties, grindstones, hosiery needles, magnesite, oil stones, pumice stones, sharpening stones, tops and bottoms and wooden hoops for wooden barrels, birch timber in logs from Canada, Labrador, and Newfoundland; birch, maple, and persimmon blocks and squares for bobbins, reels, shuttles, and spools; boxboards and shooks, case boards, flooring boards of non-prohibited wood, ash, oak, pine blocks for match making, ply wood, and tool handles.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

DAILY & CARLSON.—George Daily and John August Carlson, who composed the firm of Daily & Carlson, builders, 440 East 136th Street, Bronx, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $937,095, of which $931,000 is secured by mortgages and $6,095 unsecured for labor and materials. Among the holders of the mortgages were the Title Guaranty and Trust Company, $250,000; Title Insurance Company, $250,000; estate of Henry Mason, $145,000; estate of Joseph Hamerschlag, $81,000, and Charles Lane, $35,000. Among their building operations was an apartment house, corner Broadway and 133d Street, in 1908.

JOSEPH R. ROSS, salesman, 611 West 141st Street, formerly President of the Van Houten Ten Broeck Company, manufacturer of therapeutic instruments, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $36,661 and no assets. Most of the liabilities are on account of the above company which went into bankruptcy on Sept. 1, 1914. Willis N. Boynton of Brewster is a creditor for $7,261.

WILLIAM R. HAYNIE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against William R. Haynie as a dealer in marine oil engines, 30 Church Street, who was President of the Marine Oil Engine Company, Incorporated, 30 Church Street, by Blau, Zalkin & Cohen, attorneys for Benjamin Swartz, receiver of the company, which is a creditor for more than $10,000.

LOUIS KROMMINGA, grocer, 130 Greenwich Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,880 and assets of $2,197.

ALEXANDER E. COHEN, dealer in clothing, 220 Canal Street and 683 Sixth Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities $129,740, of which $85,500 is secured by bond and mortgage, and assets $11,059. He also has real estate at 260 Brook Avenue, Bronx, and 588 Baltic Street, Brooklyn, value unknown, and forty-one shares of stock of the Lauser Realty Company, value unknown, and a claim against subway contractors for damages.

114TH STREET AND SEVENTH AVENUE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, 1,884 Seventh Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities $276,225, of which $107,982 was secured by bond and mortgage, and no available assets. Among the creditors were the Germania Life Insurance Company, $68,029, deficiency judgment; S. Wolk, $37,652, deficiency judgment; Brandt Brothers, $14,000, and Empire City-Gerard Company of Brooklyn, $4,400.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 29.—Metal Shelter Company of Illinois, manufacturers of steel buildings, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $10,664; assets, $1,984.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 29.—John J. McJeskey, partner of H. E. Kuhns in the Auditorium Filling Company, filed a bankruptcy petition for the firm recently, but Kuhns refused to join. McJeskey declared the liabilities $1,408.93 and the assets $924. Kuhns declares that the liabilities are $755.38 and the assets $1,000, aside from $1,500 alleged to be owed the firm by McJeskey. In a personal bankruptcy petition McJeskey declares his liabilities as $20,115.66 and his assets $8,450.

Special to The New York Times.

WACO, Texas, June 29.—P. G. Silber, manufacturer of silos, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $11,127 and assets of $653.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Bagge, Thomas—City of N. Y.	$135.37
Stanworth Co.—Same	209.37
Standard Bankers Corp.—Same	2,360.25
Snow Church Directory Co.—Same	111.93
Arnold, Eva, executrix—Burns Bros.	564.22
Ablowich, Percy—C. E. Ablowich, costs	107.35
Bergerman, Harry H.—American Agricultural Chemical Co.	277.56
Bunge, Margaretha—Golde & Patent Mfg. Co.	143.41
Bement, William P., Arthur R. Weil, and Pennsylvania Co. for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities, exrs.—Aetna Life Insurance Co.	103.30
Same—H. Comins	102.42
Bickerton, Joseph P., Jr.—Morgan Lithograph Co.	582.19
Bigelow, Edwin H.—N. Rock et al.	405.13
Binder, Sam—N. Y. Consolidated R. R. Co., costs	141.08
Bacon, John—M. G. Schletz	177.32
Berlinger, Milton—I. Bell	10,373.63
Bender, Frederick R.—A. Van Derwerken	216.74
City of N. Y.—Cleveland Trinidad Paving Co.	5,019.89
Crotty, Mary and Ellan—P. McNamara	2,831.03
Christian, M. Jorgensen, Inc.—Coney Island Construction Supply Co.	148.83
Cottonwood Creek Copper Co.—City of N. Y.	1,014.24
Carson, Matthew B.—MacBeth-Evans Glass Co.	727.41
Corner Amusement Co.—Rudolph Wurlitzer Co.	624.91
Farmers Loan and Trust Co., admrs.—J. G. Wagner et al.	19,551.70
Foster, Mary C.—H. P. De Forest	168.97
Fishkin, Max, and Abraham A. Fishkin—C. A. Kalish et al.	121.25
Fitzgerald, Delia—A. Herter	195.41
Griffin, Samuel H.—I. N. Burdick	114.69
Greenfield, Samuel—Burns Bros.	465.96
Howe, Wm. G.—W. E. D. Stokes	1,198.00
Kahnweiler, Louis—Prince Lauten Co.	473.30
Knowles, E. Pattison—K. E. Knowles	500.00
Katz, Louis—N. Koenig et al.	148.17
Kaplan, Morris—L Frankel	384.85
Kaufmann, Gaston and Marie—H. de Serris	187.66
Levy, Joseph—Snider Mfg. Co.	215.70
Levy, Jacob—R. Goldman	842.80
Lumley, Joseph H.—G. Slaerno et al.	178.67
Leighty, Granville—N. B. Tichenor	432.03
Leighton, John A.—M. D. Leighton, costs	122.10
Lenigan, John F.—Aeolian Co.	1,530.39
Lucas, Hannah C.—Rockland County Trust Co.	948.58
Marcy, William—C. T. Silver Co. Inc.	111.41
Marshall, Raymond W.—J. O. Polak	152.77
Malkinson, Arthur L., and Israel Friedkin, executors—C. A. Suydam	4,271.14
McDonald, Mary E.—New Netherland Bank of New York	2,334.08
McEniry, Wm. P.—J. H. Murphy	348.40
Merominsky, Isadore—Clover Farms, Inc., costs	109.06
Madine, George—Century Garage Corp.	761.00
Moisant, Alfred J., and Drurie S. Sanford—First Nat. Bank of Bayonne	24,527.37
M. G. Melvin Co., Inc.—R. M. Gay	138.21
Moskowitz, Aida—M. Simon et al., costs	109.02
Same—F. Morans, costs	107.84
Nathanson, Henry—E. A. Carley	288.24
Norman, Edw. A—H C Piercy	112.81
Nesbit, Frederick T.—W. B. Young	15,126.35
Nelligan, Ruth—City of N. Y., costs	142.35
Ober, Louis—S. Tancer	351.35
Owen, William L.—J. Riedler	196.65
Perel, Morris—R. H. Long Machine Co.	241.40
Progressive Wine and Liquor Co., Inc.—Steinhardt Bros. Co.	1,395.72
Rapert, Emil—H. C. Leon	509.26
Reaves, Robert L.—Joseph P. McHugh & Son	191.84
Rogers, J. Dwight—J. W. Malone	154.43
Renneck, Saul—M. N. Nitzsche	843.41
Roberge, Franklin P.—C. H. Ruge	11,069.64
Schoffer, Isaac—State Bank	1,526.44
Schwartz, Max—R. Scardy	818.78
Schlusselberg, Max—M. Mittenthal et al.	149.93
Spingold, Frances L.—E. Bailey	1,137.54
Sandford, Paul—E. Burn	161.90
Thomas, Ida E.; Charles R. Thomas, and Oliver L. Sherwood—Wright & Ditson	219.51
Valenstein, Julius and Louis—I. M. Shaine	1,350.17
Travelers' Insurance Co.—M. T. Eltonhead	3,530.84
Weiner, Samuel—H. Scher	544.21
Ziegler, Henry M.—A. E. Steinthal et al.	1,541.13
Wood, James T.—N. Burkan	30,424.85
Ward, Harold L.—Lords Court Building	358.18
Zuelch, George—H. D. Ventres	2,256.94
Same—A. Kearns	1,612.10
Yate & Porterfield Trading Co.—J. N. Brown	4,260.85

In Bronx County.

Brody, Harry, and Joseph Weinstein—I. Rachmel	$147.36
Bronx Terminal Iron Works, Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	18.49
Davidson Plumbing and Supply Co.—J. G. Abramson	339.22
Economical Flush Valve Mfg. Co.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	47.44
Golub, Joseph—H. Schneider et al.	174.72
Gross, Regnie—N. Y. Telephone Co.	36.22
Gibbs, Edward C.—Same	85.39
H. C. Jackson Realty Co., Inc.—Same	48.34
Holmes, William H.—Same	45.11
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—M. Tonnelly	1,590.47
Kratzsch, Kurt—F. Gross et al.	152.97
Kovacs Const. Co.—Ess Ess Realty Co.	8,502.95
Lopard, Charles—N. Smith, Jr.	3,271.54
Morgenstern, Clarence W.—J. H. Leines	34.72
May Bldg. Co. and Anna Wolkenberg—Mularkey & Co., Inc.	38.10
May Bldg. Co.—Same	41.08
Scarano, Arthur—N. Y. Telephone Co.	18.95
Seintz, Abraham—Same	26.71
Sanna, Alfred D.—Same	20.77
Sirico, George J.—Same	24.51
Socal, Nathan—W. Salberg	542.91
Singhi, Henry U.—Winton Car Co.	122.17
Union Railway Co. of New York City—G. Spadafino	150.00
Weill, Margaret E.—N. Y. Telephone Co.	33.34
Weill, Henry M.—C. M. Mapes	62.29

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Charles Nueciarone Undertaking Co.—J. W. Stoltz, Feb. 29, 1912	$273.55
Donald Steamship Co., Inc.—T. J. Lewis, June 22, 1916	784.29
Dailey, Louis B.—F. Hussa, June 15, 1915	152.55
Ehret, George—G. Mentsani, June 27, 1916	150.00
Fox, Hugh L., Hugh C., and Frances F.—F. F. Proctor, May 2, 1913	110.04
Same—same, Feb. 18, 1914	116.86
J. J. O'Connor & Son, Inc.—Hudson Coating Co., Inc., Nov. 22, 1915	402.72
Kraus, Jerome C.—W. Kellner et al., June 25, 1913	303.91
Miller, Florence—Northern Bank of N. Y.; June 24, 1915	113.90
New England Steamship Co.—D. I. Merrifield, June 7, 1910	500.00
O'Donnelly, Bernard L.—S. Holzmann, June 15, 1916	104.55
Stellman, Jacob and Moses—J. Butler, June 19, 1915	707.66
Shannon, Joseph A.—Butchers Advocate Co., Jan. 11, 1915	151.41
Tingley, Richard H., and Charles E. Van Bibber—European-American Bank, Aug. 17, 1909	844.81
Van Dusen, Charles—O. Ahlert, June 17, 1916	4,628.88
Voorhis, Edith R.—Northern Bank of N. Y., June 24, 1915	518.79
Tassi, Joseph—D. Stillman, April 21, 1916, (vacated)	161.41
National Surety Co.—Neuchatel Asphalt Co., Ltd.—May 29, 1909, (released)	3,084.33
Rosenberg, Irving—L. Heller, Aug. 13, 1915, (canceled)	217.70
Windhorst, Casper H.—City of N. Y., Sep. 30, 1908	114.70
McNeece, Thomas I.—E. W. Brenan, Sept. 22, 1915	119.54
McNeece, Mary F.—same, Sept. 22, 1915	219.03
Jochmowitz, Gerschon, and Max Eisler—E. Gottfried et al., May 23, 1916	295.29
Burke, Joseph L.—J. R. Clarke, June 18, 1913	148.21

In Bronx County.

Kloberg, Oscar—C. Chatzinoff, Jan. 5, 1914	$77.72
Van Dusen, Charles—O. Ahlert, June 17, 1916	4,628.88

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BALTIMORE—O'Neill & Co.; H. C. Taylor, carpets, rugs; Continental.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss M. H. Schofield, laces, embroideries; 18 W. 35th.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Stewart & Co.; W. W. Stone, women's underwear, hosiery, gloves, umbrellas; 18 W. 35th.
BERWICK, Penn.—Berwick Store Co., Ltd.; W. C. Garrison, manager; Breslin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Kartus & Weinstein; S. Weinstein, ready-to-wear; Marlborough.
BOSTON—Dunlop-Cook Store; Miss J. A. Johnson, women's coats, suits; Park Av.
BOSTON—M. Feldman & Co.; M. Feldman, cloaks, suits; B'way Central.
BOSTON, Mass.—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Miss N. Thurlow, infants' wear, 432 4th Av.; Great Northern.
BOSTON, Mass.—T. Long Co.; C. E. Aldrich, cut glass; Murray Hill.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; A. H. Shannon, silks, dress goods; 470 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; C. Stevens, women's ready-to-wear; 18 W. 35th.
CHICAGO—T. Ascher Co.; J. D. Nesser, flowers, feathers; 230 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—S. Ach & Co.; L. E. Ach, hats, straw braids; 621 B'way.
CLEBURNE, Texas—Bradbury Clothing Co.; W. T. Bradbury, clothing, furn. goods; Imperial.
DALLAS, Texas—Perkins Dry Goods Co.; J. Roos, ready-to-wear; 77 Leonard.
DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss E. Schumacher, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
DAYTON, Ohio—J. G. Steely & Co.; J. G. Steely, silks, ribbons, flowers, feathers; York.
DENVER, Col.—William Weinberg; Mr. Weinberg, Fall suits; 303 5th Av., Room 909.
DENVER—Joslin Dry Goods Co.; H. M. Stoll, dry goods; 23 East 26th.
DENVER, Col.—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; M. K. Rodman, women's, childrens' underwear, hosiery, children's, infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear, kid, fabric gloves; 71 W. 23d.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. M. Moore, clothing; Remington.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—F. B. Levi; Mr. Levi, linen suits; 72 Madison Av.
MARION, Ind.—Boston Big Store; Mr. Kinnear, jobs linen suits; 72 Madison Av.
MIAMI, Fla.—F. A. Budge Co.; R. D. Maxwell, hardware, furniture; Monticello.
MONTREAL, Quebec—Seidman Bros. & Co.; M. Seidman, men's, boys' clothing; 21 E. 15th.
MUNCIE, Ind.—Bath-Paris Co.; L. A. Paris, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
NASHVILLE—L. Jonas & Co.; S. Hirsch, children's headwear; 581 Broadway; Cumberland.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Lebeck Bros.; M. S. Lebeck, dry goods; 1,261 B'way.
NORFOLK, Va.—New York Sample Store; M. Samet, ready-to-wear, millinery; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA, Penn.—Hahn, Seligman & Co.; J. Fisher, trimmings; Broadway Central.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; Miss C. Callinan, petticoats; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—M. A. Berman & Co.; M. A. Berman, notions, leather, furn. goods; B'way Central.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—J. Horne Co.; J. D. Kennedy, shoes, rubbers; 470 4th Av.; Collingwood.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Kaufmann Department Stores Co.; C. Kline, domestics, linens, flannels, blankets; 1,261 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Killar-Patterson Co.; J. S. Patterson, carpets, wall paper; Collingwood.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Kaufman-Baer Co.; Mr. Geria, Jersey fibre suits; 95 Madison Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Lee, Oden & Co.; K. Kelley, men's hats; Marie Antoinette.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Popular Outfitting Co.; H. Finestone, men's, boys' clothing; Imperial.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Western D. G. Co.; W. H. Greeley, women's ready-to-wear; 75 Leonard.
SPARTANBURG, S. C.—M. Greenwald, furn. goods, clothing, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; A. Alexander, domestics, linens; 230 5th Av.
STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—I. Sulzberger; J. I. Burke, cloaks, suits, skirts, furs, waists; 72 Madison Av.; Collingwood.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Mrs. C. P. Miller, corsets; 470 4th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Brown, Curtis & Brown; H. K. Brown, carpets, furniture; Algonquin.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Central City Crockery Co.; L. E. Nelson, crockery; Grand.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—L. Vinney Clothing Co.; C. Lenhardt, children's wear; Park Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hecht & Co.; B. W. Ehrman, shoes; Imperial.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; S. W. Woodward, representing; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; C. H. Franke, laces, neckwear, gloves; Herald Square.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—McCarthy D. G. Co.; W. E. Starr, silks, dress goods; Bretton Hall.

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Friday, 10:30 A. M., June 30th, 1916
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IN RE BERTHA HEIDELBERGER ESTATE.—Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, will sell this day, Friday, June 30th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., at 391 West End Avenue, miscellaneous household goods and furniture such as PARLOR SUITES, BEDROOM SETS, DINING ROOM FURNITURE, BRIC-A-BRAC, BABY GRAND PIANO, RUGS, PICTURES, &c.

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Have We a Right to Work?

Further details in the remarkable story of the designers experience in the present cloak strike—

For the last three weeks, members of our association have been complaining at our meetings about being bothered by the pickets, threatened and ordered to go to the meeting rooms of the strikers. Our counsellor advised them to go down there and try in a nice way to tell the people that the designer has nothing to do with the strike. We are working under contract and that our position is one of trust, and if there are sample tailors willing to work, we must design the styles for them as per our contract, otherwise we lose our positions, and not only that, if a man will not do his duty now, he will not have a chance of ever again getting a position with a reputable house. The members took our advice, and almost all of them went down to the meetings whenever called to do so and used every influence possible to settle the matter peacefully, taking into consideration that the strikers were wrought up and excited and we thought we could avoid trouble by showing them that they are wrong in the stand taken against the designers.

But read what happened to those who went to the strikers' meeting places.

The following is from affidavits of two of our members, which we published in full in yesterday's "Women's Wear":

"Then Rabinowitz said, 'Mr. Strassman, we made up our mind not to let you up in the shop from Monday on, and we are not responsible for what is going to happen.' Then, somebody turned out the light. The hall chairman was sitting next to me and got up and said, 'Boys, cool off, Mr. Strassman is a nice man, he came down twice to you people, and don't talk to him that way; cool off; he is telling you the truth.' They went away and said I shouldn't dare go to the shop. They kept me there about two hours. I attempted to go to work today, and was stopped by about eight men, who would not let me into the building."

"Wolberg then said that both Linden and myself would have to report at the Union headquarters, 11th Street, every morning at ten o'clock, and he told us that if we did not report, he would not be responsible for what happened to us."

Tuesday evening there was published an editorial in the Evening Sun, headed "Police and Strikers," touching upon the interference by the pickets of the strikers with the cloak designers. The next day Mr. Schlesinger, the leader of the strikers, apparently frightened at this publicity, issued a statement stating that a certain Designers Association had addressed a letter to him through its President, saying "We have not heard of any designers being intimidated or molested."

Read these two affidavits of two of our members, and judge for yourself

STATE OF NEW YORK
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK } ss:—

PHILIP PRESS, being duly sworn, deposes and says:—

I am a designer of ladies' cloaks and suits, and have been such, in this city, for the past thirty years.

I reside with my wife and four children at No. 61 West 117th Street, where I have resided for the past ten years.

I am a citizen of the United States, and have been a resident of this city for the past thirty years.

I am employed as designer of ladies' cloaks and suits, by the firm of BERNSTEIN & MEYERS, manufacturers, at No. 151-163 West Twenty-sixth Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and have been so employed by such firm for the past fifteen years. I am so employed by the year, and have been so employed from year to year.

I must report for work every morning of every working day, and I am liable to discharge if I do not so report, or if I am prevented from so reporting.

The said premises occupied by BERNSTEIN & MEYERS, my employers, are picketed by the striking cloak workers, and have been so picketed for some time past.

Last Thursday, June 22nd, such pickets commenced to interfere with me, threatening me serious bodily harm if I reported for work.

I disregarded such threats and kept on reporting for work; but this day, when I left the premises at the noon hour, for lunch, such strikers, former workers in the factory where I am employed, who are picketing the premises, attacked me and threatened me, in the presence of my wife, that if I returned to the shop they would cripple me, and that I wouldn't live to do any more designing.

They made motions to strike me, but my wife came to my side, and her presence really saved me.

I then went with her to Barth's restaurant, No. 32 West Twenty-eighth Street. The pickets followed me, and when I was leaving the restaurant they again commenced to attack me, saying that if I went to the shop that I would surely be killed. They were about jumping upon me when I escaped and ran back to the restaurant with my wife. The proprietor of the restaurant called a policeman. I telephoned to the factory; the firm sent a salesman by the name of Emanuel Stamm to help escort me from the restaurant. A policeman was called. I told him the situation, and he accompanied me part of the distance. Another policeman met him and he placed me in the care of the other policeman, who accompanied me to the premises and saw me safely within the building.

My wife and children are absolutely dependent upon my wages for support. If I should be crippled or incapacitated from working, my wife and children, as well as myself, would be absolutely dependent on charity, on the cold mercies of the world.

I told the pickets that I must make a living, that they should not interfere with me, that their president, Mr. Schlesinger, published a statement that the pickets do not interfere with the designers, or with others that desired to work; but the pickets answered me that they did not care what Schlesinger published, they were attending to their business.

PHILIP PRESS.

Sworn to before me this 28th day of June, 1916,
Max E. Klinkenstein, No. 16 Commissioner of Deeds, New York City.

STATE OF NEW YORK
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK } ss:—

PHILIP UNGER, being duly sworn, deposes and says:—

I reside at No. 1251 Fifty-first Street, City of New York, Borough of Brooklyn, where I have resided for the past three years.

I have been a resident of this city for the past twenty-one years, and have been a citizen of the United States for the past twelve years.

I am a designer of ladies' cloaks and suits, and have been such, in this city, for the past nineteen years.

I am now employed under a yearly contract by PHIL KATZ, a manufacturer of ladies' suits, at No. 11 East Twenty-sixth Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, as designer.

About three weeks ago I was directed by the pickets of the striking cloak workers to report at their union headquarters. I obeyed instructions, went there, and was told not to go back to work, but I refused to obey the instructions and went to work.

This day as I went down for lunch I was stopped by one of the pickets, who told me that he was sent by the general picket committee to order me to report to the union headquarters of the strikers.

I told him I had no business there, and he then told me that I had better come or I would be sorry.

Mr. Isaac Epstein, whose affidavit is hereto annexed, is also a designer employed by Phil Katz, and he and I were together at the time. We usually go to lunch together, and what was stated to me was also stated to Mr. Epstein. When I refused to report to the union headquarters of the strikers, Mr. Epstein acted the same as I did, and answered accordingly.

I looked for an officer, and it was at least one-half hour before I saw one approach, although there are three great twenty-story buildings on the block, occupied by cloak manufacturers whose workers are all on strike; and the block is picketed by at least three hundred strikers.

PHILIP UNGER.

Sworn to before me this 29th day of June, 1916,
Jacob P. Levinson, Commissioner of Deeds. Cert. Filed Bronx Co., Cert. Filed New York Co. Commission expires Feb. 2, 1917.

We are in possession of many more similar affidavits, and will publish them, if necessary, as soon as our designers raise the funds required for their publication.

When ten men, at the head of whom was Mr. Langer of the Joint Board of the strikers, can come up at ten o'clock at night to Mr. Killman, designer for Max Rubel, and in his own house say to him, "Mr. Killman, we do not want you to go back to work."

When a committee of strikers can come into a restaurant at 32nd St. and in the presence of Mrs. Mesner, the owner, say to Mr. Kleinrock, designer for J. Jonasson, "If you dare to go back to work, you know what will happen. Remember what happened to Mr. Flynn of A. Gershel, in the last strike." When Mr. Press, designer for Bernstein & Meyers, came up to us yesterday, almost crying, with his wife as his guard, telling us that he is afraid of his life, and asking us what to do. (Read his affidavit above.)

When such a thing is possible in the Twentieth Century, and in the City of New York, we ask, "Who is going to protect us in our right to work?"

"The Right To Work Campaign Committee" of the United Cloak and Suit Designers' Mutual Aid Ass'n, 315 5th Ave., N. Y.

J. LOOKER,
of A. & S. Levy Co., Chairman.

H. SPINRAD,
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Advance Violently at Opening, React and Recover Partially—Mexican Factor.

In an impetuous opening prices were carried forward with a rush at the outset of trading on the Stock Exchange yesterday. The news that Carranza had ordered the release of the American troopers held at Chihuahua was interpreted to mean that Carranza would make further concessions and that the danger of war with Mexico which had seemed imminent had been avoided or at least had become remote. Upon that interpretation of the news there was a rush among the shorts to cover and those who covered at the very beginning of the day's trading were forced by their own fears and by the efforts of those long of stocks to pay prices which varied from 1 to 10 points over the closing prices of the previous day.

It had been known that a large amount of weakly held stock had been liquidated since the crisis in our Mexican relations, now made less acute, developed and that much of this stock had passed into stronger hands. It appeared yesterday that this process was accompanied by more short selling than had been suspected. Therein lay the explanation or at all events the chief explanation of the manner in which the market responded to yesterday's news.

The opening gains were too large to hold. In nearly all cases the highest prices of the day were recorded during the first ten minutes of trading. Thereafter the market, which at the opening was very active, became relatively dull and prices fell away. So well, however, had the speculative position which existed in stocks a fortnight ago been liquidated that the higher level of prices which prevailed even after the reaction which followed the opening up-rush, did not call out any very large amount of stock. Increasing moderately in activity, the list moved up again before the end of the day on belated short covering, and on some new buying in the belief that the Mexican situation might now move rapidly into a far less threatening stage. Reports from Washington told of such a belief in the capital, and after the morning's news and the manner in which the market had responded to it many traders were disposed to put a very favorable interpretation upon the Mexican situation and in turn to make that the basis of new buying.

While the view has been held that war with Mexico would not seriously hamper business in the United States, but that on the contrary it might stimulate trade, it has not been felt that business was in any great need of stimulation. In many directions activity in trade is as great as the country's facilities for production permit and whatever stimulation might come as a result of new orders would have to find reflection in prices rather than in any substantial increase in output. The plant of the country is not believed to be capable of any material increase in output within any brief period. The market may, therefore, contemplate without any regret the loss of the stimulation which might come from home war orders. It is not perhaps as clearly justified in jumping at the conclusion, to which many traders were inclined to jump yesterday, that the restrictive influence of the Mexican problem is a thing of the past. The problem remains even, though it has become less acute than it was while the Carranza reply to our demand for the release of the captured troopers remained in doubt.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.
Boston	3	3½	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Richmond	..	4	4	4
Atlanta	..	4	4	4
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4
Minneapolis	..	4	4	4½
Kansas City	4	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	..	4	4	4
San Francisco	3	3½	4	4½

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3	3	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	..
Philadelphia	4½	3	3	3
Cleveland	5	3	3½	..
Richmond	5	3½	3½	3½
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3½
Chicago	5	..	..	..
St. Louis	5	3	3½	3
Minneapolis	5	3½	3½	3½
Kansas City	5	3½	3½	3
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3
San Francisco	5½	3	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.......2¼@2½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.......2⅝@3⅜

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Call.

High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
3	2¾	2¾	2¾

Time.

60 days.......3½@3¾ | 5 months.......3¾@4
90 days.......3½@3¾ | 6 months.......3¾@4
4 months.......3¾@4

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

30 to 90 days.......3½@3¾
4 to 6 months.......4

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.......4 @4½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	..
Cables	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.90⅛	5.90⅛	5.90⅛	+ .00⅛
Cables	5.90⅝	5.90⅝	5.90⅝	+ .00⅛
Marks—				
Demand	73.12½	73.06¼	73.06¼	..
Cables	73.18¾	73.12½	73.12½	..

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates, compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound; German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries:

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close— Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8665	London	4.75¾	4.76 7-16
5.1826	Paris	5.90⅛	5.90⅝
95.28	Berlin	73.06¼	73.12½
5.1826	Switzerland	5.29½	5.29
19.225	Greece	19.37	19.42
51.45	Russia	30.55	30.60
5.1826	Italy	6.38⅝	6.37¾
20.20	Austria	12.68	12.73
26.70	Scandinavia	29.45	29.50
19.30	Spain	20.20	20.30
40.19	Holland	41.87½	41.50
	China—		
....	Hongkong	50.25	50.87½
....	Shanghai	72.25	72.62½
	India—		
32.44	Bombay	33.00	....
32.44	Calcutta	33.00	....
	Japan—		
49.84	Kobe	50.50	50.62½
49.84	Yokohama	50.50	50.62½
	Philippine Islands—		
50.00	Manila	50.25	50.87½
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.15	42.23
32.40	Rio	24.25	24.38½

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¾	$4.71¼	$4.69¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $504,444,236; balance, $33,744,470; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $3,086,125.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 25c discount; St. Louis, 15@10c discount; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, $4.3750.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 31 7-16d, off 3-16d; in New York, 65⅝c, off ⅜c; Mexican dollars, 50¼@53⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1916.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	561,642
Same day last year	253,579
Same day two years ago	88,337
Year to date	84,564,434
Same period last year	62,259,655
Same period 1914	38,098,559

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
51½	52½	200	Acme Tea	52	52½	52	52½	...
97	98	100	Acme Tea 1st pf.	97½	97½	97½	97½	...
64¼	65	300	Ajax Rubber	64¾	64½	64¼	64½	...
19¼	19½	2,300	Alaska Gold Mines	20	20¼	19⅝	19½	− ¼
8¼	8½	1,400	Alaska Juneau	8	8⅝	8	8⅝	+ ⅝
23½	23⅝	2,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	25	25	23	23	+ ⅞
78½	78⅝	1,400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	78⅛	79	78½	78⅝	+1
87½	88	9,200	Am. Beet Sugar	89	89½	87⅝	88	+2¼
52¾	52⅞	2,800	Am. Can	52⅞	52⅞	52	52⅞	+1
100	109½	300	Am. Can pf.	109½	109½	109¼	109½	+ ¼
54½	54⅝	9,300	Am. Car & Fdry.	56⅝	56⅝	53¾	54½	...
144	150	100	Am. Coal Products	145	145	145	145	+3
54	54½	800	Am. Cotton Oil	53⅝	54	53⅝	54	+ ½
10¼	10½	1,900	Am. H. & Leather	10½	10⅝	10	10¼	− ⅛
52¼	52½	1,500	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	53½	53½	51⅝	52	−1½
28	28¼	800	Am. Ice Securities	28½	28½	28¼	28¼	+ ¼
19⅝	20	800	Am. Linseed	19½	19⅝	19⅝	19⅞	+ ⅝
67½	67¾	4,400	Am. Locomotive	68⅞	69	67½	67⅝	+ ⅝
7	7½	100	Am. Malt	7½	7¼	7½	7½	− ⅝
56	87	375	Am. Malt pf.	85¼	86	85¼	86	+1½
93¼	94	11,870	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	94½	95	93⅝	93¾	+2½
92⅝	93¼	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A.	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	+ ½
48½	49	300	Am. Steel F'dries	49	49	48½	49	+2¼
109	110	300	Am. Sugar Ref.	109½	109½	109½	109½	+ ⅜
130	130¼	600	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	130	130¼	130	130	...
45	45½	400	Am. Woolen	45½	45½	45¼	45¼	+ ¼
94¼	95	600	Am. Woolen pf.	94⅛	94⅝	94⅛	94¼	+ ½
23⅝	24	300	Am. Writing P. pf.	23	23½	23	23½	+1½
41	41½	2,700	Am. Zinc L. & S.	41	41⅝	40½	41½	+1
65½	66	200	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf.	65½	66	65½	66	...
81½	82	11,800	Anaconda Cop. Co.	82½	82½	81⅝	82	+1⅜
67½	68	100	Associated Oil	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	+ ⅞
104⅝	105¼	2,200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	104⅝	105	104⅝	105	+ ⅜
100⅝	101	900	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	101	101	100⅞	101	...
110	113	200	Atlantic Coast Line	113	113	112½	112½	− ½
77⅝	77⅞	11,800	Baldwin Loco.	79⅞	80	76½	77⅞	+ ½
88½	88⅝	2,500	Baltimore & Ohio	89½	89¼	88½	88⅝	+ ¾
1½	1⅝	200	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
440	442	300	Bethlehem Steel	437	441½	437	441½	+1½
85	86½	300	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	86	86½	86	86½	+ ⅝
68⅝	69	7,900	Butte & Superior	70	73	68	69	+2½
15½	15⅝	1,100	California Petrol.	15⅝	16	15½	15½	− ½
41½	44	1,000	California Pet. pf.	42	42	40	41	−2½
175⅝	176½	300	Canadian Pacific	176½	176½	176½	176½	+1½
56⅞	57	4,400	Central Leather Co.	56⅝	57	56⅝	57	+ ⅝
110	112	200	Central Leather pf.	111	111	111	111	−1½
110¼	112	1,200	Chandler Motor	112	112	110¼	111⅝	+3½
61⅝	61½	1,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	61⅛	62	61⅝	61½	+1½
35½	35½	600	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	36	36	35⅝	35⅝	− ⅜
97	97½	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	97⅝	97⅝	97	97½	+1¼
130	130½	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	130½	130½	130½	130½	− ½
128¼	129½	100	Chi. & Northwest	129	129	129	129	+ ½
22⅝	22¾	3,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	23¼	23¼	22⅝	22¾	+ ½
20⅝	21	100	Chile Copper	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	− ⅝
49⅝	50	1,300	Chino Copper	50⅝	50⅝	49½	49⅝	+ ⅛
53	54	200	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	53	53	53	53	−1
73	73¼	200	Cluett, Peabody Co.	73	73¼	73	73¼	+ ½
41⅝	41⅝	4,400	Col. Fuel & Iron	42	42⅝	41¼	41⅝	+ ⅝
58½	60	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	59	59	59	59	+1½
43	46	100	Comput. Tab. Rec.	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	− ⅝
99¼	100	600	Continental Can	99½	99½	98	99	+3
14½	14⅝	2,700	Corn Products Ref.	14⅝	14⅝	14¼	14⅝	+ ¼
76⅝	76⅝	19,100	Crucible Steel	78⅝	78⅝	75⅝	76⅝	+1½
115	115⅝	300	Crucible Steel pf.	115	115	115	115	− ½
225	235	200	Cuban-Am. Sugar	230	230	226	226	−1½
60	60½	8,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	60¼	60⅝	59½	60	...
95⅝	95⅝	1,700	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	95	95½	95	95½	...
90	92	100	Deere & Co.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	...
81	81½	600	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	30¼	31	30	31	+2
136	137½	100	Detroit Edison Co.	136½	136½	136½	136½	+ ½
136	137½	10	Do., odd lot	137	137	137	137	...
44⅝	44½	1,700	Distillers' Secur.	47	47	44	44	+ ⅝
26½	26⅝	100	Dome Mines	26	26	26	26	+ ⅜
25⅝	36	8,400	Erie	36¼	36¼	35⅝	36	+ ¾
52	52½	700	Erie 1st pf.	51⅝	52	51⅝	52	+1
166	167	200	General Electric	167	167	167	167	+2
110½	113	100	General Motors pf.	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼	− ¼
75	75¼	2,400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	74½	75	74½	75	+1
83	86	400	Granby Consol.	85	85	85	85	...
77	77⅝	1,800	Utah Copper	77	78	76⅝	77	+1
40	40½	700	Va.-Car. Chemical	40½	40¾	40	40¾	+ ⅞
13¾	14	100	Wabash	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	+ ½
48¼	48½	1,100	Wabash pf. A	48½	48½	47⅞	48½	+1
126½	129	800	Wells Fargo Exp	128	128	128	128	+1⅞
28¾	29¼	100	Western Maryland	29	29	29	29	+ ⅜
93¾	93½	200	Western Union Tel	94	94	93¾	93¾	+1½
59	59¼	4,700	Westingh. E. & M.	59½	59¾	58⅝	59¼	+1½
70	74	100	Westingh. 1st pf.	74	74	74	74	+ ½
72½	72¾	4,900	Willys-Overland	73¾	74	72	72¾	...
106¾	107½	100	Willys-Overland pf.	107½	107½	107½	107½	...
41½	42¼	500	Wisconsin Central	42	42½	42	42½	+2
135½	136	1,200	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co.	136	136¼	135¼	135½	+1⅜
123	124	100	Woolworth pf.	123	123	123	123	− ½

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Exchange Considers Mexican Situation More Hopeful.

LONDON, June 29.—The better Mexican situation and an official announcement that the Australian Commonwealth loan had been fully subscribed for created a good impression on the Stock Exchange today, although business did not increase in view of the holiday Saturday and the final abandonment of minimum prices Monday. Home rails and shipping industrial shares were the best sections, copper stock had a good tone and there were signs of reviving interest in Kaffirs. American securities, after a dull forenoon, recovered and closed firm.

The money market is experiencing the half-yearly stringency. Discount rates remain firm.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, June 29.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs 25 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 28 francs 16 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 89 francs.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, June 29.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	6,338,000
Silver in hand decreased	1,649,000
Notes in circulation increased	70,748,000
Treasury deposits increased	6,247,000
General deposits increased	218,151,000
Bills discounted increased	58,191,000
Advances decreased	21,845,000

WAR LOAN FROM CANADA.

Banks Arranging to Place a $25,000,000 Credit in London.

Sir Frederick Williams Taylor, General Manager of the Bank of Montreal, has gone to London to complete arrangements for an additional loan of $25,000,000, which Canadian banks will make to the British Government. The money will be advanced to the Imperial Munitions Board, making a total of $101,000,000 supplied by the banks. In return the British Government agrees to the placing of large war contracts with Canadian manufacturers.

Preparations have been started in Canada for a new domestic war loan, which is expected to amount to $150,000,000 or $200,000,000. It will bear interest at 5 per cent., and be payable only in Montreal, so that no part of the loan will be offered in the United States. It is not expected that this loan will be brought out before September.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, June 29.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£1,012,000
Circulation increased	684,000
Bullion decreased	327,968
Other securities increased	13,930,000
Other deposits increased	14,822,000
Public deposits decreased	1,921,000
Notes reserve decreased	1,114,000
Government securities	Unchanged

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 28.22 per cent.; last week it was 31.48 per cent. Discount rates, 5 per cent.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	80.46	79.81	80.06	+ .72
25 industrials	92.48	90.88	91.49	+ .87
50 stocks	86.42	85.35	85.78	+ .80

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
June 29	86.43	85.35	85.78	+ .80
June 28	85.53	84.58	84.98	− .02
June 27	85.58	84.31	85.00	+ .57
June 26	85.72	83.56	84.43	−1.34
June 24	85.88	85.41	85.77	+ .52
June 23	85.86	84.27	85.25	− .62
June 22	86.56	85.62	85.87	− .42

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

June.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	89.60	12	83.56	26	85.78
1915	72.25	22	66.48	1	68.13
1914	69.64	9	66.82	25	68.18
1913	69.21	2	63.09	10	66.44
1912	82.79	6	80.03	1	81.84

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	91.67	Jan. 3	80.91	Apr. 22	85.78
†1915	73.36	Apr. 30	58.99	Feb. 24	70.14
Full years:					
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 2	63.09	Feb. 1	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.22
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

*To date. †To corresponding date.

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS

June.			June.		
29	87.06	+ .09	22	87.27	− .10
28	86.97	− .08	21	87.37	+ .10
27	87.05	+ .02	20	87.27	− .07
26	87.03	− .17	19	87.34	− .09
24	87.20	..	17	87.43	+ .08
23	87.20	− .07	16	87.35	− .01

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1916	87.49	June 17	86.19	Apr. 28	86.37
†1915	84.48	Apr. 29	81.51	Jan. 2	82.57
Full years:					
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Catching the Shorts.

One of the most thoroughly discredited stocks on Wednesday was Mexican Petroleum, which sold down to 88⅝ on reports that the big oil fields at Tampico had been set on fire by the Mexicans as an act of premature vengeance. The issue closed that day at 91. Announcement in yesterday morning's papers of the release of the Carrisal prisoners made the possibility of war less and frightened short sellers of Mexpete into a rush to cover their commitments at the opening. The first sales were made at 100-101, at an overnight gain of 9 and 10 points. Afterward the price reacted to 95¾, and the close was made at 97⅞, up 6⅞.

***

Stocks in Interior Banks.

The commission houses report that their loans have been greatly reduced as a result of the drastic purging to which many of the war stocks, motors, and other highly speculative industrials have been subjected. One of the largest houses is borrowing less than half the money that it needed to carry stocks for customers a few months ago. In the banks the loan envelopes are reported fat and the amount of Stock Exchange loans considerably contracted. But in both the banks and the brokerage houses it is reported that interior banks are carrying large amounts of stocks for their customers. Many of these customers took their stocks away from the brokers and carried them in banks at home after declines had set in and brokers had called for much larger margins. Many more were in the habit of borrowing money form their own banks, when taking on stocks, preferring this system to the risk of forced sale of their stocks on a sudden dip in the market. They knew their own banks would not sell them out without ample notice, but could not be so certain of brokers hundreds of miles away. Stocks are thus carried in every interior section of the country.

***

Exchange Authorities Alert.

Many members of the Exchange grumbled at the penalty of expulsion imposed upon Rush G. Estee, considering it excessive in view of the broker's inexperience. By the same token there was nowhere complaint that the authorities were not enforcing the rules in exact compliance with the new spirit that came over the Exchange a few years ago. Nor was there criticism of the committee on business conduct for any negligence in investigating complaints and supervising business methods and practises. An instance yesterday suggested that secret connections between the big and little boards, which formerly persisted despite great vigilance, have been entirely severed. Mexican Petroleum was selling at 94⅝ on the Consolidated, concurrently with a price of 101 on the Exchange, and the highest price reached by the stock on the Consolidated was 98. Obviously there was no secret telephone connection, else no such opportunity would have been presented for arbitrage.

***

A Word to the Wise.

A short time ago a Stock Exchange firm, with offices looking down on the floor, was told that some of the people in the Exchange didn't think much of a lot of finger and hand movements that could be seen in their windows. None of them was seen thereafter. It was suggested that if they had been in evidence Mexican Petroleum would not have sold at such wide differences in price on the two boards yesterday. The differences were all the more noticeable because the first sales of the stock did not appear on the Stock Exchange ticker until fifteen minutes after the Exchange opened.

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Exposing a Crucible Canard.

A market report on Crucible Steel was published with such a positive declaration that the company had received a $4,000,000 order from the United States Government as to draw out a denial from Herbert Du Puy, Chairman of the board. "This company has not received any order for munitions of war from the United States Government since January, 1915. We have made munitions for our Government for many years and are now working on the contract referred to, which is only valued at about $300,000. This we hardly expect to complete for some months. The statement that we have taken a $4,000,000 Government order is without official authority and is, therefore, not authentic."

***

May be a G., W. & W. Dividend.

Directors of the new Gaston, Williams & Wigmore corporation will meet today, and a report was current in well-informed circles yesterday that the stock would be put upon either a 4 or 5 per cent. dividend basis. It sold from 45 up to 48¼ on the expectation. The company's earnings from war business have been very large, and the sudden development of a demand from the United States for supplies and equipment for the troops on the border has opened up a domestic field.

***

The Demand for Trucks.

By waiting until the last minute before ordering much of the equipment needed to move an army the War Department has run into difficulties in connection with articles needed at once, according to the understanding in Wall Street. It was reported yesterday that one of the largest manufacturers of trucks had received orders that would have taken all of the plant's output for months ahead, and had been compelled to refuse the new business because of earlier contracts placed here on behalf of foreign Governments. The rejected order had to be split up among several companies in order to obtain reasonably prompt deliveries. A truck for use in the field is only built on order, and it is likely that the United States will have to make arrangements with foreign buyers in order to get machines now ready for shipment.

***

First Sale of C. C. S.

Cuba Cane Sugar stocks were dealt in on the Stock Exchange for the first time yesterday. Neither class of stock was actively traded in, and the price changes were small. The preferred opened at 95, sold at 95¼ and closed at 95. The common opened at 60¼ and closed at 60. The company's earnings statement submitted to the Exchange in connection with the application to list showed net earnings for the period from Dec. 1 to April 30 of $13,900,000, and a surplus after the first installment on the preferred dividend of $13,289,000. The preferred is entitled to 7 per cent. a year, and nothing can be paid on the common stock until a balance sufficient for two years' dividends on the senior issue has been accumulated. This requirement calls for a reserve of $7,000,000, which was earned almost twice over in the first season. The five months included in the report cover practically all of the marketing season.

Stutz Motor Reorganization.

The Stutz Motor Car Company of America, organized by Allan A. Ryan and associates, has completed the purchase of all of the shares of the Stutz Motor Car Company of Indiana, the manufacturing concern. The latter was organized in 1911 with $50,000 of capital, which was increased to $100,000 in the following year by the declaration of a stock dividend of 100 per cent. Since that time cash dividends of $700,000 have been paid on the $100,000 of stock. The company turned out 1,079 cars last year, but is now completing a plant which will provide for a large increase in production.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1916.

	Par Value.
Total sales	$2,562,000
Same day last year	2,610,500
Same day two years ago	1,503,000
Year to date	538,631,450
Same period last year	395,200,700
Same period 1914	373,364,000

U S 3s, coupon
2,000.....100
Anglo-French 5s
101,000.....95⅝
20,000.....95½
500.....95⅝
88,000.....95½
36,000.....95⅝
500.....95½
1,000.....95½
2,000.....95⅝
500.....95½
500.....95½
500.....95½
500.....95⅝
11,500.....95½
10,000.....95½
10,000.....95½
7,000.....95½
28,000.....95⅝
27,000.....95½
500.....95⅝
3,000.....95½
6,000.....95½
City of Tokio 5s
500.....77½
Dom of Can temp gold 5s, 1921
20,000.....99¾
8,000.....99⅝
1926
8,000.....99¾
5,000.....99⅞
19,000.....99¾
5,000.....99⅞
74,000.....99¾
1931
25,000.....100⅛
Jap Govt 4½s, sterl loan, 2d Series, German stamp
2,000.....80¼
3,000.....80½

60,000.....94⅝
1,000.....94¾
C, B & Q y gen 4s
5,000s10f.....92½
joint 4s
9,000.....98⅛
4,000.....98
1,000.....98⅛
18,000.....98⅛
gen 4s
4,000.....92¾
Ill div 3½s
1,000.....84½
2,000.....84⅜
Chi & E Ill gen 5s
9,000.....89
Chi Gt West 4s
1,000.....70¼
Chi, Ind & Louis ref 6s
5,000.....115
Chi, M & St P 4s, 1925
5,000.....94
20,000.....93¼
conv 4½s
1,000.....101⅛
1,000.....101⅝
41,000.....101⅝
1,000.....101⅜
gen 4½s
5,000.....101⅛
5,000.....101
conv 5s, Ser B
23,000.....107⅛
7,000s10f.....107½
1,000.....107⅛
1,000.....107
ref 4½s
2,000.....92¼
C & P W 5s
1,000.....103⅛

Erie 1st con 4s
1,000.....85
cv 4s, Series B
10,000.....71½
temp conv 4s, Series D
1,000.....85
Gen Elec deb 5s
1,000.....103½
2,000.....103½
2,000.....103½
Hudson & Man 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
1,000.....72
adj inc 5s
5,000.....29½
1,000.....29⅜
Ill Cent 4s, 1952
1,000.....88⅝
Ill Cent & C, St L & N O jt 5s, Ser A
3,000.....101¼
Illinois Steel 4½s
2,000.....90¼
30,000.....90
10,000.....89⅞
Indiana Steel 5s
2,000.....102⅛
10,000.....102⅛
Inter-Met 4½s
5,000.....73⅝
3,000.....73⅞
Int R T 1st & ref 5s
1,000.....98⅛
5,000.....98½
10,000.....98⅛
2,000.....98⅝
3,000.....98
2,000.....98⅛
Int & Gt N 6s
1,000.....96½

Oregon Short L gtd refg 4s
5,000.....92
Pac T & T 5s
4,000.....100
Penn R R gen 4½s, temp cfs
3,000.....101⅝
2,000.....101¾
10,000.....101⅝
con 4½s
1,000.....104⅜
Peo & E inc 4s
18,000.....38
Phila Co conv 5s, 1922
5,000.....90¼
Public Serv Corp sinking fd 5s
2,000.....91¼
Reading gen 4s
2,000.....95⅜
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
5,000.....98
St L & S F R R gen 5s
10,000.....72
Tr Co ctfs
5,000.....72
stamped
10,000.....69
ref 4s, cfs of deposit, stam
6,000.....75¼
prior lien 4s, series A, w i
9,000.....70¾
adj 6s, w i
4,000.....84¼
income 6s, w i
10,000.....54
5,000.....54½

11,000.....100¼
Buff & Susq Iron deb 5s
5,000.....96
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
5,000.....97⅜
Cent Leather 5s
1,000.....102½
1,000.....102¾
Central N E 4s
1,000.....32
Cent Pac gtd 4s
7,000.....89
Ches & O cv 4½s
12,000.....85⅝
1,000.....85½
cv 5s
50,000.....94½

Den & Rio Grande 1st & ref 5s
1,000.....60¼
imp 5s
1,000.....85
Edison ref 5s
5,000.....101¼
Det Un Ry con 4½s
1,000.....80¼
2,000.....80
3,000s30f.....80
Det River Tunnel 4½s
1,000.....91
Dis Sec Corp 5s
1,000.....76
2,000.....76⅜
14,000.....76

2,000.....57½
N Y Tel 4½s
15,000.....98½
1,000.....98
1,000.....98¼
N Y, W & B 4½s
2,000.....73
Norf & W 10-25 conv 4s
5,000.....130
39,000.....130¼
con 4s
1,000.....92¾
Northern Pac 4s
1,000.....92½
18,000.....93
Ont Transm 5s
1,000.....90½

1,000.....95
Va-Car Chem cv deb 6s
12,000.....100¼
Wabash 1st 5s
5,000.....104½
2d 5s
1,000.....98⅝
West Un fund & real est 4½s
15,000.....94⅝
West Shore 4s
4,000.....91
registered
3,000.....88½
17,000.....88
Wis Cen gen 4s
1,000.....86

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99	..
2s, c, 1930	99	..
3s, r, 1918	100	102
3s, c, 1918	100	..
4s, r, 1925	110	112
4s, c, 1925	110	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98¼	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	135	140
Ad Rumely	15	16
Am Ag Ch.	63	68
Do pf.	98¼	99
Am B Sug pf.	96	100
Am B S & Fdy	98	106
Do pf.	168	177
Am Bk N.	39½	42½
Do pf.	49½	..
A C & F pf.	116⅝	118
Am Coal.	25	..
Am Coal P pf.	117½	119
Am Cot O pf.	99	99¼
Am Exp.	124	130
Am L pf.	44¼	45¼
Am Lo pf.	102	103
A S pf. B.	84	86
A S & R pf.	110½	111¼
Am Snuff.	131	145
Do pf.	103	110
Am S Ref pf.	117½	118¼
A T & C.	60	64
Am Tob.	204	204½
Do pf.	105½	106½
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf.	..	50
Assets R.	4	5½
Bald L pf.	104	104½
B & O pf.	76	76½
Booth Fish	..	40
Do pf.	..	80
Beth S pf.	130	140
B Un G.	125	131
Brown Sh.	52	56
Do pf.	98	100
Bruns Ter.	6	7
B, R & P.	91	100
Do pf.	111	..
But'k Co.	28½	29
Bush Ter.	100	120
Can So.	58½	59¾
Case (J I) pf.	86	89
C R R of N J.	290	333
C & S A Tel	138	140
Chi & Alt.	8¾	10¼
Do pf.	17	22
Chi Gt W.	12¼	12⅞
C & N W pf.	173	176
Chi, St P.		

	Bid.	Asked.
M & Om.	117	125
Do pf.	135	150
C, C, C & St L pf.	81½	84½
C & P Sp.	46	..
Clu-P pf.	104¼	109
Col F & I pf.	140	205
Col & So.	32½	33½
Do 2d pf.	50	55
Cons Gas.	134	135½
Cons G, B.	111½	..
Cont C pf.	108	112
Cont Ins.	50	60
Corn P R pf.	89½	90
Crex Carp.	45	60
Crip C C.	27	33
Do pf.	..	45
C-Am Sug pf.	100¼	108
Del & H.	150	151½
D, L & W.	227½	232
D & R G.	12	15
D P & L.	55	..
Do pf.	95	96
Det & M.	77½	..
Do pf.	87½	..
Det U Ry.	114	115
Dia Match.	106	112
D, S S & A	4½	6
Do pf.	10½	13
Elec S B.	62	62¾
Erie 2d pf.	42½	44
F M & S.	15	16
Do pf.	86¼	87½
Gen Ch.	300	315
Do pf.	113½	115
Gen Mot.	470	541
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	113½	113¾
G S S 2d pf.	88	89
Hack Wat.	25	35
Helme (G W) Co.	185	199
Do pf.	111¼	120
Homestake.	130	135
Interb pf.	74½	75½
Int Agric.	12½	15
I H, N J, pf.	117	120
Int H Cor pf.	106½	110
Int N pf.	106	112
Int Paper.	11⅝	12
Iowa Cent.	2	4
Do pf.	7	12
J Tea pf.	103	107

	Bid.	Asked.
K C, Ft S & M pf.	71	73
Kan C So.	25½	26
Kayser (J) & Co.	96	98¾
Do 1st pf.	114	117½
K & D M	3	6
Do pf.	..	50
K S T pf.	95⅝	96¼
Lacl Gas.	105	106
Ligg & M.	248	260
Do pf.	118	120
L-W Bis.	18	20½
Do 1st pf	83	84
Do 2d pf.	59½	..
Lorill'd Co.	212	222½
Do pf.	117¼	119
Louis & N.	132	133
Man B'ch.	1½	3½
Man Elev.	127	129
Man Shirt.	62	69
Do pf.	110	115½
M Dep Sts.	61	68
Do pf.	105	108
Mich Cent.	110½	135
M & St L ctfs	4¾	5¼
Do pf.	14	17½
M, St P & S S M pf.	134	138½
Do l l.	71	74
M, K & T.	4¼	4¾
Do pf.	12½	13
Mo Pac.	6½	6¾
M P 1st pf	..	95
Mor & Es.	..	82
N C & St L.	135	145
Nat Bis.	118½	120
Do pf.	123¾	125½
N C & S pf.	103	111
Nat En pf.	91	96
Nat L pf.	113	115
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	23
Do 2d pf.	6¼	7¾
N Y, C & St L.	39	42
Do 1st pf	80	85
Do 2d pf.	64¾	68
N Y Dock.	9½	13½
Do pf.	21	35
N Y, L & West	114½	123
Norf So.	25	26
N & W pf.	86¼	88
North Am.	67½	70
N O T & Light	..	86
N W Tel.	52	..
Pabst B pf	84	90
Pac Coast.	66	75
Do 1st pf	70	95
Do 2d pf.	68	80
Pac Mail.	21	23
Do pf c.	97¾	99½
P T & T.	35	38
Do pf.	94	98
Peo G, C.	101	103
Pett-Mull.	..	55
Do 1st pf	..	95
P, C, C & St L.	79	80
Do pf.	90	97
Pitts S pf.	95½	96½

	Bid.	Asked.
P, Ft W & C	154¼	..
Pr St'l Car pf.	99	100½
P S, N J.	126	129
P'man Co.	162	164
Quicksilver	3	3½
Do pf.	4½	5½
Ry St'l Spr pf.	95	97¾
Rdg 1st pf	43	44
Do 2d pf, ex div.	44¼	47
Rens & S.	171	..
St L & S F, w i.	17¼	17¾
St L & S Fran	5	..
Do 1st pf	7½	..
Do 2d pf.	6¼	..
St L S W.	..	19
Do pf.	42	44½
Seab A L pf.	38	39
Sears-R pf.	124	126
S-S S & I pf.	94½	96
So P R S pf.	115	120
Studeb Co pf.	107	110½
Tex Co, f paid	183	185
Tex Pac.	12½	13
T P L Tr.	110	..
Tob P pf.	100	105
T, St L & West	5	7½
Do ctfs.	3	6
T, St L & W pf.	9	14
Do pf c.	9	14
T C R T.	95½	98½
Do pf.	125	..
Und Type.	91	99
Do pf.	110⅝	..
Un P pf.	82½	82¾
U C S pf.	115	119
Un Cig M.	57	57¾
Do pf.	108	110
U S C I P pf.	50¼	53
U S Exp.	80	81
U S Ind A pf.	101½	106¾
U S R & Imp	27	32
U S R & Ref	1¼	1⅝
U S R 1st pf.	109	110
Utah Sec.	18	18½
Va-Car Ch pf.	108	112
Va I, C & Coke	46	50
Va R & P.	46	50
Wab pf. B	26½	26¾
W Md pf.	43	45
West A B.	..	147½
Weym-Bru.	222½	280
Do pf.	110½	118
W & L E.	4½	5
Do 1st pf	15½	17
Do 2d pf.	6	6½

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Price: Rate to Yield 5.05%
Financial Statement of City.
Assessed Valuation........$18,285,710
Net Debenture Debt........997,776
Municipality's Assets.......4,332,994
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REPORTS IN FAVOR OF WEST SIDE PLAN

Harbor and Shipping Committee of Chamber of Commerce Wants Contract Approved.

BUSINESS INTERESTS FIRST

Final Judgment Must Rest on Basis of Greatest Good to Greatest Number, It Is Said.

The Committee on the Harbor and Shipping of the Chamber of Commerce, to which at the last meeting of the Chamber was referred the New York Central's proposed contract with the city for the west side plans, has decided on a favorable report, and has sent copies of the report to members of the chamber so that all may be prepared for argument at a special meeting today.

The committee recalls that at the last meeting of the Chamber it reported that the contract should be approved unless some objection of controlling importance was advanced. The committee accordingly, the report says, studied the contract with particular reference to the objections raised against it. These objections it groups under five heads and considers them as follows:

First—Criticism of the Riverside parking treatment. In matters of artistic character there is, of course, room for endless difference of opinion, and your committee has been able to give only a general survey to this phase of the problem. That some temporary inconvenience may be occasioned to the west side residents is true; but the importance to the commercial interests of the city of New York Central freight facilities is so great that final judgment must rest upon the basis of the greatest good to the greatest number. The inconvenience can be in no way comparable to that suffered by the business community during subway construction through the downtown thoroughfares. When the work has been completed it is the opinion of your committee that it will be left within the control of the city itself to see that the conditions of Riverside Drive and Park shall be made far better than at present.

Second—A claimed monopoly of the upper west side waterfront by the New York Central Railroad. The committee is assured by the Commissioner of Docks and Ferries that space for a marginal way, with adequate access to it, has been reserved along far the greater portion of the front, and excepting in the case of only two limited sections where the fee to the waterfront goes to the railroad company. At the two points mentioned, where for railroad purposes it is essential the New York Central should control the waterfront, the city has relinquished to the railroad the street areas which now divide the railroad property. Your committee believes this to be essential, if facilities satisfactory to the commercial interests of the city are to be created.

Third—Objection to the valuation of certain properties. Your committee submits that it cannot pass upon details of this character. The full detailed figures have been published and are accessible to every one. Some investigation was made which did not disclose injustice to the city and the committee feels it must accept the judgment of the city officials upon the question of values.

Fourth—The claim that the proposed plan will exclude access to Manhattan by the roads terminating in New Jersey. Your committee seriously doubts whether these roads will ever desire an elevated freight structure and submits that there are many advantages in the waterfront terminals now in use, and that opportunity will remain for an elevated freight structure, or a subway, if required.

Fifth—The claim that the structure should follow the marginal way. Your committee submits that the proposed route is preferable for it does not obstruct the marginal way, and can more readily serve property on either side.

The report also says that the committee did not consider it within its province to pass judgment upon the intricate engineering and financial details, but accepted the statement of the Terminal Committee of the Board of Estimate that the financial features of the proposed contract have been carefully safeguarded, and the engineering and landscape details have been approved by competent professional judgment. The report is signed by Irving T. Bush, Chairman; Laurence B. Stoddart, Lloyd B. Sanderson, Albert Strauss, John F. Wallace, and Clarence H. Kelsey.

$1,500,000 Cramp Note Issue.

The William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company has sold $1,500,000 of one-year 5 per cent. notes to Philadelphia banks to take care of the company's temporary financial requirements in connection with the large amount of new business being handled. The notes are in denominations of $10,000, and are subject to renewal. They are secured by the deposit of $1,670,000 in 5 per cent. consolidated mortgage bonds, which were held in the treasury.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts.....	$18,551,219	$210,502,049
Ord. int. rev. rcts....	31,586,724	378,820,624
Income tax..........	32,831,304	61,880,619
Miscellaneous	8,589,938	52,585,699
Total receipts.......	$91,559,186	$703,738,993
Excess or ord. rects. over ord disburse...	37,747,294	
Excess or ord. disb. over ord. rects.....		8,802,881
Excess of total rects. over total disburse..	33,315,259	8,730,799
Expenditures	58,811,891	712,541,875

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Corporation has declared an initial quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. on the common stock, payable Aug. 1, to stock of record June 30.

The Standard Milling Company declared yesterday a dividend of 5 per cent. on the common stock and 1 per cent on the preferred, payable Aug. 15 to stock of record Aug. 5.

The retiring directors of the Cramp Shipbuilding Company were re-elected at the annual meeting yesterday. W. Hinckle Smith, who succeeded the late Lincoln Godfrey last year was elected for a full term.

The Guaranty Trust Company is now prepared to exchange temporary voting trust certificates of the Worthington Machinery Corporation for Class A, Class B, and common stocks, for permanent certificates.

Dawson & Lyon has changed its firm name to Dawson, Lyon & Co. and now consists of Northrop Dawson, W. Wallace Lyon, James W. Macartney, and Theodore B. Lyon.

Stockholders of the New York Title and Mortgage Company have been called to a special meeting to be held on July 11, to authorize an increase in the capital stock from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000.

Boston Suburban Electric Companies declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents on the preferred stock, payable July 15 to stockholders of record July 3. Three months ago they declared $1 and a year ago 50 cents. In the fiscal year ending this month $3 a share was paid on preferred.

Morton Waddell, formerly trust officer of the U. S. Mortgage and Trust Company, has been appointed an assistant cashier of the Harriman National Bank.

A. E. Watts, assistant to the President, has been elected a director of the Sinclair Oil and Refining Company to succeed W. T. Fenton of Chicago, resigned. The directors have declared an initial quarterly dividend of $1.25 on the outstanding 520,000 shares.

J. Leroy Sneckner and Raphael Mendelsohn have been elected members of the Stock Exchange.

J. Allan Smith, President; A. H. Ackerman, Vice President, and C. L. Lane, Secretary of the United States Light and Heat Corporation have joined in a circular letter to stockholders asking them not to give proxies for the annual meeting to Guy M. Walker, a former director, Otto Pressprich, and William C. Wilson, who have undertaken an independent campaign.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The overnight news that Carranza had ordered the release of the American soldiers who had been held as prisoners at Chihuahua City brought about a rush to buy stocks at the opening of business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Profit taking in volume was invited by the opening bulge and there were general reactions in prices later on as a result. A large business in fractional lots was handled by commission houses.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
190	Alaska Gold ...	20¼	20¼	19¾	19¾
40	Allis-Chalmers..	23½	23½	23¼	23¼
420	Am. Beet Sugar	89	89¼	87⅞	88
270	Am. Can	52⅝	52⅝	52	52¼
690	Am. Car & Fy.	56	56⅝	53	54¼
90	Am. H. & L. pf.	53	53	51⅞	52⅝
190	Am. Ice	28¼	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛
640	Am. Loco.	68⅜	68⅝	67¼	67½
1,590	Am. Smelting...	94⅞	94⅞	93⅞	94
350	Am. Zinc	41¼	41½	40⅞	41½
8,350	Anaconda Cop..	82⅛	82⅛	81⅛	82
80	At., T. & S. Fe.	104½	104½	104⅛	104⅛
2,320	Baldwin Loco...	78⅞	79	76⅝	77⅝
250	Balt. & Ohio...	88⅞	89¼	88⅝	88⅝
275	Butte & Sup...	70	72⅜	68⅝	68⅝
140	California Pet..	16	16	16	16
70	Cal. Pet. pf....	40⅝	41⅜	40⅝	41
170	Central Leather	56⅝	57⅛	56⅝	57⅛
140	Ches. & Ohio..	62	62	61½	61½
10	Chi. Gt. W. pf.	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
270	C., M. & St. P.	97½	97½	96⅞	97
70	Chi., R. I. & P.	22⅞	23	22⅞	23
90	Chino Copper...	50⅜	50⅝	50⅛	50¼
550	Col. Fuel & I..	42¼	42¼	41¼	41¼
210	Coal Products..	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
8,270	Crucible Steel..	78⅛	78⅛	75⅞	76⅝
190	Dist. Securities.	46⅜	47	44⅛	44⅛
620	Erie	36⅛	36⅛	35⅞	36
165	Goodrich Co. ..	75⅛	75⅛	74⅝	74⅝
90	Greene-Can. ...	40¼	40¼	39⅞	39⅞
790	Inspiration Cop.	49⅞	50⅛	49⅜	50⅜
95	Int. Mer. Mar..	23⅛	26⅛	23⅛	26⅛
4,870	Int. M. M. pf..	92	93	89⅛	92⅝
290	Kennecott Cop.	48⅛	48⅛	47⅝	47⅝
120	Lehigh Valley..	79	79	78⅛	78⅛
470	Maxwell Mot...	86⅛	86⅛	82⅛	82⅝
7,910	Mex. Pet.	94⅞	98	94⅞	97⅜
70	Miami Copper..	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛
120	Nevada Cons...	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
70	N. Y. Central..	104½	104½	104	104
40	N.Y., N.H. & H.	62	62	62	62
10	Ontario Mining.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
10	Pennsylvania ...	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
40	Press. Steel Car	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛
50	Ray Copper....	22	22	22	22
4,960	Reading	97⅛	98	96⅞	97⅛
120	Rep. Iron & St.	45⅞	46⅛	44⅞	44⅞
120	South. Pacific..	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
220	Studebaker	138	138⅜	136⅞	137⅜
170	Tenn. Copper...	34⅛	35	34	35
10	Third Avenue...	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛
690	Union Pacific..	137⅛	137⅛	137	137⅛
220	United Fruit ..	159⅛	159⅛	158⅛	158⅛
620	U. S. Ind. Alc..	139¼	140⅛	133⅛	135⅛
140	U. S. Rubber...	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛
10	U.S.Sug.R. & M.	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛
7,350	U. S. Steel.....	85⅛	85⅞	84⅞	85⅞
220	Utah Copper....	77⅛	78	77	77⅛
170	Westingh. Elec.	59⅛	59⅛	58⅛	59⅛

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Atlanta	.10½	.10½	.10½	.10½
400	Florence	.40	.40	.40	.40
500	Goldfield Con..	.83	.83	.83	.83
700	Jim Butler	.97	.98	.97	.98
700	Jumbo Exten...	.79	.80	.79	.80
500	Montana	.27	.27	.27	.27
200	Portland	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70
500	Rescue Eula....	.32	.32	.32	.32
800	Tonopah Ext...	5.00	5.00	4.90	4.90
100	Union Con. ...	.80	.80	.80	.80
800	Vindicator	2.87½	2.87½	2.87½	2.87½
400	West End	.92	.92	.92	.92
1,500	White Caps ...	.20	.20	.20	.20

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
6s	Sept., 1916......	100⅛	100⅞	100⅛	100⅞
6s	Sept., 1917......	102⅛	102⅞	102⅛	102⅞
4½s	June, 1965.......	106⅞	107¼	106⅞	107⅛
4½s	Mar., 1963.......	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
4½s	Nov., 1957.......	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
4½s	May, 1957........	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
4½s	Nov., 1917.......	100⅛	..	100⅛	..
4½s	May, 1917........	100⅛	100⅞	100⅛	100⅞
4¼s	April, 1966, w. i...	102⅛	103	102⅛	103
4¼s	Mar., 1964.......	102⅛	102⅛	101⅞	102⅛
4¼s	Mar., 1962.......	102⅛	102⅛	101⅞	102⅛
4¼s	Sept., 1960......	102⅛	102⅛	101⅞	102⅛
4¼s	Mar., '60, op. '30..	101⅞	102⅛	101⅞	102⅛
4s	May, 1959........	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s	Nov., 1958.......	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s	May, 1957........	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s	Nov., 1956.......	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100⅛
4s	Nov., 1955.......	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100
4s	Nov., 1936.......	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
3½s	Nov., 1955.......	89	..	89	..
3½s	May, 1954........	89⅛	89⅞	89⅛	89⅞

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	June, 1917.....	4.00	..	4.00	..
4½s	1918-1923	4.05	3.90	4.05	3.90
4½s	1924-1930	4.10	4.00	4.10	4.00
3½s	1950-1954	4.10	4.00	4.10	4.00
3½s	1940-1950	4.10	4.00	4.10	4.00
3½s	1930-1940	4.10	4.00	4.10	4.00
3½s	1924-1930	4.15	4.03	4.15	4.03
3½s	1918-1924	4.15	4.00	4.15	4.00
3½s	1916-1918	4.00	..	4.00	..
3s	1940-1942	4.10	4.00	4.10	4.00
3s	1918-1925	4.15	4.00	4.15	4.00
3s	1916-1918	4.05	..	4.05	..

NO WAR PROFITS YET FOR AMERICAN CAR

Contracts in Hand Reported to Stockholders as Promising but Still Uncompleted.

TWO PER CENT. ON COMMON

Same Dividend as Was Paid Year Ago—Surplus Shows Gain—Railway Demand Better.

The American Car and Foundry Company, reporting to stockholders at the annual meeting yesterday, showed earnings of little more than 2 per cent. on the common stock and surprised a large number of stockholders who had been beguiled by extravagant reports that the earnings would be much greater than in the previous year because of profits on war business. The officers took cognizance of the fiction circulated about the company in the financial district, saying in the report:

Repeatedly throughout the year reports were current of the letting of contracts for the production of enormous quantities of munitions of war of various kinds, with extravagant estimates of accruing profits. Many of such reports were gross exaggerations, and many were without any foundation. That the exact facts so far as concerned the company might be known, the President caused to be publicly stated the precise figures (approximately $7,800,000) of all such contracts undertaken by it.

The company has not ventured rashly upon this field of industrial effort. The problems presented in connection with such contracts were, as matter of actual experience, in large measure new. These problems, and the general conditions attendant upon this class of work, were made the subject of most careful study. The contracts have been taken at prices that may reasonably be expected to yield a fair margin of profit. While the work has not been without its difficulties, it has progressed satisfactorily. Up to the close of the company's fiscal year the deliveries made under these contracts were inconsiderable in amount, and in consequence no profits from this work are included in the report.

At no time, however, have the officers lost sight of the fact that this class of business is in its nature transitory; and there has been no impairment of the capacity of the company to meet promptly and efficiently all demands that may be made upon it by the requirements of peaceful commerce.

The report is for the year ended on April 30 last. The income account compares with the previous fiscal year as follows:

	1916.	1915.
Earn'gs from all sources	$4,595,358	$3,615,053
Renewals, replacements, &c	1,779,341	1,284,117
Net earnings	$2,816,017	$2,330,936
Preferred dividends	2,100,000	2,100,000
Balance	$716,017	$230,936
Reserve previously made for common dividend..	......	450,000
Balance	$716,017	$680,936
Common dividend	600,000	600,000
Surplus	$116,017	$80,936
Previous surplus	25,694,076	25,613,140
Total surplus	$25,810,093	$25,694,076

The report says there were evidences throughout the year of a demand on the part of the railroads for additional equipment, and that orders from the railroads were larger at the end than at the beginning of the year, but that railroad buying was restrained by the high prices of steel and steel products. The company profited, however, from a considerable foreign demand for equipment. Stockholders re-elected the retiring Directors.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Tin, spot	39.25	..	38.75	..
Lead	..	6.90	6.90	..
Spelter	11.50	..	11.75	..
Antimony	17.00	17.50	17.00	17.50
Quicksilver ...	$80.00	..	$78.00	..
Aluminium	*60.00	62.00	*63.00	64.00
Iron, No.2Xfdy.	20.25	20.75	20.25	20.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 29@29½c per pound in the open market. London quotations were:

	Thursday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	104	0	0	103	0	0
Copper futures	100	0	0	100	0	0
Tin, spot	173	10	0	172	0	0
Tin, futures	174	0	0	172	10	0
Spelter	63	0	0	63	0	0
Lead	29	5	0	29	0	0

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low	Last.
70	Ahmeek	96	96	96	96
465	Alaska	20	20	19½	19½
965	Am. Zinc.....	41	41½	41	41
95	Anaconda	81½	82	81½	81½
255	Arizona Com..	8½	8 3/16	8½	8 3/16
50	Butte & Bal..	2 1/16	2 1/16	2 1/16	2 1/16
581	Butte & Sup..	70	70½	68	68¼
553	Cal. & Ariz..	68	68½	68	68½
13	Cal. & Hecla.	535	535	530	530
20	Centennial ...	16	16	16	16
200	Chino	50	50¼	50	50¼
1,017	Copper Range.	60	60¼	59½	59½
825	East Butte...	12	12⅜	12	12⅜
170	Franklin	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6⅜
50	Granby	85⅝	85⅝	85	85
239	Greene Can....	40	41	40	41
40	Hancock	11	11½	11	11½
160	Inspiration ..	49⅞	50	49⅞	50
50	Island Creek.	47	47	47	47
31	Island Cr. pf.	89	89½	88¾	88¾
259	Isle Royale...	28	30	28	28½
146	Keweenaw ...	4	4	3⅞	4
30	Lake	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
185	Mass. Con. ..	11½	12	11½	11½
40	Miami	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼
825	Michigan	2¼	2½	2¼	2¼
285	Mohawk	98½	98¾	97½	98¾
660	North Butte..	22	22½	22	22¼
253	Old Colony...	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
90	Old Dom.....	66½	66¾	66½	66¾
85	Osceola	91	91	91	91
5	Pond Creek...	13½	13½	13½	13½
50	Quincy	87	87	85½	86
100	Ray Con.	22	22	21⅞	21⅞
115	Santa Fe.....	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
645	Shannon	8¼	8¼	8	8
150	Shattuck	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¾
400	South Utah...	25c	25c	25c	25c
85	St. Mary's....	74	74	74	74
235	Superior & B.	4	4	3¾	4
10	Tamarack	42½	42½	42½	42½
150	Trinity	5¼	5¼	5	5
500	Tuolumne	88c	88c	88c	88c
5,501	U. S. Smelt.	70	71½	69	69
879	U. S. Sm. pf.	50⅞	51	50⅞	50⅞
125	Utah Apex...	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4⅜
10	Utah Con.....	13	13	13	13
25	Utah Cop.....	77½	77½	77½	77½
650	Utah Metal...	8	8¼	8	8¼
10	Winona	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
86	Wolverine	55	55	54	54

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low	Last.
5	Boston Elev...	74½	74½	74½	74½
158	Boston & Me...	45	46½	45	46½
63	Bos. & Me. pf.	68	68	68	68
10	Maine Central.	100½	100½	100½	100½
80	New Haven...	62	62	62	62
81	Rutland pf....	26	26½	26	26½
25	West End pf..	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low	Last.
70	Am. Agr. pf...	98½	99	98½	98½
70	Am. Pneu.S.pf.	14½	14½	14½	14½
822	Am. T. & T...	130¼	130¼	130	130¼
7,670	A. G. & W. I..	67	67¾	66½	67½
1,740	A.G& W. I. pf.	60	60½	59¾	60½
175	Cuban Cement.	15¼	15¼	15	15
10	Ga. Ry. & E...	128	128	128	128
126	Mass. Gas....	81⅝	81⅝	81	81
18	Mergenthaler..	165	165	165	165
40	N. E. Cot. Y..	25	25	25	25
9	N. E. Tel.....	132	132	132	132
10	Nipe Bay	154	154	154	154
130	Nova S. Steel.	130	130	130	130
20	Pullman	163½	163½	163½	163½
12	Reece Button..	16½	16½	16½	16½
88	Swift	135¼	135½	135	135½
62	Torrington	55½	56	55½	56
587	United Fruit..	159	159¾	158	159¼
540	Un. Shoe M...	51½	51½	51	51
20	Un. S. M. pf..	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
1,475	U. S. Steel....	84⅞	85½	84⅞	85½
20	U. S. Steel pf.	117½	117½	117½	117½
150	Ventura Oil...	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low	Last.
$2,000	Am. T. & T. 4s.	91½	91½	91½	91½
3,000	A.G. & W. I.5s.	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼
1,000	C. J. & S.Y.5s.	101½	101½	101½	101½

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado..	.50	1⅛	Humboldt.	1½	2
Am. Oil...	.25	.28	Iron Cap..	4¾	5¼
B. St. Gas	.13	.15	I. Cap pf.	6	6½
Begole	.85	.95	Iron Blos.	1⅝	1⅞
Bingham..	10½	11	Jer. Verde	1⅝	1⅞
Bohemia ..	1¾	2	Maj. Cop..	.72	.74
Bost. Ariz	2¼	2½	Mex. Met.	.80	.86
Bost. Cor..	.70	.75	Moj. Tung.	5¼	5½
Bost. Ely.	.60	.63	Nat. L.&Z.	1 1/16	1⅛
B. & Mon.	1⅛	1¼	Nev. Doug.	.95	.99
But & Lon.	.69	.72	N. Cornelia	12¾	13
Cal. Cor...	3½	4½	N. Baltic.	1⅝	2½
Calaveras..	4¾	5¼	N. U. Bing	1	2
Cham. Cop	.10	.11	Nixon	.83	.85
Chief Cons	1 1/16	1⅜	Ohio	.14	.16
Con. Ariz..	2¼	2⅜	Oneco	1	1¼
Con. Cop..	2¼	2½	Onondaga.	1⅜	1½
Crown Res	.50	.54	Pilot Butte	8	.11
Cortez	.45	.55	Rilla	.26	.27
Davis Daly	1⅝	1⅞	Rochester.	3¼	3¾
E & B'bell	1⅝	1⅞	S.W. Miami	1	1¼
Fortuna ..	1½	1⅝	Truro	4	5
Gold Lake	.30	.32	U. Vde Ex	27	27⅝
Homa Oil.	.86	.92	Yuk. Gold	2	2 1/16
Houghton.	1½	1¾			

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Finely bound volume of The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial, full of war pictures. Souvenir of world's greatest conflict sent by mail for $1. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	A. S. & G...	37	37	37	37
285	Balt. Tube....	120	120	120	120
125	Chalm. O.& G.	5¼	5½	5¼	5¼
178	Con. Power...	112½	113	112	113
271	Con. Power pf.	112	113¼	112	113¼
845	Cosden Refin..	25¼	25½	25⅝	25⅝
625	Cosden O. & G.	16	16	15⅝	15⅝
2,400	C. O. & G. pf.	5¼	5¼	5⅜	5⅜
13	Fid. & Dep...	133½	133½	133	133
46	Mer. & M. Bk.	27	27	27	27
9	Mt. Vernon M.	11	11	11	11
80	Mt. Ver. M. pf.	51	51	51	51
210	Penn. W. Pow.	75¼	77	75¼	76⅝
19	Sapulpa	12	12	12	12
475	Way. O. & G.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. C. St.Ry.5s.	103½	103½	103½	103½
5,000	B. D. D. 6s..	101	101	101	101
7,000	Cosden R. 6s.	127½	127½	127½	127½
55,000	C. O. & G. 6s.	110	110	109⅞	109⅞
1,000	Elk. Fuel 5s..	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	F. & C. T. 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	U. Ry. & E. 4s	82½	82½	82½	82½
200	U. Ry. & E. fdg. 5s......	86½	86½	86½	86½
1,000	U. Ry. & E. inc. 4s.	61	61	61	61

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
8	Am. Radiator..	395	395	395	395
10	Am. Shipbldg...	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
50	Am. Shipb. pf..	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾
55	Booth Fisheries.	35	35	35	35
125	Chi. Pn. Tool..	69⅞	70¼	69⅞	70
10	Chi. Ry., Ser. 2	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
10	Chi. Title & Tr.	235	235	235	235
15	Comm. Edison..	148¼	148¼	148¼	148¼
5	Diamond Match.	108	108	108	108
10	Hart, S. & M..	116	116	116	116
40	Illinois Brick...	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼
10	Mont. Ward pf.	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾
2	Nat. Carbon pf.	121	121	121	121
5	People's Gas ..	101	101	101	101
5	Public Service..	111	111	111	111
45	Public Serv. pf.	103	103	103	103
10	Quaker Oats ...	330	330	330	330
5	Quaker Oats pf.	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾
250	Sears-Roebuck..	183	185	183	185
2,570	Stewart Warner	99	100¼	98⅝	99¼
8	Swift & Co.....	135¼	135¼	135¼	135¼
250	Union Carbide..	180½	183¼	180½	183¼
50	Paper Board....	14½	14½	14½	14½
40	Deere pf.	91	91	91	91

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Armour 4½s...	93½	93½	93½	93½
6,000	City Ry. 5s....	99	99	99	99
1,000	Public Serv. 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
5,000	Swift 5s	100½	100½	100½	100½

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Acme Tea pf..	97	97	97	97
54	Buff. & Sus...	53	53	53	53
7	Gen. Asph. pf.	71	71	70½	70½
65	Ins. Co. N. A.	27	27	27	27
45	L. Sup. Corp..	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
125	Leh. Val. Tr..	21	21	21	21
7	Minehill	56½	56½	56½	56½
478	Penn. R. R....	57⅞	57⅞	57⅝	57⅞
7	Penn. Salt Mf.	100	100	100	100
132	Phila. Elec....	28¾	28¾	28½	28¾
510	Phila. Rap. Tr. t c.	19	19	18½	19
250	Tono. Bel.....	4 1/16	4⅛	4 1/16	4 1/16
500	Tono. Mining.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
304	Union Trac....	42½	43	42	43
280	Un. Gas Imp..	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
45	W. Jer. & S.S.	49½	49½	49	49
5	York Rys. pf.	87½	87½	87½	87½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼
28,000	City 4s, 1948..	101½	101½	101½	101½
2,000	City 4s, 1939..	101½	101½	101½	101½
13,000	E. & P. Tr. 4s.	80½	80½	80½	80½
1,300	Har. El. 6s...	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
2,000	L. V. con.4½s.	100	100	100	100
2,000	Penn. gen.4½s.	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	Penn. con.4½s.	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
5,000	Phila. Elec. 4s.	84	84	84	84
500	Phila. Elec. 4s.	83	83	83	83
2,000	Phila. Elec. 5s.	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼
5,000	Read. gen. 4s.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
500	Wil. & No. 5s.	100½	100½	100½	100½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
745	A. W. Gl. Ma.	57½	58⅞	57½	58⅞
275	A. W. G. M. pf.	138½	139	138½	138⅞
70	Crucible Steel.	76½	76½	76½	76½
810	Columbia Gas.	16¼	16⅜	16¼	16¼
50	Hab.-Walk. pf.	102⅞	103	102⅞	103
29	Ind. Brew. pf.	19	19	19	19
182	Mfrs. L. & H.	51	51⅝	51	51⅝
10	Nat. F'p'f'g....	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
50	Nat. F'p'f'g pf..	17	17	17	7
60	Ohio Fuel Oil.	16	16	16	16
650	Ohio Fuel	46¼	46⅜	45⅝	45⅝
50	Pitts. Coal.....	26½	26½	26½	26½
40	Pitts. Plate Gl.	119	119	119	119
105	Pure Oil.......	19⅝	19⅝	19½	19⅝
1,000	San Toy.......	14	14	14	14
20	Un. Nat. Gas..	149	149	149	149
110	Westing. A. B.	145	145	144¾	144¾
180	Westing. El...	59⅝	59⅝	58⅝	59
125	U. S. Steel....	85½	85½	84⅞	84⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s.	73	73	73	73

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THE ANNALIST
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10 cents a copy. $4.00 a year.
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$500,000
The Ohio Gas and Electric Company
First Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds
Due May 1, 1946
Interest payable May 1 and November 1

Redeemable as a whole or in part at the option of the Company or for Sinking Fund on any interest day at 107½ and accrued interest on 60 days' notice.

Union Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

For full particulars we refer to a letter from Mr. Charles A. Munroe, President of The Ohio Gas and Electric Company, some of the items of which he has briefly summarized as follows:

1. **A first mortgage** covering the entire properties of the Company.
2. **Replacement value**—Messrs. Stone & Webster in 1915 reported a replacement value of $975,000 for the properties now of The Ohio Gas and Electric Company, and in 1916 Messrs. Sanderson & Porter, Engineers, reported a value of $1,107,000, or over twice the amount of the first mortgage bonds.
3. **Net earnings** for the year ending April 30, 1916, were $86,718, against an interest charge for these bonds of $30,000.
4. These bonds have been authorized by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.

The accounts for the years 1914 and 1915 were audited for us by Messrs. Stone & Webster and for the four months of the current year by Messrs. Arthur Young & Company, Certified Public Accountants. Corporate proceedings for the creation of the mortgage and issue of the bonds have been examined for us by Messrs. Cravath & Henderson, of New York, and for the Company by Lawrence Maxwell, Esq., of Cincinnati, Ohio.

Temporary bearer bonds will be delivered in the first instance, exchangeable for definitive bonds when prepared.

Descriptive circular sent upon request.

We offer, subject to prior sale, a limited amount of these bonds at 100 and accrued interest, yielding 6%

Redmond & Co.
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All statements herein are based on information which we believe to be reliable, but are not guaranteed.

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Toledo Traction, Lt. & Power 6s, Feb., 1918..	101½	& int.	5.00%
Merchants Heat & Light Ref. 5s, 1922.....	99	& int.	5.17%
Government of Newfoundland 5s, 1919.....	99½	& int.	5.20%
Associated Simmons Hardware 5s, July, 1921.	99	& int.	5.25%
Remington Typewriter Co. 6s, 1921.......	100	& int.	6.00%

The above offerings have a ready market and have been carefully selected to meet the demand for short term investments

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Standard Oil

The current issue of THE FINANCIAL WORLD contains a brief history of the original Standard Oil Company and compares its first year's earnings with those of 1910, when it had to dissolve into nearly forty separate units. Accompanying the sketch is a table showing the present capitalization of these offsprings of the mother company, their dividend record up to date and the high and low range of their stocks to the present date. The article is particularly interesting to all holders of oil stocks. There are plenty of other interesting articles in the same issue.

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THE TOLEDO, COLUMBUS & OHIO RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the Treasurer,
Pittsburgh, Penn., June 1, 1916.

First mortgage 4½% bonds of The Cleveland & Marietta Railway Company to an aggregate cost of Twelve Thousand Two Hundred Seventy Dollars ($12,270) will be purchased for the Sinking Fund, July 1, 1916, from the lowest bidders at a price not to exceed par and interest.

Sealed proposals to sell bonds must be in the hands of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York City, before close of business, 3 o'clock P. M., Friday, June 30, 1916.

T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

CITY OF PONCE, PORTO RICO.
Redemption of Bonds of 1902.

Under ordinance of the Municipal Council dated April 13, 1916, the City of Ponce will redeem at par, on and after July 1, 1916, at the office of Muller, Schall & Co., No. 45 William Street, New York City, twenty-two thousand Dollars ($22,000) of its 6 per cent. Bonds of 1902, numbers 179 to 200 inclusive. Interest on said bonds will cease on July 1st, 1916.

R. RIVERA ESBRI, Mayor.

Rhode Island Suburban Railway Co.

Holders of the July, 1916, coupons of the 4% Gold Mortgage Bonds of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Co. may present them for payment at the office of Messrs. Clark, Dodge & Co., 51 Wall Street, New York, on and after July 1st, 1916. Checks for interest on the registered bonds will be mailed from Providence.

C. A. BABCOCK, Treasurer.
Providence, R. I., June 28, 1916.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of Society Specialty Company, Inc., will be held at the office of Allan S. Locke, No. 36 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of July, 1916, at 12:00 o'clock noon on that day for the purpose of voting on a proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved.

Dated New York, June 5th, 1916.
JAMES F. STAREK, President.

GENERAL UTILITIES CORPORATION
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of GENERAL UTILITIES CORPORATION for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as shall be legally brought before it, will be held at the office of the Company, at the office of David G. McIntosh, Jr., in the Town of Towson, Baltimore County, State of Maryland, on Tuesday, July 11th, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon.

Dated: June 30th, 1916.
WM. M. BLAIN, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

MACHINE SHOP TRUCKS.—Office Depot Quartermaster, Army Building, New York City.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 A. M., July 8, 1916, for furnishing and delivering from one to fifty Machine Shop Trucks, with complete equipment, including gasoline electric generating sets, machine and hand tools. Information upon application.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be opened by the Lighthouse Inspector, Baltimore, Md., at 2 o'clock P. M., July 7, 1916, for furnishing approximately 65 M feet long leaf, prime or better, yellow pine and 106 creosoted pine piles. Information upon application to above office.

PROPOSALS FOR AUTOMOBILES.—Office of the Depot Quartermaster, Army Building, New York City.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 A. M., July 3, 1916, for furnishing and delivering 400 automobiles. Further information upon application.

OPEN SECURITY MARKET.

The Open Security Market of The Annalist brings together buyers and sellers of unlisted bonds and stocks. 10 cents, every Monday; $4 a year. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.
New York, June 27, 1916.

A quarterly dividend of $1 per share, and an extra dividend of $1 per share on its Common Stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable August 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record July 10, 1916.

H. W. HILL, Treasurer.

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100 Bucyrus Co. Com.
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100 Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Pfd.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
25 Farmers Loan & Trust
10 German American Insurance
100 Great Northern Paper
200 Milliken Bros., Inc., Pfd.
100 New York Shipbuilding
100 Thompson-Starrett Com.
3 Winchester Repeating Arms

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 Aetna Explosives Pfd.
100 Alaska Steamship
100 Buckeye Pipe Line
100 Carolina, Clinch. & O. Com. & Pfd.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
20 Freeport Texas Co.
100 Great Northern Paper
10 German American Insurance
10 Home Insurance
25 Ingersoll-Rand Com. & Pfd.
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25 International Elevating
25 National Park Bank
5 Winchester Repeating Arms

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25 Atlantic Refining	100 Crescent P. L.
25 Chesebrough Mfg.	25 Prairie Oil & Gas
50 Galena Sig. Com.	25 S. O. of Indiana
50 Illinois P. L.	50 S. O. of N. J.
50 Prairie P. L.	50 S. O. of N. Y.
75 Vacuum Oil	100 Union Tank Line

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FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
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Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

Michigan United Railway 5s
Oregon Electric 5s
Republic R'way & Lt. Com.
Cen. States Elec. Com. & Pfd.
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Case, Underwood & Co.
Investment Securities
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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Stocks Mostly Higher, Motors Advancing Several Points from Previous Trading.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 343,002 shares of stocks and $456,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 75,924; oil, 79,261, and mining, 187,817. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	‡Aetna Explo.	16¾	16¾	16½	16½
100	‡Am. Drug S..	12	12	12	12
2,500	A. G. & W. I.	67½	68½	66½	67½
800	A. G. & W. I. S. S. pf....	59¾	60¼	59¾	60¼
120	‡Butler Chem.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,500	Can. Nat. Gas	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1¼
2,800	‡Car Lt. & P.	4¾	5	4¾	4⅞
100	Char. Iron, Am	7	7	7	7
800	Chevrolet Mot.	217	220	*215	217
67	Curtiss Aero., v. t. ctfs....	48	48	46	46
900	Driggs-S'bury.	130	130	129	129
1,500	‡Emerson M..	4	4	3¾	3¾
800	Emerson Ph..	11½	*11¾	11	11
1,000	‡Flemish-Lynn Phono.	5½	5½	5⅛	5⅜
2,000	‡Gaston, Wms. & Wigmore.	45	48¼	45	47
1,000	Grant Motor..	12½	13	12¼	12¼
250	Haskell & B. Car Co......	38	38¼	38	38¼
1,800	‡Joplin O. Sp.	2¾	3	2¾	3
500	Kapo Mfg. Co	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,000	Kathodian Bronze pf...	24	25	23½	23½
100	S. H. Kress pf., w. i....	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
150	Manh. Trans..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Marc. of Am.	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½
2,000	‡Maxim Mun.	6⅜	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝
4,000	‡Midvale Stl.	(64-½)	64⅝	62¾	63¼
200	N. Y. Trans..	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
250	‡Pullman Ventilator Corp..	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
200	‡Pullman Ventilator Cp. pf.	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5½
500	‡St. Jos. Lead	15⅝	16	15⅝	16
18,000	‡Stutz Motor.	57½	60	57½	59⅝
500	Sub. Bt. v. t. ctfs	37½	37½	37	37
500	‡Tobacco Prd.	41½	42	41½	42
3,687	Triangle Film, v. t. ctfs....	2⅝	2⅝	2¼	2¼
3,000	‡U. S. L. & H.	2½	3	2¼	2⅜
10,000	‡U.S.L.&H. pf	5⅞	6¾	5⅞	6½
200	U. S. Steamship	6½	6½	6½	6½
6,000	United Motors	66	67	65	66½
4,800	White Motors	57½	58	57	57¾
200	World Film, v. t. ctfs....	1	1	1	1
1,000	‡Zinc Concen.	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4⅜

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
26	Ohio Oil	224	221	224	+2
180	Prairie P. L.	212	210	212	+1

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,400	†‡A. P. Co., Ltd.. (pros.)	53	54	53	53
400	Am. Oil & G.	½	½	½	½
845	‡Bar. O. & G.	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
1,760	†‡C. P., (pros.)	60	60	60	60
700	‡Cos. & Co. (Oil Ref.)...	25	25⅜	25	25⅜
2,500	‡C. Oil & G.	16	16	15¾	15⅞
2,800	‡C. O. & G. pf	5⅜	5¾	5⅜	5½
3,500	‡Fed. Oil....	⅞	15/16	⅞	⅞
300	‡Int. Pet.....	10	10¼	10	10¼
17,500	†K.O. (a pros.)	90	90	75	85
5,000	Met Pet......	17	18	17	18
2,000	†‡Mid. Oil...	47	48	47	48
1,000	‡Musk. Ref..	3 7/16	3 9/16	3 7/16	3½
3,000	†‡N.Y.-O. Oil.	83	84	83	84
7,000	‡†Okla. Oil...	12	13	12	12½
200	‡Okla. O. pf.	¾	¾	¾	¾
16,000	O. P. & Ref.	7¾	8⅛	7¾	8
900	‡Sap. O. & R.	12½	12¾	11¾	11¾
2,800	‡Sinclair Oil.	45½	46⅞	45½	46½
7,500	‡Un. W. Oil	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1 3/16
150	‡Vent. C. Oil.	9	9	9	9
800	‡Victoria Oil.	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1⅝

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,300	†‡Alas.-West.	57	58	56	57
2,500	†‡Atlanta ...	11	11	10½	11
39,000	†‡Adanac Sil.	84	92	84	91
4,600	†Ala.-Br. Col. Met. (a pr.)	64	64	62	64
1,200	†‡Booth	16	17	16	17
10,000	Bos. & Mont.	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	1⅛
1,900	Butte Cop. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	4¾	4⅞	4¾	4¾
750	‡Cal. Copper.	5	5	4⅞	5
500	Caledonia	66	66	65	66
250	Can. Copper..	1 11/16	1¾	1 11/16	1¾
2,500	†Cash Boy...	7	7	6½	6½
1,500	C. DeP. Cop..	34	35	34	34½
1,500	Con. Ar. Sm.	1⅝	1 11/16	1⅝	1⅝
1,100	Con. Nev.-U..	13/16	15/16	13/16	15/16
200	Crys. Cop. M.	97	[illegible]	97	97
500	Dun.-Ar. Cop. (a prospect)	1 7/16	1 7/16	1 7/16	1 7/16
28,000	†‡Emma Cop.	42	45	40	45
200	First Nat. C.	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
1,500	†Goldf. Cons.	83	84	82	83
2,000	†‡Goldf. Mer.	8½	8½	8½	8½
1,000	†‡Gran. G. M.	30	30	30	30
1,050	xHecla Min..	5⅛	*5¼	5⅛	5 3/16
1,000	Int. & Int. M. & R........	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1,000	†‡Internat. M.	13	13	13	13
300	‡Iron Blossom.	1 11/16	1 11/16	1 11/16	1 11/16
3,000	Jerome Verde, (a prospect).	1¾	1⅞	1 11/16	1¾
600	‡Jerome Vic. Ex., (a pros.)	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,500	†‡Jim Butler..	95	100	96	98
2,500	†xJumbo Ext.	80	*81	77	78
800	La Expos. M. Co., (a prosp.)	50	50	50	50
1,000	La Rose Con.	11/16	11/16	⅝	11/16
1,500	Lex.-Arizona ..	60	60	60	60
1,500	†Louisi. Con..	17	17	17	17
3,500	†‡Marsh Min.	13½	14	13½	14
1,640	†‡Mojave Tung.	6	6	5½	5½
2,000	†‡Mont. G. M.	72	72	70	72
1,000	Monitor Silv..	1½	1½	1½	1½
9,000	†‡Mother Lode	27	27½	26	27
100	Murdock M., (a prospect)	44	44	44	44
6,500	†‡Newray Min	40	42	40	42
400	N. Y. & H. R.	15⅞	16	15⅞	15⅞
500	‡Oat. So., (a prospect) ..	30	30	30	30
3,800	†‡Rex. C. M..	15	16	15	15½
2,500	†‡Rochester M.	55	56	55	56
100	†‡Round Mt...	64	64	64	64
100	†San Toy	15	15	15	15
1,000	†‡Silver Pick.	9	9	9	9
6,200	Stand. S.-L...	1½	1 9/16	1 7/16	1 9/16
600	Stewart	¼	¼	3/16	3/16
4,500	†‡Success M..	82	84	82	83
2,000	†‡Temiskam..	63	63	63	63
600	xTonopah Ex.	5	5⅛	5	5 1/16
627	Un. Eastern..	3⅞	4	3⅞	3⅞
2,000	†‡U. S. Cn. M.	8	8	8	8
14,000	†‡Un. Vr. Ex.	28½	29	27¼	27⅞
800	Uty. G. M. Co.	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
2,500	West E. Con.	92	92	90	91
700	‡White O. M.	6¾	6¾	6	6
400	‡Yuscaran Cn.	1	1	1	1

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Con. A. S. 5s.	40	40	40	40
20,000	‡Cosden Oil 6s, w. i.....	110	110½	110	110½
400,000	‡Inter. Mer. Mar. 6s, w. i.	99¼	99¼	98½	98½
30,000	‡Russian Gov. 6½s, w. i...	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
5,000	‡Victoria Oil 6s, w. i..	105	105	105	105

‡Unlisted. †Sells cts. per sh. *Odd lots. xEx. div.

⁂

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Am. Int. Corp.......	28	29	28	29
Brit.-Am. Tob., ord..	18	18½	18	18½
B.-A. Tob., ord. b...	18½	19	18½	19
Edmund & J. Corp..	41	44	40	44
Hartman Corp	68	71	68	71
Holly Sugar	50	51	50	51
Holly Sugar pf......	93½	95	93½	95
Int. Motors	8	12	9	11
Int. Mot. pf.........	20	25	20	23
Inter-Cont. Rubber..	10	11	10	11
Lake Torpedo Boat..	6¾	7	6¾	7
Lynn Phonograph....	8	9	8	9
Poole Engine	110	118	110	118
Springfield Body	76½	78	76½	78
United Drug	67	71	70	72
United Drug 2d pf...	88	91	89	92
United Drug 1st pf...	50	52	51	53
United Profit Shar...	⅝	11/16	⅝	11/16
United Zinc	8	8½	8	8½

OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Century Pet	58	60	58	60
Houston	14	17	14	17
Pierce Oil	11¾	12¼	11¾	12¼
Midwest Oil pf.......	78	80	78	80
Oklahoma Oil pf.....	¾	1	⅞	11/16
Penn. Gasoline	¾	1	¾	1
Prudential O. & G...	14	18	14	18
Wayland O. & G.....	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞

MINING STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Bingham	10⅛	10¾	10⅛	10¾
Comstock Tunnel	8	9	8	9
Nipissing	7	7¼	7	7¼
Oatman Big Jim.....	80	85	80	85
Oatman Lexington ..	58	60	58	60
Peterson Lake	24	26	23	25
Ray Hercules	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾

BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Chi. Univ. S. 4½s....	99⅝	99⅞	99¾	99⅞
Midvale Steel 5s.....	95½	95⅝	95½	95⅝
Pierce Oil 6s.........	80	82	80	83
Sulzberger & Sons 6s.	99¼	99½	99¼	99½

⁂

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Aetna Explosives pf..	75	76	75	76
American Brass	293	297	293	296
Atlas Powder	175	178	175	178
Atlas Powder pf.....	99	101	99	101
Atlas Powder rights..	14	18	14	18
Babcock & Wilcox....	115	116	115	116
Bliss (E. W.).......	625	640	615	625
Bliss (E. W.) pf.....	75	84	75	85
Can. Fdy. & Forg....	195	205	195	205
Canadian Explosives.	800	850	800	850
Can. Explosives pf..	100	110	100	110
Colts' Arms	835	855	835	855
Du Pont Pow., new..	285	288	285	289
Du Pont Pow., deb..	102½	104	102	104
Hercules Powder	355	360	355	360
Hercules Powder pf..	115	116	115	116
International Arms..	15	16	15	16
Niles-Bement-Pond ..	165	170	165	170
Niles-Bement-Pd. pf..	103	105	103	105
Scovill Mfg. Co.....	565	575	565	575
Winch. Rptg. Arms.	1650	1725	1650	1725

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

The following company reported yesterday an increase in gross earnings for the third week of June:

Ann Arbor............	$59,429	+ $16,294
22 roads previously reported	13,326,515	+ 2,575,920
Total	$13,385,944	+$2,592,214
One road............	10,153	— 656
Total 24 roads......	$13,396,097	+$2,951,558

BALTIMORE & OHIO for May—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	10,201,713	8,276,206	7,732,040
Net	2,855,411	3,131,405	1,866,119
11 mos. gr..	101,323,262	83,152,842	91,208,408
Net	29,144,406	24,687,738	23,277,014

CANADIAN PACIFIC for May—

Gross	12,472,167	7,261,495	9,795,928
Net	4,372,283	2,443,002	2,963,011
11 mos. gr..	117,589,273	91,343,055	119,760,041
Net	45,536,287	30,896,595	39,089,301

ERIE for May—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross rev.....	6,450,128	5,181,832	1,268,296
Op. exp. & tax	4,588,752	4,081,599	507,153
Op. income....	1,861,375	1,100,233	761,142
Five months to May 31:			
Gross rev.....	29,574,956	24,176,527	5,398,429
Op. exp. & tax.	22,649,915	19,389,787	3,260,127
Op. income....	6,925,041	4,786,739	2,138,301

CHI. GT. WESTERN R. R. CO.—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Third week of June, 1916:			
Op. revenue...	330,167	321,734	8,433
Month to June 23:			
Op. revenue....	923,532	895,996	27,536
Year, July 1 to June 23:			
Op. revenue....	14,729,217	13,634,550	1,094,667

MAINE CENTRAL for May—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	1,043,125	888,379	935,440
Net after tax.	272,536	169,992	207,528
11 mos. gross.	10,895,488	10,323,800	10,786,169
Net after tax.	2,829,708	2,308,478	2,289,308

NEW YORK, SUSQUEHANNA & WESTERN for May—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross rev......	318,439	332,795	*14,356
Op. exp. & tax.	243,185	213,048	30,136
Op. income....	75,253	119,746	*44,492
Five Months to May 31:			
Gross rev.....	1,882,523	1,672,073	210,449
Op. exp. & tax.	1,386,854	1,148,185	238,669
Op. income....	495,668	523,888	*28,219

*Decrease.

PHILADELPHIA & READING for May—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Receipts	4,919,975	4,081,702	838,272
Expenses	3,114,036	2,781,617	332,418
Profit in op...	1,805,939	1,300,085	505,853
Rent, int., tax., &c., (est.)...	770,250	769,666	583
Surplus	1,035,689	530,418	505,270
From July 1:			
Receipts	53,081,526	43,404,762	*9,676,764
Expenses	32,915,932	30,064,859	2,851,073
Profit	20,165,594	13,339,902	6,825,691
Rent., int. & tax	8,472,750	8,466,333	6,416
Surplus	11,692,844	4,873,569	6,819,274

PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL AND IRON CO. for May—

Receipts	2,747,181	2,297,003	450,177
Expenses	2,764,635	2,406,376	358,259
Loss in op....	17,454	109,373	91,918
Int. & tax. (est.)	8,000	8,000	......
Deficit	25,454	117,373	*91,918
From July 1:			
Receipts	33,755,473	28,123,887	5,631,586
Expenses	31,981,386	27,685,989	4,295,397
Profit	1,774,087	437,898	1,336,189
Charges	88,000	88,000	......
Surplus	1,686,087	349,898	1,336,189

READING COMPANY for May—

Receipts	573,686	563,927	9,758
Expenses	6,699	7,836	*1,136
Profit	566,987	556,091	10,895
Int. & tax. (est.)	457,666	463,000	*5,333
Surplus	109,320	93,091	16,229
From July 1:			
Receipts	6,273,875	6,193,945	79,930
Expenses	84,396	74,743	9,653
Profit	6,189,478	6,119,201	70,277
Charges	5,034,333	5,093,000	*58,666
Surplus	1,155,145	1,026,201	128,943

*Decrease.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM for May—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Southern Railway.			
Gross	6,261,274	4,916,931	5,620,839
Net after tax.	2,021,823	1,337,535	955,897
11 mos. gross.	64,319,551	57,455,950	65,518,597
Net after tax.	19,337,750	12,260,620	15,537,786
Alabama Great Southern.			
Gross	551,228	412,099	413,413
Net after tax.	209,544	90,585	22,685
11 mos. gross.	5,129,272	4,384,350	4,994,834
Net after tax.	1,520,728	846,546	924,261
Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific.			
Gross	1,028,091	831,801	873,183
Net after tax.	319,559	248,864	157,322
11 mos. gross.	10,089,032	8,685,003	10,962,100
Net after tax.	2,791,488	2,033,564	2,782,990
Virginia & Southwestern.			
	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross	162,534	135,018	27,515
Net after tax.	27,206	21,601	5,604
11 mos. gross.	1,792,091	1,662,760	129,330
Net after tax.	437,643	346,043	91,600

WABASH RAILWAY for May—

Gross	3,071,695	2,363,451	708,244
Net after tax.	1,002,740	295,080	707,660
11 mos. gross.	31,712,825	26,762,277	4,950,548
Net after tax.	9,988,215	4,881,564	5,106,651

WESTERN MARYLAND for May—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	1,000,920	838,251	669,382
Net after tax.	358,534	261,168	*118,272
11 mos. gross.	9,937,207	7,838,977	7,556,588
Net after tax.	3,170,461	1,850,851	210,556

*Deficit.

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

AMERICAN CAR & FOUNDRY CO. for the year ended April 30—

	1916.	1915.	1914
Total profits..	$4,595,359	$3,615,054	$5,810,889
Ren. rep., &c.	1,779,341	1,284,118	2,052,918
Net	2,816,018	2,330,936	3,757,971
Pfd. dividend.	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,100,000
Balance	716,018	230,936	1,657,971
Com. dividend.	600,000	*600,000	600,000
Balance	116,018	80,936	1,057,971
Mt. and imp...	......	......	700,000
Surplus	116,018	80,936	357,971
Prev. surplus.	25,694,076	25,613,140	25,255,169
Total surplus..	25,810,094	25,694,076	25,613,140

*Of this amount $450,000 was taken from "reserve for dividends on common stock."

THE W. H. McELWAIN CO. for the year ended May 31—

Undiv. surp. at begin. of year.	419,234	353,943	301,090
Net earnings..	904,019	648,586	705,550
Total	1,323,253	1,002,530	1,006,640
Deduct:			
Bon. to emps. or managers	27,310	12,296	39,571
Spec. appro. to plt. acct.....	100,000	100,000	51,226
Dividends	528,000	471,000	561,900
Undiv. surplus May 31	667,943	419,234	353,943

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked
Atlantic Coast L..	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.38	4.20
Baltimore & Ohio.	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.35	4.20
Buff., Roch. & P.	1916-'30	4½@5	4.55	4.25
Canadian Pacific.	1916-'28	4½	4.52	4.38
Ches. & Ohio.....	1916-'24	4½	4.55	4.30
Chi. & N. W.....	1916-'23	4½	4.28	4.15
Chi., R. I. & P..	1916-'27	4½@5	5.25	4.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1916-'24	5	4.45	4.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1916-'29	5	4.75	4.45
Del. & Hudson...	1922	4½	4.25	4.15
Erie Railroad.....	1916-'23	4½@5	4.55	4.35
Hocking Valley...	1916-'23	4 @5	4.45	4.30
Illinois Central...	1916-'23	4½@5	4.35	4.15
Louis. & Nash...	1916-'23	5	4.30	4.10
Mo., K. & Texas..	1916-'23	5	5.90	4.90
Missouri Pacific..	1916-'22	5	5.90	4.90
N. Y. Central L..	1916-'28	4½@5	4.55	4.30
Norfolk & West..	1916-'24	4½	4.30	4.10
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1916-'28	6	4.75	4.40
Penn. Gen. Fr't..	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.30	4.10
St. L., I. M. & S..	1916-'24	5	5.20	4.70
Seaboard Air L...	1916-'23	5	4.75	4.40
Southern Pacific..	1916-'23	4½	4.35	4.15
Southern Railway.	1916-'24	4½@5	4.65	4.35

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Anglo-American	15½	16	15½	16
Atlantic Refining....	685	695	685	690
Borne-Scrymser	340	350	340	350
Buckeye Pipe Line...	85	87	85	87
Chesebrough Mfg	805	815	805	815
Colonial Oil	70	80	70	80
Continental Oil	315	320	310	320
Crescent Pipe Line...	39	43	39	43
Cumberland P. L.....	80	85	80	85
Eureka Pipe Line....	200	205	200	205
Galena Signal Oil....	154	156	154	156
Galena Signal Oil pf.	137	142	137	142
Illinois Pipe Line....	156	159	154	156
Indiana Pipe Line....	87	90	87	90
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd....	10	10¼	9¾	10¼
National Transit.....	14	16	14	16
N. Y. Transit.........	180	185	180	185
Northern Pipe Line...	92	95	92	95
Ohio Oil	224	226	221	223
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co...	55	60	53	58
Pierce Oil	11¾	12¼	11¾	12¼
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24..	80	82	80	83
Prairie Oil & Gas....	385	395	380	390
Prairie Pipe Line....	211	213	210	211
Solar Refining	270	280	270	280
Southern Pipe Line...	187	190	187	190
South Penn. Oil......	340	345	340	345
South. W. Penn......	103	106	103	106
Stand. Oil of Cal.....	246	249	246	249
Stand. Oil of Ind.....	560	565	560	565
Stand. Oil of Kan....	435	445	435	445
Stand. Oil of Ky.....	395	405	395	405
Stand. Oil of Neb....	340	345	340	345
Stand. Oil of N. J....	519	521	519	521
Stand. Oil of N. Y....	205	207	204	206
Stand. Oil of Ohio....	615	625	610	620
Swan & Finch........	95	100	95	100
Union Tank	80	82	80	82
Vacuum Oil	252	255	245	250
Washington Oil	30	40	30	40

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transactions in Stocks and Bonds—Quotations for Railway, Light and Power Issues.

The following range of prices and closing quotations were reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday by dealers in public utility securities. The trading in these securities is done privately over the counter and this record gives only those trades which are reported by the dealers making them:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.
10	Amer. Cities pf.	50¼	50¼	50	50½
45	Am. Lt. & Tr..	382¼	379¾	379	383
1,225	Cities Service..	355	348	350	352
3,732	Cities Serv. pf.	88	86⅝	87¼	87½
500	Commonwealth..	64½	64	64	64½
375	Com'wealth pf.	84½	84	84	85
75	Cons. Pow. pf.	99	99	98	99
13	Interst. Elec...	35	35	30	35
5	Int. Elec. pf...	94	94	90	94
150	R. Ry. & L. Co.	38¼	38¼	38¼	39
23	Toledo Trac. ..	51½	50⅝	50	51
407	Tol. Trac. pf...	85¾	84¾	85¼	85½

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.
$2,000	Hel. St. & Ry. 1st 5s	84	84	84	85

Closing quotations for issues not included in the table of transactions above were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Light pf.....	78	81
Adirondack Electric Power.......	25	27
American Gas Co................	120	123
American G. & E................	50	52
*†American Gas & Electric......	137	141
American Light & Traction pf..	110½	112½
American Power & Light.........	68	69
American Power & Light pf......	84	86
American Public Utilities.......	45	47
American Public Utilities pf......	75	78
American W. W. & E............	6	8
Am. W. W. & E. Participating pf.	14	16
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf..........	52	55
Atlantic P. & L. pf..............	92½	95
Baton Rouge El. pf.............	88	91
Baton Rouge notes..............	99½	..
Carolina Power & Light.........	26	30
Carolina Light & Power pf.......	95	99
Central Miss. Valley Prop. pf.....	77	81
Colorado Power	24	26
Colorado Power pf..............	99½	101½
Columbus Electric pf...........	74	..
Connecticut Power pf...........	92	95
Dallas Electric notes............	98¾	99½
Dayton P. & L..................	60	64
†Dayton Power & Light pf.......	95½	96½
Electric Bond & Share pf........	99½	100
Electric B. D..................	85	87
Eastern Texas Electric..........	61	65
Eastern Texas Electric pf........	92	94
Eastern Texas Electric notes.....	100	101
Empire D. E. pf.................	87½	92
Federal Light & Traction........	11	14
Federal Light & Traction pf......	46	50
Galveston-Houston Electric......	32½	..
Galveston-Houston Electric pf....	..	77½
†Gas & Electric Securities	290	..
†Gas & Electric Securities pf....	97	102
International Traction	49	52
International Traction pf.......	90	94
Mississippi River Power.........	14	16
Mississippi River Power pf.......	38	42
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power...	16	18
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf.	60	65
Northern States Power	89½	90½
Northern States Power pf........	97	98
Northern Texas Electric.........	61	65
Northern Texas Electric pf.......	85	87
Ozark P. & W..................	46	50
Pacific G. & E..................	57	58
Pacific G. & E., (orig.) pf.......	88	90
Pacific G. & E. pf..............	87½	88½
Public S. Inv. Co. pf...........	83	86
Puget Sound Traction...........	18	21
Puget Sound Traction pf.........	55	60
Pennsylvania Light Co..........	25	30
Pennsylvania Light Co. pf.......	78	83
Railway & Light Sec. pf.........	96	..
Republic Railway & Light pf.....	75	78
Securities Corp. General	18	23
Securities Corp. General pf......	80	85
Southern California Edison......	93	95
Southern California Edison pf....	105	107
Southwestern Power & Light pf...	97½	100
*Standard Gas & Electric........	15	16
Standard Gas & Electric pf......	40	41
Tampa Electric	132½	137½
Tenn. Railway & Light..........	11	12
Tenn. Railway & Light pf........	50	51
United Light & Railways........	53	55
United Light & Railways pf......	76	78
Union Gas & Electric...........	14	16
Union Gas & Electric 1st pf......	72	75
Union Gas & Electric 2d pf......	14	17
Western Power	19½	20
Western Power pf..............	68	70

*Par value. †Ex dividend.

BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Baton Rouge 1st 5s..............	90	92½
Central Ill. Lt. 5s...............	95	97
Connecticut Power 1st 5s.........	96	..
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s...........	97	99
Denver Gas & E. 6s..............	101	101¾
Eastern Texas E. col. 5s..........	91	94
Empire G. & F. 6s...............	99¾	100
Galveston Elec. 1st 5s...........	90	94
Great Lake Power 6s, 1921-28....	99	101
Great Western P. 6s, 1946.......	90	91
Great Western P. 6s, 1925.......	98	99½
Houston Electric 1st 5s..........	97½	100
Middle West. U. 6s, 1925........	97	99
Mahoning & Shen. R. & L. 5s....	98	99
Mississippi R. P. 1st 5s.........	76½	77¼
Northern States P. 5s, 1941.....	96	96¼
Northern States P. 6s, 1926.....	98¾	99¼
No. Texas El. col. t. 5s..........	91	94
Pensacola El. 1st 5s............	85	90
Railway & L. Sec., Ser. 5s.......	96½	..
Seattle El. con. 5s..............	94	97
Tampa Electric 1st 5s...........	98	101¼
U. S. S. R. & M. 6s, 1926.......	109	111
W. West. Light 6s, 1925........	96	98
Western States G. & E. 1st 5s....	91	94

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Prov. of Alb.	5	May, 1926	97½	98¼	5.20
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec. 15,'16	100¼	100¾	3.80
Argen. Govt. Disc.		Feb. 21,'17	95¾	96⅜	5.30
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec. 15,'17	100¼	100⅞	4.20
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	100½	101	5.60
City of Mont.	5	May, 1918	99⅝	100¼	4.90
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99¾	100¼	4.80
City of Mont.		Dec., 1917	99¾	100⅜	4.40
City of Quebec	5	Apr., 1920	99½	100¼	4.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	99¾	100½	4.80
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1916	100⅛	100¼	2.95
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	100⅞	101⅛	3.95
Italian Govt.	6	Oct. 15,'16	99¾	100¼	5.35
Prov. of Man.	5	Feb., 1920	98¾	99½	5.10
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	105½	107¼	4.75
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct. 15,'16	100⅜	101½	1.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct., 1917	101	103	3.75
Prov. of Ont.	5	Feb., 1920	99¾	100½	..
Prov. of N. B.	5	Dec., 1919	99¾	100½	4.90
G. of N'f'l'nd.	5	July, 1919	99	99½	5.20
Prov. of Sask.	5	Feb., 1918	99	99¾	5.00
Swedish Gov.	6	Dec., 1916	100⅛	101¼	3.25
Swiss Gov....	5	Mar., 1918	99¼	100	5.00
Swiss Gov....	5	Mar., 1920	99¼	100	5.00

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Nov., 1917	100¼	100⅝	4.40
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1916	100	101	4.00
Am. P. & L..	6	Aug., 1921	99½	101	6.00
Am. S. T. Co.	5	Jan. 15,'19	96	98½	5.95
Am. T. & T..	4½	Feb., 1918	100	100⅛	4.35
Am. Thread..	4	Jan., 1919	98	98⅝	4.50
Anacon. Cop..	5	Mar., 1917	100½	100⅝	3.70
A., T. & S. F.	5	June, 1917	101⅛	101½	3.45
A.V.R.L. & P.	6	July 1, '19	99	100	6.00
At. & Pac. T.	6	June, 1921	101¾	102¼	5.50
B'klyn R. T..	5	July, 1918	100⅜	100⅝	4.85
Can. North...	5	Sep., 1917	99⅞	100	5.00
Can. Pacific..	6	Mar. 2,'24	101½	101¾	5.55
C. P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	102½	103½	3.50
C. & W. Ind..	5	Sep., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.10
C., B. & Q...	4	July, 1921	98⅛	98¾	4.30
Chicago Elev.	5	July, 1916	93	96	..
Cities Service.	7	May, 1918	102	102⅝	..
Den. G. & E..	6	Apr., 1917	101	101⅝	..
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	96	98	7.00
Erie R. R....	5½	Apr., 1917	100½	101	4.00
Gen. Rubber..	5	Dec., 1918	100	100¼	4.87
Gd. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	98¾	99½	5.20
Hocking Val..	5	Nov., 1917	100¼	100¼	4.58
Inter. Harv..	5	Feb. 15,'18	100⅝	100⅞	3.90
L. Gas & El..	6	Apr., 1918	100½	101⅛	5.75
Mich. Ry.....	6	June, 1919	101	101½	5.45
*Min. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	101	..	8.00
Mo. Pacific...	6	June, 1916	96	98	..
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	97¾	98⅝	7.20
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	99½	100	5.00
N.Y., N.H. & H.	4½	May, 1917	99⅞	100	4.50
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99¾	100	5.00
Nor. S. Pow..	5	Apr. 1,'41	98⅜	99¼	5.10
Penn. Co.....	4½	June 15,'21	100⅛	100⅞	4.28
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co..	5	Feb. 19,'19	97½	98	5.80
Southern Ry..	5	Mar., 1917	100	100⅝	4.65
U.Ry.,G. & E.	5	Apr., 1919	98¼	99¼	5.30
U.S. P. S. Co.	6	Apr., 1918	98½	100¼	5.75
United Fruit..	5	May, 1918	100¼	100⅝	4.62
W'house El. & Mfg. Co....	5	Oct., 1917	101	101⅝	3.85
W. P. Trac...	6	Mar., 1917	100¼	101¾	4.30
Win. R. Arms.	5	Mar., 1918	98⅝	99	5.65
W. V. T. & E.	6	June, 1917	99	100	6.00
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	100	101	5.30
Winn. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	100¼	101	5.45

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
American Cigar......	127	128	127	130
American Cigar pf...	99	100	99	100
Conley Foil	325	340	325	340
J. S. Young..........	150	155	150	155
J. S. Young pf.......	105	110	105	110
Johnson T. F. & M..	130	150	130	145
MacAndrews & F....	175	178	175	178
MacAndrews & F. pf.	100	101	100	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob..	232	237	232	240
R. J. Reynolds Tob...	500	510	500	510
R. J. Reynolds Tob. pf.	121	123	121	123

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CITY.

Cash Position, June 24, 1916.

CONTROLLER'S STATEMENT.

Cash Action.	Corporate Stock Notes.	Revenue Bonds and Bills.	Special Revenue Bonds.
Outstanding June 17..............	$7,124,142.13	$54,490,741.09	$3,989,400.00
Net increase	1,127,357.87	*990,741.00	250,000.00
Outstanding June 24	$8,251,500.00	$53,500,000.00	$4,239,400.00
Cash balance	7,973,155.33		
Net obligation	$278,344.67		

*Decrease.

8 Per Cent Preferred Stock
Yielding 8% on Cost
Larger dividends expected in near future as it shares with Common in all profits.
Dividend in July
Price $5.00 per share
Circular 8 on request
WM. HALL ALLEN
Investment Securities
149 Broadway New York
Phone—Cortlandt 4252.

A Combination Investment To Yield 5.95%
Consisting of a 5% First Mortgage Bond of a prosperous Gas & Electric Company; a 6% First Mortgage Bond of a successful Power Company, and a 6% Cumulative Preferred Stock of a strong Public Utility Holding Company.
Henry L. Doherty & Co.
BOND DEPARTMENT (Ground Floor)
60 Wall Street. Phone Hanover 5621.

Eastern Steel
INVESTMENTS—5% to 8% described in circular T-56. Sent on request.
DAWSON & LYON
Investment Securities
40 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 5441 John

We Buy, Sell & Quote
Carbon Steel 1st Pfd.
Carbon Steel 2d Pfd.
Carbon Steel Common
Eastern Steel
Central Aguirre Sugar
Guantanamo Sugar
Slattery & Co.
SPECIALISTS
40 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 4361 Broad.

Chalmers Motor
Paige Detroit Motor
Reo Car & Truck
Locomobile of America
Toledo Lt. & Traction
Lincoln Gas & Electric
CLARENCE C. PERPALL & CO.
50 Broad St. NEW YORK 1305 Dime Bank Bldg. DETROIT

Peerless Motor
Late reports on this company show the stock is earning about 50% on its market value. Write for special letter 50.
Thomas E. Donovan & Co.
Specialists
25 Broad St., N. Y. C. Phones 4994-5 Broad.

Chic. & East. Ill. 6% Rec. Ctfs. 1916
Det., Gr. Haven & Milwaukee 6s, 1918
Central Branch 4s, 1919 & 1948
Cin., Ham. & Day. Guar. Ref. 4s, 1959
Wolff & Stanley
Tel. 6557 Broad. 27 William St., N. Y.

Kan. City Ry. & Lt. Co.
New Issues & Scrip
Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone Rector 9980
Private Phones to Philadelphia and Boston.

Wanted
English Marconi
Fajardo Sugar
Guantanamo Sugar
Manati Sugar
ERNEST SMITH
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 974 Broad

N. Y. Produce Exchange Bank
Home Insurance Co.
Sulzberger & Sons Co. Pfd.
Prestolite Company
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876. New York.

We call your attention to our Telephone Service Dept., where we aim to make close markets and supply information on Public Utility Securities.
Stranahan & Co.
120 BROADWAY TEL. RECTOR 4787

Hardin-Wyandot Ltg. Co. 5s
La Belle Iron Works 5s
City & Suburban Gas 6s
(WHEELING, W. VA.)
JUDSON G. WALL & SONS
EST. 36 YEARS.
10 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone Rector 77.

Imperial Oil
Tidewater Oil
Magnolia Petroleum
Central Petroleum
BOUGHT—SOLD—QUOTED
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall St. Tel. 4220 John

The Old and New Wabash
Are Stocks High Now?
Stock Market of Civil War
Supplemented by charts and tables, are features of QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS. Just issued. Copy "T" free.
J. FRANK HOWELL
52 BROADWAY NEW YORK

Cities Service Co.
6% Preferred Stock

Within the last two weeks Cities Service Common Stock has advanced more than 70 points to above $350 a share, while the Preferred Stock, which pays regular monthly dividends of ½ of 1%, may still be purchased on

Approximately a 7% Income Basis

This anomalous position of the senior issue has been brought about by liquidation of foreign holdings caused by the policy of the British Government in placing heavy taxes on all incomes derived from holdings by its people on foreign securities.

It is now evident that this foreign liquidation is nearing its end and with its cessation Cities Service 6% Preferred Stock should quickly advance to much higher prices. More than four times the requirements for the preferred dividends are now being earned and after July 12, 1916, this stock will have first claim on all assets and earnings of the issuing corporation.

While the Preferred Stock may now be purchased around 86 or on approximately a 7% income basis the market value of the common stock, or junior issue, has advanced until now it is around $350 a share, indicating an equity of more than $64,200,000 above the Preferred Stock or almost twice the entire outstanding par value of 6% Preferred Stock.

We advise the purchase of Cities Service Preferred Stock for permanent investment and are ready to give complete information in regard to it either in person or on application by letter or wire.

Williams, Troth & Coleman
60 Wall Street, New York
Telephone Hanover 5980
Direct Wire to Columbus and Philadelphia Markets

United Light and Railways Co.
6% First Preferred
A high grade Public Utility Security, with an unbroken dividend record, which may be purchased at a price to yield approximately 7.5% per annum.
We recommend this stock for the investment of idle funds, either for outright purchase or under our newly inaugurated—
Monthly Payment Plan
Write for "Analysis" (L 10) mailed free on request, together with Booklet descriptive of this Company's operations
Michaelis & Co.
61 Broadway, New York

Universal Oil & Gas Co.
Common Stock—Par Value $5
Dealt In
Descriptive Circular of natural resources of the properties owned and controlled by this company and pointing out investment advantages issued to investors upon request.
Morgan & Finlay
115 Broadway New York

Guaranteed Stocks Exempt from Taxation

Amount	Stock	Rate	Guarantor	Price to Net
1500	Minn., St. P. & S. S. Marie L. L.	4%	Minn., St. Paul & S. S. Marie	5.33%
1200	Beech Creek R.R.	4%	New York Central	4.40%
1000	Canada Southern Ry. Co.	3%	Michigan Central	5.05%
1000	Morris & Essex R. R. Co.	7%	Del., Lack. & Western	4.22%
700	Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chic. Ry. Co.	7%	Pennsylvania R. R. Co.	4.40%
700	Lackawanna R. R. of New Jersey	4%	Del., Lackawanna & Western	4.30%
500	Northern Central Ry. Co.	8%	Pennsylvania R. R. Co.	4.57%
500	Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co.	7%	Pennsylvania R. R. Co.	4.25%
400	United N. J. R. R. & Canal Co.	10%	Pennsylvania R. R. Co.	4.42%
400	Manhattan Elevated Ry. Co.	7%	Interboro Rapid Transit Co.	5.45%
300	New York, Lackawanna & Western	5%	Del., Lackawanna & Western	4.27%
300	Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line	9%	Southern Railway Co.	4.85%
300	Tunnel R. R. of St. Louis	6%	Term. R. R. Ass'n St. Louis	5.45%
200	Illinois Central Leased Line	4%	Illinois Central	5.05%
200	St. Louis Bridge Co. 1st Pfd.	6%	Term. R. R. Ass'n St. Louis	5.45%
100	Utica, Chenango & Susq. Valley	6%	Del., Lackawanna & Western	4.32%
100	Albany & Susquehanna Ry.	12.25%	Delaware & Hudson Co.	4.75%
100	Cayuga & Susquehanna Ry. Co.	9%	Del., Lackawanna & Western	4.50%
100	Detroit, Hillsdale & So. West.	4%	Lake Shore & Michigan So.	4.35%
100	Oswego & Syracuse R. R. Co.	9%	Del. Lackawanna & Western	4.50%
100	Rensselaer & Saratoga R. R. Co.	8%	Delaware & Hudson Co.	4.50%
100	Warren R. R. Co.	7%	Del., Lackawanna & Western	4.42%
100	Northwestern Telegraph Co.	6%	Western Union Tel. Co.	5.35%

Descriptive Circular and Booklet sent without charge upon request
Telephone 1940 Rector Joseph Walker & Sons 61 Broadway New York
Members New York Stock Exchange
Private Wire to Philadelphia

THE MARKET AND FULTON NATIONAL BANK

New York, June 20, 1916.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of Three Per Cent. upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after July 1st, 1916. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

JOHN H. CARR, Cashier.

Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, Incorporated.

Interest on First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds secured by Sinking Fund, due January 1, 1918, of this Company will be paid on or after July 1, 1916, upon presentation of Coupon No. 37 to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

UNITED VERDE EXTENSION MINING COMPANY.

STOCK DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Directors of the United Verde Extension Mining Company, held on June 28th, a dividend of 50 cents per share upon the outstanding capital stock of this company was declared, payable August 1st, 1916, to the stockholders of record at close of business July 15th, 1916.

CHAS. P. SANDS, Treasurer,
233 Broadway, New York.

THE BRYANT PARK BANK.

New York, June 27th, 1916.

The Board of Directors have today declared a dividend of three (3) per cent., payable on and after July 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record of this date.

E. F. GIESE, Cashier.

220th DIVIDEND

CHARTERED 1799.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

New York, June 21st, 1916.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free from tax, payable on and after July 1, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30th, 1916.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 68

A quarterly dividend of two per cent. (two dollars per share) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable July 15th, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 24th, 1916.

The transfer books do not close.

JOHN W. DAMON, Assistant Treasurer.

MIAMI COPPER COMPANY

61 Broadway, N. Y.
DIVIDEND NO. 16.

June 29th, 1916.

The Board of Directors of Miami Copper Company have this day declared a dividend of $1.50 per share for the quarter year ending June 30th, 1916, on the capital stock of the Company, payable August 15th, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on August 1st, 1916. Books will not close.

SAM A. LEWISOHN, Treasurer.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, June 20th, 1916.

The Board of Directors have today declared a semi-annual dividend of fourteen (14) per cent., free of tax, payable July 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record of this date. The transfer books will remain closed until July 3d, 1916.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Bargaining has neither friends nor relations."

THE Trust Company is the ideal Executor for an Estate. It has no relatives to propitiate, no favors to extend to friends, no family obligations to satisfy.

Our Officers will be glad to explain the advantages of appointing the *Franklin Trust Company* as Executor of your Estate.

Established 1888
Franklin Trust Company
New York Office: 46 Wall Street
Brooklyn Offices: 166 Montague Street, 569 Fulton Street

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Av. & 38th St. Fifth Av. & 60th St.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, ETC.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

Modern Trust Company Service
Metropolitan Trust Co
of the City of New York
George C. Van Tuyl Jr., President
49 Wall St. 716 Fifth Ave.

5½%
Guaranteed first mortgage certificates pay 5½%. They have the same safety as Guaranteed first mortgages and can be had in amounts of $25 and over. Send for booklet "H".
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital and Surplus, $625,000
Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

FOUNDED 1803

226th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York,
42 Wall Street.

June 22d, 1916.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of four per cent. (4%), free of tax, payable July 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 24th, 1916.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

National Zinc & Lead Company,

Boston, Mass., June 10, 1916.

A monthly dividend of four per cent. (4%) and an extra dividend of one per cent. (1%) have been declared on the outstanding stock of the above named Company payable on June 30, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 22, 1916.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed on June 22, 1916, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopened on July 3d, 1916, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN J. HAMMERS, Treas.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,

Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third St.,
New York, June 22, 1916.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors a quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of this bank was declared, payable, free of tax, on and after June 30, 1916.

The Transfer Books will be closed until Saturday, July 1, 1916.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

Consolidated Nevada-Utah Corp.

Interest on 6% Serial Convertible Gold Bonds of the Consolidated Nevada-Utah Corporation due July 1st, 1916, will be paid on or after July 1st, 1916, upon presentation of coupons to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York City.

Victor I. Cumnock, Treasurer.

The International Button Hole Sewing Machine Company

Quarterly Dividend No. 75—1%

A quarterly dividend of one per cent. has been declared, payable July 15, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 1, 1916.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

The New York Central Railroad Co.

New York, June 14, 1916.

A dividend of One Dollar and Twenty-five cents ($1.25) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable August 1, 1916, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 7, 1916.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

New York, June 28, 1916.

CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE 5% Bonds of this Company, due July 1st, 1916, will be paid at the National City Bank, 55 Wall Street, New York City, on and after July 1st, 1916.

PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

SOUTH PLATTE CANAL AND RESERVOIR CO.

Coupons due July 1st, 1916, of the above company will be paid at the Mechanics & Metals National Bank, No. 20 Nassau Street, New York City.

SAVINGS BANKS.

Union Dime Savings Bank
40th Street and 6th Avenue

An Interest Dividend (114th consecutive) has been declared at the rate of Three & One-half Per Cent. per annum Credited July 1, 1916, and payable on and after Thursday, July 20, 1916, on all sums entitled thereto under the Bylaws. Money deposited on or before July 10 draws interest from July 1, 1916.

Alex. P. W. Kinnan, President.
Francis M. Leake, Treasurer.
Frank F. Hazard, Secretary.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK
CHARTERED 1866
31 W. 34th St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
101st SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

A dividend has been declared of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum and will be credited depositors entitled thereto under the By-Laws, on July 1, 1916, on sums of $5 to $3,000, and payable on and after July 17, 1916.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1.

Bank open 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Mondays, 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.
Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 12 M.

JOHN H. SELMES, President.
GEORGE T. CONNETT, Sec'y and Treas.
HERMAN F. DIETMANN, Asst. Treas.

EMIGRANT
Industrial Savings Bank
51 Chambers St., New York

The Board of Trustees has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all deposits entitled thereto. *Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1916, will draw interest from July 1st, 1916.*

JOHN J. PULLEYN, President.
JOHN S. DALY, Comptroller.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending June 30, 1916:

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, July 17, 1916.
DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, June 13th, 1916.

—NOTICE—

Deposits to draw interest from July 1st, or Oct. 1st, or Jan. 1st, or April 1st, must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

4½% to 6%

has been regularly paid to savers; 4½% on ordinary savings plan and 6% on instalment savings.

SEND FOR BOOKLET.

The Safety of Savings

Under New York State banking supervision.
ESTABLISHED 1890.

Bankers Loan & Investment Co.

A Savings and Loan Association.
7 Sampson Bldg., 63 Wall St., N. Y.

40TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

ITALIAN SAVINGS BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
64-66 Spring Street, cor. Lafayette Street.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending June 30th, 1916, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

Three and One-Half Per Cent.

Per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after July 18th, 1916.

Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1916, will draw interest from July 1st, 1916.

JOSEPH N. FRANCOLINI, President.
PASQUALE I. SIMONELLI, Secretary.

German Savings Bank
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Cor. 4th Av. and 14th St.

New York, June 5, 1916.

Interest at the rate of FOUR (4) PER CENTUM per annum will be credited depositors for the six months ending June 30, 1916, on all sums entitled thereto under the by-laws not exceeding three thousand ($3,000) Dollars, and will be payable on and after July 21st.

Deposits made on or before July 10th 1916, will draw interest from July 1, 1916.

HUBERT CILLIS, President.
A. KOPPEL, Treasurer.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

July 1, 1916, dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
280 Fourth Avenue, June 14, 1916.
194TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending June 30th, 1916, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after July 20th, 1916. The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal July 1st, 1916. Deposits made on or before July 10th, 1916, will draw interest from July 1st, 1916.

WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary.
JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION
115 CHAMBERS ST., N. Y.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1916, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws, payable on and after July 17, 1916.

Deposits made on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1916.

H. E. TENER, President.
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

United States Savings Bank
S. W. Cor. Madison Ave. and 58th St.

A dividend has been declared for the three or six months ending June 30, 1916, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all accounts of $5 and upwards entitled thereto, payable July 17, 1916.

Deposits made on or before July 12th will draw interest from July 1st, 1916.

CHARLES N. TAINTOR, President.
JOHN HYSLOP, Treasurer.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION
291, 293, 295 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

The 156th semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of

Four Per Cent.

per annum on all accounts entitled thereto, payable on and after July 20th. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st, 1916.

S. S. RAMSAY, Pres. C. A. WHITNEY, Sec.

Empire City Savings Bank,
231 WEST 125TH STREET.

The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending June 30th, 1916, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. PER ANNUM on all sums from $5.00 to $3,000.00, payable July 15th, 1916. Money deposited on or before July 13th, 1916, will draw interest from July 1st.

JOHN BEAVER, President.
A. S. VAN WINKLE, Secretary.

R. G. ESTEE EXPELLED BY STOCK EXCHANGE

Charged by Governors with Cheating Customers Through Sales of Stocks.

FALSE CLEARING ALLEGED

First Member Turned Out in Six Years—Same Offense Never Before Charged Against a Broker.

The Stock Exchange authorities yesterday visited the exemplary penalty of expulsion upon Rush G. Estee, one of the younger members of the Exchange, and until a few weeks ago one of the most popular. The punishment was voted by the Governors under a charge of "conduct inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade" and in accordance with Section 6, Article 17 of the Constitution, which follows:

> A member who shall have been adjudged, by a majority of all the existing members of the Governing Committee, guilty of willful violation of the constitution of the Exchange, or of any resolution of the Governing Committee regarding the conduct or business of members, or of any conduct or proceeding inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade, may be suspended or expelled as the said committee may determine, unless some other penalty is expressly provided for such offense.

Charges were made against Estee several weeks ago. They were considered so serious that the broker did not again appear on the floor. About a month ago dispatches to newspapers from Duluth reported him upset in a boating accident, and also told of fear that he had been lost. Whether on account of the accident or because of business troubles Mr. Estee was badly unnerved, and when the Governing Committee met to try his case two weeks ago certificates were presented by physicians that he was suffering from nervous prostration at a resort in New Hampshire, so an adjournment was granted.

Mr. Estee appeared before the Governors on Wednesday afternoon. He had been a specialist in Maxwell Motors and he was charged with taking at a low price for himself stock he had been ordered to buy for a customer, and by roundabout clearance reporting the purchase to the customer at a higher price. For example, if the stock opened at 88 bid, offered at 89, it was alleged that he would himself buy the stock he was supposed to be buying for another, clear it through another house than his own, so as to escape detection, and turn over the report at a higher price to the customer.

The penalty of expulsion had not been imposed before in six years, and according to one of the Governors it had never been imposed for the exact offense charged against Estee. The expelled broker was admitted to the Exchange on Aug. 21, 1913. He was the floor member of R. G. Estee & Co., 52 Broadway.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Justice	.08
Andes	.11	Mexican	.15
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con.	.70
Caledonia	.37	Ophir	.28
Chollar	.05	Overman	.05
Confidence	.18	Potosi	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.10	Savage	.08
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.02
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.22
Hale & Norcross	.07	Union Con.	.77
Jacket Con.	.04	Utah Con.	.01
Julia	.01	Jacket Con.	.04

TONOPAH.		D'field B. B.	.02
Belmont	4.00	D'field Daisy	.02
Halifax	.70	Florence	.39
Jim Butler	.96	G'field Consol.	.84
McNamara	.05	G'field Merger	.07
Midway	.21	Jumbo Exten.	.77
Mizpah Exten.	.18	Kewanas	.10
Montana	.25	Lone Star	.04
North Star	.15	Red Lion	.25
Rescue	.34	Silver Pick	.09
Tonopah Exten.	5.16	Spearhead	.04
Tonopah Nev.	6.00	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	.90	Big Jim	.80
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.18
Atlanta	.10	Rochester Mines	.58
Booth	.15	Round Mountain	.60
C. O. D.	.03	White Caps	.23
Combination	.07		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	9⅝	9½	Granite	65	68½
Elkton	14⅛	16½	Isabella	17¼	18
El Paso	79	80	Jackpot	5	8
Findlay	2	2¼	McKinney	35	40
Golden C.	211½	215	Portland	165	175
Gold Sov.	8½	4	Vindicator	225	238

DIVIDENDS.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

To Holders of Gold Bonds of 2002 and appurtenant coupons of May 1, 1914:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order made on the 27th day of June, 1916, by the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, in a suit pending between Central Trust Company of New York as Complainant, and Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company as Defendant, upon presentation during business hours of said bonds and coupons to CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, at its office, 54 Wall Street, New York City, for appropriate notation, the holder thereof (or the registered owners in case of registration of bonds) will be entitled to receive for each $1,000 of bonds if accompanied by the appurtenant coupon which matured May 1, 1914, the sum of $8.50, or if not accompanied by the coupon which matured May 1, 1914, the sum of $8.33 1-3; holders of coupons which matured May 1, 1914, presented separate from the bonds to which they appertain will be entitled to receive the sum of 16 2-3 cents for each $20 of such coupons.

Dated, New York, June 27, 1916.
WALTER C. NOYES, Receiver.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.

Philadelphia, June 21, 1916.

The Board of Directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. (or $1.25 per share) on its preferred stock to stockholders of record June 24, 1916, and a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. (or $1.25 per share) on its common stock to stockholders of record June 24, 1916, both payable July 8, 1916.

Checks will be mailed.
C. J. KULP, Treasurer.

Coupons due July 1st, 1916, on **Seattle Construction and Dry Dock Company's First and General Mortgage Ten-Year 6% Gold Bonds** will be paid at the office of

Bertron, Griscom & Co.,
40 Wall Street, New York.

New York, June 28th, 1916.

THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of 1½% on the outstanding capital stock of the company, payable July 15th, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 10th, 1916.

HOWARD W. SMITH, Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., June 8, 1916.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid July 1, 1916, to the registered holders of June 13th, 1916. Transfer books will be closed on the 13th inst., and will be reopened June 19, 1916.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

William P. Bonbright & Co., Inc.

New York, June 27, 1916.

Regular quarterly dividend No. 14 of ONE AND THREE QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the First Preferred stock outstanding of William P. Bonbright & Co., Incorporated, will be paid on July 10, 1916, to stockholders of record at June 30th.

A. P. TALIAFERRO, Treasurer.

New York, June 29, 1916.

At a meeting of the directors of the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company, held in New York City on the 27th instant, the regular quarterly dividend of 1% was declared on all stock of record at the close of business July 15th, and payable July 25th. Stock transfer books will be closed on the night of July 15th and reopened on the morning of July 26th. L. BEARDSLEY, Treasurer.

The Public Bank of New York City.

New York, June 29th, 1916.

The Board of Directors of the Public Bank of New York City has this day declared a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. on the capital stock of this bank, payable July 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record on June 29th, 1916. Transfer books will be closed until July 1st, 1916.

C. H. BALDWIN, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

New York, June 20th, 1916.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable on and after July 1st, 1916. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York

LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W., 26 Old Broad St., E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann. BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

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What costs the bankers and brokers $600 a year you can get after the market closes or the next morning at $12 a year in

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD CO.

To holders of certificates of deposit representing preferred and common stock issued under the Plan and Agreement of Readjustment, dated January 31, 1916; and

To holders of said preferred and common stock:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Plan and Agreement of Readjustment has been approved by the holders of more than three-fourths in amount of the outstanding capital stock of The Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company;

2. The time for the deposit of preferred and common stock has been extended to and including **July 5, 1916**, after which date no further deposits will be received except upon such terms and conditions as the Committee may in its discretion determine;

3. A first installment of $5 per share on account of the purchase price of the New Stock which Depositors are entitled to purchase as provided in the Plan is hereby called, payable **July 5, 1916** in United States gold coin or its equivalent, either at the office of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, or at the office of Merchants National Bank, 28 State Street, Boston, Mass., the Depositaries under the Plan;

4. Pursuant to arrangements between the Railroad Company and the Committee, stockholders electing to purchase New Stock must deposit their certificates as provided in the Plan and pay said first installment of $5 per share on or before **July 5, 1916**; and in the event of their failure so to do will have no right to the purchase of New Stock. At the time of the payment of said first installment, certificates of deposit for deposited stock must be presented to the Depositary by which the same were issued for the notation thereon of such payment.

Dated, New York, June 21, 1916.

CHARLES H. SABIN, Chairman,
F. LOTHROP AMES,
THOMAS COCHRAN,
GATES W. McGARRAH,
E. V. R. THAYER,
Committee.

Referring to the above notice, holders of preferred and common stock are advised that the Company has arranged with the above Committee for the offer by said Committee to stockholders of the New Stock which such stockholders are entitled to subscribe for and purchase as provided in the Plan and Agreement of Readjustment. Stockholders desiring to avail themselves of such right of purchase must deposit their certificates and make the payment of $5 per share as set forth in the above notice on or before **July 5, 1916**. The right to purchase New Stock will be limited to stockholders making the above deposit and payment and otherwise complying with the terms and provisions of the Plan.

Dated, New York, June 21, 1916.

THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY,
By F. H. DAVIS, Vice-President and Treasurer.

E. W. BLISS COMPANY
Borough of Brooklyn, New York.
June 29, 1916.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared an extra dividend of 100% on the Common Stock of the Company, to be paid from the accumulated net earnings of the Company on July 14th next, to holders of the Common Stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business July 10th. Transfer books will be closed July 11th to 14th, both dates inclusive.

HOWARD C. SEAMAN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

AMERICAN GRAPHOPHONE CO.
Common Dividend No. 45.

A dividend (No. 45) of One and three quarters (1¾%) per cent., has been declared upon the Common capital stock of the American Graphophone Company, payable July 1, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 15, 1916. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. W. WOODROP, Treasurer.

DOMINION OF CANADA
5, 10 and 15 Year Temporary 5% Bonds

May be presented at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall Street, New York, for exchange into definitive Bonds of this issue, due in 1921, 1926 and 1931, respectively.

The International Nickel Co.
Preferred Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. on the preferred stock has been declared this day, payable August 1, 1916, to the preferred stockholders of record at the close of business July 14, 1916.

JAMES L. ASHLEY,
Sec. & Treas.

New York, June 29, 1916.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY,
42 Broadway.
New York, June 27, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that there has been declared a dividend of Three Dollars and Fifty Cents Per Share on the Preferred Stock and a dividend of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents Per Share on the Common Stock of the Company, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock on the 14th of August, payable September 1st, at the office of the Company in the City of New York.

H. R. WILLIAMS, Vice-President.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY,
49 Wall Street.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 27.
New York City, June 29, 1916.

A dividend of ONE (1%) PER CENT. has this day been declared upon the preferred stock of this Company, payable on August 15, 1916, to preferred stockholders of record on August 5, 1916.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

Coupons Maturing July, 1916, Payable at the Offices of

Harris, Forbes & Co

Pine Street, Corner William, New York
Also Payable at the Office of our

Chicago Correspondent
Harris Trust & Savings Bank

Boston Correspondent
Harris, Forbes & Co.

First

Albert Lea, Minn., Permanent Improvement 4½s
Albert Lea, Minn., Refunding 4s
Albuquerque, New Mex., Board of Education, School Building 4½s
Albuquerque, New Mex., Funding 5s
Albuquerque, New Mex., General Street Improvement 5s
Arlington Heights, Ill., School Building 5s
Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railroad Co. Equipment 5s
Belvidere, Ill., School District No. 57, 5s
Benton, Ill., Refunding 4¼s
Berryville, Va., Water Works 5s
Big Rapids, Mich., Refunding 4s
Billings, Mont., City Hall 4½s
Billings, Mont., School District No. 2 4½s
Boulder, Colo., Water Wks. 4½s
Bozeman, Mont., Funding, School Series 4s
Broadwater County, Mont., Funding 4s
Buffalo & Susquehanna Ry. Co., Gold Equipment Series "A" 5s
Carbondale, Ill., School District No. 95, 5s
Cascade County, Mont., Court House 4s
Cascade County, Mont., 3½s
Cascade County, Mont., Refunding 5s
Cascade County, Mont., Fdg. 4s
Cass County, Iowa, 4½s
Centerville, Iowa, Refunding 4s
Centerville, Iowa, Refunding 5s
Chariton, Iowa, Funding 5s
Chippewa Valley Railway, Light & Power Co., Eau Claire, Wis., First Mortgage Gold 5s
Clifton Forge, Va., Bridge 5s
Colorado Springs, Colo., School District No. 11, Refunding 5s (El Paso County)
Consumers Power Co. First Lien & Refunding Gold 5s
Cook County, Ill., School Dist. No. 99 (Morton Park) 4½s
Cook County, Ill., School Dist. No. 170 (Chicago Heights) 4s
Coos County, New Hampshire, Court House, 4s
Council Bluffs, Iowa, Independent School District 4½s
Cuthbert, Ga., Electric Light 6s
Cuthbert, Ga., Water Works 6s
Danville Street Railway & Light Co., Danville, Ill., Refunding Mortgage Gold 5s
Denison & Sherman (Texas Ry. Co.) First Mortgage Gold 5s
Derry, N. H., Water 3½s
Des Moines City Railway Co. General and Refunding 5s
Dexter, Mo., School District, School Building 4½s
Dickey County, N. D., 4½s
Edison Electric Co., New Orleans, La., First Mortgage 5s
Eminence, Ky., Street Improvement 5s
Eugene, Ore., School District No. 4 (Lane County)
Florence, S. C., Sewerage 5s
Freeport Water Co., Ill., 5s
Gallatin County, Mont., High School Building 4s
Gallatin County, Mont., Rfdg. 4s
Genesee, Ida., Water Works 5s
Geneseo Township, Ill., High School District 4½s
Glencoe, Ill., Improvement 4½s
Glenwood, Iowa, Funding 5s
Gorham, N.H., Water Works 4s
Granite, Utah, School Dist. 4½s
Great Falls, Mont., Sewer 5s
Great Falls, Mont., Water Works 5s
Green Bay, Wis., Refunding 4s
Green Bay, Wis., Sewer 4s
Greenville, Ill., Refunding 5s
Helena, Mont., Judgment Fdg. 4s
Helena, Mont., Water Works 5s
Hill County, Mont., Court House and Jail 5s
Hill County, Mont., Funding 5s
Hudson, Iowa, Consolidated School District 5s
Humphrey County, Tenn. Road & Bridge 5s

First (Continued)

Huntington, W. Va., 6s
Hyattsville, Md., Sewerage 5s
Idaho Falls, Idaho, 5s
Interurban Railway Co. Debenture (Des Moines, Ia.) 6s
Iowa Falls, Iowa, Refunding 4s
Knoxville, Iowa, Judgment Funding 4½s
Knoxville, Tenn., St. Impvt. 5s
Kossuth County, Iowa, Bridge 4½s
Lincoln County, Mont., Funding 5½s
Lincoln Tel. & Tel. Co. First Mortgage 5s
Louisville Gas & Electric Co. 6s
Lynn Telephone & Telegraph Co. First Mortgage 5s
Manson, Iowa, 6s
Marshalltown, Iowa, Refdg. 4s
Monmouth, Ill., Water Wks. 5s
Montreal Tramways Co. First & Refunding 5s
Morristown, Tenn., Water Wks. Improvement 5s
Mount Airy, N. C., Water Supply, Electric Light & Power Plant 5s
Moweaqua, Ill., School Building
Muskegon, Mich., Gen. Street Improvement 4s
Muskegon, Mich., Refundg. 4½s
Muskegon, Mich., Refunding 5s
Muskegon, Mich., Lake Michigan Water Works 4s
Oklahoma Ry. First Mortgage 5s
Olympia, Wash., Water Wks. 5s
Owosso, Mich., Water Works 5s
Pendleton, Ore., Water Wks. 5s
Pierson, Iowa, School Dist. 5s
Plum Bayou, Ark., Levee Dis. 6s
Pontiac Township, Ill., School District, High School Building
Portland Gen. Electric Co., Portland, Ore., 1st Mort. Gold 5s
Redwood Falls, Minn., Refdg. 5s
Riverside, Ill., School Dist. No. 5, 4½s
Riverside, Ill., Water Wks. 4½s
Rochester, N.H., State Highway 4s
Rosebud County, Mont., Bridge 4½s
St. Joseph, Mich., Bridge 4½s
Scranton Elec. Co., Scranton, Pa., 1st & Refdg. Mtg. Gold 5s
Sedalia, Mo., School District, School Building 4s
Sheridan County, Mont., Funding 5½s
Southern California Edison Co. Refunding 5s
Sparta, Ga., School Building 6s
Spartansburg County, S. C., County Refunding 4½s
Sumter, S. C., Sewerage 5s
Tacoma Eastern Railroad Co. (Wash.) First Mort. Gold 5s
Taylorville, Ill., Township High School District 4½s
Tipton County, Tenn., School 5s
Tullahoma, Tenn., El. Lgt. 4½s
Tullahoma, Tenn., Wat. & Lgt. 5s
Tullahoma, Tenn., Wa. Wks. 4½s
Valley County, Mont., 4½s
Watchemocket, R. I., Fire Dept.
Welden, N. C., Water & Sewer 6s
West Hoboken, N. J., Fdg. 5s
West Hoboken, N.J., School 4½s
White Plains, N. Y., School District No. 1, 5½s
Winnetka, Ill., Park District 5s
Woodlawn, Ala., Refunding 5s
Y.M.C.A. College 1st Mortgage 6s

Second

Armour, South Dak., Independent School District, School Building 5s
Florence, Col., Water Works Refunding 5s
Garrard County, Ky., Turnpike Road 4s
Lewistown, Mont., Water 5s
Temple, Tex., Public Independent School Series No. 4, 5s

Fifteenth

Jackson, Mich., Paving, Water & Sewer 4½s
Mount Pleasant, Mich., Water Refunding 4½s
Redfield, South Dak., School Building 5s
Sedalia, Mo., School Dist. Fdg. 4s

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4% to 6%

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EDWARD C. DELAFIELD - - Vice-Pres't, Franklin Trust Company
EDWARD R. DUER - - - - - - - - - - - - Vice-President
JOHN A. GRISWOLD - - - - - - - - - - - - - Treasurer
ALEXANDER M. HALL, 2nd - - Vice-Pres't, The Liberty Nat'l Bank
WILLIAM P. JENKS - - of Messrs. Jenks, Gwynne & Company
SYDNEY H. MARCH of Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Company
GRAYSON M.-P. MURPHY - Vice-Pres't, Guaranty Trust Company
EDWIN A. POTTER, Director, Continental & Commercial B'k, Chicago
EDWIN A. POTTER, Jr. - - - - - - - - - - - President
EVAN RANDOLPH, Vice-Pres't, The Girard National Bank, Phila.
HARRY E. WARD - - - - Vice-President, Irving National Bank
ARCHIBALD H. WHAN - President, Federal Accounting Corporation

Expenses of Liquidating May Be Determined.

Finance and Trading Corporation conducts Liquidations for an Agreed Fee, or upon a Percentage Basis. It also Purchases for Cash Assets of Concerns in Liquidation.

F&T

SOUTH PORTO RICO SUGAR CO.
June 6, 1916.

The Board of Directors have this day declared quarterly dividends of 2% on the Preferred Stock and 5% on the Common Stock; also an extra Cash Dividend of 20% on the Common Stock, and an extra Stock Dividend of 18% on the Common Stock; all payable on July 1, 1916, to stockholders of record June 17, 1916. F. A. DILLINGHAM, Secretary.

The Reece Button Hole Machine Co.
Quarterly Dividend No. 121—3%

A quarterly dividend of three per cent. has been declared, payable July 15, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 1, 1916.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

Reece Folding Machine Company
Quarterly Dividend No. 29—1%

A quarterly dividend of one per cent. has been declared, payable July 15, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 1, 1916.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.

A Dividend of One dollar and seventy-five cents (1¾%), being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, on the Capital Stock of this Company, has been declared, payable September 1, 1916, to all Stockholders of record August 16, 1916, at 3 o'clock P. M.

A. E. PETERS, Secretary.
Detroit, Mich., June 28, 1916.

THE MORTGAGE-BOND COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Coupons due July 1st, 1916, from the 5% Gold Mortgage Bonds, Series 3, of this Company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Company, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City.

J. HENRY WESTON, Treasurer.
New York, June 30th, 1916.

Michigan Central Railroad Company.
New York, June 20th, 1916.

A dividend of TWO PER CENT. (2%) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable at the office of the Treasurer on Saturday, July 29th, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, June 30th, 1916.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company

Capital and Surplus $6,000,000
55 Cedar Street Broadway at 73rd.
New York 125th St. at 8th Ave.

The following coupons will be due and payable at the Main Office of this Company,

55 CEDAR STREET

On and After July 1st, 1916

Ack., Mer. & Con.Co.Deb.(July 10) 6s
Alexandria, La., Pub. Impvt.....5s
Amherst Co.,Va.,Ref. 4½s, Rd.Imp. 5s
Asheville, N. C., Crematory......5s
Asheville, N. C., School.........5s
Asheville, N. C., Water..........5s
Assoc. Simmons Hardware Co.'s 5s
Baton Rouge, La..............4s
Bergen Co., N.J., B. & Rd. Imp. 4½s
Billings, Mont., Fdg. 6s & C. Hall 4½s
Binghamton, Tenn., St. Imp...5½s
Bloomfield, N. J., Fire Department.4s
Buffalo Creek R. R. Co. 1st Refdg. 5s
Buffalo Creek R. R. Co.......2d 5s
Cairo, Ga. 5s
Camden Co., N. J., Bldg. (July 2) 4s
Canandaigua, N.Y., U.F.S.D.No. 1 4s
Cedartown, Ga., High School.....5s
Consolidation Coal Co.........4½s
Dade Co., Fla., Spec'l Rd. & Br..6s
Daytona, Fla...................5s
Det., Mon. & Tol. Short Line Ry. 5s
Dunn, N. C....................6s
Durham, N. C............4½s, 5s
Easton, Palmer & Beth. St. Ry. Co. 5s
Elberton, Ga.,...........4½s & 5s
Elyria, Ohio, Water Works.....4½s
Essex County, N. J., Land......4½s
Essex County, N. J., Park......4½s
Fairmont Coal Co..............5s
Fairview, N. J., Funding.........5s
Fort Pierce, Fla., Public Utility...6s
Fresno City Water Co...........5s
Glassport, Pa., School District..4½s
Glassport, Pa., Boro...........5s
Greensboro, N.C., St.,Sew. & W. W. 4s
Greenwich, Conn.,Ref'g. 4½s,Sch.4½s
Greenwood Co., S. C..........5½s
Griffin, Ga., Sewer, W. & Light..5s
Hawaii Territory Improvement..3½s
Henderson, N. C...............5s
Hillsborough Co., Fla., Sch. Dis...6s
Idaho Falls, Idaho, Municipal....5s
Jennings, La., School............5s
Key West, Fla., Refunding.......5s
Lawrence, N. Y., Street Impr...4.60s
Lynchburg, Va., Public Impr...4½s
Marquette & Bessemer Dock & Navigation Co. Deb..........5s
Miami, Fla. 5½s

Monterey & Pac. Grove Rwy. Co..5s
Monticello, Ga., Sch., Lt. & Water.5s
Muncie Island Co............1st 6s
Mutual Life Ins. Co..............5s
Mutual Term. Co. of Buff., N.Y. 1st 4s
North Spring Lake, N. J., Water..5s
Northern Ind. Ry. Co. Consol..1st 5s
Norwalk, Conn. 4s, 4½s
Oskaloosa Traction & Light Co...5s
Oswego, N.Y., Water (July 15).4½s
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co. (July 2d)..5s
Pelham, Ga., School.............5s
Pelham, Ga., W., Lt. & Pub. Imp.5s
Pelham Manor, N.Y., Fire App..4½s
Pensacola, Fla., Improvement..4½s
Pensacola,Fla.,Sp.Imp.Issue 1912-13.6s
Pensacola,Fla.,Sp.Imp.Issue 1909-10.6s
Pinellas County, Fla............5s
Portland Gas & Coke Co. Refdg..5s
Port Vue, Pa., Funding.......4½s
Richland, Ga., W. W. & El. Lt...5s
Richmond, Va., Various..4s & 4½s
Rockmart, Ga., Elec. Lt. & Power.5s
St. Joseph & Grand Isl'd Ry. Co..4s
So. Orange, N. J., Var. 4s, 4½s & 5s
So. Porto Rico Sug. Co. (July 31) 6s
Squaw Cr'k D.D.No.1, Holt Co.,Mo., 6s
Statesville, N. C., R. R. Aid......6s
Stonington, Conn., S. Dis. No. 18..4s
Sullivan Water Co..........1st 6s
Syracuse,N.Y.,S.3½s-4½s,Bridge 4½s
Tampa, Fla., Refunding..........5s
Telfair County, Ga., Court House.5s
Toledo, O., 4s, Various..........4s
Toledo, Ohio, Education..........4s
Toronto, Canada, Local Impvt....4s
U. S. Mort. & Tr. Co. Series "K".4s
U. S. Mort. & Tr. Co. Series "L".4s
W., L. & P. Co. of Hot Springs, S.D...5s
Water Works Co. (San Antonio)..6s
Waynesboro, Ga., Water Works..5s
Wellsville, N.Y., Elec. Lt. & Wat.4½s
Westchester Co., N.Y., 1st Fire Dist.6s
Westerly, R. I., Refunding......4s
W. Indianapolis, Ind., Fdg. (July 6).6s
West Orange, N. J., Educational..4s
Wilkes-Barre, Pa., City Impvt....4s
Wilmington, N. C., Refunding....4s
Yellowstone Co.,Mont.,S.D.No. 2.4½s
Yosemite Valley R. R. Co.........5s

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY
26 BROAD STREET

COUPONS DUE JULY, 1916, PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE

Ashland Waterworks Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Athens Terminal Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Auburn Gas Co. 1st Mtge. Skg. Fd. 5s
Bronx Gas & Electric Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
City of Ore., Mo., W.W. & Elect. Lt. 5s
City of Rome, Ga., Ren. or Ref. Mtge. 4½s
City of Sedalia, Mo., Refdg. 4½s
Cent. Market St. Ry. Co. 1st S. F. 5s
Citizens Gas & Electric Co. of Council Bluffs 1st Mtge. 5s
Citizens Gas & Fuel Co. of Terre Haute, Ind., 1st Refdg. 50 year 5s
Clinchfield Coal Co. 1st 5s
Detroit, Toledo & Ironton R. R. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
East Hampton Elect. Light Co. 6s
East Ohio Gas Co. 1st Mtge. S. F. 5s
Edison Electric Light & Power Co. of Erie, Pa., 1st 6s
Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Phila. 1st Mtge. 5s
Erie County Elect. Co. 1st Mtge. 4s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. General Refunding 4s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. 1st Cons. Rfdg. 4½s
Greenwich Tramway Co. 1st 5s
Hackensack Water Co. 1st 4s
Hamilton Ridge Lumber Co. Purchase Money 1st 6s
Indianapolis Water Co. Gen. Mtge. 5s
Jonesville, S. C., School Dist. 5½s
Kansas City Railways Co. 2nd 6s, Series A
Kansas City Railways Co. 2nd 5s, Series B
Kan. City So. Ry. Co. Ref. & Imp. 5s
Knoxville Ry. & Lt. Co. 2 year Coll. 6% Notes
Lincoln Traction Co. Gold 5s of 1939
Lincoln Traction Co. Gold 5s of 1920
Lockport Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. Refunding 5s

Macon, Dublin & Savannah R. R. Co. 1st 5s
National Conduit & Cable Co. 1st 5s
New Orleans City & Lake R. R. Co. 1st 5s
New Orleans R. R. Co. Gen. 5s
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. Co. Gen. 4½s
Norwich Gas & Electric Co. 1st 5s
Paducah City Railway 1st Cons. 5s
Pine Bluff Co. 1st 30-year Gold
Plattsburgh Traction Company 1st 6s
Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Co., Inc., 50-year 5% Gold
Ruhm Phosphate Mining Co. 1st 6s
St. Lawrence & Adirondack Ry. 1st 5s
Sharon & Newcastle Railways Co. 1st Lien S. F. 5s
Somerset County, N. J., Building 4s
South Shore Gas Co. 1st 5s
Terminal Warehouse Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Underground Elec. Railways Co. of London, Ltd., 4½% Bonds of 1938
Underwriters Bldg. Co. 1st 5s
United Fuel Gas Co. 1st S. F. 6s
United Gas & Elec. Co. of N. J. 1st Mtge. 5s
United Light & Railways Co. 6% Notes
Utica Belt Line St. R. R. Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Utica, Clinton & Binghamton R. R. Co. Gen. 5s
Virginia-Portland Cement Co. 1st 5s
Washington Sugar Co. 1st 6s
Willapa Elect. Co. 1st Gold 6s
Worcester & Conn. East Ry. Co. 1st 4½s
Youngstown-Sharon Ry. & L. Co. 1st S. F. 5s

DUE JULY 14, 1916.

Wladikawkas Ry. Co. (Russia) 4s

DUE JULY 15, 1916

Cent. R. R. of Haiti 1 yr. 5% Notes
Ristigouche Salmon Club

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY,
49 Wall Street.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 5.
New York City, June 29, 1916.

A dividend of FIVE (5%) PER CENT. on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable August 15, 1916, to stockholders of record on August 5, 1916.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

AMERICAN PIANO COMPANY.
437 Fifth Ave., New York.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company on June 28th, 1916, the 33rd quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock was declared payable July 1st, 1916, to Stockholders on record of June 28th, 1916. Transfer books closed June 28th, 1916, at 2:15 P. M., and reopened on July 3d, 1916, at 10 A. M.

The Peoples Bank of the City of New York.
June 15th, 1916.

One hundred and thirtieth consecutive semi-annual dividend.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent., payable on and after July 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record June 24th, 1916.

JOHN B. FORSYTH, Cashier.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co.
New York, June 29, 1916.

A dividend of two and one-half (2½) per cent. was this day declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 20, 1916, to Stockholders of record at the close of business July 6, 1916.

ARTHUR D. CHAMBERS,
Secretary & Treasurer.

NEW YORK COUNTY NATIONAL BANK.
128th Dividend.
New York, June 29th, 1916.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors June 29th a dividend of 10 per cent. out of the earning of the last six months was declared payable to the Stockholders of record June 30th, 1916. THOS. A. PAINTER, Cashier.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

The coupons due July 1st, 1916, on the bonds of this company will be paid at The Hanover National Bank, New York.

J. H. AMBROSE, Treasurer.

123RD SEMI-ANNUAL CASH DIVIDEND.
Illinois Central Railroad Company.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) in cash, payable September 1, 1916, to the holders of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered at the close of business Monday, August 7th, 1916. D. R. BURBANK, Secretary.

New York, June 29, 1916.

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.
New York, June 20th, 1916.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable at the office of the Treasurer on Tuesday, Aug. 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, June 30th, 1916.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

COUPON NO. 44, JULY 1ST, 1916.
JACKSONVILLE TERMINAL CO.

First Mortgage 5% Bonds will be paid at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, on and after July 1st, 1916. T. V. POMAR, Treasurer.

The Washington Water Power Co.
Spokane, Washington, June 15, 1916.

A dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared, payable July 1, 1916, to stockholders of record June 15, 1916.

D. L. HUNTINGTON, President.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Coupons due July 1st, 1916, from State of South Carolina 4½% Redemption of Deficiency Bonds and new 4% Refunding Bonds will be paid at

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

DO YOUR PART IN THE CAMPAIGN FOR

THRIFT

Open a Savings Share Account with $1 or More and Make It Grow.
Begin Now or Write for Booklet A.

The Franklin Society
FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS
38 Park Row, New York City.

COTTON IRREGULAR IN A DULL SESSION

Trade Not Inclined to Take a Positive Stand Pending Government Report.

JULY LOSES 7 POINTS

Tomorrow's Figures Expected to Show an Increase in Acreage of About 10 Per Cent.

Cotton closed barely steady yesterday after a dull session which left prices irregular, with July 7 points net lower and the new crop months 1 to 2 points higher. The trade is showing no disposition to take any positive stand prior to the publication of the Government report, which will be issued from Washington at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. It will give the acreage, which is expected to show an increase of about 10 per cent., and the condition of the crop, concerning which there are conflicting views.

Some of the private authorities have predicted a decline in condition, but the general expectation calls for an improvement of from 1 to 2 points. The last report gave a condition of 77.5.

Tomorrow's report will be the first opportunity that has been afforded the trade for figuring on the indicated crop. A condition of 100, according to the calculations of the Department of Agriculture, gives a production of 234 pounds in lint cotton per acre. The crop is always figured in bales of 478 pounds net weight.

The calculation would be as follows: Multiply the acreage by 234, and divide by 478 to get the number of bales that would be raised on the acreage, if the condition represented 100. This result should then be multiplied by the per cent. of 100 given as the crop condition by the report.

Several private crop reports are being issued this week. The Giles report on condition and acreage will be published some time this morning. A. Norden & Co. yesterday reported the condition at 80.4, against 81.4 last month.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 5 points advance; middling 13.15c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
July	13.05	12.97	12.98 flat	13.05@13.06
Oct.	13.23	13.15	13.19@ ..	13.19@13.20
Dec.	13.37	13.33	13.37@13.38	13.35@13.36
Jan.	13.45	13.38	13.42@13.43	13.41@13.42
Mar.	13.63	13.56	13.59@13.60	13.59@13.60
May	13.77	13.71	13.74@13.76	13.74 bid

Total port receipts, 11,907 bales; last week, 11,010 bales; last year, 2,844 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	4,833	1,481	580
New Orleans	3,401	3,780	630
Mobile	842	346	2
Savannah	1,571	1,668	528
Charleston	5	21	26
Wilmington	265	645	138
Norfolk	490	1,704	209

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	94	88	373
Memphis	211	287	1,012
St. Louis	4	1,367	115
Houston	1,561	542	559

Exports, 14,298 bales; total thus far this season, 5,478,890 bales; total last season, 8,074,022 bales.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.		Spots.	Stocks.	Last Year.
525	Galveston	13.75	134,189	148,561
1,720	New Orleans	13.06	217,745	173,292
....	Mobile	12.94	16,449	16,336
1,041	Savannah	13.00	98,544	70,018
....	Charleston	12⅝	36,794	53,627
....	Wilmington	12⅝	37,837	38,619
289	Norfolk	13.00	53,546	50,843
682	Augusta	12.88	76,313	85,421
1,100	Memphis	13.25	63,510	94,956
....	St. Louis	13⅛	12,254	22,313
329	Houston	13.65	42,175	67,297

The Liverpool market opened quiet. There was a quiet business in spot cotton, with middling 2 points advance, at 8.21d. Sales, 5,000 bales. Receipts, 9,000 bales. American, 4,000. Market closed quiet.

NEED PAPER AND SUGAR.

Russians Are Desirous of Obtaining These Articles Here.

E. C. Porter, Secretary of the American-Russian Chamber of Commerce, yesterday gave out a statement dealing with the opening in Russia at this time for printing and other papers and for sugar. The Chamber's connections in Russia reported that a great scarcity of paper of all kinds existed, and that Russian dealers were desirous of getting in touch with American producers who are in a position to furnish paper.

"The duty on paper," said Mr. Porter, "has been recently reduced 82½ kopeks per pood, a pood being equivalent to 36.11 pounds. Prices have been increased from 200 to 300 per cent., and there is a real paper famine in Russia. American firms desiring to open up connections in Russia in regard to the paper situation can do so through our Chamber."

The advices received by the local Chamber are to the effect that a splendid opportunity exists for the introduction of American sugar into the Russian market, there being a noticeable scarcity of refined sugar in Russia at the present time. The whole production of the Russian sugar refineries for 1916 and for the early part of 1917 have been requisitioned by the Government for the use of the army. The Chamber's statement said Russian firms realized that there will be a definite insufficiency of sugar at the end of the year. Consequently, it was added, they were anxious to receive offers from refineries in the United States in regard to the prices at which sugar can be supplied in Russia. The Chamber will furnish full information to those interested.

EXPORTS DOUBLE IN YEAR.

$252,592,070 Worth Shipped from New York in May.

Foreign commerce in the Customs District of New York in May had a value of $367,678,514, according to a report made public yesterday by Collector Dudley Field Malone. May exports from New York more than doubled, compared with the corresponding month last year, their value being set at $252,592,070, against $124,588,186 in May, 1915.

The extraordinary demands being made by Europe on this country for war supplies were evidenced by the fact that of the total exports, $212,604,356 went to the British Isles and the Continent. No shipments during May were recorded as being made direct to Germany. A similar condition existed as to Austro-Hungarian exports from here. The largest consumers of American supplies shipped out of this port in May were England, $99,592,948; France, $52,469,684, and Russia, $24,646,754. In May, 1915, Russia's purchases here totaled only $6,029,615.

Imports during May rose to $115,086,444, against $76,322,944 in the same month last year. Despite the war, Europe sent merchandise, the bulk of it manufactured, worth $46,116,034, a gain over May, 1915, of $14,729,393.

DISCREDIT BANK LETTER.

Federal Reserve Officials Didn't Issue Anonymous Circular.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York has sent a letter to all of its member banks informing them that an anonymous communication mailed from Philadelphia to members of the Federal Reserve System has no official sanction. The communication contained an extract from Section 9 of the Federal Reserve act entitled, "Failure to company with regulations," with certain words underlined.

This is the second time that some one has gone to the expense and trouble of mailing this part of the act to banks, evidently with the idea of calling the members' attention to a possible way of getting out of the Federal Reserve System without incurring the risk of enforced liquidation.

Neither the Reserve Board nor the officers of the New York bank have traced down the sender of the anonymous letters, and they are at a loss to know what object is in view, other than the creation of prejudice against the new banking system.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Prices in the wheat market were firmer, closing with net gains of ⅝ to 1c. Shorts were the best buyers, but there was more or less demand from commission houses on the theory that the technical position had been materially strengthened by recent operations, while, moreover, the opinion seems to be gaining ground that the new crop wheat will be in good demand if it escapes a wet harvest and the quality holds as good as the early samples indicate. In the local cash market No. 1 durum was quoted at $1.13¼, No. 2 hard Winter at $1.16, No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.22; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.24⅝c, free on board New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.01⅝	1.00¼	1.01½	1.00⅝	1.07¼
September	1.05	1.03⅝	1.05	1.04	1.02½
December	1.08¼	1.06⅞	1.08	1.07⅜	1.05⅜

CORN.

The corn market was moderately active and firm, especially for the July position, which showed net gains for the day of ¾c, while the other months were ¼ to ⅝c higher. The strength in the cash position, and further export sales of about 400,000 bushels proved the principal sustaining factors of the day, which more than offset the weather, which was exceptionally favorable for the best advancement of the new crop. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 88⅞c, cash, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	75½	74½	75⅜	74⅝	74
September	74⅜	73	73⅞	73¼	72½
December	63⅛	62⅛	62¾	62½	64

OATS.

The oats market was comparatively heavier than either wheat or corn, owing to favorable reports from the new crop and apparent pressure of new crop offers. Price changes were narrow, however, and final quotations were ¼c net lower to ⅛c net higher. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 46½c; No. 3 white, 45@45½c; No. 4 white, 44@44½c; fancy clipped white, 46@47½c; ordinary clipped white, 44½@46½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	39¼	38⅜	39	39¼	45¼
September	38⅞	38½	38¾	38⅝	37¾
December	40¼	39⅞	40⅛	40	39¼

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was inactive and somewhat irregular, but on the whole the undertone was steady to firm, and there were comparatively small offerings except near the close, when July pork broke sharply under liquidation. Receipts of hogs were quite liberal and the hog market was easy. Receipts at Chicago were 26,000; estimated for Friday, 18,000; Kansas City received 7,000 and Omaha 10,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	13.15	12.97	13.12	13.00	9.40
September	13.35	13.15	13.35	13.17	9.62
Ribs—					
July	13.67	13.47	13.65	13.55	10.40
September	13.80	13.60	13.77	13.62	10.67
Pork—					
July	25.55	25.10	25.10	24.75	16.80
September	24.75	24.20	24.65	24.32	17.25

COTTONSEED OIL.

Until after midday there was little feature to the market for cottonseed oil, but late covering promoted a fair advance, and the close showed 4 to 8 points net gain. Sales amounted to 8,900 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	10.80@ ..	10.80
July	10.82	10.82	10.87@10.95	10.80
August	10.77	10.77	10.80@10.82	10.70
September	10.75	10.68	10.73@10.74	10.68
October	9.82	9.75	9.79@ 9.81	9.74
November	8.90	8.81	8.89@ 8.91	8.84
December	8.80	8.73	8.79@ 8.80	8.74
January	8.84	8.82	8.82@ 8.84	8.74

COFFEE.

The coffee market did somewhat better yesterday. The buying was not active enough to indicate any material change in sentiment, but offerings were much smaller after the recent severe decline, and prices showed moderate rallies, closing steady at a net advance of 3 to 7 points. Sales were reported of 18,750 bags. The local spot market was unchanged on the basis of 9c for Rio 7s, and 10¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	7.67@7.68	7.60
July	..	..	7.67@7.68	7.60
August	..	..	7.74@7.75	7.69
September	7.82	7.76	7.81@7.82	7.78
October	..	..	7.85@7.86	7.82
November	..	..	7.90@7.91	7.87
December	7.96	7.90	7.95@7.96	7.92
January	..	..	8.01@8.02	7.97
February	..	..	8.06@8.07	8.02
March	8.12	8.07	8.12@8.13	8.07
April	..	..	8.16@8.17	8.12
May	8.20	8.20	8.21@8.22	8.17

SUGAR.

Prices changes in the market for sugar futures were very narrow, but there was a fair business reported, as orders seemed to be pretty well divided. The opening was firm at an advance of 2 points on covering, and some support from trade interests, and prices ruled generally steady throughout the day, although at the close there was scattered liquidations in July, and prices eased off slightly, closing 1 point lower to 2 points net higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	5.30@5.32	5.31
July	5.32	5.30	5.30@5.32	5.31
August	..	..	5.38@5.40	5.36
September	5.45	5.45	5.44@5.45	5.43
October	5.41	5.40	5.40@5.41	5.38
November	..	..	5.30@5.31	5.28
December	5.09	5.07	5.07@5.08	5.07
January	..	..	4.79@4.81	4.79
February	..	..	5.50@5.52	4.50
March	..	..	5.53@5.55	4.53
April	..	..	5.56@5.58	4.56
May	..	..	5.59@5.61	4.59

The local market for refined sugar was a little more active, but business was principally for soft sugar, although there was better withdrawal demand, owing to the continued favorable weather. In second hand quarters business was also said to be more active. Prices were unchanged at $7.65 to $7.75 for fine granulated. The local market for raw sugar was dull, and aside from sales of 30,000 bags of Porto Rico late yesterday to an output refiner at equal to $6.14 for Centrifugal, no fresh business was reported. Cubas were still available at last prices of 5⅜c, cost and freight. Prices were nominal at 5⅜c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to $6.40 for Centrifugal, and $5.63 for molasses.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 22,704 packages. Large offerings, quiet trade, and a little pressure to sell. Prices were shaded ¼c on most grades of creamery, and the market is easy at the decline. State dairy also a little lower, but renovated, ladles, and packing stock are firmly sustained. Creamery, extras, (93 score,) per lb, 29c; higher scoring, 29½@30c; firsts, (89 to 92 score,) 27½@28½c; seconds, (84 to 88 score,) 25½@27c; thirds, 24½@25c; creamery, unsalted, extras, 29@29½c; higher scoring, 30@31c; firsts, 27½@28½c; seconds, 25½@27c; State dairy, tubs, fines, 28@28½c; good to prime, 26@27½c; common to fair, 24@25½c; renovated, extras, 26½@27c; firsts, 25@26c; lower grades, 23@24c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 24¼@25c; seconds, 23½@24c; lower grades, 22@23c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 23½@24c; No. 2, 23c; lower grades, 21@22½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 22,714 cases. There is a good demand for the very highest grades of selected Western stock, and also for cheaper qualities of Western and Southern. For the general run of average prime graded stock coming, the demand is not especially active and here and there slight concessions are being made when stock shows a profit, but most holders are quite firm in asking prices. Dirties and checks, very firm and closely cleared; nearby eggs, easy on poorer qualities; very fancy, steady. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 26@27c; extra firsts, 24¾@25½c; firsts, 23½@24½c; seconds, 22½@23¼c; thirds and poorer, 20@22c; dirties, No. 1, 21½@22c; No. 2 and poorer, 20@21c; checks, good to choice, dry, 20½c; undergrades, 19@20c; State, Penn., and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 29@31c; ordinary to good, 26@28c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 25@28c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 24@27½c; State, Penn., and nearby, hennery browns, 28@28½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 23½@27c; duck eggs, State and nearby, Indian Runner, 30c.

CANADA EXTENDS CREDIT.

Bankers Offer $25,000,000 More for War Purchases.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, June 29.—The Minister of Finance, as a result of his conference yesterday with the Canadian Bankers' Association, was able to cable the British Treasurer today that $25,000,000 further Canadian credit for the purchase of war munitions and supplies was immediately available.

With the $50,000,000 already advanced by the Dominion Government and the previous loan of $75,000,000 by the Canadian bankers a total of $150,000,000 has been found in Canada for the Imperial Government to meet its commitments here.

The transaction has been carried out through the Minister of Finance as trustee for the banks and for the Imperial Treasury. It has been greatly facilitated by the offer of Sir Thomas White to rediscount at any time the Imperial Treasury bills held as collateral for the advances.

Available bank funds are so large that it is not believed such rediscounting will be at all necessary, but the facilities for discount which have been provided has made possible the transaction on a large scale.

It is the intention of the Minister of Finance to adopt again this Fall the plan which proved so successful last year of providing discount facilities for the financing of the Western crop movement.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 29.—Thirty-seven corporations, having aggregate capitalization of $1,593,500, were chartered today. They include:

Trans-Atlantic Aeroplane Company, Inc., airships, $500,000; H. R. Flint, M. E. Fitzpatrick, F. R. O'Neil, Broadway and Forty-first St.

Upper Saranac Company, Inc., Santa Clara, hotel, $100,000; E. E. and E. W. Rankin, H. Mills, Upper Saranac.

Associated Art Films, Inc., films, $100,000; L. L. Stewart, M. M. Burger, L. J. Beck, Pulitzer Building.

B. F. Gladding & Co., Inc., South Otselic, fish lines, tackles, braided fabrics, articles, cordage, $320,000; E. J. Angell, H. B. Mathewson, R. R. Brown, South Otselic.

Guardian Finance and Trading Corporation, Eddyville, merchandise, realty, construction, $100,000; C. H. Owen, H. E. Von Pein, V. M. Whitlock, 35 Nassau St.

The Vapor Gasoline Economizer Company, Inc., auto accessories, devices, $100,000; T. W. Brennan, H. B. Dean, D. E. Walton, 1,270 Broadway.

Eon Manufacturing Company, Inc., hardware, mechanical devices, $30,000; A. S. Hedlock, B. Levi, J. A. Hudson, Tarrytown.

Keo Realty Corporation, Bronx, realty, construction, $20,000; C. W., F. K., and W. T. Keogh, 570 Bergen Ave., Bronx.

The Embros Cloak and Suit Company, Inc., ladies' wearing apparel, $50,000; M. Goodman, M. Weiner, M. Heller, 200 West 113th St.

Main Products of America, Inc., commission, selling agents, merchandise, $50,000; F. R. Serri, B. Friman, O. Stromborg, 154 Nassau St.

Pathephone Distributers' Co. of New York, Inc., Bronx, talking machines, phonographs, musical instruments, $50,000; H. A., E. I., and L. Ricca, 2,382 7th Av.

Mutual Clothing and Tailoring Co., Inc., men's clothing, $20,000; T. Heilpern, L. Sodikow, I. Affachiner, 24 East 99th St.

United Cutlery Co., Inc., cutlery, $20,000; F. E., A. J., and H. B. Silverman, 170 East Houston St.

Grieine Wine and Liquor Co., Inc., wines, liquors, $10,000; H. and H. Grienie, L. Markey, 324 Senator St., Brooklyn.

Allen & Co., Inc., Bronx, tobacconists, $10,000; E. J. Flynn, E. J. Walsh, W. J. McKeown, 2,308 3d Av.

G. B. Wine and Liquor Co., Inc., wines, liquors, $15,000; R. and H. Grieine, L. Markey, 324 Senator St., Brooklyn.

Simone Meyer Button Co., Inc., buttons, $10,000; R. Kornhauser, M. E. Meyer, B. Simone, 316 East 26th St.

Burchill Construction Co., Inc., Syracuse, contracting, construction, realty, $5,000; W. J. Leahy, E. J., and J. R. Burchill, 924 West Genesee St., Syracuse.

Ulster Tissue Mills, Inc., paper products, treat chemically, wax paraffine, $10,000; F. J. Garcia, D. S. Barr, M. I. St. John, 27 Cedar St.

Alexander Gross Co., Inc., motors, engines, $10,000; G. B. Bell, C. J. Cross, L. Alexander, 14 Morningside Av.

Cassese Ponzio Cigar Co., Inc., tobacco, cigars, $10,000; R. and G. Ponzio, A. Cassese, 178 Bay 23d St., Bath Beach, Brooklyn.

Waverly Motor Co., Inc., Waverly, garage, $10,000; A. A. Nichols, H. A. Ellis, F. E. Lyford, Waverly.

Montauk Coat and Apron Supply Co., Inc., Brooklyn, laundry, coat, and apron supply, $5,000; F. Farruggia, H. H. and M. E. Miller, 1,112 Dean St., Brooklyn.

The Legislative Information Corporation, Albany, departmental information, $5,000; F. A. Kolman, R. G. MacKay, J. G. Griffin, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

Rock Light Co., Inc., Queens, lamps, machinery, $5,000; E. B. and W. F. Rockstrob, L. Kornfeld, 56 Oxford Av., Richmond Hill.

Jane O'Day From Broadway Co., Inc., theatrical, $5,000; A. Werner, M. Klein, H. White, 172 Fordham St., City Island.

New York Flying Yacht Club, Inc., aerial machines, mechanical devices, 100 shares no par value, begin business with $500; I. J. Nichols, H. I. Dummer, T. A. Clements, 115 Broadway.

The Q. Corporation, advertising, publicity, advertising devices, 500 shares, no par value, begin business with $2,500; T. P. Degraffeuried, O. Hoffman, C. A. Birchfield, 110 West 40 St.

The New Idea Waist Co., Inc., ladies' waists, fabrics, $5,000; H. Mates, N. Schiesel, S. Rosenberg, 98 Barrett St., Brooklyn.

Authorizations: The Lancaster Tire and Rubber Co., Inc., of West Virginia, principal office, Lancaster, Ohio, $550,000. Representative, W. R. Brown, 2,029 Broadway, Manhattan.

Staso Milling Co., Inc., Massachusetts, mining, quarrying, milling rock, slate, talc, graphite, feldspar $75,000. Representative, Arthur B. Shutts, Hampton.

Capital increases: American Uniform Co., Manhattan, from 20 shares of no par value to 11,000 shares, of which 1,000 are preferred, $100 each, and amount to carry on business from $2,000 to $150,000; Imperial Color Works, Inc., Glens Falls, $100,000 to $200,000; the paper Trading Co., Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $8,000.

Capital reduction: George W. MacCutcheon Co., New York, $60,000 to $6,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Milton Pembleton, Inc., Monroe; Coe-Mortimer Co., Manhattan; Iroquois Rubber Co., Buffalo; Fishel & Gorman, Inc., Brooklyn; the Willson Aluminum Company, Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 29.—Charters filed: National Home Furniture Co., Newark, deal in furniture and merchandise, $10,000; Morris Sachs, Harrison; Harry Fleischer, Jacob Brock, Newark.

Commercial Express Co., Elizabeth, transport merchandise by land or water, $250,000; Edwin Richard Rizer, New York; George W. Sutton, Rochelle, N. Y.; Samuel B. Von Der Smith, New York.

Henry Becker & Son, Inc., Roseland, N. J., conduct a dairy business, $10,000; Henry Becker, Floyd E. Becker, and Francis L. Becker.

Gloucester Sanitary Milk Co., Gloucester City, conduct dairies, $100,000; William J. Van Meter, John J. Dennery, Henry J. Girard, Gloucester City.

Delaware Charter.

DOVER, Del., June 29.—Charter filed:

The Western Pacific Railroad Corporation, purchase, hold, own, sell, and transfer bonds, stocks, debentures, contracts, obligations, &c., of railroads, $75,000,000; Albridge C. Smith, South Orange, N. J.; Frank Marsh, Harrison Tweed, both of New York.

Capital increase: Cities Service Co. of New York, $65,000,000 to $100,000,000. Of the $100,000,000, $60,000,000 will be preferred stock and $40,000,000 will be common stock. With this authorization the company will now be in a position to take over certain associated properties and pay the stock dividends on the common stock which were announced May 25 to the stockholders of this company was incorporated in 1910.

Capital increase: Pathe Freres Phonograph Co., New York, $900,000 to $1,300,000.

French Senate Passes War Budget.

PARIS, June 29.—The Senate today adopted without change the Government's War Appropriation bill already passed by the Chamber of Deputies. The appropriations are for the third quarter of 1916.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 1, SS St. Paul.
France—Close at 11 A. M. July 1, SS Chicago.
Belgium, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 1, SS Duca d'Aosta.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. June 29, SS Oscar II.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 1, SS Duca d'Aosta.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises..4:26 | Sun sets..7:32 | Moon sets..7:57

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:29	7:45	1:36	1:30
Governors Island	8:10	8:19	2:15	2:13
Hell Gate	10:16	10:25	3:56	3:54

Arrived—Thursday, June 29.

SS Principessa Laetitia, Gibraltar, June 12.
SS Saxoleine, Cardiff, June 15.
SS Monviso, Palermo, June 8.
SS Yuna, Macoris, June 22.
SS Lovland, Preston, June 15.
SS Corfe Castle, Boston, June 27.
SS Mae, Matanzas, June 22.
SS Curaca, Norfolk, June 27.
SS El Dia, New Orleans, June 24.
SS Van Der Duyn, Tanamo, June 22.
SS Majoren, Liverpool, June 17.
SS Anvers, Boston, June 28.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
*Chicago	Bordeaux	June 19
Bowden	Jamaica	June 23
Manin	Palermo	June 6
Santa Marta	Kingston	June 8
*Lapland	Liverpool	June 21
Farmsum	Kirkwall	June 15
Minas Geraes	Para	June 18
Stephen	Barbados	June 23
Canadian	Demerara	June 17
Zulia	Porto Rico	June 24
City of St. Louis	Savannah	June 27
Concho	Galveston	June 24
El Norte	Galveston	June 24
Lenape	Jacksonville	June 27
DUE TOMORROW.		
Queen Margaret	Liverpool	June 17
Pythia	Birkenhead	June 16
Liv	Archangel	June 15
Glencoe	Barry	June 16
Owego	Algiers	June 14
Breiz Izel	Oran	June 13
DUE SUNDAY.		
New York	Liverpool	June 24
St. George	Liverpool	June 19
Guyane	Bordeaux	June 18
Dipton	Bordeaux	June 17
Alaunia	London	June 21
Trecarne	Oran	June 12
DUE MONDAY.		
*Orduna	Liverpool	June 24
Ben Nevis	Havre	June 18
Ilvington Court	Bordeaux	June 19
Bermudian	Bermuda	July 1
Florizel	Halifax	July 1
Brazos	San Juan	June 28
Nehos	Progreso	June 25
City of Montgomery	Savannah	June 25
DUE TUESDAY.		
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	June 26
Andyk	Rotterdam	June 18
Vinovia	London	June 19
Mexico	Havana	July 1
Medina	Galveston	June 28
Sabine	Mobile	June 27
Mohawk	Jacksonville	July 1
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Corona	Bordeaux	June 19
Caserta	Genoa	June 20
Snowdonian	Marseilles	June 19
Lancastrian	London	June 21
Tanafjord	Kirkwall	June 20
Satsuma	Sunderland	June 21
Cleveland Range	Dundee	June 20
Roath	Havre	June 20
Panama	Cristobal	June 29

*Carries mails. †Carries German mails.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Sixaola, Santiago	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panaman, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Camaguey, Santiago	———	12:00 M.
Norden, Cienfuegos	———	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Chicago, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
St. Paul, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Andania, Falmouth	1:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Duca d'Aosta, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verdi, Buenos Aires	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Tenadores, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Oregonian, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Bowden, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Algonquin, S. Domingo	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Cameronia, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Millinocket, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
San Marcos, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M
El Siglo, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Valle, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Zulia, La Guayra	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Santa Marta, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manchuria, London	———	12:00 M.
Times, Havana	———	12:00 M.
Concho, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Lapland, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Monteserrat, Cadiz	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Imperator, Demarara	———	2:00 P.M.
Palermo, Naples	———	12:00 M.
Mitazo, Naples	———	12:00 M.
San Guglielmo, Naples	———	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

†Carries German mails.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Sibiria, at Bordeaux, June 25.
SS Meranke, at Kirkwall, June 28.
SS Storpfeld, at Liverpool, June 28.
SS Sargento Albuquerque, at Para, June 28.
SS Trelawny, at Genoa, June 17.
SS Progresso, at Lisbon, June 22.
SS Almirante, at Colon, June 29.

Sailed.

SS Sliedrecht, from Kirkwall, June 28.
SS Chincha, from Coronel, June 28.
SS Lopez y Lopez, from Cadiz, June 21.
SS Frixos, from Piraeus, June 24.
SS Panama, from Colon, June 29.
SS Kangaroo, from Panama, June 29.
SS Dell, from Panama, June 29.
SS Ipalis, from Port Talbot, June 28.
SS Kristianiafjord, from Bergen, June 29.
SS Soestdyk, from Rotterdam, June 29.
SS Beukelsdyk, from Rotterdam, June 29.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., JUNE 29.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 18 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 128 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 133 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 294 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Sol, bound for New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Santa Barbara, Boston to New York, was 8 miles E. of Block Island at 8 P. M.
SS Wentworth, St. Nazaire to New York, was 100 miles E. at noon.
SS Zulia, La Guayra to New York, was 117 miles S. at noon.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, was 175 miles S. at noon.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 160 miles S. at noon.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 140 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Santa Catalina, Balboa to New York, was 91 miles S. at noon.

Foreign Mails.

Transatlantic Mails.

Gibraltar, (Italy, Rumania, Switzerland, and Greece must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) via Gibraltar and Genoa, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.)—Duca d'Aosta .... July 1
Europe, (except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) Africa, West Asia, and East Indies, via Liverpool, at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.,) (sea post)—St. Paul .... July 1
France, Rumania, Switzerland, Italy, Egypt, Greece, British India, British East Africa, Siam, Malta, Gibraltar, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Dutch East Indies, West Australia, and Persia, via Bordeaux, at 12 M., (supplementary, 1:30 P. M.,) (sea post)—Chicago .... July 1
Great Britain, Ireland, and South Africa, (also specially addressed correspondence for other countries except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) via Falmouth, at 1:30 P. M., (supplementary, 3 P. M.)—Andania .... July 1

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, May 31; Shanghai, June 2; Yokohama, June 10, and Honolulu, June 20—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Shinyo, were dispatched east on June 26, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, July 1.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver)—Niagara .... June 30
Guam (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport .... June 30
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed,) (via Seattle)—Canada Maru .... July 2
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru .. July 3
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia. July 7
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Asia .... July 8

DRAWS LINE ON SHIRKERS.

Asquith Will Be Lenient with Recruits Who Object Conscientiously.

LONDON, June 29.—Premier Asquith today made his promised statement in the House of Commons regarding the procedure of the War Office toward conscientious objectors to military service, who had committed offenses in this connection.

All men who honestly objected to military service, said the Premier, ought to be able to avail themselves of exemption privileges. Those who put forward the plea of conscientious objection as a cloak to cover indifference to respond to the national call ought to be treated with the utmost vigor.

The Premier announced that genuine conscientious objectors who undertook to perform work of national importance would cease to be the subject of military discipline.

NAVAL DEBRIS AT JUTLAND.

Articles from Warspite and Marlborough Washed Ashore.

BERLIN, June 29, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—It is reported from Copenhagen that in the last few days caps and other objects from warships which participated in the Skagerrak battle have drifted ashore on the Jutland coast. According to this information, there have been identified articles from the British battleships Warspite and Marlborough, the British destroyer Nestor, the German battleship Pommern and the German cruiser Wiesbaden.

Loss of the Pommern, Wiesbaden, and Nestor has been announced officially. German statements that the Marlborough and Warspite were sunk were denied officially by the British, who asserted both vessels were safe in port.

'BEEF TRUST' PAYS BIG TAX.

McKenna Declares Chicago Packers Have Made Up Arrears.

LONDON, June 29.—Asked in the House of Commons today whether he could say how much income tax "the American Beef Trust" has paid during the financial year ending in March, 1916, Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, replied:

"I fear that I am precluded from publishing the details asked for, but I may say that in the course of the year 1915-16 and the present quarter of the current year very considerable sums have been paid, including arrears for past years, while substantial progress has been made in negotiations regarding liabilities still outstanding."

Expect Another Great Russian Loan.

LONDON, Friday, June 30.—A Stockholm dispatch to The Morning Post says it is expected there that the Russian loan just arranged by American bankers will be followed by a further great loan. This, the dispatch adds, is to be used for railway building and industrial purposes in Russia.

Delightful Sunday Outings.
STEAMER CITY OF LOWELL
To Bridgeport
Lv. Foot Houston St., N. R., 10.00 A.M.
Fulton St., North River, 10.30 A.M.
Return, Lv. Bridgeport, 4.00 P.M.
Due New York, Pier 14, N.R., 8.00 P.M.
A Cool and Comfortable Sail on L. I. Sound.
Music—Dining Room—Lunch Counter.
FALL RIVER LINE SERVICE.
Tickets, $1.00. Children, 50 Cents.
Tickets limited. On sale only at Piers on day of Excursions.
The New England Steamship Co.

Sunday and Holiday Trips
Str. RICHARD PECK
To NEW HAVEN
Leave Pier 28, E. R., 9.30 A.M.
Foot of East 22d St., 10.00 A.M.
Return Lv. New Haven, 4.30 P.M.
Due New York, 9.00 P.M.
A DELIGHTFUL SAIL ON L. I. SOUND.
VISIT THE CITY OF ELMS.
FARE, SUNDAY, JULY 2, $1.00
FARE, TUESDAY, JULY 4, $1.50
Children Betw. 5 and 12 Yrs., Half Fare.
MUSIC—DINING ROOM—LUNCH COUNTER.
FALL RIVER LINE SERVICE.
Tickets limited. On sale only at Piers on the day of excursions.
The New England Steamship Co.

BEAR MOUNTAIN and HIGHLAND LAKE
45 MILES UP THE HUDSON.
Weekday and Sunday Trips.
TWO-BOAT SERVICE.
Str. "Highlander" lvs. Battery 9:15 A.M.
Str. "Rosedale" leaves West 129th St., 10.00; Yonkers, 10.30 A. M.
Special Trips Saturday, July 1st
MORNING and AFTERNOON
Str. "Rosedale" Leaves Battery 9.15 West 129th St. 10.00 Yonkers 10.30 A. M.
Str. "Highlander" Leaves Battery 1.30 W. 132d St. 2 P. M. About 2 hrs. at Bear Mt.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON TRIP will be continued throughout the season.
Round Trip, Weekdays 50c. Children, 25c. Sundays & Holidays, 75c. Children, 50c.
MUSIC, DANCING. McAllister Stbt. Co.

SUNDAY SAIL
Up the Hudson $1 Round Trip
Newburgh, Beacon and Poughkeepsie
Str. "BENJ. B. ODELL"
Leaves Franklin St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Excellent music, restaurant and lunch room.
SAME TRIP JULY 4.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

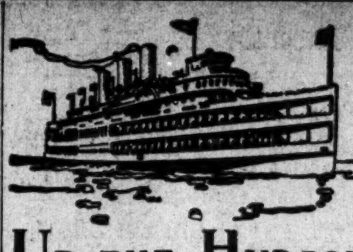
Afternoon Trip
Bear Mt. & West Point
Steamer leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; returning by Str. "ROBERT FULTON." Daily except Sunday. Orchestra, restaurant and a perfect afternoon's outing; 100 miles of marvelous scenery, with time to drive around the Post. Round trip, $1.
BEST TRIP FOR SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
AND SUNDAY DAY SERVICE
Peoples Line at 6 P. M. daily. Night Express Line, week days at 7 P. M.; Sundays at 9 P. M. Sunday Day Service, 9:30 A. M. from Pier 32, North River, foot of Canal Street; from W. 132nd Street Pier half hour later. $1.00 Inside and $2.00 Outside Rooms. Telephone, day or night, Spring 9400.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
ALBANY TROY & THE NORTH

Iron Steamboat Co.
A DAY ON THE OCEAN. Str. "TAURUS," Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1, N. R. ONLY. CONEY ISLAND 9:40 A. M. to 9:30 P. M. Str. GRAND REPUBLIC, Rockaway Beach. Full Time Tables are on INSIDE Back Cover of Telephone Directories. Tel. Rector 872.

NEW YORK'S MOST BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE RESORT
GLEN ISLANDS
EVERYTHING NEW
Str. "Gen. Lincoln" leaves Battery Today 10 A. M., 2 & 6 P. M. E. 24th St., 10:30, 2:30, 6:30.

SIGHT SEEING YACHTS
AROUND MANHATTAN ISLAND
Leave Hudson River Day Line Pier, ft. W. 42d St., 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Phone 865 Gram.



UP THE HUDSON BY DAYLIGHT
"Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," "Albany."
All Service Daily Except Sunday.
Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M.; landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.
Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie and return.
Special Trips Every Saturday to Malden, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany, leaving Desbrosses St., 12:30; W. 42d St., 1:00; W. 129th St., 1:20 P. M. Arriving Albany 10:45 P. M.
Special Fourth of July Trips to Kingston Point and return on Steamers HENDRICK HUDSON and WASHINGTON IRVING.
Information at Desbrosses St., Pier, N. Y. Tel. 4141 Spring.
AFTERNOON BOAT
for Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily except Sunday.
Hudson River Day Line
CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Leaves daily except Sunday, foot of Christopher St., 6; W. 129th St., 6:30; Yonkers, 7 P. M., for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie.
Extra Str. Sat., July 1, leaves Christopher St., 8; W. 129th St., 8:30 P. M.
Tickets interchangeable with those of Day Line. Tel. 1097 Spring.

4th of July Outings
on Great Swift Day Line Steamers
"Washington Irving"
AND
"Hendrick Hudson"
Kingston Point & Return, $2
Also trips to Poughkeepsie and return, $1.50; Newburgh or West Point and return, $1.00.
Leave New York, Desbrosses St., 8:30 and 9:40 A. M. Leave West 42d St., 8:50 and 10:00 A. M. Leave West 129th St., 9:10 and 10:20 A. M.
Through service to Albany and way landings as usual. Orchestra and restaurant on all steamers.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier, Tel. 4141 Spring, N. Y.

SUNDAY
"UP THE HUDSON"
Leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St. 9:30 A. M.; W. 132d St., 10 A. M.
Returning due 8:30 P. M.
To Newburgh and return. Music, Dancing, Restaurant.
Round Trip $1.00
Hudson Navigation Company.
S.S. "TROJAN"

BLOCK ISLAND R. I. $1.50
EVERY SUNDAY and July 4
Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., New York, 8:30; Brooklyn, Flatbush Ave., 8:40; Nostrand Ave., 8:44, and East New York, 8:49 A. M., for Montauk; thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK."
Leave Block Island, returning, 4 P. M.
Tickets on sale, commencing Saturday of each week, at 170 Broadway, 5th Ave. Bldg. (5th Ave. and 23d St.), and Long Island Railroad stations, foot 34th St., E. R., New York; Long Island City and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Restaurant, Lunch Counter and Cafe service on steamer.

Delightful Excursion to
BRIDGEPORT
SUNDAYS and JULY 4TH
A GRAND SAIL $1.00 120 MILES ON
LONG ISLAND SOUND
THE COMMODIOUS EXCURSION
STR. "ORIENT"
Leaves Battery Ldg., 10:00 A. M.
Leaves Pier foot E. 34th St., 10:30 A. M.
Leaves Pier foot E. 138th St., 11:00 A. M.
Music, Dancing, Refreshments

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-By-Water.
BOSTON Metropolitan Line. Route via Cape Cod Canal. Superb Steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill. Lve. Pier 18, No. River, ft. Murray St., Week Days and Suns., 6 P. M. Due Boston, 7:30 A. M. Music on each Steamer.
PORTLAND Maine Steamship Line. Steel Steamships North Land and North Star. Lve. Pier 19, No. River, ft. Warren St., Tues., Thurs. and Sats., 5 P. M.; also Mons., 10:30 A. M.
Tickets and Information at Piers; also at Tourist and New York Transfer Co. Offices.
For "How to Go & Where to Stay," apply as above or add. R'm 1, Pier 19, N.R., N.Y.

Steamer 'Mandalay'
ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS
FOR JERSEY COAST RESORTS
DAY AND NIGHT TRIPS Weekdays & Sundays. Weather Permitting.
Lv. N. Y., Battery Pier, 9:45 A. M., 1:45 & 8 P. M. Returning Lve. Atlantic Highlands 11:45 A. M., 5:30, 9:45 P. M. Fare 25 cts. Each Way
Music, Dancing. Tel. 179-3263 Broad.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Leaves Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
See Hudson River Day Line Adv.

To Boston
Fall River Line
Leave Pier 14, North River, foot Fulton Street, daily, 5:30 P. M.
Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA
ORCHESTRA ON EACH.
Providence Line
Leave Pier 14, North River, daily except Sunday, 6 P. M.
Steamers PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH.
$1.00 and $2.00 Outside Staterooms. Inside Staterooms Always Cool.
Other Long Island Sound Routes
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MARSHALL DARES HOUSE TO IMPEACH

In Letters to Judiciary Chairman, U. S. Attorney Says That Alone Will Give Him Hearing.

WON'T MEET COMMITTEE

Repeats That the Sub-committee's Report Is Intended to Protect a Congressman.

CAN'T GET A COPY OF IT

Court Sustains Indictments Against Monnett and Taylor in Munitions Strike Cases.

Following the refusal of the Federal District Court yesterday to dismiss the indictments found against Frank S. Monnett, ex-Attorney General of Ohio, and Jacob Taylor, President of Labor's National Peace Council, charging them with having engaged in a conspiracy with Congressman Frank Buchanan and others to violate the Sherman law by fomenting strikes among munition workers and laborers on steamship piers, H. Snowden Marshall, United States District Attorney for the Southern District of New York, made public the correspondence that passed between himself and Representative Edwin Y. Webb, Chairman of the Juliciary Committee of the House, whose sub-committee investigated Mr. Marshall and his office and reported him in contempt. The District Attorney waited also until the jury that has been trying Rae Tanzer was discharged before making the letters public.

The sub-committee held Mr. Marshall in contempt because of a letter written to the committee in which he frankly expressed his opinion of the committee and impugned its motives. His opinion has not changed, if the correspondence is an index. He believes that if he and his subordinates committed the offense narrated in the report of the sub-committee he is not only guilty of contempt, but he should be impeached. He seeks an impeachment because, he says, this will give him the opportunity to carry his case before a tribunal where he will get a fair hearing.

Mr. Marshall said that when the sub-committee made its report he tried to obtain a copy, but was told that it was confidential, in face of the fact that it was accessible to at least one newspaper and that Benjamin Slade, Miss Tanzer's lawyer, had apparent knowledge of its contents. He charges that the report was made public to influence the finding of the jury in the Tanzer case. This was one of the matters investigated by the sub-committee which found fault with Mr. Marshall's conduct.

Method of Investigators.

The method of the investigators, he writes, has given rise to widespread belief that the sub-committee's efforts were directed toward aiding Congressman Frank Buchanan, who is under indictment here, with Monnett, Taylor, and others, and making it dangerous and difficult for any District Attorney to prosecute a member of Congress.

Mr. Marshall wrote his first letter in reply to one from Congressman Webb inviting him to appear before the committee on June 23 and granting him an hour in which to make a statement. The same space of time was to be granted to Congressman Buchanan, who made the charges against Mr. Marshall. Here is the letter:

June 21, 1916.

My dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of June 19, 1916, in which you extend me the privilege of appearing before the Judiciary Committee on Friday, June 23, at 10 o'clock, at the Judiciary Committee rooms at the House of Representatives and make such statement or argument or give such testimony as I may deem advisable concerning the charges made and testimony taken under House Resolution 90, copy of which you inclose. You further state that the committee would be glad to extend me one hour's time.

I read in THE NEW YORK TIMES of June 20 what purports to be a report of the sub-committee of the Judiciary Committee, consisting of Messrs. Carlin, Card, and Nelson, in which report the sub-committee makes certain findings of fact but does not recommend impeachment proceedings. I have not been as yet furnished with an authentic copy of the report of the sub-committee, although I tried to obtain one.

Attack on His Conduct.

In the report of the sub-committee, as printed in THE TIMES, there are a number of strictures on my personal conduct and on the conduct of my assistants and on the general conduct of the office of which I am the head. So far as the report involves strictures on the conduct of my assistants, I beg to say that I am personally conversant with the real facts of the different transactions alluded to in the report and that I take full responsibility for the conduct of my assistants and have had personal knowledge of everything that they have done.

I differ completely with the conclusion at which the sub-committee has arrived. If the charges, or any of the charges, which they make against me are true, it is my opinion that I should be impeached and removed from office. I can hardly imagine a lower standard that could be set for public officials than would be set if the Judiciary Committee on such a report as this advocated the dropping of the prosecution. If I caused the indictment of any man or woman for the purpose of aiding a friend; if I failed to prosecute any case for improper reasons; if I prosecuted any cases out of malignity or cruelty, or if my office is so run as not to inspire public confidence and is run in a lax and improper way, it seems to me to be a most extraordinary thing that I should not be prosecuted to the limit of the power of Congress and removed from office.

You are, I suppose, of course, aware that the evidence on which the sub-committee has based its report was taken in a proceeding in which I was not present nor represented nor given any opportunity to cross-examine the witnesses; you are also aware, I suppose, that I have never been afforded any opportunity to present my side in regard to any of the accusations which the sub-committee makes against me.

Calls Report Unwarranted.

The derogatory statements made in the report of the sub-committee are each and all of them wholly unwarranted by the facts. If in regard to any of these statements the sub-committee had afforded me an opportunity of imparting the real facts, the whole matter could have been presented to your Judiciary Committee in connection with their report, on which the Judiciary Committee is now about to act. So far as I have observed in the proceedings of the sub-committee, except as to one or two minor matters, their whole effort seems to have been directed to getting evidence in support of the charges without any serious effort to ascertain the answer to any of those various charges, which they now accept as [illegible] and set forth in their report to the whole Judiciary Committee as findings of fact.

Under these circumstances I should assume that the whole committee of the Judiciary Committee before taking action on this report of the sub-committee would feel that it was fair to me to give me an opportunity to take up the charges of the sub-committee point by point and introduce evidence of the real facts concerning the different transactions referred to. I realize, of course, that I have no right to make any demand for a hearing, and whether or not I am to be accorded one, and of what sort, depends entirely on the whole Committee of the Judiciary as to the method in which charges as serious as these should be investigated.

You will, I am sure, realize that it would be utterly out of the question for me to take up the various accusations made by the sub-committee and dispose of them in the one hour's time which you offer to allow me next Friday. To present fully and completely to you the real facts concerning these different charges I would have to call several witnesses and get together a number of documents, the necessity of which will be indicated when I read an official report of the sub-committee.

I will leave to you the determination of the question of whether I am to be given a real opportunity to present my side of the case to your honorable committee, and if you will give me any reasonable notice of any time which you may fix I shall be prepared to produce before your body evidence which I feel confident will convince you of the total inaccuracy of each and every one of the derogatory statements made in the report of the sub-committee.

Question of Precedent.

If you do not desire to give me a hearing before your committee such as the findings of fact of the sub-committee call for, it seems to me that I am entitled to ask you to consider the proposition suggested at the outset of this letter. I submit to you that it would be a lamentable precedent for your committee to set if it should accept the report of this sub-committee as its own and should at the same time adopt its conclusion that the matter should be dropped. If the report of the sub-committee is accepted, the consequence, it seems to me, should certainly be that charges against me should be sent to the Senate and that I should be impeached. Such a proceeding would afford me an opportunity of finding some tribunal where I would have a right to present my side of these different matters and where I could get the hearing which has never been given me by your honorable sub-committee.

Allow me to point out to you also that there is another side of this affair, to which the House of Representatives should, I submit, give serious attention. The method in which this inquiry has been conducted by the sub-committee has created a widespread public belief that they were not trying to investigate me or my office at all, but that all of their efforts were actuated by a desire to aid a fellow-Congressman who was indicted, and make it a dangerous and a difficult thing for any District Attorney whose duty called upon him to prosecute a member of Congress. It was freely predicted a long time ago that the sub-committee would not present charges against me, but would wind up their labors by presenting some slurring and offensive report against me. This they have now done. If they make their recommendation that on their report impeachment proceedings should not follow because they do not believe that they have charged me with conduct that would justify my removal, then there is indicated a very low idea of morals on their part. If, on the other hand, they make their recommendation that proceedings be dropped because they are unwilling to give me a chance anywhere to present my side of the controversy, their action needs no comment.

I therefore reiterate my request for one of two forms of action on the part of the Judiciary Committee:

1. That I be given a real opportunity to answer before the Judiciary Committee the charges contained in the report of the sub-committee;

2. If this is not done and if the report of the sub-committee is to be accepted, I insist that it is the duty of the House of Representatives to vote articles of impeachment against me.

I am willing to stipulate that the charges made in the report of the sub-committee are charges which, if sustained, would warrant and require my removal from office; I am willing to stipulate that impeachment is a proper form of procedure against a District Attorney. I am willing to make any stipulation that will carry this inquiry into some tribunal where its real merits can be investigated and where I will be given a fair hearing.

I cannot accept the proposition which you make that I should come to Washington on Friday next and be given one hour to answer more than one thousand pages of evidence which the sub-committee has been taking for five months. It would be better not to come at all than to attempt to avail myself of the extremely limited opportunity tendered me in your letter.

Respectfully,

H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL.

The Hon. Edwin Y. Webb, Chairman Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

The Second Letter.

Mr. Marshall's second letter was written in reply to one sent by Mr. Webb on June 23, inviting him to appear before the committee on June 27, and make a statement regarding the charges. It read as follows:

June 24, 1916.

My Dear Sir: I duly received your letter of June 23, 1916, wherein your state that the Judiciary Committee has passed a resolution inviting me to appear before the committee on June 27 at 10:30 A. M. and present a statement, or evidence from witnesses suggested by me, on the charges of impeachment heretofore preferred against me by Representative Buchanan, such statement and evidence to be continued from day to day until all evidence upon such charges is concluded.

I observed that you have not seen fit to comply with my request that I be furnished with an authentic copy of the report of the sub-committee of the Committee on the Judiciary, so that I could take up point by point and answer any specific charges which are made by the sub-committee. The first request which my counsel made for a copy of this report was met by the statement that the report was confidential, and while he subsequently got what he understands to be the substance of the confidential report I am not advised whether I have the report in official form, or whether I now know all of the charges which the sub-committee thought were substantial and required answer.

I do not think that there would be any advantage in wasting either your time or my own by appearing before your honorable committee and entering into a general discussion of some forty charges supported by about 1,000 printed pages of testimony without any accurate knowledge as to which of these charges you deem to be important and which you deem to be already disproved.

I realize, of course, that you are entirely within your rights in not supplying to me an official copy of the confidential report of your sub-committee, and permitting me to take the course which I suggested in my letter of June 21st, namely, answering that report point by point. As, however, you do not desire to adopt this course, it seems to me that in a case of this importance, not only to me but to the general administration of justice in this country, it would be wiser for me to request you to proceed with your impeachment, so that I can take the matter up before a tribunal where I shall have the right to know specifically what the charges are against me and shall have the same opportunity to present evidence in my defense that my accusers have had to present against me.

The Tanzer Case.

Since I wrote you on June 21st I have made a further investigation of the facts surrounding the publication in the New York papers on Tuesday, June 20th, of certain evtracts from the confidential report of your sub-committee. I wish to direct your attention briefly to these facts: The trial of the case of the United States against Rae Tanzer was then in progress and is still in progress. In the course of the confidential report the sub-committee is stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES of June 20th to have found that my course in the Rae Tanzer case involved "unusual and cruel treatment administered to Miss Tanzer," and that I used the power of my great office to aid my friend, James W. Osborne. So far as I have been able to learn, the first announcement that was made in New York that your sub-committee had found these facts was made by Mr. Benjamin Slade, the counsel for Miss Tanzer, who during the trial of the case of the United States against Rae Tanzer stated in open court and before the jury that your sub-committee had found me guilty. This public statement of Mr. Slade was made on June 19th, and what his advance knowledge of the "confidential" report was I am, of course, unable to say.

On the morning of June 20 THE NEW YORK TIMES, as I have heretofore advised you published what purported to be quotations from the "confidential" report of the sub-committee.

The fact that the Tanzer case was on trial at that time was well known to your sub-committee and the fact that its publication would have a tendency seriously to impede the prosecution of this case and might influence the minds of the jury who were considering the case was, of course, well known to all concerned.

I have caused inquiry to be made as to how this confidential paper came to be given to THE NEW YORK TIMES in Washington, and have ascertained that a copy of the "confidential" report was loaned for one hour to the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES by a member of Congress whose name this correspondent is unwilling to reveal. I suggest to you that the identity of this gentleman ought to be ascertained for the sake of the credit of all persons concerned in this matter.

You will realize that this course of conduct toward my office imposes on me the duty of seeing to it that other important prosecutions in this district shall not be hampered or impeded either by the malevolence of any member of Congress against me or by the sympathy of any member of Congress with a defendant. If during the trial of the Buchanan case or of any of the other cases investigated by the sub-committee some confidential report is to be disclosed to the defendant's counsel and exploited in the press, the work of my office will be carried on under the greatest handicap.

Won't Appear Before Committee.

For all the reasons stated in this letter I have determined that I shall do nothing to prolong the investigation which you are conducting. Your rights are very plain. You have the right to prefer charges against me not in your own body but before the Senate. For my part, it seems to me that this course should be adopted. Of course, you have the right not to adopt it. The right to impeach does not carry with it the right to libel nor the right to take action which would involve the impeding of the proper functions of courts and juries.

I am, therefore, going to ask you to consider this matter as closed so far as concerns any further hearings to be accorded me, and to ask you to take such steps as you may deem proper under the circumstances.

I hope that you and other gentlemen in the House of Representatives for whom I have a very high respect will not make the same sort of mistake which I think you have heretofore made in dealing with this transaction, that is, of considering this letter as in any sense intended as a contempt of the House of Representatives. The exposure of the misconduct of one or more members of the House is not, in my opinion, a contempt of the House, but ought to be, and I think will be, regarded as a favor to the honorable members of that body.

On my part I have a plain duty to perform; I am counsel for the United States in certain criminal cases against various persons, and it is my duty to see that justice both to the United States and to the defendants is done in those cases. It is my duty to prevent interference with the course of justice, no matter how powerful may be the influence that is invoked against the prosecution.

The report of your sub-committee containing strictures on me and my assistants has been made public at the time and under the circumstances to which I have alluded in this letter. The case of Rae Tanzer is still going on. I feel myself constrained not to make any public statement concerning the matters we are discussing until that trial is ended. If after the close of that trial you fail to make public our correspondence, I shall do so. Respectfully,

H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL.

Hon. Edwin Y. Webb, Chairman Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

The Monnett Indictment.

Judge Wolverton, in refusing to dismiss the indictment against Monnett and Taylor, said he had concluded that the indictment was sufficient because it is not the sort of conspiracy described in Section 37 of the United States Criminal Code but was drawn in accordance with Section 1 of the Sherman law, which defines conspiracy in restraint of trade and commerce. He goes with great detail into the subject of how trade and commerce were constrained under the terms of the indictment.

Judge Wolverton also overruled the supplementary motions to quash the indictment made on the ground that a stenographer was in the Grand Jury room while Catherine Foley, a witness, was being examined; that a stenographic notebook seized in the office of a defendant (Martin) was used at the secret inquiry, and that the Government required the President of the National Metropolitan Bank of Washington to present to the Grand Jury deposit tickets and cancelled checks of Martin, who was a depositor in that institution.

PRIZES FOR SHIP ESSAYS.

Fifteen High School Students Win in Merchant Marine Contest.

Fifteen high school students at various commencements last night won the National Foreign Trade Council prizes for meritorious essays on "The Commercial Necessity for Developing Foreign Trade through an Adequate American Merchant Marine." The awards were as follows: First prize, $50, Leon Doman, Morris High School; Second prize, $40, Robert C. Schaedle, Commercial High School; third prize, $30, Alfred Plaine, Morris High School; fourth prize, $20, James L. Feder, High School of Commerce, and fifth prize, $10, Alfred Henry, Jr., Manual Training High School. Honorariums of $5 each were awarded to David Katz, Paul Miller, and Copal Mintz of DeWitt Clinton High School; Leo Abe, Meyer Horowitz, and A. O. Reith of the High School of Commerce; Prentiss C. Ford of Erasmus Hall High School; A. H. Menelly and Irving N. Simon of Bryant High School, and Ray F. Purdy of Manual Training High School.

The Committee of Award consisted of Dr. Francis H. Paul, Principal of DeWitt Clinton High School; Dr. John L. Tildsley, Principal of New York High School of Commerce, and William N. Brittain, Secretary American Steamship Association.

In presenting the prizes to the successful contestants of the Morris High School Robert H. Patchin, Secretary of the council, said:

"Until a larger number of American citizens study the merchant marine question, as these boys have begun to do, the problem of creating a greater American off-shore shipping will not be rightly solved. With a few exceptions the present discussion is either immersed in politics or furled up in the topsails of clipper ship memories, with neither of which has anything to do."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., Ga., Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Probably thunder showers Fri. and Sat.; gentle, variable winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Probably fair Fri. and Sat.

Ind. and Ohio—Fair Fri. and Sat., except probably thunder showers in extreme n.; moderate e. and s. e. winds.

Mich.—Probably showers Fri. and Sat.; moderate e. and s. e. winds.

La.—Unsettled, probably showers in s. e. Fri. and Sat.

Ark., Okla., and W. Tex.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat.

E. Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Ill., Mo., and Iowa.—Cloudy Fri. and Sat., with probable thunder showers.

Wis., Minn., N. Dak., and S. Dak.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., with probable showers.

Neb.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., probable thunder storms Fri.

Kan.—Fair Fri. and Sat., except probably unsettled in east.

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MAYOR OPENS THE GATES

Seventy Thousand Tons of Water Pressure Held Back for Fifteen Months Without a Leak.

In the presence of a large party of city officials and others Mayor Mitchel yesterday opened the gates of the coffer-dam that has kept back the waters of the Hudson River since the beginning of work on the new 1,000-foot piers at West Forty-sixth Street. When completed the piers will be the largest in the city and will accommodate the greatest transatlantic steamships.

Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith had the proceedings in hand, and took the Mayor and other city officials, including the engineers of the Dock Department who have charge of the work, from Pier A to the new docks on the boat Correction, where a complimentary luncheon was served. After the Dock Commissioner had made a short speech explaining the work and giving full credit to the engineers who carried it out, Mayor Mitchel turned the crank that opened the gates and allowed the water of the Hudson, dammed for fifteen months, to run into the excavation where the slips are to be. Before the Mayor opened the gates he complimented the Dock Commissioner and his engineers on successfully carrying out the work, and gave credit to the late Mayor Gaynor and Commissioner Smith for planning the improvement.

The dam which held back the river at this point was required to withstand a pressure of 90 tons per lineal foot, or a total of 72,000 tons. Prior to the undertaking only two dams of similar design existed, the Black Rock dam near Buffalo and the Troy dam. In these dams the piles were less than 50 feet in length and the foundation was on hard river bottom. The coffer-dam surrounding the Maine in Havana Harbor consisted of steel piles 70 feet in length, but they were spliced and were supported against the sides of the battleship as the water was lowered.

Very unfavorable conditions were encountered at the outset in the construction of the West Forty-sixth Street dam, for the bottom of the river consisted of rock under a thick layer of soft silt. To meet this condition and create a cutting floor of forty-four feet below mean water, sheet steel piles 70 feet in length were driven without splicing. In all 7,600,000 pounds of sheet steel was required. It was further necessary to back up the sheet pile water seal with a bank of riprap containing 2,430,000 cubic feet of broken rock.

Work on the coffer-dam was begun in April, 1914. About 55,000,000 gallons of water was pumped out of the areas inclosed, which covered five and a half acres. From behind the dam about 2,187,000 cubic feet of rock was blasted and removed. According to Commissioner Smith, for a coffer-dam of this self-supporting type, the work far exceeds in height of dam, height of water-head, and general dimensions any other work of its kind thus far undertaken.

With the driving of the two lines of piles and the filling of the cells with mud and clay, the area relieved of water remained absolutely watertight during the entire fifteen months of exposure, no leakage whatever having taken place throughout the whole river face of the dam.

Commissioner Smith estimated that it would take about eight hours for the dam to fill. After that the piles will be withdrawn and the rip rap dredged out. The excavation is now completed and the work of building the superstructures will begin. When the entire work is completed there will be room for four 1,000-foot piers.

SEEK LEATHER ACCOUNTING

Preferred Stock Holders Allege Dividends Should Be Paid.

TRENTON, N. J., June 29.—A petition for an accounting of the receipts and disbursements of the American Hide and Leather Company, a $35,000,000 New Jersey corporation, was filed in the Court of Chancery today by Frederick Drew Bond and Hans T. Freece of New York, and Anderson Price of Bergen County, N. J. The petitioners act as a committee representing Robert Hudson, T. W. Weeks, I. D. Cox, and other preferred stock holders.

The petition recites that on the organization of the company in 1899 the promoters included Thomas F. Ryan, J. K. Murdock, Henry Seligman, Frederick Strauss, and George A. Hill. It is charged that these promoters and other interests controlled the company to their own advantage and to the disadvantage of bona fide creditors and stockholders. The charge is also made that the management disposed of some properties without reporting the proceeds to the stockholders, and an accounting is sought for profits on certain investments.

At the present time, the petition says, the company has on hand about $1,600,000 in cash and about $1,800,000 in negotiable securities, and the court is asked to order the payment of some part of the 103 per cent. back dividends on the preferred stock. It is pointed out that in the past sixteen years the company has paid only $375,000 in dividends on the preferred stock, while officers' salaries have amounted to about $2,000,000.

NO LACK OF PATRIOTISM.

True Americanism Is Still Vigorous and Admirable.

What is America? America, as a writer has said, is a new departure in history, a new door opened to the development of humanity; and the very thing that sharply marks its character is that it is a new and open door. It is something different from anything the world had even seen. The crowning glory of the American is that he represents the reaction of a new world to the stimulous of an old humanity. He is no mere Englishman, or German, or Irishman, transplanted; he is a new force in humanity, with a message to mankind of the fruition of the dreams and aspirations of all the world. Without the contribution of centuries of European background and ancestry he would be no more than the Indian whom he displaced.

The Celt is in his heart and hand,
The Gaul is in his brain and nerve;
Where cosmopolitanly planned,
He guards the Redskin's dry reserve.

There has never been a generation in American history that has not drawn fresh strength from the infusion of new blood from afar. It is not from States like Vermont and North Carolina, with their 95 per cent. of native population, that the ceaseless stream of vigorous American life has been most replenished. English and Scotch and Irish and German and French had explored the wilderness and cleared the forests and opened the country to make abiding places for the stock that brought forth our Clays and Jacksons and Lincolns. What folly to suppose that the process that has been the life-giving spirit of the American people has suddenly ceased and that we no longer have anything to gain from the repeated infusion of fresh, vigorous blood.

There is a true Americanism, an Americanism worthy of the devotion of every one of her sons; and that is the Americanism that year in and year out insists and proclaims that we care not whence a man come, nor of what race nor how long ago—that we demand only that heart and soul be one of us and cast in his lot with us. Let us have done with the foolish, narrow pride of nativity. When America makes place of birth the test of opportunity and reward she has forsaken her mission to mankind and the path that leads to enduring greatness for herself and all her generations.—Idaho Statesman.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Dormer Bros Co<Shoninger Bros.
Salvate<B & O RR.
Sullivan<The Ansonia.
Wagner<Pullman Co.
Gray<Mayer.
Barrett Mfg Co<Sergeant.
Hammerschlag Mfg Co<Imp & Traders' Nat Bank.
Louisiana State R M Co<Moses.
Keatley<U S Trust.
Patey<Spencer.
Partola Mfg Co<Park, Davis & Co.
Cent Trust Co<Anderson.
U S Trust Co<same.
Bankers Trust Co<Lowe.
Guaranty Trust Co<Anderson.
Lawyers T & T Co<same.
Smith<So Pac Co.
Hamelef<Penn R R.
Pedkorczewny<same.
Jarullo<D, L & W RR
Brady<Anderson.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 9:30 A. M. Motion calendar.

Am Pin Co<Lasher.
Henderson & Erwin<Delpark, (2.)
McWilliams<P R R, (2.)
Smith<SS Finland.
Nordist<Beacon.
Niedler<St'd Gas Power Co.
Re Halim.
U S Hoffman Co<Am Laundry Mach Co.
Reneonda<Aktles.
Tesla<Marconi.
Read<Martin.
Re Ferryboat Netherlands.
Clark<Dailey & Ionis No. 8.
Kristransen<SS Moe.
Ingelse<SS Kentra.
Grill<Tug Edwin H. Meade.
US<Karplus.
Pagano<Beseler.
Re Am 5c and 10c Stores.
Re S. K. F. Ball Bearing Co.
Re SS Titanic.
N Y Trust Co<Int M M. Co.
Eustis<Beers, Sondheimer & Co.
Sheitz<Washburne.
Kirsch<Judd.
Inventions Corp<Hobbs.
Empire Trust Co<Imp Prop Holding Co.
Marshall<Gordon.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

McCollum<SS California.
Luckenback<Sch M D Cressey.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M. in Room 323, P. O. Building.

Discharges:
Jennie Singer,
Charles G. McLean,
Herbert O. Allen,
Hugh R. McGowan,
Krimko Brothers,
James Cheney,
Isaac Oginz,
Edward Mandel.
Motions:
A. B. Cameron Mfg. Co.,
Elm Brewing Co.,
Conrad Eurich,
H. L. Prentice,
Jacob Brantman,
Star & Star Co., Inc.,
Charles Camora,
B. & G. Schmidt,
Thomas Misicki,
Peratz & Grossman.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 1:30 P. M. in Room 312, P. O. Building. Criminal calendar.

US<Carfagno.
Same<Kinnick et al.
Same<J. Manning.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 323, P. O. Building. Admiralty. Re scow Adak.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

Palefsky<Cong House of Aaron.
R L Co, Inc<Norton.
Cirrito<J G White Eng Corp.
Kaidy<J B Hobby Son Co.
Re Title G & Sure Co.
Kirsh<Pacific Com Trading Co.
Re Beckel, (Dunham.)
Barrett<Friend, (2.)
Fuchs<Sender.
Gusimo<Fitzgerald.
Grau<Neuman.
Keeley<Newman.
Lewis Amberg & Son<Jos Roth Mfg Co.
Colle<Colle.
Hamburger<Hamburger.
Re Leech, (Fornaci.)
Re Cinnante, (Purdy.)
Re Rosencranz.
Craig<Bell.
Re Waterbury, (West to Zeraga Av.)
Re Browning, (Adamson.)
Re CNY, (Railroad Av)
W Va Pulp & Pap Co<S S McClure Co.
Van Wagen<Gordon.
Dogin<Dogin.
NY Public Library<McDonald.
CNY<Blancke.
Same<Co-op Bldg Con
Anderson<Anderson.
Doerle<Doerle.
Katcher<Donovan.
Lawyers Mtg Co<Klingenstein, (2.)
West Dev Co<Harney.
Mitchell<Kelly.
Broadway Park Place<Purdy.
Re CNY.
Simmons<Simmons.
Morrison<H H Crocker Co.
Robert & Lewis Co<Hart.
Re Dowling.
Chelsea Rty Co<Byrd.
Mallach<Mallach.
Bergh<Bergh.
Esposito<Esposito.
Pfeiffer<Kramer.
Langley Slaven Co<C Meads Co.
Burns Bros<Logan Coal Co.
Herzberg<Herzberg.
Kadin<Solgus Rty, (2)
Appleby<Turner, (2.)
Watts<Doull, Miller Co
Karasch<Mitchell.
Lefkowitz<Lefkowitz.
Re Van Sickle<Conly.
Hammacher, Schlemmer Co<Hallerbach.
Bazarre<Minor.
Watts<Doull, Miller Co
McCracken<McCracken.
Re Strochak, (Arent.)
Good<Howard.
Re Kelleher, (Mundorf)
Quall<Chavkin.

PART II.—Giegerich, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Shearn, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:
Moolten<L I RR.
Cudich<Cudich.
Re Smith.
Schmelz<Schmelz.
Wirth<Wirth.
Doyno<Doyno.
Donigan & Nelson<Kirschbaum.
De Ambri<Tordio.
Markus<Markus.
Simon<Simon.
Bishop<Bishop.
Esakoff<Esakoff.
MacMillan<MacMillan.
Levy<Levy.
Frinstein<Frinstein.
Larivee<Larivee.
Danow<Danow.
Roberts<Roberts.
Siegel<Siegel.
White<Ring.
Preferred causes:
Pollock<Sachs.
Friedwald<Fass.
General calendar:
MacRae<Scott.
De Gonzales<Gonzales
Schiess<Law.
Edwards & Davis<Broncho M P Co.
Herald<Sackin.
Doty & Orr Co<Brown.
Zuria Tile Co<Newmark & Davis.
Otis Elev Co<Waller Const Co.
McDowell Dressmaking School<McDowell
Miller<Kopple.
Leopold<Sullivan.
Guaranty Tr Co<Isaacs.
Clear.

PART IV.—Adjourned until Oct. 2.

PART V.—Clark, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—No day calendar.

PART III.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

O'Connor<City Inv Co. | Case on.

PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Mahern<Smith.
Philip<Edelstein.
Straub<N Y Rys.
Friedman<same.
Ruprecht<Redenbach.
Clear.

PART IX.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

PART XI.—Benton, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Lyons<Missionary Sisters of the Sacred Heart.

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

PARTS IV., V., VI., VIII., X., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar:

Maurice Weinhausen,
Ellen Dellett,
Hilarian H Noll, &c,
Mary G Pinkney,
Stephen McPartland,
Harry P Braisted,
Annie McLaughlin,
James Abato,
John H Stahley,
Emily Hamer,
George Reiss,
Dominick Colaizzi,
Louis E Koster,
John T Brady,
Amelia Kinloch,
Charles M Dunlop,
David Kuhn,
Edward M Smith,
Stuart R Morris,
Peter P McGuirk,
Thomas F Hagerty,
Herman N Walter,
Amelia G Cutter,
Ernest G W Woerz,
Adelena M Cramer,
Samuel Smith,
Joseph Isaacs,
Gaylord S Truesdell,
Anna C Buchanan,
Christiane Zwinge,
Hilarian H Noll, &c,
Harris Greenberg,
Bridget Conlan,
Henry W Nelson,
Thomas Thorn,
Otto Neustadt,
Jesse W Powers,
Neal O'Donnell,
Hugh O'Donnell,
Joseph F O'Gorman,
Dominick Colaizzi,
Thomas A Matthews,
Charles H Carr,
Sarah R Wolbarst,
Thomas F Hagerty,
Ann J Derham,
Victor Wellisch,
John Hayes,
Thomas F Dougherty,
Ellen Dellett,
Thomas A Matthews,
Louis E Koster,
Alice L Trudeau, Infant.
Anna Finck,
Mary F Dooley,
Matthew Dolina,
Herman Abraham,
Gaetano Conti,
Lewis Radford,
Edmond J O'Connell,
Isaac B Kleinert,
Arthur W Eager,
Belle Hartz,
Henry A Godwin
Ellen R Morgan,
Arthur Horwitz,
Emanuel M Cohen,
Bridget Clancy, &c,
Anna L Mooney, &c,
Frederick V Hart,
Emma J Hatten,
Martin Pedroso y Pedroso, &c,
Henrietta Wallen,
Emma O'Neill,
Henry B Hart,
Samuel Saphir, &c,
Elizabeth Allen,
Harry E Oxford,
Delia McPhillips,
George W Millar,
Thomas McGrath,
John McGowan, &c,
Gerolamo Leone,
Jerome L Ughetta,
Eliza M Zerega,
Francis J Corrigan,
Florence G Phillips,
Mary A Rounds,
George I Cook,
Benno Neuberger,
Benjamin Guggenheim,
Moses Cahm,
Anna Moore, (2,)
Nathaniel A Prentiss,
John Hone,
Dennis Lehane,
Pricella W Nelson.
Estates of:
Anna Goodman, (issue of fact,)
Louise Rosenheimer, (same,)
Simon Schenkel, (same,)
Anna Murray, (same,)
Bryan McCahill, (same.)
Wills for probate:
Caroline L Olson,
Mary J Smith,
John Schafer,
Christian Breithaupt,
Louis Raschke,
Thomas R Slicer,
Lydia Kittle,
Catherine Trand,
Isabella T Barnes,
Jean W Tatlock,
Thomas P Maguire,
Charles E Schafer,
Thomas F Duffy,
Margaret M Goodheart,
Abram Jacobson,
Wm F D Perkins,
Frank Vincent,
Michael McCarthy,

TRIAL TERM—(May Term continued)—Cohalan, S.—At 2 P. M.
Contested will—Amos F. Eno.

TRIAL TERM—(June Term)—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estates of:
George H. Lewis, | Leopold Wilzin,

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—La Fetra, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Bay State Thread Works<Serkess
Greenberg<Polzella.
Cleary<Queens Co Delivery Co.
J. Everard's Brew<Truppi.
Grasiadei<Curley.
Michaels Bros<George Lang<Weber.
Braunstein<Drew Bros
Hochberg<Lefkowitz.
Koschick<S. & R. Frame Mfg Co.
Dimieri<A. McMullen Co.
Same<McMullen.
Weiss<Colaizzi.
Nizzari<Levy & Silverman.
Trachtner<same.
McCarty<Colorado Yule Marble Co.
Alkier<O'Donohue
Christatos<New England Cas Co.
Weiser<Marmalax Mfg Co.
Beach & Austin<Grannis & Co.
Ginther<Shaff Bros. Brew.
Carroll<Doelger.
Grossman<Breier.
Isaacson<Crean.
Klopman<Cooper.
Hansen<Dunn.
Hansen Co<Snow.
Brown<Kisselburgh.
Schulman<Specialty Baking Co.
Alshofsky<Gen Baking Co.
Weiss<Lewis.
Galligan<United Cigar Stores Co.
Potter<Ryan.
Glickman<Hultz.
McCarty<Colorado Yule Marble Co.
Voelckel<Rogers.
Hutter<Stokes.
French Trading Co<
Prager<Otterman.

PART II.—Ransom, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Galdi<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Condomanolis<O'Hara.
Glantz<Stearns.
Hodgkins<Elridge.
Strauss<Heer D G Co.
Weinfeld<Sovereign Camp, W. W.
Landau<Barrett Mfg
Ring<U S Rty, &c.
Nathanson<Int R T.
Silverberg<Lippok Rty
Viktora<New Taxicab, &c, Co.
Huntley<New Eng SS.
Benbassat<Mandel
Menzer<Antler Rty Co.
Univ Textile Co<People's Nat F I Co.
Perlmuth<N Y Rys, (2.)
Berger<Concert Direction, &c.
Mulberg<Dick.
Owens<Newmark & Davis.
Lage<same.
Safir<No Brit, &c, Ins Co.
Anderson<Norton.
Charter Const Co<Edwards.
Man Fire Alarm Co<Hurtig & Seamon Corp.
Same<O'Hare.
MacBride<Lacroix.
Goldberg<Frisch.
Oppenheimer<Maryland Storage, &c.
Wolfert<Liverpool & L & G Ins Co.
Goelet<Plimmer.
Rosen<Moritz (2.)

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Atlas Press<R Findlay Mfg Co. | Case on.

PART II.—Lynch, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART III.—McAvoy, J.—Held in Brownstone Bldg. (Chambers St.) at 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Knauth<Lusher.
Hunter<Kleine.
Crausman<Graham Con Co.
Clear.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART VI.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Clark, J.—Grammas<Mirros—Sidney Rossman.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Hewitt<Leeds—Percival H Gregory. Sanguinetti<Bracco—Phoenix Ingraham. Re Baucher—Francis S McAvoy. Healy<Kiernan—Middleton S Borland.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Kernochan<Pollock—Robt F Wagner.

SUPREME COURT—Shearn, J.—Badgeley<DeWitt—John T Sturtevant.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—NY Trust Co<Mathilde J Bennett—David Pasinsky. Albany Sav Bank<Bradhurst Realty & Trust Co—Frederick T Davies. Harlem Sav Bank<Peter Kierans—James O Farrell. Same<Peter Walsh—James O Farrell. Mortgage Associates<Polo Const Co—Robert J Hare Powel.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.—Decisions.

C. V. Barker, applt., v. F. E. Barker et al., defts.; M. Archer et al., applts., P. May et al., respts.—Motion of plaintiff for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals granted and question certified.

J. P. Carney, applt., v. Penn Realty Co., respt.—Motion for stay denied, without costs.

J. A. Fleming, respt., v. Borden's Milk Co. et al., applts.—Motion denied on condition, otherwise motion granted, with $10 costs.

Re S. Chugerman, an attorney.—Matter referred to William D. Dickey as official referee for hearing and report.

Re application of the C. N. Y. relation to East 92d St. Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied.

Reabrogation of the adoption of G. H. McDevitt, Catherine and Elmer F. McDevitt, infants under the age of twelve years.—Motion for stay granted upon condition.

Re H. A. McTernan, an attorney.—Matter referred to J. T. Marean, official referee, to take proof and report.

Re application of L. Zirinsky for license and admission to practice as an official examiner.—Application granted, upon the approval of the bond by the Presiding Justice. Let the sureties justify before the Justice on June 30, 1916, at 11 A. M.

Helen McGee, respt., v. Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line, applt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied.

Elizabeth McWhirter, applt., v. Irene U. Paynter, respt.—Motion denied, without costs.

E. H. Moubray, pltf., v. G. & M. Improvement Co., deft.—Motion granted on condition, without cost.

W. C. Tiedeman, respt., v. L. M. Tiedeman, applt.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, without costs.

E. M. Wensley, respt., v. C. N. Y. and Edison Co. of Brooklyn, applts.; J. Wensley, respt., v. same, applts.—Motions denied.

Mary Whalen, as admx., &c., respt., v. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R., applt.—Motion for reargument or leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied, without costs.

E. V. Xavier, respt., v. D. Naughton, applt.—Motion denied, without costs.

A. Ambrosio, applt., v. Crescanzo Meo, respt.—Judgment of dismissal reversed, and new trial granted, with costs.

L. W. Boyle, respt., v. F. J. Hayes and J. N. Boylan, as extrs, &c., of J. B. Salter, decd., applts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

P. Brzozowski, respt., v. F. J. Brzozowski et al., defts.; S. Zervart, applt.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

Anna Chroscial, as admx., &c., of J. Chroscial, decd., respt., v. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

M. Galvin, as admx., &c., of W. Galvin, decd., applt., v. Federal Sugar Refining Co., respt.—Order affirmed, with costs.

C. Greco, applt., v. L. I. R. R., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion per curiam.

J. Gresswell, respt., v. R. O'Rourke, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

E. Guiney, applt., v. T. Guiney, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Emma A. Hoffman, respt., v. L. E. Hoffman and N. A. Chatwin, indiv. and as exec., &c., and C. Blakely, applts. et al., defts.—Orders severally affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Re supplementary proceedings, C. Below, respt., v. W. Huttenlocher, applt.—Order of the County Court of Queens affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Re election of the Trustees of the Shiloh Baptist Church, (H. Scott, et al.)—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. New election ordered on July 11, 1916, at 9 A. M.

Re the judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of W. E. and G. A. Walsh as admrs., &c., of Peter M. Phillips, decd.—Decree of Surrogate's Court of Queens County modified, and as so modified, affirmed without costs.

H. Jensen, respt., v. McCalden Brothers Company, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs.

Van D. Macumber, applt., v. Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Company, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion per curiam.

Elizabeth W. Pell, admx., &c., of S. O. Pell, decd., respt., v. L. I. R. R. Company, applt.—Judgment and order reversed, and new trial granted. Costs to abide the event.

People, &c., respts., v. Eising Chemical Company, Inc., applt.—Judgment of conviction by the Court of Special Sessions reversed, and new trial ordered.

J. Bridges, applt., v. Robert Adamson, as Fire Commr., &c., respt.—Order reversed, with $50 costs and disbursements, and a final order granted.

P. J. McGerald, relator, v. Arthur Woods, as Police Commr., &c., respt.—The return to the writ of certiorari is defective. A new return is therefore directed.

S. Reiss, applt., v. Esona Shirt Co., respt.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

L. Robinson, applt., v. G. Walter, respt.—The order is reversed without costs, and the motion, so far as stated, granted without costs.

F. Seyford, applt., v. Southern Pacific Co., respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

I. Silverberg et al., respts., v. Sam Wember et al., applts.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed with costs.

R. R. and B. R. Spring, as trustees, &c., respts., v. H. D. Conkling et al., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

L. MacTiedman, respt., v. W. C. Tiedman, applt., (Act. 2.)—Order reversed without costs and application granted.

A. Tropeano, an infant, &c., respt., v. J. and N. Grimaldi, applts.—Order of the County Court of Westchester County affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and without prejudice.

Mary E. S. Turrill, as extrx., &c., of Sarah L. Stillson, dec'd, pltf., v. P. Davenport, deft.—Judgment for plaintiff in accord with terms of submission, without costs of this action.

Mary Van Salisbury, applt., v. B. H. R. R., respt.—Order affirmed, with costs.

J. Waisikoski, applt., v. Phila. & Reading Coal & Iron Co., respts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and without prejudice.

E. V. Xavier, respt., v. D. Naughton, applt., (Acts. 1 and 2.)—Orders affirmed, without costs.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.

Haight<Haight.
Pierce<Dohrman.
Re Feintuch, (Rosenberg.)
Re Blum.
Johnston<Lott.
Solomon<Hassman.
Re 94th St. (Smalley.)
Mitchell<Am Sugar Ref Co.
Edwards<Edwards.
Frances<Frances.
Harrison<Fried.
Edmunds<Edmunds.
Levy<Patterson.
Hogan<Carpilovsky.
Boslowsky<Lerner.
Wesselhoft<C I & B R R Co.
Silverman<N Y Mun Ry Co, (2.)
Elliott<N E R R Co.
Magazinoff<N Y Cons R R.
Leibowitz<same.
Ginsberg<same.
Carderollo<B H RR.
Johnson<same.
La Barbara<same.
Shea<same.
Vetulano<Vetulano.
Van Gasbeck<Rochford.
Re Silverman.
McGratty<Badger.
Clark<Altman.
Re Brombacher, (St Luke's Church.)
People<Anglo-American Sav & L Assn.
Pausch<Pausch.
Jones<Jackson.
Williams<Peter Keller Bldg Co.
N Y Life Ins Co<Fultonada Rty Co.
Cohen<Abrens.
Giglio<Giglio.
Green<Hitchings.
City<Rappold.
Lumley<Lumley.
Tooker<Victor.
Re Sewer Outlet.
Klein<Goldstein.
Re Biagyer, (Culver.)
Timmes<Timmes.
Re Jochnowitz.
Re Aitcheson, (McKee)
Powers<Watson.
Prendergast<Degnon Rty & Term Imp Co
Coffey<Coffey.
Cohn<Cohn.
Realty Associates<City and Smith.
Same<Same and Bradley.
Mechanics Bk<same.
Shankowitz<Kroll.
Sullivan<Cox.
Morton<Morton.
Re E. 94th St., (Farrell.)
Re E. 95th St. (Farrell.)
Fitzgerald<Board of Education.
Hooper<City.
Slackman<Kaufman.
Copely Mfg Co<Lowenstein.
Tabachnik<Ellman.
Colman<U S Realty & Imp Co.
Union Bank<Frankel.
De Luca<Calandra.
Doyle<Bennett.

PART II.—Van Siclen, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V., Hylan, J.—Actions triable by the court without a jury.

Hagmyer<Fennell et al.
Leyendecker<Leyendecker.
Vitolo<Volppa.
Greenberg<Brookville Realty Co.
Solovinsky<Black.
Buchanan<Chester.
Dougherty<Rappaport.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Mullan, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Mullan, J.—Motion calendar at 10 A. M.

Ormsbee<Powers.
Lemien<Woolf.
Coughlin<Fox.
City Island Homes, Inc<Schwartzler.
Castiello<Salzano.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J. No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. Case on—Prentice<Meeker. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Tierney, J. No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S. No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

Geller<Bromberg.
Sayre<Dressoir.
Brunner<American Land Credit Corpn.
Epstein<Daly.

TRIAL TERM—Smith, J.

Roth<Schaefer.
Agostinnella<Carvel.
Thorn<Lanigan Bros.
Knizitsky<Fordham Garage Co.
Hynes<Union Ry (2.)
Gootner<Van Etan.
Mancini<Union Ry.
Ponteria<Flygare.
Epstein<Barack.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Sundmacker<Rudd—Louis O. Van Doren. Woodward<Clarence Realty & Const Co—Francis J. Kuersi.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Young, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Lafayette Holding Co<Irving Nat Bank.
Goerck<Goerck.
Lynch<Gallagher.
Stumbone<Vil of Port Chester.
Von Beetson<Mortimer.
Cohen<Rolfsen Rlty.
Hurdman<Gedney Farm Co.
Donahue<Donahue.
Smith<O'Bierne.
Soetemon<McDonald.
Griffiths<Crary.
Miller<Russe.
Hepburn<Long.
West Co Brewing Co<Carlough.

The following causes may be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Gallon<Hussar.
Ehler<Ehler.
Raynes<Raynes.
Anderson<Dieterich.
Yonkers Nat Bank<J. P. Gilbert Co.
Neville<McGuire.
Morroney<Mahnken Estates.
Morris<Rosenstein.
Mayer<Wilson.
Holmes<Chevalico.
Seagle<Barreto.

Highest number reached on call, 218.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Kelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on—Lind, an infant<Bachman. No day calendar.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1132.

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, n w corner 45th St., 200.10 x375; J. L. Keating Co., Inc., against Lincoln National Bank of the City of N. Y. et al.; counterclaim; attorney, R. Godson.

SPRING ST., 191; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Joseph Paretti et al.; amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

ST. NICHOLAS PL., e s, 180 ft n of 180th St., 45x100; Bowery Savings Bank against Lida M. Leo et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft.

4TH AV, 329 and 331; Mortgage Associates, Inc., against Polo Construction Co. et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark.

91ST ST., s s, 224 ft e of Riverside Drive, 17x100.8; General Society of Mechanics & Tradesmen of the City of N. Y. against Emeline J. Darrow et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Gould & Wilkie.

122D ST., 121 and 123 East, Emil Altman against Christian Dages et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Lewis & Schaap.

123D ST., 237 West, Joseph W. Lawrence against Mary T. Mulry et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. J. McGuire.

118TH ST., s s, 231 ft w of 2d Av, 54.11x100.11; Margaret Crawford against Maria A. Carman; notice of attachment; attorney, L. Lipskin.

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, w s, 75 ft s of 134th St, 25x100; Union Heights Realty Co. et al. against Thomas F. Rochford et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, B. R. Duncan.

LOTS 321 and 322, map of Village of Wakefield; Park Mortgage Co. against Frederick W. Seybel et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. S. Noyes.

THIRD AV, w s, 115.4 ft n of Wendover Av, 90x294.1; Home Life Insurance Co. against Zarland Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 268.1 ft n of 166th St, 16x93; Benenson Realty Co. against Elizabeth Little, action to compel specific performance of contract; attorneys, Elfers & Abberley.

147TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Willis Av, 24x100; Beekman Av, w s, 25 ft s of Oak Terrace, 50x100; Schuyler St, n s, 100 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 25x100; Mary Burger against Isabella Trainor et al, partition; attorney, O. E. Davis.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB BLOCH, doing business as Bloch Brothers, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, June 30th, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at New Standard Stable, 429 West 38th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of six horses, six wagons, two trucks, harness, &c.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Assignee.
MARCUS HELFAND and LEON DASHEW, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 320 Broadway, New York.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISRAEL FEINMAN, trading as the CAPITOL WAIST CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, July 6th, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 127 West 25th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' silk and cotton waists, silks, satins, machinery, safe, desks, fixtures, etc.

HARRY OSTERMAN, Assignee.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Assignee and Petitioning Creditors, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN GRANT LYMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, June 30, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wearing apparel, desk, chairs, addressograph, typewriter, safe, rugs, fixtures, &c.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
PRINCE & NATHAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 19 Cedar Street, New York.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CANAL ST, 303, n s, 77.4 ft w of Broadway, 24.5x35.6x24x—, one-half part, all title, June 2; Thomas W. and Edw. L. Marshall to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $4,000

DIVISION ST, 33 and 33½, s s, [illegible], June 29; Maria T., wife of George S. Thompson, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St. $15,500

HAVEN AV, n e corner of 170th St, runs n 123.11x e 89.5x s 22.6x e 25x s 97.6 to street x w 83.4 to beginning, June 28; Namreh Building Co. to Sterling Holding Corporation, 299 Broadway, due Sept. 28, 1916, 6 p. c., prior mtg $100,000; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway $8,000

3D AV, s s, 60.5 ft s of 53d St, 20x80, June 28; Elisa Leckering et al. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due July 1, 1921,; address 176 Broadway $2,500

7TH AV, s e corner 148th St, 40x100, June 28; Minaret Building Co. to Metropolitan Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av, 3 years; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av. $50,000

40TH ST, 66 West, s s, 134 ft e of 6th Av, 17x98.9, June 29; Lucy S. Morrow to United States Trust Co. of New York, due July 1, 1917, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Stuart & [illegible], 45 Wall St. $5,000

40TH ST, 120 East, s s, 105 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x98.9, June 29; Eliz. A. Underhill to Charles J. Harrah, Honolulu, Hawaii, 5 years; attorney, F. H. Comstock, 36 Wall St. $26,000

44TH ST, 341 West, n s, 250 ft e of 9th Av, 25x100.5, June 24; John W. Flint to Annie Quinn, 890 6th Av, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $14,000; attorney, J. A. Fischer, [illegible] 6th Av $5,000

57TH ST, 545 and 547 West, n s, 325 ft w of 10th Av, 50x100.5, June 21; J. Frank Connelly to Stephen H. Jackson, 151 West [illegible] St, 3 years, prior mtg $29,000; address, 108 Lexington Av $15,000

63TH ST, s s, 425 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.5, and 64th St, n s, 175 ft e of West End Av, 50x100.5, May 31; Thomas F. Devine to Exide Battery Depots, Inc., Philadelphia, Penn., due as per bond; attorney, Jacob H. Shaffer, 105 Broadway $40,000

116TH ST, 231 and 233 West, n s, 320 ft e of 8th Av, 40x100.11, June 28; Lombardy Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $40,000

128TH ST, 46 West, ss, 342 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x99.11, June 29; Lawmor Improvement Co. to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 3 years; address, 160 Broadway $4,000

135TH ST, 222-230 West, s s, 175 ft w of 7th Av, 5 lots, each 18.5x99.11, June 29; 210 West 56th Street Co. to St. Michael's Protestant Episcopal Church, 225 West 99th St, 3 years, 5 prior mtgs, each $4,000; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St $20,000

135TH ST, 234-244, s s, 235.6 ft w of 7th Av, 6 lots, each 18.5x99.11, June 29; Alross Realty Co. to American Mortgage Co., 46 Cedar St, 5 years, 6 prior mtgs, each $4,000; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St $24,000

135TH ST, 232, s s, 267.1 ft w of 7th Av, 18.5x99.11, June 29; same to Sara E. Mower, 222 West 23d St, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St $4,000

135TH ST, 222 to 232 West, s s, 175 ft w of 7th Av, 110.6x99.11; same to American Mortgage Co., 46 Cedar St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtgs, $24,000; attorneys, same $3,000

147TH ST, 408 West, s s, 141.6 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 16x99, June 29; Harriet L. Deal (Clark) to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,500

Bronx.

AVENUE ST. JOHN, 909, e s, [illegible]; Nicholas Schaefer to Louise E. Camerden, 2,789 Morris Av, June 28, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $7,500

DAVIDSON AV, e s, 110.19 ft n of Burnside Av, 56.6x90; Freybell Realty Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, June 28, due Jan. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $35,000

DAVIDSON AV, e s, 176.4 ft n of Burnside Av, 56.6x90; same to same, June 28, due Jan. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; same attorney $35,000

LOTS 17 and 18, map Mary J. Radway; Hickory Realty Corporation to Bettie Wise, 2,082 7th Av, June 23, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Max Marx, 128 Broadway $3,500

LOTS 13 and 14, map Whitehall Realty Co.; same to same, June 23, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; same attorney $3,500

LOT 44, Block 40, Lot 26, Block 68A, map of Morris Park; Israel Bursch to Jacob Bursch, 140 Johnson Av, Brooklyn, and another, June 28, due July 1, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Nathan Bursch, 2,074 Daly Av $800

McGRAW AV, s w corner Gray St, 78x31.9 to old road x88.5x34.4; William Kelleher to Frank T. Warburton, trustee, 1,067 Madison Av, June 29, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,500

PROSPECT AV, 730 and 732, e s, 50x irregular; Dora Lichtenstein to Annie Orloff, 376 East 8th St, prior mtg $42,500, March 30, deed recorded as mortgage, tax paid, $5.50; attorney, Henry Kuntz, 61 Park Row $1,100

177TH ST, 61 East, n s, 20x100; Verdun Realty Corporation to Louisa K. Kuntz, 261 Kingsbridge Road, June 23, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $7,000

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

WEST ST, w s, Pier 8; J. Leopold Co., Inc., against Central R. R. of N. J., et al., June 27, 1916 ....$1,263.60

WEST ST, w s, Pier 9; same against Lehigh Valley R. R., et al., June 27, 1916 ....$1,263.60

47TH ST, 120 West; Cohen & Hupert, Inc., against Estate of Donald Mitchell, et al., March 23, 1916 ....$45

47TH ST, 120 West; same against same, March 23, 1916 ....$85

SAME PROPERTY; same against same, March 23, 1916 ....$54

80TH ST, 712 West; Henry N. Masson against Henry L. Butler, et al., Dec. 17, 1915 ....$218

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—23,308.—Notice is hereby given that the order adjudicating JAMES L. ALEXANDER bankrupt has been vacated and the proceedings in bankruptcy dismissed.

W. H. HAWKINS, Attorney.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—By virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, to me directly and delivered, I will sell at public auction by Henry Brady, auctioneer, on Tuesday, July 11, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, at U. S. Marshal's office, Room 307, U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, New York City, N. Y.

Two packages precious and semi-precious stones and one small leather case.

The goods will be on exhibition Monday, July 10, 1916, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. and on the morning of the day of sale. Catalogues mailed upon request.

Dated New York, June 25, 1916.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal S. D. N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 26 cases, each containing two dozen cans of pork and beans. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 12, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated June 23, 1916.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

To be sure of obtaining the Sunday edition of The New York Times it is necessary to order your copy in advance.

Newsdealers limit their supplies to actual orders because unsold copies are not returnable.

To avoid disappointment, give a regular order to your newsdealer for The Sunday Times.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Public Library Sells West Side Apartment—Deals in Harlem—New Sixteen-Story Building for Madison Avenue—Ex-Governor Murphy of New Jersey Buys Morristown Farm.

The New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden Foundations, was the seller yesterday of the five-story apartment house at 100 West Seventy-seventh Street, being the southwest corner of Columbus Avenue. It covers a plot 25 feet on the street by 102.2 feet on the avenue, and is diagonally opposite the grounds of the Museum of Natural History. The building contains stores on the ground floor.

Horace S. Ely & Co. were the brokers in the sale. The buyer was a client of Theodore Ortmann.

Upper Seventh Avenue Corner Sold.

The Minarch Building Company has purchased from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company the six-story apartment house occupying a plot 40 by 100 feet on the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and 146th Street. The buyer takes the property subject to a mortgage of $50,000 for three years at 5 per cent.

East Harlem Dwelling Sold.

Morris Kohn has purchased from the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company 153 East 107th Street, a four-story and basement private dwelling on a lot 17 by 100.11 feet.

Resale of Harlem Dwelling.

The Arrow Construction Company has resold to an investor 8 West 122d Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 21 by 100.11 feet. It was purchased recently by the sellers at public auction for $10,750.

Investor Buys Madison Street Tenement.

A. L. Neuman has purchased from the Burden Realty Company for investment 352 Madison Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 23.5 by 95. Kick & Sharrott negotiated the sale.

Sixteen-Story Building in Grand Central Centre.

Another big operation in the rapidly building up Grand Central zone centre was revealed yesterday in the filing of plans for a sixteen-story office building on the site of the residence of the late Charles H. Senff at the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-first Street, 49.5 by 74. The property is owned by Mrs. Gustavia A. Senff, and the cost of the new building is estimated by the architect, Emery Roth, at $250,000. It will adjoin the Forty-first Street wing of the twenty-story building erected a few years ago on a big frontage at the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-second Street, and is in a block that has shown great commercial development in recent years.

Twenty-nine Stories for Times Square Building.

The new merchandise exhibition building planned for erection by the Bush Terminal Company at 132 and 134 West Forty-second Street, just east of Broadway, will be twenty-nine stories in height instead of twenty-five stories, as was filed with the plans a few weeks ago. Helme & Corbett of Brooklyn are the architects. The Thompson-Starrett Company has the construction contract. The cost is estimated at $700,000.

Bronx Sales.

The five-story apartment house at 2,131 Vyse Avenue, northwest corner of 181st Street, on a plot 78 by 100, has been sold by Alexander Selkin for the Park Ridge Realty Company, T. Richardson, President, to an investor.

Paul A. McGolrick has bought from Eugene Houst the two five-story apartment houses at 1,222-1,226 Wheeler Avenue, Bronx, on a plot 80 by 100. It was an all-cash transaction, and Joseph A. Blackner and L. Chase were the brokers in same.

Brooklyn.

S. L. Rowland has sold 161 Sandford Street, a tenement house, to Charles A. Bonoff; 432 Willoughby Avenue, a private dwelling, to Margaret McKeon for occupancy, and 116-118 Spencer Street, a tenement 50 by 100, for Thomas Simpson to Pietro Pizzillo for investment.

Frank H. Malone and H. O. Harris have sold the new two-family brick house 321 Eighty-third Street for Theodor Frost to an investor for occupancy.

Long Island.

The Lewis H. May Company has sold for Samuel Strauss a cottage at 232 North Remington Avenue, Arverne, L. I., to Philip Sohn for his own occupancy.

The New York Suburban Land Company has sold at Hicksville, L. I., a plot 40 by 100 feet on Cecil Place to Isidore Kaufman.

Ex-Governor Murphy Buys Jersey Farm.

D. L. Delaney of New York has sold to ex-Governor Franklin Murphy his farm on the Morristown-Mendham Road, consisting of sixty-six acres of land with residence and complete set of farm buildings.

This property will be used in conjunction with Franklin Farms, the beautiful country home of ex-Governor Murphy. The transaction was negotiated by Eugene V. Welsh.

New Jersey.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman have sold the residence of George H. Stratton at 81 North Van Dien Avenue, Ridgewood, N. J., to Frederick W. Van Duyn of Manhattan.

William P. Jones sold at Nutley, N. J., for the Jere Johnson, Jr., Company of Brooklyn to the Rev. Whitfield C. Tunbrell of Stony Brook, Rockland County, N. Y., a plot 50 by 100 on the south side of Evelyn Place, 203 feet west of Passaic Avenue, running through to the Park Driveway. Also, to William R. Stiratt a plot 50 feet front on the north side of Shepard Avenue, 227 feet west of Chestnut Street.

Westchester County.

The Leonard Land Corporation has sold through Griffen, Prince & Risley, Inc., a plot on Governor's Road, Sagamore Park, Bronxville, to the Sterling Homes Company. Plans for a $12,000 residence have been approved. Ground will be broken at once.

M. F. Holtzinger, Secretary of the Ault & Wiborg Company, has purchased Mrs. Louise Stone's property at Larchmont, consisting of a dwelling, garage, and three-fourths of an acre of land. E. C. Griffen and P. H. Collins negotiated the sale.

Commercial Leases.

The Brett & Goode Company has leased the dwelling at 356 West Thirtieth Street, to Mrs. Alice L. Lowe, and the easterly store in the Keen Building 7 to 11 West Forty-fifth Street, to George E. Miller, factory distributor of beds and bedding.

Vasa K. Bracher has leased the ground floor of 242 West Sixtieth Street for William S. Devery to the Amsterdam Council of the Native Born Sons.

M. & L. Hess have leased the store at 22 and 24 West Twenty-seventh Street to the Merit Coat Company, and the store at 310 and 312 Church Street to Richard Bauer, Daniel Birdsall & Co. representing the lessor.

Vote to Increase Capital Stock.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the New York Title and Mortgage Company will be held at the office of the company, 135 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, July 11, 1916, for the purpose of voting on a proposition to increase the capital stock from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000.

Realty Notes.

The Real Estate Board of New York will be closed from Saturday noon over Tuesday, July 4.

The Houghton Company has leased to Joseph Even the four-story dwelling at 130 West Seventy-third Street for Kate Silo.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

89th St, 23 West, n s, 214 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.8, four-story dwelling; A. P. Clark against J. W. Clark; R. J. Donovan, attorney; partition; to M. & L. Hess, for a client, for $28,100.

Madison Av, 778 and 780, w s, 70.5 ft n of 66th St, 40x80, ten-story apartment house; adjourned to July 6.

123d St, 172 to 176 East, s s, 186.1 ft w of 3d Av, 68.11x89.4x irregular, three-story stable; to the plaintiff for $26,000; also 122d St, 171 and 173 East, n s, 180 ft w of 3d Av, 41x87.4x irregular, old buildings; Jacob Manheimer against Christian Doges et al.; W. R. Hill, attorney; due on judgment, $26,589.63; taxes, &c., $639.44; prior mtgs $15,250; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

Monroe St, 270, s s, 50 ft w of Jackson St, 25x88.10x irregular, eight-story tenement and stores; adjourned to July 13.

Monroe St, 272, s s, 25 ft w of Jackson St, 25x89.7x irregular, six-story tenement and stores; adjourned to July 13.

118th St, 102 West, s s, 75 ft w of Lenox Av, 17x100.11, three-story dwelling; A. M. Werfelman against F. C. Von Osten et al.; Goldstein & G., attorneys; due on judgment, $10,953.64; to the plaintiff for $7,600.

By Henry Brady.

Broome St, s w corner of Mangin St, 50x75, six-story tenement and stores; A. W. Hepp et al., executors, against John Wendt et al.; due on judgment, $40,672.12; taxes, &c., $2,200.86; to the plaintiff for $40,000.

3d Av, 1,877, e s, 50.9 ft s of 104th St, 24.10x140x irregular, four-story tenement and store; A. M. Ford, executrix, against Esther Horowitz et al.; C. H. Dilley, attorney; due on judgment, $27,534.75; taxes, &c., $857; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

46th St, 216 West, s s, 216.4 ft w of Broadway, 18.7x100.5, five-story building and store, leasehold; adjourned to July 13.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

St. Nicholas Av, 869 to 875, s w corner of 154th St, 86.3x91.9x irregular, five four-story dwellings; Manhattan Life Insurance Co. against M. E. Hammerstein et al.; Rapollo & K., attorneys; due on judgment, $94,120; taxes, &c., $3,025; to the plaintiff for $80,000.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

76th St, 23 West, n s, 375 ft w of Central Park West, 32.4x102.2, four-story dwelling; City Real Estate Co. against C. F. Baker et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $56,399.30; taxes, &c., $703.80.

Madison Av, 1,217 and 1,219, s e corner of 88th St, 100.8x62.2, six-story Courtlandt apartment house, also

55th St, 45 West, n s, 543.9 ft w of 5th Av, 18.9x100.5, five-story dwelling; Eugene Underhill against Erkan Co. et al.; Norwood & W., attorneys; due, 15,449.49; first parcel subject to mortgage of $100,000 and taxes, &c., of $7,250; second parcel subject to mortgage of $40,000 and taxes, &c., of $2,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By George Price.

Washington Av, 1,774, e s, 292.3 ft s of 175th St, 26.2x109.4, five-story flat; German Savings Bank against Elizabetha Meixel et al.; A. H. Mosle, attorney; due, $18,841.56; taxes, &c., $1,800.

Washington Av, 1,776, e s, 266 ft s of 175th St, 26.2x109.4, five-story flat; same against Anton Gotz et al.; same attorney; due, $19,247.69; taxes, &c., $1,800.

By Henry Brady.

Eagle Av, 672, e s, 525 ft s of 156th St, 27.10x115.1x27.7x115.1, three-story front tenement and stores and two-story rear tenement; Annie Kinsey against John Werle et al.; Action 2; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $7,875; taxes, &c., $425.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Madison Av, n w corner of 41st St, for a sixteen-story store and office building, 49.5x74; Estate of Charles H. Senff, 32 Liberty St, owner; E. Roth, 119 West 40th St, architect; cost, $250,000.

Macomb's Road, w s, 170 ft s of 170th St, for a five-story brick store and tenement, 75x102.5; Shaskan Realty Co., George Shaskan, 50 Broad St, President, owner; Sars & Springstein, 32 Union Square, architects; cost, $75,000.

Netherland Av, e s, 205.12 ft s of 230th St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 35x27; Charles R. Demarest, Arlington Av, owner; Robert W. Gardner, 43 Cedar St, architect; cost, $6,000.

Leland Av, w s, 429.7 ft s of Westchester Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 18x42; Casper Wolf, 1,243 Taylor Av, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; cost, $3,000.

Hoe Av, e s, 75 ft s of Freeman St, for a one-story brick garage, 50x25; Samuel Lyttle, 1,224 Hoe Av, owner; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av and 140th St, architect; cost, $1,900.

Hoe Av, e s, 125 ft s of Freeman St, for a one-story brick garage, 30x40; Belinda Lyttle, 1,224 Hoe Av, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost $1,700.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Attorney St, 130 to 136, to four five-story tenements and stores; B. Friend, 1,770 Madison Av, owner; A. L. Kehoe, 1 Beekman St, architect; cost, $8,000.

Vesey St, 28 and 30, to a six-story loft; J. T. Underwood, 336 Washington Av, Brooklyn, owner; Tide Water Building Co., 16 East 33d St, architect; cost, $8,000.

Broadway, 733 and 735, to a ten-story loft and store building; Estate of John Downey, 2 Wall St, owner; J. T. Burrowes, 410 West 34th St, architect; cost, $15,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JUNE 29.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CANNON ST, 33, w s, 150 ft n of Broome St, 25x100; Charles J. Schlesinger to Papie Kreshover, 201 Avenue B, all liens, April 20; attorney, V. Perlmutter, 206 Avenue B $1

EDGECOMBE AV, 153 to 155, w s, 635 ft s of 145th St, 100x40x irregular; Annie N. Chardavoyne to Franconia Realty Co., 52 Norfolk St, all liens, June 27; attorneys, Weschler & K., 42 Broadway....$1

DIVISION ST, 58, n s, 109.1 ft e of Chrystie St, 25x54.3x irregular; William Steinberg to Philip and Louis Brenner, 60 Division St, mtg $18,500, June 29; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway....$100

MADISON AV, 1,842, w s, 51 ft s of 120th St, 25x100, foreclosure, June 14; George F. Harriman, referee, to Katharine A. Kingsland, Lenox, Mass, June 28; attorney, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St....$21,000

MADISON ST, 228, s s, 22.6 ft e of Jefferson St, 21.1x80, foreclosure June 27; N. Taylor Phillips, referee, to Caroline A. Suydam, 110 9th St, Garden City, L. I., June 28; attorney, William R. Adams, 25 Broad St....$14,000

MADISON ST, 348, s s, 193.1 ft e of Scammel St, 28.6x95.2x24.1x95.4; Jennie Klein to Sophie Gottlieb, 624 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, B. of Q., June 29; attorney, S. I. Goldberg, 116 Nassau St....$1

PARK AV, e s, 19 ft s of 87th St, 81.8x102.9; the Realty Corporation to Samuel L. Ayres, Dedham, Mass., ½ part, mtg $152,500, Jan. 31; address, 200 Summer St., Boston, Mass....$1,000

7TH AV, s e corner 146th St, 40x100; Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to Minaret Building Company, 271 West 125th St, mtg $50,000, basement and store, all liens, June 28; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av....$1

8TH AV, w s, 25 ft s of 148th St, 25x75; Cora Martin, Monticello, N. Y., to John F. Schmonsees, 433 West 43d St, mtg $20,000, undivided r., t. and l., May 18....$100

13TH ST, s s, 195 ft w of 5th Av, 20x83.2x—x77.2; 13th St, s s, 215 ft w of 5th Av, 87x20x irregular; Eliphalet L. Davis to George W. Webb, 17 Garrison Av, Jersey City, mtg $147,000, b. and s., c. a. g., June 29; attorney, Frederick S. Duncan, 120 Broadway....$100

13TH ST, s s, 195 ft w of 5th Av, 20x83.7x—x77.9; 13th St, s s, 215 ft w of 5th Av, 215x20x irregular; George W. Webb to Eliphalet L. Davis, 249 West 22d St, mtg $147,500, all liens, b. & s., c. a. g., June 27; attorney, Frederick S. Duncan, 120 Broadway....$100

57TH ST, 545 to 547, n s, 525 ft w of 10th Av, 50x100.5; Charles Barney to Stephen H. Jackson, 151 West 121st St, mtg $35,500, all liens, March 2; address, 106 Lexington Av....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Stephen H. Jackson to J. Frank Connelly, 201 East 14th St, mtg $44,000, June 21; attorney, F. E. Platt, 32 Bond St....$100

75TH ST, 6 West, s s, 149 ft w of Central Park West, 22x102.2; 7th Av, 238 and 240, s w corner; 24th St, 200½ West, 49.4x80; 34th St, 151 West, n s, 228 ft e of 7th Av, 98.9x22x irregular; Hy. M. Moeller, heir of Frederick Moeller, and Leila, his wife, to Hannah T. Moeller, 6 West 75th St, ¼ part, a. t., all liens, Feb. 3; address, 2d and Cedar Avs, West End, N. J....$100

83D ST, 510 East, s s, 173 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Rosa Hitchell, (Jackle,) to Mathias Jackle, 453 East 83d St, ½ part, mtg $12,000, June 29; attorney, G. A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av....$100

86TH ST, n s, 133.4 ft w of Park Av, 102.2x100.8; Frederick Beltz to Thomas H. Hall, 59 East 75th St, b. and s., all liens, April 27; attorney, Joseph Hall, 165 Broadway..$1

111TH ST, 217-219 West, n s, 250 ft w of 7th Av, 50x100.11, foreclosure June 28; Percival H. Gregory, referee, to Elsie K. Powell, 130 East 70th St, June 28; attorney, Wilson M. Powell, 7 Wall St....$58,000

115TH ST, 8 West, s s, 145 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Emil Frankel to Bonmor Realty Corporation, 56 Beaver St, c. a. g., all liens, June 27; attorney, Hy. K. Heyman, 56 Beaver St....$100

116TH ST, 281 West, n s, 320 ft e of 8th Av, 40x100.11; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Lombardy Realty Co., 160 Broadway, mtg $40,000, June 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

117TH ST, s s, 110 ft e of 5th Av, 37.6x100.11; same to same, mtg $43,500, all liens, June 29; attorney, same....$100

117TH ST, s s, 147.6 ft e of 5th Av, 37.6x100.11; Minnie Rook to David Meyer, 398 Springfield Av, Newark, mtg $44,000, all liens, b. and s., c. a. g.; attorney, A. A. Feinberg, 220 Broadway....$100

121ST ST, 244 West, s s, 425 ft w of 7th Av, attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

WALTON, n e corner of 182d St, 50x100; Hurley-Caldwell Constr. Co. to Leonard J. Langbein and another, Cresskill, N. J., June 28; attorney, Leonard J. Langbein, 302 Broadway....$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,360, e s, 28.1x120.7; 16.8x100.11; Lewis A. Abrams, referee, to Charles Hernsheim, West Orange, N. J., and another, as Commissioner of Frank I. Hernsheim, foreclosure Jan. 13, 1915; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St...$7,200

125TH ST, s s, 488.1 ft w of 5th Av, 15.7x100.11; Lawnior Improvement Co. to Winchester Realty and Construction Co., Hopewell Junction, N. Y., mtg $20,000, June 29; attorneys, Lachman & C., 35 Nassau St..$100

128TH ST, s s, 92.6 ft w of 5th Av, 17.6x99.11; Parker C. Palmer, Ossining, N. Y., to American Baptist Home Mission Society, 23 East 26th St, mtg $12,000, all liens, June 28....$1

128TH ST, s s, 626.8 ft e of 5th Av, 16.8x99.11; Mary J. Brennan to Sarah A. Coleman, 73 East 128th St, June 28; attorney, William C. Slevin, 271 Broadway.......$100

146TH ST, 406 West, s s, 140 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 19x99.11; Fulton McMahon to Thomas H. Hall, 59 East 75th St, b. and s., Nov. 6, 1902; attorney, Jos. Hall, 165 Broadway....$1

150TH ST, 571 West, n s, 137.6 ft e of Broadway, 37.6x99.11; 159th St, 573 West, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 37.6x99.11; William Breithaupt et al. to Julius Stusin, 865 East 172d St, basement and store, all liens; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....$1

184TH ST, 576 West, n s, 100 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 25x99.11, foreclosure June 8; Herbert B. Gruber, referee, to Hattie E. Rogers and another, 436 Audubon Av, June 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,800

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, 2,315, w s, 37.6x80; Respee Realty Co., Inc., to John McLaughlin, trustee, 346 East 81st St, June 27; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$1

DAVIDSON AV, e s, 119.9 ft n of Burnside Av, 113x90; Charles M. Rosenthal to Freybell Realty Co., 160 Broadway, mtg $255,000, June 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

FREEMAN ST, s s, 33.6 ft w of Longfellow Av, 47x90.5; Sole Realty and Construction Corporation to Amerigo Carucci, 1,546 East 38th St, Brooklyn, mtg $34,500, June —, 1916; attorney, Amerigo Carucci, 1,546 East 38th St, Brooklyn....$10

GLEASON AV, s s, between Castle Hill and Olmstead Avs, being Lot 27, Block 3,811 on tax map Jos. W. Edelson, to Land and Lien Co., 100 Broadway, April 17; attorney, Milton Frank, 100 Broadway....$400

PLOT begins at s e corner of land conveyed by Karl M. Rosell to Harriet A. Shepperd, Feb. 1, 1898, runs e 47.11x n 50.2x48.5x s 50.3 ft to beginning; Richard D. Jewett to Harriet A. Shepperd, 314 Hawthorne Av, Yonkers, N. Y., June 19; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$1

RYER AV, e s, 236.9 ft n of 183d St, 50x100.1; Valhalla Corp. to Nicholas Schaefer and another, 909 St. John's Av, mtg $36,000, June 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

ST. JOHN'S AV, e s, 72.2 ft s of Prospect Av, 20.4x94.4; Nicholas Schaefer to Valhalla Corp., 509 Willis Av, mtg $7,500, June 28; Philip Harnischfeger to Adam P. Dienst, 774 East 176th St, ½ part, mtg $5,000, June 20; attorneys, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av....$100

136TH ST, 354 East, s s, 20x100; Ruth E. Hildreth to Henry C. Scheer, 724 Manida St, mtg $6,500, June 27; attorneys, Hildreth & P., 3d Av, and 148th St....$100

154TH ST, n s, 220.3 ft e of Morris Av, 25x100; Nicholas Schaefer to Valhalla Corp., 509 Willis Av, mtg $8,500, June 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

177TH ST, 61 East, n s, 20x100; Leonard J. Langbein to Verdun Realty Corporation, 391 East 149th St, June 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

DIVISION ST, 38, all; Samuel Rouse to Goldberg & Wolk, premises, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1912, 5 years, ren.; address, 38 Division St....$2,400

WEST END AV, n w corner of 64th St, 100.5x125, vacant; West End Av, s w corner of 65th St, 25.1x100, vacant; all buildings erected by lessee to become property of lessor, and lessee gives option to lessor to purchase his land s of second parcel prior to January, 1917, for $35,000, but lessee to pay after that date an additional rent of $1,750 per annum; N. Y. C. R. R. Co. to Thomas F. Devine, 83 West End Av, 11 years from Jan. 1, 1916, 10 years renewed as per appraisal; attorney, Jacob H. Shaffer, 115 Broadway; tax, &c., and....$5

5TH ST, 714 East, all; Nathan Goltz to Henry Feldman, 714 East 5th St, 2 years from July 1, 1916, 1 year renewal; attorney, Harry A. Gordel, 233 Broadway....$3,400

11TH ST, 310 and 312 East, s s, 188 ft e of 2d Av, 48.4x94.10; Annie Mauder to Gore Brothers, 236 East 5th St, 5 10-12 years from July 1, 1916; attorney, Max Sheinart, 309 Broadway....$5,000

50TH ST, 208 East, top floor; Xavier Grisez to Harriman National Bank, 527 5th Av, 1 year from June 3, 1917; attorneys, Wisselman & K., 55 Liberty St....$360

116TH ST, 64 West, west store; Laura J. Anderson to Frank Camiolo, on premises, 3 years from May 1, 1916....$1,200

178TH ST, 59 East, west store and front basement; J. John Rothwell to H. C. Miller's Sons, 3,788 Broadway, 3 3-12 years from June 1, 1916; attorney, James E. Barry, 4,249 Broadway....$2,340 to $2,520

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AV. D, 84; United Metal Covered Door & Sash Co., Inc., against Herman C. Delle, owner and contractor....$50

CHAMBERS ST, n e corner of West Broadway; Manhattan Sand Co., Inc., against Huggins Estates, Inc., owner; Nevins Perelman Co., Inc., contractor, renewal, $125.75

11TH AV, 292-298; Gabriel Besner against Shynoff Cleaning & Dyeing Co., Inc., owner and contractor....$285

56TH ST, 3 West; Hiram P. Frear against Mina Tempest, Inc., owner; August Heckscher, lessee and contractor....$552.75

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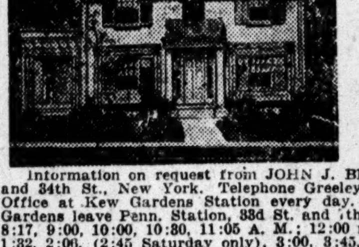

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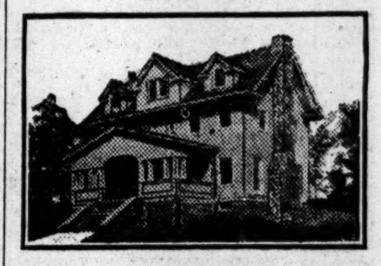

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2635-2639 Sedgwick Ave.

NEAR KINGSBRIDGE ROAD.

5 beautiful rooms and bath, all latest improvements, including Rear Balcony Overlooking Harlem River. (Supt. on Premises.)

FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Fine Large Corner Space. One Flight

Suitable for Banking Office, Custom Tailoring, Ladies' Furnishings or Other Mercantile Business. Splendid Opportunity for Right Party. Immediate Possession; Terms Reasonable.

Apply to Agent on Premises,
Room 504, 93 Nassau St.

Brooklyn.

TO LET FOR FACTORY PURPOSES.

First Loft, 90x167 feet, located on s. w. corner of 7th Av. & Union St., B'klyn.

FISHEL & GORMAN
96 to 104 7th Av., Brooklyn

REAL ESTATE

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,
Real Estate and Insurance,
340 Madison Av.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Corner house in best part of Murray Hill section; modern and attractive; very reasonable price. William A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St.

Corner house in best part of Murray Hill section; modern and attractive; cost $400,000; very reasonable price. William A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

CRAFTSMAN HOMES in tapestry brick, greatest bargain in city at $5,000; $300 down, balance to suit; this will cut your present rent in half. Otto Singer, at Kings Highway Station of Sea Beach-4th Av. Subway.

Headquarters for Flatbush Real Estate. Westwood Realty Company, 885 Flatbush Av.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Factory sites in Queens. William P. Jarrett, 52 Vanderbilt Av. Phone Murray Hill 4178.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For sale or to let, one-story and basement factory building, 100x150, situated at Tuckahoe, N. Y.; will alter to suit. G. Fleischer, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

HOMES AND ESTATES FOR SALE OR RENT. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

New eight-room house, attic, and garage; all modern improvements; $45 monthly. Scott, 414 6th Av., North Pelham.

Write for list of attractive homes. Hastings Homes Co., Hastings, N. Y.

Sacrifice prices on best building plots at Larchmont. M 148 Times.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Ideal home of 7 large, light, airy rooms and a fine bath; lower part stucco; spacious porch around house; Summer kitchen; plot 75x150; variety of young fruit trees and berry patch; hot-water heat; large attic and full cement cellar; convenient to depot, trolley, and bathing beach; owner must have $500 cash and will arrange balance to suit. A. Denton, Box 114 Times Downtown.

$12 monthly buys my fine little poultry farm in a big town, one hour out; good 6-room house and plenty of ground to raise chickens, vegetables, fruit, and berries, which can be sold in town; small amount down to a reliable family. Barshad, Box 134 Times Downtown.

Will sell a plot of choice waterfront lots, Atlantic Ocean property; 50 minutes by electric trains from heart of city; restricted community; no assessments; very low prices—terms. P. G. Hough, Room 509, Century Building, N. Y. C.

Want to sell my cozy 6-room home and bath to a good party for $100 down, and $12 a month; near city; improvements and a nice garden plot. B. Welch, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$2,950 modern house, 7 rooms, plot 50x100; open fireplace, steam heat, gas, electricity, running water, sidewalks; 36 minutes out, L. I.; commutation, 12¼c. Small payment, bal. as rent. J. Madden, 325 East 31st St.

Old-fashioned bungalow, 5 rooms; plot 80x100; water, electricity, &c.; needs few repairs; $100 cash, balance easy terms; title guaranteed. Head, 144 Times Downtown.

WATERFRONT SITES, 30 minutes from Broadway; easy terms; city conveniences; no assessments; bungalows built. Suite 1,111, 51 Chambers St., New York.

On Sound, house, course of construction; also good building plot. M 149 Times.

New [illegible] State—For Sale or To Let.

Three-story brick house, modern improvements; large porch; mountain and river view; best locality. Address P. O. Box [illegible] Newburgh, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful new house, artistic and [illegible] model of perfection in its interior; [illegible] large rooms, tiled bath, front and [illegible] porches; plot 60x120; large trees; [illegible] proach; fine street; 2 minutes [illegible] commutation $5.90 per month; price quick, $4,500. Phone any evening after [illegible] P. M., Mrs. L. M. Callison, 111 Morningside Drive. Tel. Morningside 820.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE. Beautiful 12-room residence, choice location in the West End, Long Branch, N. J.; double garage and large lot, 250x200 feet; half a block from the ocean and transportation; worth $15,000; will take $10,000. Frank C. Briggs, 2 Rector St.

Hillside home, 4 acres ground, gardens, variety of fruits, flowers, fine view; modern house 11 rooms, bath, all improvements; garage; will make immediate sacrifice for $14,000; very easy terms. Frank Hughes-Taylor Co., Montclair, N. J.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Must sacrifice eight-room residence; all improvements; large plot, shade, fruit, hennery; house excellent condition; best section; ten minutes to station; high elevation; $4,500; easy terms. Smith-Singer Company.

Nature lovers' retreat; bungalow, 36x24, brick fireplace, rustic porches three sides, on shaded plot on mountainside near river; [illegible] terms; commutation, 13c. Erie, Lackawanna. Address Immediate Possession, 95 Times Downtown.

INCOMPARABLY ATTRACTIVE. Hill Top all-year bungalow sites; rare views; town water, electric lights; refined section; near station; hour out; big plots, [illegible] 200; only $300 now. Room 1,701, 141 B'way.

45 minutes from N. Y. on Lackawanna R. R. A few delightful houses for rent in MAPLEWOOD and SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., or will sell on very easy terms. J. Charles O'Brien, South Orange.

EAST ORANGE, N. J. Free booklet of new homes mailed; 7-12 rooms, 1, 2, and 3 baths; $6,500 to $12,500. Philip T. Bowers & Co., Newark, N. J.

So. Orange.—Beautiful new Colonial home, 9 rooms, 2 baths; every imp't; large plot. $9,850. Terms. T. Orben, 786 Broad, Newark.

For sale, fully equipped 16-acre poultry farm, modern house; good commuting service. Box 283, Metuchen, N. J. Price $14,000.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Property My Specialty. Harvey R. Linbarger, 197 North Av., Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.

Bargain.—$6,500; easy terms; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 50 minutes to city. Box M 355 Times Downtown.

We specialize in Bergen County Titles. N. J. Title Ins. Co., Hackensack, N. J.

Houses for sale on easy payments. Builder, 61 Palisade Av., Bogota, N. J.

Moore & Wyckoff, 546 5th Av. Country property.

Real Estate Wanted.

Property owners wanting to quickly sell, learn today new, common-sense, inexpensive method selling without sacrifice; tricksters keep away; earnest sellers come immediately or write. Realty Service, 220 5th Av., nr. 26th.

Building Material.

"SPENCER SELF-FEED HEATER." New York Office, 101 Park Av.

Mortgage Loans

Forty-five cents an agate line.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, 14 WALL ST. MORTGAGE LOANS.

BOARDERS WANTED

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

21ST ST., 145 EAST. (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable rooms; private baths; electricity; excellent table; phone; references.

8 EAST 45TH ST. Table board; room with bath; references.

55TH, 71 EAST.—Large, airy rooms; all conveniences; telephone; Summer rates; references.

Account joining army, entire parlor floor private house; high class; near Waldorf; tremendous sacrifice; splendidly furnished; grand piano, bath, gas stove; will subrent for Summer. 39 East 31st St.

Attractive, cool room, bath, and kitchenette, fully furnished; southwest exposure. Call Tyson's Market, 475 Madison Av.

MADISON AV., 213.—Rooms with and without bath; cuisine excellent; Summer rates; references.

West Side.

53D, 57 WEST.—Superior house; refined appointments; double and single rooms; rates; references.

54TH, 54 WEST.—High-class accommodations; private baths; electric light; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table board; references.

57TH, 333 WEST.—Large and small rooms, excellent table.

58TH, 146 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; Summer rates; references; table guests.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms; excellent table; fine service; moderate; references; telephone.

72D, 253 WEST.—Single and double rooms; excellent table; table guests; prices reasonable.

72D, 157 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well-appointed house; near subway, L, surface.

73D, 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms, near subway and elevated; table board; references.

75TH, 102 WEST, (Apt. 32.)—Delightful suite or single room; private family; electric fan; board optional; gentlemen.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Cool double, single rooms; baths; best home table; electricity.

79TH, 114-132 WEST. (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephones; booklet; references.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—Cool, comfortable; refined people; new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; special rates, July-August; references.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool, comfortable, large and small rooms, private baths; board optional.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 136 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent cooking; table guests. Phone 8176 Schuyler.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; hot and cold water; private bath.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; adults appreciating superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

90TH, 312 WEST.—Charming rooms; cool, well-ordered house; reasonable; table guests.

101ST, 215 WEST, (Broadway.)—Rooms, private bath, lavatory; Summer rates; excellent table. Maslin.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside Drive, near Broadway.)—Modern private residence with every comfort; offering luxurious economy; two spacious rooms, bath; also smaller room; table of liberal excellence.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with, without private bath; excellent table board.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Elegant, very large, airy rooms; excellent cuisine; table boarders.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Large room facing Hudson; private family; high-class apartment; cultured surroundings. 4570 Audubon. Apartment 6 B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Elegant rooms, overlooking Hudson; shower bath; superior board; $10, $12 weekly. Telephone Morningside 4960. Payne.

THE WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive.—Two blocks north 157th St. subway; wonderful grounds.

WEST END AV., 254, (86th Subway.)—Room, floor, suite, board; very reasonable; table board.

COUNTRY BOARD

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE & COTTAGES. Overlooking City, Country, Sea. Charming Family House of High Standard, 20 min. delightful sail, Manhattan. Lovely rooms, all comforts; excellent chef. Weekly, $10-$16 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Brighton Heights, S. I., 161 Barrett Boul., opposite Silver Lake Park, 220 ft. above sea level; always cool; beautiful surroundings; 35 minutes from city; private family; all improvements; excellent home cooking; $10.

THE WILLOWS, HUGUENOT PARK. Superior accommodations; modern conveniences; bracing sea breezes; sun parlor; one hour Wall Street; excellent chef. Telephone 907 Tottenville.

Long Island.

Arverne, N. Y., on ocean, 30 minutes from Broadway, (Penna. Station,) 25 Brooklyn, (Flatbush Av. Station;) commutation, $7.50 month; mile long ocean boardwalk; no mosquitos; glorious bathing, fishing, tennis; exclusive house, (100 guests, young folks, no babies;) luxuriously furnished; bountiful table, dainty cooking; room and board, $10-$20 each. Phone 415 Hammels. The Stafford, 108 Beach 66th St., (Gaston Av.)

Superior accommodations, two or three adults, private family; best home cooking; very easy commuting; Summer or permanently; golf, tennis; references. 55 Roxbury Road, Garden City. Phone 1288-W.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 46 BEACH 113TH. Comfortable front rooms; balconies overlooking ocean; special season rates; excellent board; reasonable.

At Far Rockaway.—Block from beach; best accommodations; refined guests. Sea View Inn, 315 Beach 20th, formerly Central Av.

Amityville; waterfront; few adults accommodated; garage, bathing, fishing. Box 487. Telephone 245.

Sheepshead Bay.—Private family, accommodate gentlemen or couple for Summer. 2,641 Kenmore Place.

New York State.

Will share my pleasant home for the Summer with elderly gentleman and wife, or widowed lady, as paying guests. Particulars, write M. Neski, P. O. Box 297, Monticello, N. Y., Sullivan County.

Real country surroundings, city limits; high, cool, grounds, shade; homelike; references. Losley, 227th St. and Arlington Av., Spuyten Duyvil.

"Smith's," in the Adirondacks.—Good board, comfortable rooms; rates, $7 to $15; write for photos, &c. S. R. Smith, Johnsburg, N. Y.

Board on fruit farm; arrange work. 309 West 46th St. Telephone Bryant 34.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

New Jersey.

Atlantic Highlands, Hollywood Lodge.—Ideal location; unusual table; near water and station.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, New Jersey,
"Thirty Minutes from Broadway."

Spend the Summer in Beautiful East Orange; Oiled Streets, Shady Lawns, Sunshine, and Flowers; finest water in or around New York; cool, fragrant, and delightful; good service and excellent cuisine; two people in suite of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with board, $25 per week; take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange Station. Write for booklet.

W. T. Reade, Proprietor.

Boys find good board, kind treatment, careful supervision, thorough help in studies. COUNTRY PARSONAGE, S 95 Times.

East Orange, 24 Evergreen Place.—Spacious, quiet; 2 minutes Brick Church.

Connecticut.

Twin Lakes House, in the Berkshires, now open; the ideal spot for a vacation. H. P. Greene, Prop., Twin Lakes, Conn.

AMONG the Blue Hills of Connecticut; high elevation; own farm products. For particulars, Cedar Rest Farms, Tolland, Conn.

Maine.

THE LYNAM HOUSE, BAR HARBOR, MAINE. Quiet; home cooking; attractive, ideal place for rest and pleasure. Booklets.

New Hampshire.

Widow, Colonial home facing lake, New Hampshire, will take paying guests; fishing, boating, bathing; 16 acres. Telephone Warren, 3502 Morningside. Write 414 West 118th St.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

CATHOLIC GENTLEMAN desires room and board with refined private family; abundance of vegetables and conveniences, requisites. L 162 Times.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that on October 15, 1912, [illegible] D. Schoonmaker and Jacob Kiss filed their petition praying limitation of liability as former owners of Barge "C. R. Sheffer" for any loss, damage, or injury arising on or about January 6, 1912, from [illegible] of said vessel in Newtown Creek, N. Y. That petitioners have stipulated to pay into this court the value of said barge and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $3,984.19. That all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident or sinking are required by the monition issued to me by said court to present their claims before Alex. Gilchrist, Jr., U. S. Commissioner, at his office, U. S. Court and P. O. Building, Manhattan, New York City, on or before July 3, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., or that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted. THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal. HYLAND & ZABRISKIE, [illegible]

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Atmospheric pressure is relatively high over the region of the Great Lakes and off the South Atlantic Coast, and an extensive low pressure system covers the Plains States and the Rocky Mountain region.

This distribution is causing a continuation of moderately warm weather over the south Rocky Mountain region, the Plains States, and the middle West, cool weather over the Plateau Region and the Pacific States, and normal temperatures elsewhere.

Widely scattered showers have occurred within the last twenty-four hours in the South Atlantic, Gulf, and Northern border States from the Great Lakes westward to Washington and Oregon. In other regions fair weather prevailed.

The weather will be unsettled, with probably local showers, in the lake region, and partly overcast, with local thunder showers Friday and Saturday in the south Atlantic and east Gulf States. In the middle Atlantic and New England, the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, the weather will be generally fair Friday and Saturday.

No material change in temperature is indicated for the eastern half of the country within the next forty-eight hours.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the north Atlantic coast will be light to moderate west and northwest, with fair weather; middle Atlantic coast, gentle variable and generally fair weather; south Atlantic coast, gentle, variable, partly overcast weather; local showers.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania.—Probably fair Friday and Saturday.

Western New York.—Overcast, with probably local showers Friday and Saturday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
3 A. M.	63	64	4 P. M.	77	81
6 A. M.	62	62	6 P. M.	74	77
9 A. M.	70	70	9 P. M.	69	71
12 M.	76	78	11 P. M.	66	66

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 72.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67, at 8 P. M. it was 72. Maximum temperature, 81 degrees at 3:25 P. M.; minimum, 62 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 66 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 53 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. registered 30.04 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.00 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
1:00—58 Lenox Av., S. Abelsky......Slight
1:25—787 Amsterdam Av., Francis Christian......Slight
3:45—184th St. & North River, Richard Gordon & Son......Slight
8:20—177 Grand St., Louis Eisenberg..Slight
8:25—576 E. 138 St., Samuel Reuben..Slight
P. M.
2:10—238 Broome St., Sally Erckowitz..Slight
3:50—278 9 Av; Alfred Wick..........Slight
4:05—593 E. 138 St; Joseph Haopner..Slight
6:00—Subway Train; Kenmare St., B. R. T.......Slight
6:30—63 W. 117 St.; E. Samuels....Slight
6:55—116 E. 14 St.; Gtr. N. Y. Film Co.......Not given
7:20—458 W. 27 St.; Leading Shirt Waist Co......Slight
7:40—4,723 White St.; E. Mack........Slight
8:00—600 W. 116 St.; Dr. Brent.........Slight
8:24—So. Blvd. & Pelham Parkway; O. J. Gude Co......Slight
8:30—561 W. 143 St.; Philip Becker....Slight
8:40—6 E. 130 St.; Catherine Phillips..Slight
8:50—177 7 Av.; — Tiazzi..........Slight
9:35—202 R'side Dr.; F. C. Masson....Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments: Surgeons C. E. Nammack, 3 S. D., in charge 13 S. D. in addition to his own, 4 days, 8 A. M., July 8; C. J. Dillon, 9 S. D., in charge 8 S. D. in addition to his own, 3 days, 12 P. M., July 1; W. B. Brouner, 13 S. D., in charge 3 S. D. in addition to his own, 23 days, noon, July 8; J. A. Becker, 19 S. D., in charge 18 S. D. in addition to his own, 14 days, noon, July 2; Patrol. W. McGrath, 37; P. McGovern, 66, and W. Carey, 283, to I. D., duty in raided premises, 30 days, 4 P. M., June 30; W. Sever, 154, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Bur. of Inf., 27 days, 8 A. M., July 4.

To 3d Inspection District, from commands indicated, for 30 days, from 4 P. M., July 1: T. F. Aldcroft, 152; M. T. Finch, 165; C. Huners, 167; E. Hewitt, Traffic A; W. Weissheier, 156; W. Goodburn, 165; W. G. Armstrong, 275. Motor cycle Patrol. C. Traenkle, 274 to 278, 30 days, 4 P. M., June 30.

Assignment discontinued: Patrol. E. P. Brennan, 167 to 281, mounted duty, (tem.,) 4 P. M., June 30. Mounted Patrol. F. J. Gill, 281 to 276, bicycle duty, 4 P. M., June 30.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay): Inspector J. S. Bolan, 3 I. D., 14 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 10, balance of vacation. Surgeons C. E. Nammack, 3 S. D., 20 days, noon, July 8, vacation. F. J. Schoenenberger, 8 S. D., 3 days, 12 P. M., July 1, to be deducted from vacation. W. B. Brouner, 13 S. D., 4 days, 8 A. M., July 3, to be deducted from vacation. F. J. Murray, 18 S. D., 14 days, noon, July 2, to be deducted from vacation. With half pay: Inspector J. S. Bolan, 3 I. D., 2 days, 8 A. M., Aug. 24. Without pay: Surgeon C. E. Nammack, 3 S. D., 3 days, noon, July 28. Patrol. D. McKeever, 7, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 4. J. F. Benner, 12, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 1.

The following member of the force has been granted permission to leave the city for the purpose of attending the training camp at Plattsburg, N. Y., for 12 days from 8 A. M., Aug. 26: Inspector J. S. Bolan, 3 I. D.

Full pay while on sick report: Patrol. D. McNamara, 65, 10:15 P. M., June 20, during disability.

Suspended, without pay: Patrol. E. C. McCormack, 22d.

Fire Department.

Fined—Firem. 4th gr. M. J. Oates, Eng. 65, $5, (loss of coat badge.)

Retired on medical certificates, July 1, pension of $700, Firem. 1st gr. F. F. Haberlack, Eng. 8, and E. J. Grieger, Eng. 1.

Revocation of temporary detail, at 8 A. M., June 30: Firem. 2d gr. O. Dobrenz, Eng. 71, to Bur. of Fire Prev., while on sick report.

Decisions rendered: Firem. 1st gr. J. Weiman, H. & L. 48, (disrespect to superior officer,) five leaves withheld.) Firm. 3d gr. F. F. Shaw, H. & L. 44, (neglect of duty,) (two leaves withheld.) Firem. 1st gr. E. J. Grieger, Eng. 1, (violation of Sec. 118, R. & R., 1912,) (sentence suspended.) Firem. 2d gr. C. Lake, Eng. 9, (reckless driving,) (charge dismissed.) Firem. 1st gr. E. F. Broderick, Eng. 49, (neglect of duty,) (charge dismissed.) Firem. 1st gr. A. F. Neary, Eng. 289, (absence without leave,) (seven leaves withheld.)

Special leaves: Eng. of Steamer C. W. Colbrook, Eng. 151, 24 hours, 8 A. M., June 30; Firem. 1st gr. T. F. White, Eng. 76, 24 hours, 8 P. M., July 2; Firm. 1st gr. J. J. A. Coughlan, Eng. 30, 24 hours, 8 A. M., July 1; Firem. 1st gr. J. W. Newman, Eng. 263, 12 hours, 8 A. M., July 2.

EDUCATION NOTES.

A committee formed under the auspices of the City College is organizing a League of Vacation Teachers. The foreigner will be taught English, elements of United States geography, history, and civics, and helped to interpret United States political, economic, and social life. Those who are interested in joining the work may send their names to George M. Purver, 120 Broadway, Room 3,614.

The 8A and 8B girls of P. S. 18, Manhattan, have been selected to sing several songs in Madison Square Garden at the opening of the National Educational Association on July 3. One hundred and six of these girls, the graduating class, will wear dresses made entirely by hand in school. These dresses are elaborately tucked and decorated with feather stitching. The average cost was 95 cents each. During the month many visitors have been sent here to see the excellent dancing and gymnastic work throughout the school. Miss May Jackson is Principal.

One hundred and five pupils received diplomas at the graduation exercises of P. S. 39, the Bronx. The alumnae prizes were awarded to Violet Hayward and Viola Nahon. The highest average in the entrance examinations for Hunter College was received by Violet Hayward, and the highest average in District Superintendent Dwyer's test was received by Belle Friede. The highest averages for the term were received by Violet Hayward, Viola Nahon, Norma Englander, and Frieda Perlitz. Eighteen pupils took the entrance examinations to Hunter College, and every one was admitted.

Sixty pupils received diplomas at the graduation exercises of P. S. 33, the Bronx. Many prizes were awarded. Principal John J. O'Reilly of P. S. 37, Manhattan, whose daughter, Marie, received a diploma, was among the speakers.

Fifty-six pupils received diplomas at the graduation exercises of P. S. 179.

An attractive publication, Our School, is issued by the pupils of P. S. 15, Manhattan. The June number is devoted chiefly to articles about William Shakespeare.

Gertrude A. Price has been appointed model teacher in the Jamaica Training School for Teachers, to take effect Sept. 8.

The annex to the High School of Commerce in the Educational Alliance Building has been transferred to P. S. 65, Manhattan.

The sum of $8,682.25 has been appropriated to pay a bill of the State Prisons Superintendent for the equipment of P. S. 55, the Bronx.

Plans have been approved for the erection of a new gymnasium building in the yard of P. S. 5, the Bronx.

Plans have been approved for fire protection work in P. S. 126, 145, 149, 150, 156, and 3, Brooklyn.

The Board of Education has approved the assignment of substitute teachers during the Summer to the Ocean View Hospital and Bellevue Hospital, but has disapproved assignments to the New York Throat, Nose, and Lung Hospital and the Bronx Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—1st Lt. H. W. Harms, Aviation Officer, Signal Officer, will make three visits to the Thomas Brothers Aeroplane Co., Ithaca, N. Y., for inspection purposes, then return to Buffalo, N. Y., after each visit.

Orders of May 20, directing 2d Lt. S. S. Winslow, C. A. C., to sail for the Philippines on or about Sept. 5, amended to direct him to sail on or about Dec. 5.

Orders of June 22 directing Capt. L. P. Williamson, M. C., to report to the examining board at Army Medical School, amended to direct him to report to Col. W. H. Arthur, M. C., President of the Examining Board at Army Medical Museum Building, appointed in orders of Feb. 21, for examination for promotion.

Orders of June 9 directing 2d Lt. H. A. Strauss, C. A. C., to sail for Panama from New York about Aug. 20, amended to direct him to sail in October.

2d Lt. I. Jones, 5th F. A., to West Point, Aug. 21, for duty at the Academy.

1st Lt. J. J. Livingston, retired, is assigned to active duty as an Acting Q. M. He will report to the Depot Q. M., New York City, for duty as assistant.

Capt. C. N. Purdy, retired, is assigned to active duty as Acting Q. M. He will proceed to Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., for duty as Assistant to the Q. M.

Changes in Ord. Dept.: Lt. Col. C. C. Williams is relieved from duty as a member of the Ord. Board, and will proceed to San Antonio, Tex., for duty as Ord. Officer of Southern Dept., relieving Capt. H. B. Jordan of that duty only. Capt. Norton is relieved from duty at Sandy Hook Proving Ground, N. J., and will proceed to San Antonio, Tex., for station and duty as Assistant to the Ord. Officer of Southern Dept., and 1st Lt. R. N. Bodine is relieved from duty at New York Arsenal, Governor's Island, N. Y., and will proceed to San Antonio for station and duty as Assistant to the Ord. Officer of Southern Dept.

Maj. G. Palmer, retired, is assigned to active duty as an Acting Q. M. He will proceed to Ft. Snelling, Minn., and take charge of the property and funds pertaining to the Q. M. Corps at that post; also of the Q. M. Depot at St. Paul, Minn., and in addition will assume charge of construction work at Ft. Snelling, relieving Capt. J. S. Hardin, Q. M. C.

Resignation of 2d Lt. J. M. Britton, 4th Texas Inf., accepted.

Capt. J. S. Hardin, Q. M. C., upon relief from duty at Ft. Snelling, Minn., will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for duty as Assistant to the Q. M. of Southern Dept.

Capt. J. C. Minus, retired, is assigned to active duty as an Acting Q. M. He will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for duty as Assistant to the Q. M. of Southern Dept.

1st Lt. A. W. Jackman, retired, is assigned to active duty as an Acting Q. M. He will report to the officer in charge of the office of the Q. M. C., New Orleans, La., for duty as his assistant.

Major H. H. Sargent, retired, is assigned to active duty as an Acting Q. M. He will proceed to duty as Assistant to Q. M. of Western Dept.

Capt. J. B. Hutchinson, Philippine Scouts, will report to Brig. Gen. W. L. Siebert, President of an army retiring board, at the Presidio of San Francisco, for examination by the board.

1st Lt. L. A. Jones, 3d Cav., to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, for duty.

Leave: 1st Lt. R. W. Pinger, Ord. Dept., 7 days.

Navy.

Lt. Commanders A. E. Watson, from the Nicholson to the Florida as Executive Officer; F. L. Sheffield, the Florida to the Georgia as Executive Officer, and B. A. Long, the Maine, to command the Nicholson.

Lts. R. Jacobs from command of the Duncan to command the Jouett, and H. Powell from command, Division Four, Torpedo Force, Atlantic Fleet, to command the Parker.

Jr. Grade Lt. E. H. Loftin, the Columbia, to Pensacola Aero Station.

Ens. E. L. Woodside, the Yankton, to the Texas, and J. D. Jones, the Kentucky, to the Yankton.

Assistant Papm. O. W. Leidel to Puget Sound Yard.

Chief Gunner W. C. Bean, Radio Supt., New Orleans, to Radio Station, Point Isabel, Texas.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Ammen, at Rosebank; Arethusa, at Port Arthur; Balch, Cummings, Florida, Porter, and the Wyoming, at Newport; Celtic, at Guantanamo; Flusser, at Jefe Politico; Helena, at Shameen; Hopkins, at Tobari Bay; Jouett, at Whitestone; Macdonough, at Bridgeport; Patapsco, at Portsmouth; Reid, at Progreso, and the Whipple, at La Paz.

Sailed: Aylwin, Benham, Cassin, Conyngham, Cushing, Ericsson, Fanning, Jenkins, McCall, McDougal, O'Brien, Paulding, Tucker, Wadsworth, Wainwright, and the Winslow, Portland for manoeuvres; Brutus, San Diego for Mexican waters; Castine, San Domingo City for Sanchez and Santiago; Dixie, Lobos Island for Galveston; Hannibal, Grand Cayman for Guantanamo; Lamson, Key West for Vera Cruz; Mohawk, Washington for Indian Head and Norfolk; Panther, Key West for Charleston; Sterling, Gibraltar for Funchal; Utah, Newport for Block Island.

Coast Guard.

Capt. of Engrs. N. E. Cutchin, retired, effective June 30.

Senior Capt. O. C. Hamlet, retired, died June 22.

1st Lt. of Engrs. Q. B. Newman, the Comanche, to the Dept.

3d Lts. J. F. Farley, the Seminole, to the Onondaga, and F. W. Brown, the Ossippee, to the Pamlico, 30 days' leave en route.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The mental test for watershed inspector was held yesterday.

The mental test for foreman pavers will be held today. There are fifty-seven candidates.

An examination has been ordered for chief nurse. There are vacancies in the Charities Department and in Bellevue Hospital.

The receipt of applications for pathologist will close on July 5.

The receipt of applications for junior law assistant will close on July 6.

United States.

The commission announces for July 5, at the New York Custom House, an examination for music teacher, for women only, to fill a vacancy in the Indian Service at the Sherman Institute, California, at a salary of $720 a year. Competitors will be examined in spelling, arithmetic, penmanship, letter writing, elementary practical questions on the theory of music, training and experience. Applicants must show that they are proficient in piano and vocal music, and also that they have had experience in chorus work. It is desirable that applicants be graduates of some reputable conservatory of music. They must have reached their 25th but not their 40th birthday on the date of the examination.

The commission announces also for July 5 an examination for aid, qualified in radio work, for men only, to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., at an entrance salary of $600 a year. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in the use and adjustment of radio apparatus, elementary radiophysics, elementary mechanical drawing, elementary algebra, trigonometry, and geometry; education, training, and experience in radio work. Applicants must have reached their 18th but not their 25th birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

APARTMENTS TO LET

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

TO SUBLET, FURNISHED, at the Lorraine, 2 East 45th Street, a very desirable apartment of bedroom and bath; also an apartment of parlor, bedroom, and bath; southern exposure; half price for Summer months.

Attractive apartments, two rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; one block from subway; full hotel service; $10.50 weekly up; Summer rates. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th.

SIX-ROOM APARTMENT, attractively furnished, in select neighborhood; will sublet for three months at sacrifice; 55 East 93d, just off Madison Av. Apply on premises or of I. Wheeler, 2 Rector St. Rector 9690.

127 EAST 46TH ST.
4 rooms and bath, elevator apartment.
Sublet furnished to Oct. 1, $40.
James Kyle & Son, Lexington Av. & 58th St.

Two ladies, attractive apartment, large room, bath, kitchenette, cool; low rates; see before Monday, owner leaving city. Miss Orr, 578 Madison Av.

Furnished—West Side.

Hotel conveniences; apartment house rates.
Inspect our specially attractive apartments.
R SPECIAL SUMMER CONCESSIONS, G
O MONTHLY OR WEEKLY. A
O CATHEDRAL PLAZA. R
F 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY. D
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. E
SPECIAL RATES TO CONVENTIONS N
AND COLUMBIA SUMMER STUDENTS
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. 'Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

APARTMENTS, 2, 3, AND BATH.
Nine outside windows, three exposures; newly and beautifully furnished and decorated; full hotel service; phone; maid service; $35 per month up per room; meals optional, $8 a week; one block from "L" and subway express cars and bus lines; special inducements for leases; references; just completed; very exceptional opportunity.
HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST.

SCHUYLER ARMS HOTEL, 307 West 98th.—Between Broadway and Riverside; newly furnished two, three, four, five rooms; shower baths; all-night maid, bell boy, elevator, and telephone service; immediate possession; $12.50 to $25 weekly; $50 and $100 monthly; restaurant in building. Telephone 3964 River.

A-A—SUMMER RATES—A-A
The city's largest assortment desirable apartments, 2 to 6 rooms, with kitchen or kitchenette. For particulars see inside back cover telephone directory. Office, 215 Manhattan Av. Phones 1647 and 1611 Academy.

72d, 42 West.—Several exceptionally attractive two and four room apartments, with baths; seven windows in two rooms; furnished and unfurnished; half block from Central Park; near subway express and L; $55 to $75.

BEAUTIFUL SUMMER HOME AT
Cooks Falls, N. Y., in the Catskills.
Eight large rooms and bath; new house; 2 wide porches; large grounds, overlooking river; near lake; macadam roads; garage; $150 season. V. A. FRANCISCO.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West,
Has to Sublet for a Tenant
A TEN-ROOM FURNISHED APARTMENT.
Immediate Possession.

Three and five room furnished bungalows at Oakwood Beach, Staten Island, one hour from Manhattan; bathing, boating, and fishing. Phone E. R. Fox, New Dorp 449W, or Orchard 3767, 205 East 9th St.

To Sublet.—Eight-room apartment, comfortably furnished for the Summer; reasonable rent; immediate possession.
The Estling, 223-224 Riverside Drive.

To sublet, four-room apartment, West Seventieth St.; high, cool; first class in every detail; unfurnished, $80; furnished, $110. Telephone 10085 Columbus.

Some unusual Summer opportunities, furnished sublet apartments, choice localities. J. Wickliffe Gray, Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

FIVE-ROOM bungalow, furnished, $100 season; option of purchase; near river, near station; commutation 13c. River, 75 Times Downtown.

Attractive two-room suite for business woman; high-class apartment; 70s; bus, subway; reasonable. 9616 Schuyler; extension 9.

To sublet, modern furnished apartment, one room and bath, on 12th floor, overlooking Hudson; $50. Ask superintendent, 309 West 86th.

A splendid 4-room apartment, beautifully furnished, to sublet. Apply 530 West 113th St., Apartment 3B.

Furnished house, 9 rooms and bath. Bay 129th, Belle Harbor, Rockaway Beach. Rent $300 per season.

52d St., 43 West.—Beautifully furnished bachelor apartments, all modern; private baths; low rental.

92d St., near Riverside, beautifully furnished apartment, new building, 5 rooms, 2 baths; two months, longer. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

Cool, high class, handsomely furnished apartment five beautiful rooms; facing Hudson River; bargain. Murray, 611 West 111th.

War correspondents' furnished studio apartment, 3 rooms and bath, $90. McCormick, 27 West 67th St.

High-class 2-room, bath, kitchenette apartment, southern exposure, cool and light, to Oct. 1; $50. 350 West 55th. Col. 7540.

Apartments HANDSOMELY Furnished.
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

Unfurnished—East Side.

31st, 157 East, (Near Lexington.)—Five and six room apartments; $35-$40.

416 Madison Av., (48th St.)—Bachelor apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms; bath.

Lexington Av., 1,703.—Five rooms, bath, hot water; $20.

Unfurnished—East Side.

MADISON AV., 158, between 32d and 33d Sts., three rooms, kitchen and bath, duplex, roof garden; $1,500; possession at once. Apply on premises, or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR ST. Telephone JOHN 5700.

570 Park Av.,
Corner 63d St., adjoining Colony Club.
6, 7, 8, and 9 rooms, 2 and 3 baths; $2,000 to $3,500.
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
19 West 54th Street.
Yearly Rentals, $1,200 to $1,500.
Apply on Premises, or to
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar Street.
Telephone 5700 John.

A—601 WEST 141ST ST.
CORNER BROADWAY—"GARNET HALL."
Six rooms; immediate possession; reduced rent; elevator; apartments 4 to 7 rooms; October rental.

140th, 477 West.—Elevator apartment, opposite City College; 5 or 6 large, light rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished; rent moderate. Telephone Audubon 2340.

118th, 264 W., (Near 116th St. L Station.)—Five large, light rooms; modern plumbing, hot water; halls heated; rents $20-$21.

Sublet, unfurnished, five-room elevator apartment; immediate possession given. Apartment 6D, 245 Fort Washington Av.

234-238 West 21st St. — 4, 5, and 6 rooms, elevator, all improvements, at $510 to $720 per year. Apply to Supt.

For sublet apartments of from 5 to 10 rooms consult Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

84th St., 15 West.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, $50 and $60.

Attractive, $55, 5 rooms, elevator, southern exposure. Townsend. 308 West 97th St.

Apartments Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted, furnished apartment temporarily, 2 rooms, $20; west side. Phone 2865 Vanderbilt.

To Let For Business

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Prominent Broadway stores in thickly populated neighborhoods, 18x40, $1,800; corner, 16.3x58, $2,500. Knap & Wasson Co., 4,249 Broadway.

Loft, three sides light, 25x75; bargain, $30; Houston St., new subway station on corner. Madison G. Hawke, 122 East 25th St. Mad. Sq. 2911.

A.—A.—A.—Two communicating offices; stenographer, telephone. Apply 1,375, 50 Church St.

Large, light loft for rent reasonable. 15 East 17th St.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used desks, chairs, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, typewriters, all makes; adding machines, multigraphs, mimeographs, rugs; everything for the office; bought, sold, exchanged. Nathan's, 102 Worth St.

Clothing.

MEN'S CREDIT TAILORS.—$12 suits, $1 down, $1 weekly. Men's snappy clothes, ready-made, made to order; superior tailoring; lowest prices; no security; confidential. HAMILTON-MARTIN CO., Tailors, 171 Broadway. Enter 5 Cortlandt.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—HENRY W. CHAPMAN, Complainant, against MILLS & GIBB, Defendant.—In Equity.

To all creditors of or claimants against Mills & Gibb:

Take notice, and the undersigned hereby give notice, that by an order of the above-entitled court, signed by Hon. Julius M. Mayer, United States District Judge, made and filed in the above-entitled cause on the 9th day of June, 1916, it was, among other matters,

Ordered:

1. That all creditors of or claimants against Mills & Gibb who claim that Mills & Gibb is indebted to them or that they possess a cause of action against it, and all other persons whomsoever who assert any claim against it, are hereby required to assert their said claims on or before the 1st day of August, 1916, and on or before said date present and file duly verified written statements or proofs of their claims against Mills & Gibb and its estate with Joseph B. Martindale and J. Harper Poor, as receivers of said Mills & Gibb, at their office, No. 286 Fourth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

2. That no creditor of and no claimant against Mills & Gibb who claims that Mills & Gibb is indebted to him, or that he possesses a cause of action against it, and no person whosoever who asserts any claim against it, who fails to file such a statement or proof of claim on or before said 1st day of August, 1916, as hereinbefore directed, shall thereafter be permitted to assert any claim whatsoever against the estate of Mills & Gibb in the hands of said receivers, or to share in any distribution thereof whatsoever.

JOSEPH B. MARTINDALE and J. HARPER POOR, as Receivers of Mills & Gibb, 286 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
RUSHMORE, BISBEE & STERN, Solicitors for the Receivers.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

COLE 1915 7 PASSENGER
Asking price $800,
in exceptional condition mechanically, beautifully painted, luxuriously equipped car, cost as it stands over $2,000, and has had very little use; electric starter and lights, demountable rims; tires are in splendid shape; not a penny to spend for any thing; positively one of the handsomest "light six" touring cars ever offered for sale; any demonstration desired, day, evening, or Sunday. Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Ave., corner Franklin, Brooklyn.

A TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE.
Two practically new touring automobiles, only used four months, namely, Mercer toy tonneau, $950; Peerless, 6-7 passenger, $750; both automobiles exceptionally fine condition throughout, mechanically perfect, luxuriously equipped, including electric starter, light, &c.; inspection and demonstration. Phone Wanamaker's Chauffeur, 2385 Astoria.

APPERSON 1916 TOURING CAR,
Used 150 miles.
"Small six" with every possible equipment in perfect condition; cost over $1,600, will sell at a sacrifice; inspection invited and will demonstrate day, evening, or Sunday. Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Ave., corner Franklin, Brooklyn.

TRUCKS. TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
We have a reputation for selling good used trucks at low prices; who, but us, can show Packards, Whites, Macks, Saurers, Krebs, (worm drive,) &c.? We have trucks to suit your business and your price. See us.
LAWRENCE MOTOR TRUCK CORP.,
Tel. Circle 190. 136 West 52d St.

LOUIS G. DUQUET, INC., 1,880 Broadway.
Packard, 3-38, 7-pass. touring & limousine.
Packard, 1915, runabout, wire wheels.
Packard, "4-48" touring, 7 pass.
Packard, 1912, 18 H. P. runabout.
Cadillac, 1915 and 1916, touring, landaulet.

Practically new Studebaker, light five-passenger touring automobile; luxuriously equipped, including electric starter, light, &c.; $375. Mrs. Smullen, Phone Astoria 2664.

SMALL MAXWELL 1915 TOURING.
Light 5-passenger, fully equipped; take $375; quick cash. Owner, 305 West 79th.

Roadsters, 1916 Buick "Little 6," 1916 and 1915 Hupmobiles, 1916 Scripps Booth Coupe, special job and roadster. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

4-48 Packard Sedan; all window Sedan; very attractive; like new; handsomest car in city; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 Broadway.

Packard Landaulet, hour, day, weekly, or monthly; reasonable rates; owner drives. H. Huber, 207 East 38th. Tel. 630 Murray Hill.

For Sale.—Six-cylinder Cole car, 1915 model; excellent condition; will demonstrate. A. R. Redburn, 1,834 Broadway. Col. 7299.

Pierce-Arrow 6-36, touring, best condition, overhauled, painted, full equipment, big bargain. Folliot Co., 250 West 54th St.

Mercers 1915 touring, "22-70," exceptional condition; also 1914 speedster, A1 shape; reasonable. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

PACKARDS, OPEN AND CLOSED.
Sixes and twin sixes; splendid cars; service excellent; rates reasonable. 1294 Circle.

Greatest bargain ever; late Mitchell 7-passenger touring car; like new; $550; rare chance. Bord, 114 West 50th St.

1915 Winton Six Touring, used about 5,000 miles; like new; will sacrifice. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

1915 Mercer touring, 22-70; sporting model; streamline touring; elegant bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 Broadway.

1916 Hupmobile, demonstrators; fully equipped; excellent condition. Address 1,764 Broadway, 6th floor.

Mercer 1914 Raceabout, 1915 Mercer Raceabout; bargains. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

Packard touring for sale; new tires, tools, clock, speedometer. Creamer, 3,330 B'way.

De Dion landaulet, 8 cyl., 1914, fully equipped. Copley, 1,777 Broadway. 8012 Columbus.

Hudson 1916 super six touring car; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

1913 38 H. P. SIMPLEX QUIMBY LANDAULET. SMITH, 152 WEST 49TH ST.

1915 50 H. P. SIMPLEX TOURING. Kennedy, 1,607 Broadway.

HUDSON 1916 6-40 TOURING.
ASKING PRICE $900.
In exceptional condition; in fact, practically new; motor is perfect and noiseless, shoes are in fine shape, two extras and demountable rims; is equipped with many extras, including slip covers, shock absorbers, trunk rack, trunk, bumper, all tools, &c.; is complete in every detail, not a penny to spend for anything; open to expert mechanical inspection, and will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction; day, evening, or Sunday; on exhibition at Brighton's, 1,077 Atlantic Av., corner Franklin, Brooklyn.

STEVENS-DURYEA
Seven-passenger Touring Car; used two seasons only; a distinctive car of fine quality throughout; immediate delivery.
H. C. BEAVER,
22 West 61st St., City.

Hupmobiles.—We have fifteen Hupmobiles of every description which have been overhauled and some newly painted; all at bargain prices.
DECOZEN & RIESS,
200 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.

Rolls-Royce, (1913,) landaulet touring.
Packard, (1915,) runabout; like new.
Lancia, (1913,) runabout.
Packard, (1915,) touring, 3-38 H. P.
Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Eastern factory manager of a well-known high grade automobile will sell several new seven-passenger cars to consumers only at an interesting price; immediate delivery. Y 315 Times Annex.

Cadillac 1915 touring, exceptionally fine condition; run less than 4,000 miles; reasonable. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway.

Velie touring car, full electric equipment, at sacrifice; don't fail to see this. Gray, 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Stearns Knight up-to-minute car; come look at it; make offer. Dorner, 1,293 Amsterdam Av., near 124th.

1915 Maxwell Cabriolet. Phone Rowley, Bedford 2053R.

Automobiles for Rent.

PIERCE-ARROW, LIMOUSINES, LANDAULETTES; HIGH-CLASS RENTING SERVICE; beautiful cars; polite, liveried chauffeurs; hour, day; special rates month, year.
EGIDI AUTO SERVICE,
123 West 52d St. Phone Circle 774.

Packard sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

Beautiful Garford "Six" seven-passenger touring; wire wheels; expert chauffeur; hour, month; "special rates Ideal Tour." Lenox 8603.

Packard cars for hire; excellent condition; competent chauffeurs. Phone Col. 7539. Daly, 22 West 60th St.

AUTOMOBILES. — RENAULTS, $3, $4 per hour; monthly rates preferred. J. S. Mandola, Columbus 2908.

Packard touring car private appearance; weekly, monthly; reasonable; service guarantee. Circle 4024.

Rent 7-passenger Packard touring car; reasonable; monthly preferred. Owner, Morningside 8371.

New Packard "Six" touring; $2.50 hourly upward; owner drives; references. Morningside 8833.

Handsome Packard touring, hour or month; best service; reasonable. Gifford, 9021 Columbus.

For hire, 1915 Packards; hour, week, monthly preferred; reasonable. Telephone 7452 Plaza.

For hire, beautiful seven-passenger Fiat touring, late model; moderate. Schuyler 2792.

Packards, hour, trip, day, month, reasonable. Greenlief, 230 West 68th. Columbus 9021.

Packard 18, Limousine; rent monthly; owner drives. Tel. Framlet, 3193 Circle.

Elegant Packard 7-passenger. Telephone 3828 Schuyler. Monthly preferred.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St.	Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' Classes.

FURNISHED ROOMS

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Rooms, with baths; running water; piano; single rooms, furnished or unfurnished.

West Side.

12TH, 52 WEST.—Artistic, airy, 2 rooms and kitchenette; also smaller room; telephone.

47TH, 31 and 41 WEST.—Superior rooms, large, small; private baths; electricity.

55TH, 360 WEST.—Elegantly clean rooms, modern improvements; private house, entirely renovated; investigate.

69TH STREET, 118 WEST,
WEST HALL.
Attractive room, with running water; sanitary furnishings; superior service.

70TH, (2,030 Broadway.)—Attractive room, lavatory; suitable business gentlemen. Johnson. 5th floor.

71ST, 69 WEST.—Attractive parlor; running water; telephone; subway, elevated; references. Summer rates.

71ST, 73 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath and lavatory; also single room.

71ST, 251 WEST.—Large front room, bath adjoining; suitable one-two; private.

73D, 153 WEST.—Fine large and small rooms; all improvements; low rate for Summer; near subway and elevated.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room, with private bath; southern exposure; telephone.

73D, 269 WEST.—Large, newly furnished front room; medium; bath; $4, $7.50.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large room, private bath; small room; near Riverside Drive.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; bath; hot water supply; $4-$9.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Small front room; electricity; parquet floor; private house; references.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exclusive house; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

76TH, 242 WEST.—Large, airy room; four windows; also small; Summer rates.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Large and small rooms; telephone; reception room; $2.50 to $10.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful large front room, excellent location, opposite subway; references.

80TH, 305 WEST, (SCHUYLER 3917.)
Attractive room, adjoining bath; apartment; bachelor.

81ST, 3 WEST.—Facing park; single and double rooms, bath; electricity; reasonable.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Elegant double and single cool rooms, bath; $3, $5 weekly.

82D, 33 WEST.—Rent beautiful suite, newly furnished; small front room; references.

86TH, (549 West End Av.)—Large or small room, $6-$4; bath; gentlemen only.

90TH, 58 WEST.—Room, private bath; single room; reasonable; reference; private residence. Barry.

West Side.

97TH, 229 WEST.—Elegant, large, cool, airy room; Summer rates. Apartment 4D.

98TH, 243, (Corner Broadway.)—Cheerful, attractive rooms; lavatory; elevator; modern conveniences. Apartment 6-B.

102D, 302 WEST.—Private house, Riverside Drive; nicely furnished, comfortable rooms; bath.

109TH, 206 WEST.—Nice, airy, light room; kitchen and home privileges; telephone; reasonable.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Light outside room; telephone; running water; excellent location; $3. Wilford.

112TH, 504 WEST, (Cathedral Heights.)—Southern exposure; elevator; New Englanders; 5th south.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Small, cool room, private bath; elevator; $15 month. Hart.

116TH, 616 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath; high-class elevator apartment. Apt. 54.

118TH, 425 WEST, (Bachelor Apartment.)—Outside rooms, facing Columbia Campus, $3-$4 per week. Apartment 61. Lawrence. Call 401 West 118th, Apartment 44.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Attractive front rooms, Morningside Heights; kitchen privileges. Apartment 2.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Newly decorated; Hudson view; large; $7; convenient location. 2B.

145TH, 355 WEST, (corner St. Nicholas Av.)—Airy rooms, single or en suite; elevator; subway, "L" express; $5-$3. Robinson.

152D, 533 WEST.—Large room, private bath; northern exposure; owner's private residence.

152D, 598 WEST.—Outside single and double rooms; private house.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St.
The genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; running water every room; single, $4-$6 weekly; rooms for two, $3-$3.50 weekly each.

RIVERSIDE, 587, (137th Subway.) — Furnished rooms, with or without board. Apt. 4D.

WEST END AV., 936.—Beautiful front room, closets; running water; reasonable. McNamee.

Rooms Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

Furnished.

ROOM wanted by young woman, who will give and expect references, in family of one or more; women only; would like to arrange for breakfast if agreeable; cleanliness is imperative; location, in or near Washington Square. M 133 Times.

A FURNISHED ROOM for two business women; respectable neighborhood; with private family preferred; state terms. H 207 Times Downtown.

SUMMER HOMES

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

At Long Beach, nine-room cottage, two baths, beautifully and completely furnished; one minute from railroad station; five minutes to bathing beach; large porch, lawn, flowers, and hedge; immediate possession; can be seen Sunday. 71 Hudson St., Long Beach. Phone 88. W. I. Ralph. Business address, Bryant 2046, N. Y.

Sea Gate. — A well-furnished house with southerly exposure; overlooking ocean; 10 large rooms and 3 baths; private hotel service can be secured if desired. Sea Gate Association, Sea Gate, New York Harbor, or phone 3172 Rector.

Blue Point.—Modern cottage, ten rooms, furnished complete; fine grounds; shore privileges; can be seen July 1, 3, or 4; reduced rental for season. Hugh R. Monro, Blue Point, L. I.

To Let—Furnished.

Furnished house, 6 rooms, bath, for rent, July 1-Sept. 15; $200; near beach, at Manasquan, N. J. Address Miss Carrie Potter, Manasquan, N. J.

Furnished house, eight rooms and bath, Cragmere Park, Mahwah, N. J.; 800 feet elevation; one hour from Jersey City, Erie Railroad. A 11 Times.

Sea Girt, New Jersey, handsome furnished house, five bedrooms, two baths, near ocean. Barnard, New York Boulevard.

8-room and farm house, furnished; reasonable; Ulster Co.; 3 miles to station; healthy location. Call 402 West 42d.

Great Neck, beautiful country home, furnished, modern improvements, garden, garage. Haynie, Phone 427.

Spring Lake, N. J.—Furnished cottage; 3 bathrooms; garage; cheap. Circle 1810, New York.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

LAUNDRESS.—Family hamper; large yard, open air drying; best care of clothes; price reasonable; references. Miss H. Wheatley, Box 74, Avon-by-Sea, N. J.

MAID, neat, competent, and trustworthy, in first-class private family only; satisfactory references. A 1 Times.

SECRETARY-COMPANION; accomplished, cultured, pleasing personality; willing travel. G. A., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.— Cultured, capable girl; 25; six years' BONDING, editorial experience; capable managing office; excellent correspondent; unquestionable references; $18. D 291 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, English. For particulars or appointment, address M. A., 683 Amsterdam Av.

YOUNG LADY, tutor of English branches and French, desires resident Summer position; excellent credentials; salary secondary. L 158 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d St. 916 Morningside.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St., first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced double-entry bookkeeper and stenographer; one with experience in law office preferred; give details of experience, references, salary, and age. L 160 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; good penman; state age, experience, and salary. A 8 Times.

CASHIERS in the office of a large department store; a number of experienced young women cashiers; those having tube room experience preferred. Address Y 300 Times Annex.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
PARCEL WRAPPERS,
BETWEEN THE AGES OF 16 AND 20.
BRING WORKING PAPERS OR
BIRTH CERTIFICATES.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR, 32D ST. SIDE.

MAID.—French or German, useful small apartment; call before 10 A. M. Phone Plaza 6181. Backhausen, 36 West 59th.

MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for general housework, small family, strictly modern house. P. O. Box 293, Great Neck Station, New York.

MOTHER'S HELP.—Speaking French preferred; opportunity to learn music. Coney Island 745.

OPERATORS on the Remington Wahl typewriter, or typists with billing experience; salary $15. Apply to M. E. Smith, 325 B'way.

ORDER CLERK wanted with mail order house experience; must be good penman and rapid; no others need apply; state experience. L 157 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — APPEARANCE, PERSONALITY, MENTAL ALERTNESS ABSOLUTE REQUISITES. SEMI-SECRETARIAL POSITION, AND CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT GOOD. APPLY, STATING REFERENCES, D 267 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—With experience in technical correspondence; one with experience in engineering machinery and manufacturing supply business preferred. Apply Room 1,107, Bowling Green Building, from 3 to 5, or by letter.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with some business experience, &c.; state salary, reference, &c.; Underwood machine; hours 8:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.; by 4th Av. concern. "Experienced," 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, one with experience in linen and handkerchief business preferred. A 5 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Wanted, neat, accurate girls; no registration. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist and bookkeper for seashore hotel. Apply 182 St. Nicholas Av.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course; individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Summer term. Aeolian Hall, 35 W 42d St. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

HELP WANTED, MALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced senior wanted for permanent position; state full details and expectations in first letter. C. P. A.'s, 277 Times Downtown.

ARTIST for commercial work; one who has executive ability and can manage art department; splendid opportunity; submit samples. Parks & Weiss, 56 West 45th St.

AUDIT AND SUBSCRIPTION SALESMEN. Salesmen earning $50 per week and upward; services used by thousands of shippers and receivers; commission only. S. H. Blank, 96 Warren St.

BILL CLERK or operator on the Remington-Wahl typewriter; salary, $15-$18. Apply to M. E. Smith, 325 Broadway.

BILLING CLERK, age 20 to 25; good at figuring, to operate Remington Monarch typewriter; excellent prospects with large corporation; salary. M 142 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; salary to begin $15. Call between 5 and 6 o'clock P. M., Universal Tool and Die Works, Inc., 180 Worth St.

BOOKKEEPER. — Competent, with stenographic experience, for work in bank during July and August. H 206 Times Downtown.

CHARGE CLERK.—Young man for metal dept. hardware business; must be good penman, quick and accurate at figures; state age, salary, and experience. D 272 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Wanted, a middle-aged expert driver, good mechanic, long experience; thorough knowledge city and country roads; salary $90 monthly. Call Browning, 110 West 40th.

CLERKS.—Several young men wanted for shop clerk work, timekeeping, production records, &c.; night work; give references, experience, and salary expected. Address Accountant, Drawer "V," New Haven Conn.

CLERK for retail store; one experienced in book and stationery trade preferred; state age, experience, and references; salary $10. A 10 Times.

CLERICAL MAN and manager who has had experience with an electrical jobbing house for years. Apply only Y 314 Times Annex.

COLLECTOR for a large furniture store, who also has had experience in selling; good opportunity for an energetic man; salary and commission. Apply, stating age, past experience, married or unmarried. Box 20, Station J.

COLLEGE STUDENT, having college knowledge of national history and botany required immediately for boys' camp; give full particulars in first letter. Reppon School, Tarrytown, N. Y.

COLLEGE VACATION FELLOWS can make good income soliciting through four sources for "Realty" Magazine in city or country; five Hudson River counties also open; liberal commission. Brokaw, 220 5th Av., New York City.

DESIGNER.—An experienced architectural designer. Herter Looms, 841 Madison Av.

FILE CLERK.—Young man as file clerk, Brooklyn resident; must be intelligent, quick, and a hard worker and know how to file; good opportunity; state salary and details; one just graduating acceptable. H 205 Times Downtown.

HOUSEFURNISHING BUYER AND MANAGER WANTED FOR DEPARTMENT IN PEOPLE'S BIG MARKET, 149TH ST., NEAR 3D AV., BRONX. APPLY BY LETTER TO S. E. JACOBS, 30 EAST 42D ST.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN by a large manufacturing company, several first-class designers. State experience and salary expected. Y 318 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, accurate at figures, experienced in handling sales correspondence; good opportunity for energetic hustler. Apply Friday, 1-2 P. M., 162 William St.

OFFICE BOY.—Wide-awake office boy; must be neat, alert, ambitious; salary to start, $5. Address, giving references, "Opportunity," H 209 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Bright, active; wholesale woolen house; good opportunity. D 276 Times Downtown.

RED CROSS BASE HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Men wanted to enroll for base hospital unit for service at the front to join only when called on for service by War Department. Places open for the following:

PHARMACISTS,
ORDERLIES,
QUARTERMASTER'S SQUAD,
LABORATORY HELPERS.

Apply at once to Dr. S. S. Goldwater,
Mount Sinai Hospital, 1 East 100th St.,
New York City.

SALESMAN.—For New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, to sell silk nettings and novelties to the large department stores; must be personally acquainted with buyers, and be able to turn in results; traveling expenses and commission paid; answer, giving full particulars as to age, former employment, and amount of yearly sales. Address Y 310 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for plate and window glass, &c.; one familiar with Jersey territory preferred; good opportunity for the right party with an old reliable concern; state past experiences, references and salary desired. Address P. O. Box 166, Jersey City.

SALESMEN.—To cover New York department store trade and resident buyers for large sweater coat house. Kindly write for an appointment, quoting your experience; salary or commission. The Perlstein Ktg. Mills Co., Inc., 366 Broadway.

SALESMEN wanted, over 25 years of age, experienced, to sell direct to the consumer; liberal commission. Thaddeus Davids Ink Co., Inc., 95-97 Van Dam St.

SALESMAN.—By manufacturer of floor lamps and portables; will give interest in business to right man; salary and commission. M 143 Times.

SALESMAN for quick-selling proposition; afternoons; liberal commission. 47 West 34th, 1010.

SALESMAN.—By electric sign mfr.; liberal commission. Alfred Tahl, 2 Stone St.

SPANISH YOUNG MAN for forwarding house; must be thoroughly familiar with bills of lading and Consular invoices for South and Central America; state age, experience and salary expected. L 164 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Excellent opportunity for young man possessing initiative and ambition, who can take rapid dictation and transcribe accurately, to become connected with large corporation; must come well recommended; moderate salary to start. Address, giving age, references, salary expected, and telephone number. Y 320 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and filing clerk; must be quick and accurate; salary $7 per week; hours 8:30 to 5:30; Saturdays 1 P. M. G 377 Times Downtown.

TOOLMAKERS WANTED.
This company can employ several additional first-class workmen in this line and offers the following inducements: Good wages, steady employment, clean, sanitary factory, high-grade work, and one of the best cities in the country in which to live; in applying state age, rate of wages expected, and give a brief description of previous experience. Pratt & Whitney Co., Hartford, Conn.

YOUNG COLLEGE GRADUATE wanted to learn the wholesale woolen business; moderate salary to start, but good chance for advancement to right man. D 275 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by a large paper mill for cost and efficiency work; must have had previous experience; man with college or technical training given preference; salary $25 a week; excellent chance for advancement. Address Box 501, Nashua, N. H.

YOUNG MEN, salesmen ability, booking moving pictures evening; commission. Call 4:30, Cummins, 1,476 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, by large manufacturing concern, as office assistant; good penmanship necessary; one with knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; salary, $9 a week to start; hours 8:30 to 5:30, Saturday 1 o'clock. H 208 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—21 to 30 years of age, to take charge of office and automobile supplies department; salary commence at $8, with ability. Apply Montgomery Ward & Co., Bowne and Imlay Sts., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN.—20 to 25 years of age, to keep stock records in automobile supplies department. Apply Montgomery Ward & Co., Bowne and Imlay Sts., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN to make himself generally useful in stock room; one familiar with paper preferred. Apply First St. entrance, The Whitehead & Hoag Co., Newark, N. J.

YOUNG MAN wanted, experienced in Wall Street bookkeeping; must be good penman and accurate. Address "Bookkeeper," P. O. Box 822, New York City.

YOUTH.—Bright young American, (18,) by large magazine to check up advertisements in other publications; should be fairly good at figures; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, education, experience, and salary desired. A 6 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St.
ACCOUNTANTS—Traveling accountant; prefer man familiar with public service corporation work; to audit books; $1,800-$2,000; several high-grade cost accountants, experienced in figuring manufacturing costs; good personality; $1,500-$1,800.
OFFICE MANAGER—First-class accountant, with experience in chemical manufacture; age 30-35; $2,500.
PURCHASING AGENTS—One who has been buying electrical supplies for jobbing house; $1,500-$1,800; also man who has been buying line of material and manufacturing supplies; $2,500.
STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY—Fluent in French; to travel in Belgium; $1,800-$2,500.
SALES CORRESPONDENT—Advertising and general sales experience; familiar with general follow-up methods and circular letters; $1,800-$2,000.
GENERAL MANAGER—Hardware, plumbing, heating, ventilating, and tinning business; must know how to buy, estimate, &c.; be practical and an executive; salary $2,000 to $3,500.
ATTENTION, DRAFTSMEN—We have fifty positions open for mechanical, electrical, architectural, structural, and concrete men, designing layouts, detailing, &c.; if you are not congenially located or think you deserve more money, why not register with us? Salaries ranging from $1,000 to $2,000.
EFFICIENCY ENGINEERS—Experienced in the sheet metal stamping business; age 30 to 40; salary $150 to $200.
DRAFTSMAN and interior marble work; salary $30 to $35.
Call between 9 and 2.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Learn Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice in your spare time; no book study. Visit the School or send for our free Booklet "B." The Dentists' Laboratories, 25 West 45th St. FIRST School of its kind licensed by Regents.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course of individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, 35 West 42d St.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

LOST AND FOUND

Fifty cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—At 2 o'clock, on John St., somewhere between Gold and Nassau Sts., a package, 3¾x3x1 inch, addressed to Terheyden Co., 520 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Penn.; sealed with red sealing wax, containing one diamond lavalliere; employe must stand loss; suitable reward offered for return. Charles P. Goldsmith & Co., 87 John St., N. Y. City.

LOST—A lady's small black leather handbag, containing gold watch, on Ocean Road, between Highland Beach and Seabright, N. J.; reward. 703 Sunset Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

LOST—Open-faced gold watch, chain, silver knife attached; watch inscribed inside case "Mary G. from G. W. Wright"; substantial reward. Return Menkel & Hinckley, 27 Cedar St.

LOST—Gold meshbag, cigarette case, lip stick attached, at Woodmansten Inn, June 28, engraved "Dorothy Green" on case; liberal reward. 828 7th Av. Phone 2158 Circle.

LOST—Valuable diamond solitaire ring, engraved J. A. H. to L. M. H., with date; liberal reward. J. A. Haughwout, 605 West 156th St.

LOST, in Lord & Taylor's store, umbrella; straight handle, gold tip, initials "L. D. K."; reward, $5. Ritz-Carlton Hotel.

LOST—Odd fob at 96th St. and Broadway, Saturday; valued for sentiment; liberal reward. Cunningham, 712 West End Av.

LOST—June 21, black suitcase, containing Tuxedo suit, business suit; reward. A. F. Hansen, 4 East 44th St.

LOST—Enamel and pearl brooch, 122d St. or Broadway; heirloom; reward. Hyman, 3,495 Broadway.

LOST—Tuesday, lady's gold watch, monogram "B. G."; reward. Greuzbach, 83 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Lake Shore Limited, June 27, black handbag, money. Phone Morningside 8070, Apt. 25.

REWARD.—Dress suit case containing lady's wearing apparel. Helen Jeffery, 322 West 100th.

$50.00 REWARD.
Return platinum bowknot pin, set with diamonds and sapphires; lost June 25 between 60th St. and the Biltmore. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St., New York City.

$25 REWARD for diamond cross containing about twenty small diamonds, lost June 27 in Riverside Park, between 91st and 96th Sts. C. M. Roome, 194 Riverside Drive.

Business Opportunities

Fifty cents an agate line.

Patents secured, trademarks registered; protect your ideas; ask Washington office for free books and list of inventions wanted; advice free. Richard B. Owen, 165 Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C. New York office, Woolworth Bldg. Phone Barclay 7394.

Active partner wanted with moderate capital, but good banking connections, by gentleman with 20 years' experience in staple article and produce business, to start export and import business. D 273 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Young man to invest $20,000 and become actively interested in business that will make large profit; no speculation; money completely secured. Address Business, 127 Times.

Owner must sell first-class restaurant, well-paying section; fully, excellently equipped; time occupied with other interests. Apply on premises, 4,252 Broadway, near 181st St.

SALES MANAGER (ten-thousand dollar type) open for clean proposition; can furnish capital, sales force, and well-equipped office if required. Phone Cortlandt 4081.

Anything you want done in England write to Francis Keys, Information Bureau, 112A Brixton Road, London. Reasonable terms. Inquiries invited.

MANUFACTURERS.—We are open for a good selling proposition, including export rights. L. J. McCracken Co., 1,834 Broadway.

Will purchase outright or partnership established business; $5,000-$8,000. A Times Harlem.

Public Notices.

Fifty cents an agate line.

J. J. K.—Communicate with me. You will hear something to your advantage. Frank.

Help Wanted, Female

Fifty cents an agate line.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS, $10-$15. We are unable to fill hundreds of desirable positions owing to scarcity of "above-the-average" applicants.
STENOGRAPHER.—Want woman with college education; $18.
TYPIST.—Rapid operator for copy work; $12-$15.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR and TYPIST, experienced in both branches of work; $10.
STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER, $18.
LAW STENOGRAPHER. — Must be young girl with some legal experience; $15.
Call between 9 and 1.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

ABLE ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, SYSTEMATIZERS; financial statements; reasonable. Commercial, 71 Wall St. Hanover 5949.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced all lines; books opened, closed, disentangled; audited systems installed; special arrangements firms or corporations not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 35 Nassau St., Room 1,303. Telephone Cortlandt 7958.

ACCOUNTANT.—Installs simplified systems, stopping leaks, giving daily statements of information required to intelligently develop business; uncertainty eliminated; business run like a bank. Fleming, 50 East 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 6272.

ACCOUNTANT, CHESTER N. ROGERS,
131 West 31st St. Madison Sq. 3780.
Books opened, written up, closed, and systematized. Periodical audits, financial statements, investigations; terms reasonable.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances and audits $5.00 monthly upward; books opened, closed, systematized, investigations, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT.— University student, employed during the day, desires evening work as junior to public accountant; references furnished. Ambition, Times, 2,960 3d Av.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly, experienced all lines office work, desires temporary position; excellent references. L 99 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, opens, closes, writes up, and audits books during his spare time; very reasonable. L 152 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and high-class clerical worker; educated American; $12. D 263 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE MAN, experienced, would like a position as chauffeur, salesman, or office details. L 151 Times.

BANK CLERK—5 years' all-round banking experience, wants position; efficient, willing worker. L 124 Times.

BELGIAN YOUNG MAN, 30, efficient linguist, who has been in large German exporting concern in Belgium, Russia, desires position with American firm. L 149 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man, 18, bookkeeper, stenographer, typist, Commercial High graduate, desires position with advancement. Block, 411 Howard Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, (33;) wide experience, well educated; highly recommended character, ability. F. Johnson, 203 7th Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER OR ASSISTANT.—Young man, (19,) bookkeeper or assistant, high school educated, and clerical worker. A 9 Times.

BOY, 15, high school education, desires position in office. L 150 Times.

BUILDING ESTIMATOR AND SUPERINTENDENT, AGE 35, WITH 13 YEARS' EXPERIENCE ESTIMATING AND SUBLETTING CONTRACTS FOR MODERN BUILDINGS; VERY FAMILIAR WITH STEEL AND CONCRETE; CAN MANAGE COMPLETE OPERATION. L 88 TIMES.

BUSINESS ENGINEER.—Graduate engineer, with eight years' practical experience and exceptional business sense, a thorough accountant and excellent correspondent, desires executive position with responsible firm. L 145 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. Write Nathan Heyman, care Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, careful driver, desires position; 5 years' experience; A1 references; at present on marine engines. N. Carcidy, Box 142, Freeport, L. I. Phone Freeport 28.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 29, mechanic, 10 years' experience on foreign and domestic cars; used to driving women and children. Ferris, 339 West 117th St. Morningside 7822.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.—Single; best references; wishes position with private family. Ernest Marx, 165 East 77th St. Ardsley Garage.

CHAUFFEUR desires to drive week ends and evenings. Write Edward Grill, 305 East 94th St. 'Phone after 7 P. M., Lenox 7746.

CHAUFFEUR.—Desires position with private family; six years' experience; furnish best of references. J. W., 69 East 89th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; careful driver; A1 mechanic. Vogel, 145 West 96th, care of McDonald.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, (29,) one year with certified accountant, desires responsible office position; five years in charge of offices large manufacturing company; correspondence, collections, cost records, financial statements, bookkeeping. L 156 Times.

COLLEGE STUDENT, with chauffeur's license, desires position driving and caring for car or caring for and running motor boat or both during Summer; understands marine and automobile engines. A 4 Times.

COLORED American, 24, neat, reliable, intelligent, desires position; excellent references. D 265 Times Downtown.

COOK AND BUTLER.—Japanese and wife, (white,) cook and butler; go to country. L 137 Times.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, young, power or consulting company; moderate beginning salary. L 147 Times.

GOING to England about Aug. 1, a gentleman with business connections will undertake commissions; best of references. Address L 94 Times.

HONORABLE DISCHARGE U. S. Hospital Corps, age 27, clean character, seeks position with reliable concern. Honest, D 268 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, 33, college man, accountant and office work, desires responsible position with established firm; highest credentials. L 138 Times.

OFFICE MAN and salesman, 27, desires position as either or both; ten years' experience. D 264 Times Downtown.

POSITION wanted experienced traveler, guardian, or tutor to one or more boys going Europe; full charge taken; excellent references. T 953 Times.

PUBLISHER,
BIG ADVERTISER,
OR
CIRCULARIZER

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR YOU.

Purchasing agent for book house just closing nation-wide sales campaign; experienced buyer of paper, printing, book manufacture and circularizing material on large scale; intimately acquainted with methods of mail campaigns; knows printing from inside as well as from buying end, and has valuable discriminating knowledge of printers in New York and Chicago; can make new contract July 1. L 163 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT or department head, (27,) ten years' experience paper and paper supplies; excellent references. "Scientist," L 159 Times.

SECRETARY, office manager; legal, corporate experience; understands Spanish; good stenographer. D 250 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, packer, and receiving clerk, can take entire charge, desires position. Jacob Lewis, 257 Rivington St.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, highest grade, educated, experienced office man, correspondent. Englander, 8 West 118th.

STEWARD.—Experienced, practical man, at present employed in country club, seeks position; good caterer, and can show results; wife as housekeeper; best of references. Address Energetic, L 166 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) university graduate, with executive ability, seeks position with big firm, (foreign exchange,) or passenger ship company; speaks and writes fluently English, Polish, German, Slovak, and French. Address Y 322 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 20, bright, energetic, desires position with advancement; high school graduate; two years' clerical experience. L 148 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate, competent, reliable, desires position with future; best references. D 271 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, eight years' experience misses' and children's outer wearing apparel, desires position same line. L 95 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, wide awake, desires position; experienced in selling, office, shipping, stock; good references. L 153 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) of ability, educated, desires clerical position with firm or office. Garie, 4,640 White Plains Av.

BELMONT, IN ANGER, CLASHES WITH MOSS

Banker Threatens to Leave Thompson Committee Room in Stormy Session.

STENOGRAPHER IS PUT OUT

Guaranty Trust Company Refuses to Produce Certain of Andrew Freedman's Checks Called For.

There was a stormy session of the Thompson Legislative Committee yesterday. August Belmont, the banker, again on the witness stand accused Frank Moss, the committee's counsel, of asking insinuating questions and of taking the attitude that some undue and irregular influence was brought to bear during the dual subway negotiations. At one time Mr. Belmont threatened to leave the room, but quiet was finally restored by Senator Thompson, the Chairman.

Another clash between counsel and witnesses occurred when the Guaranty Trust Company flatly refused to surrender certain checks of the late Andrew Freedman, who was a Director of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. Jacques S. Cohen, former secretary to Mr. Freedman, told the committee, however, about a number of checks he had drawn on the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, the Guaranty Trust Company, and the Bankers Trust Company. It was shown that checks totaling $96,400 had been drawn "to bearer" during one period of two years. The witness said he didn't know what the money was used for, but he supposed it was for Mr. Freedman's living expenses.

Mr. Moss asked Mr. Belmont if his relations with Andrew Freedman were not rather close and confidential, even more friendly than with the other Interborough Directors.

"No," replied Mr. Belmont. "They were friendly, but not more so than with the other Interborough Directors."

"Didn't Mr. Freedman give shares of Inter-Met. stock to persons who had been serviceable?" suddenly asked Mr. Moss.

"I don't know," said the banker.

Belmont Clashes with Moss.

Mr. Moss then switched to the attitude of Mayor Gaynor and Controller Prendergast on the subway contracts before the Board of Estimate, and asked the witness if he knew why both men had changed front on the proposal after opposing it. Mr. Belmont characterized Mayor Gaynor's attack on the Interborough as "good campaign material for any one at the time." Mr. Moss remarked that most of the Interborough Directors had been vague in their testimony, although, he said, they owed it to the public to tell all about the dual subway negotiations.

"You seem to take the attitude," retorted Mr. Belmont, "that some undue and irregular influence was brought to bear, but we were simply trying to meet the views of an unreasonable city and unreasonable city officials."

"If it were not driven into us that you are trying to brush by the inquiry we would not take the attitude we do," commented Senator Thompson. Mr. Moss then asked questions which intimated that there was no competitive bidding for the third tracking of the elevated lines which the T. A. Gillespie Company obtained, and Mr. Belmont's anger was aroused.

"You cannot ask me a question about something that was done and to which I was a party with the insinuation that it was irregular," he said.

"The insinuation, Mr. Belmont, is in your mind," said Mr. Moss.

"No it's your mind and your committee that is putting out all these insinuations. Up to this time you have proved nothing and there is nothing for you to prove, but you are taking up our time. You can ask proper questions and I'll answer them."

"You are becoming a very interesting witness now," said Mr. Moss, raising his voice. "I am glad you are waking up."

"I'll answer frankly any question I can," replied the witness, "but I'll not answer questions containing insinuations. I'll stay here as long as it suits me and I'll—"

Room in an Uproar.

"Well, get up and go now, if you want to," shouted Mr. Moss, with anger. "You cannot browbeat me. You're a richer man than I am, but that doesn't feaze me. There are a lot of men like you raising a cloud of ink and trying to get away in it. Go now and I'll continue to ask questions in your absence. I'll address questions to the chair if you are afraid to answer them."

"You'll not treat me in that way," shouted Mr. Belmont in turn. "You are making a disgrace of yourself."

"No, you are trying to disgrace yourself," came back Moss.

During the altercation Senator Thompson was trying to restore order by thumping the table with his gavel and the room was in an uproar.

"Don't interrupt me," shouted Moss, turning on Thompson. "I can handle this situation, Mr. Chairman."

After Jacques S. Cohen, former secretary to Andrew Freedman and now an employe of J. H. Bates & Co., had testified, Mr. Moss requested Frederick T. Sherman, trust clerk of the Guaranty Trust Company, one of the three Freedman executors, to produce certain checks, and Mr. Sherman declined on advice of the trust company's counsel, Thomas Garrett, Jr. Turning on the lawyer, Senator Thompson said:

"You are taking advantage of child's play because you are a big institution. You know that if yyou were subpoenaed before a court you would have to produce those checks. I frankly acknowledge that this committee is powerless to make you do anything you do not want to do because we have only two days more in which to take testimony. But I want the Guaranty Trust Company to stand clear before the people of New York."

"The Guaranty Trust Company does stand clear before the people of New York," hotly retorted Mr. Garrett. "It has furnished you with papers and permitted your representative, Mr. Morse, to examine all papers and checks he sought."

"That is an erroneous statement," broke in Mr. Moss. "Mr. Morse told me that he was permitted to make a search up to a certain point and that he was stopped."

Senator Thompson objected to Mr. Garrett's stenographer taking notes, and finally Sergeant at Arms Hotaling removed him from the room.

The remainder of the session was taken up with an examination of Henry H. Klein, an investigator of the committee, who told of attacks he had made upon Mayor Mitchel, which, he said, was the reason for the Mayor's antipathy to him.

The committee will hold its last session today.

THOMAS KELLY CONVICTED.

Defrauded Manitoba in Erection of Parliament Buildings.

WINNIPEG, Canada, June 29.—Thomas Kelly, the wealthy contractor accused of defrauding the Province of Manitoba in the erection of Parliament buildings here, was found guilty by a jury in Assize Court tonight. Sentence will be suspended pending application for a new trial.

Summing up for the Crown, R. A. Bonnar charged that the Government had been defrauded of $1,182,562. Kelly, who was not represented by counsel at the trial, in a long statement to the jury pleaded for justice, defending his actions as Parliament House builder, and charged that he was being persecuted by the present Government.

Kelly was tried on an indictment containing one count of theft, two counts of receiving stolen money, securities or other property, and one count of obtaining money under false pretenses.

SAYS MOOSE WERE TRICKED.

Will Rebuke Roosevelt by Voting for Wilson, Heflin Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The opening salvo of campaign oratory was fired in the House today when Representative Thomas Heflin, an Alabama Democrat, assailed the Republican ticket and Theodore Roosevelt, and predicted that the Progressives would vote with the Democrats next November. Mr. Heflin referred to Hughes and Fairbanks as "the cold-storage twins," and accused Colonel Roosevelt of "betraying" the Progressives.

"Theodore dined with Hughes last night behind closed doors," he said, "and they would not even let the colored waiter stay in there. He could only come in to fetch more coffee for Theodore. He needed stimulants because he was up against a cold proposition."

After referring to the "hand-picked delegates" at the Chicago Convention of 1916, Mr. Heflin said:

"In another part of the city was another convention composed of one thousand me, or more, all of them, with the exception of Perkins and a few others, utterly ignorant of the program. They didn't know the whole thing was planned at a million-dollar banquet in New York a few months ago, and that Elihu Root wrote the play when a conference was held by Lodge, Root, and Roosevelt.

"They were honest Progressives, enthusiastic and determned, those men at Chicago, and they sat there waiting an opportunity to nominate their leader. Where was he? Back at Oyster Bay with his ear glued to a telephone. He could not face these men, the men who had followed him on a thousand battlefields in 1912."

According to Mr. Heflin, Colonel Roosevelt and the Old Guard planned to deliver 4,000,000 Progressive votes to the Republicans, "a minority of 3,000,000."

"Did you ever hear of such an outrage?" asked Mr. Heflin. You will never carry into the standpat party those Progressives. Theirs was not a butterfly parade four years ago. They were crusaders who went out to fight the forces of the Republican Party, and they will fight them still. Mr. Hughes is the candate of Wall Street.

The Big Stick has departed,
The Square Deal has fled,
T. R. licks salt from the Old Guard's
hands,
And the big Bull Moose is dead."

Representative Frank W. Mondell, a Wyoming Republican, replied to the Alabama orator and observed that he was "singing the swan song of the Democratic Party."

CASEMENT TO DIE FOR HIGH TREASON

Continued from Page 1.

edly. At that moment he seemed to be in a dream as if the verdict of death were something apart from him and the living world already. But it was only for a moment. As soon as the echo of the foreman's words had died down Casement in the absolute silence that prevailed turned toward the well below him waving a hand at his counsel, while a sickly smile flitted across his pale face.

Prisoner Reads His Statement.

It was when Lord Reading asked, according to the old established form, if the prisoner had anything to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced that Casement took a new grip on himself. Taking a sheaf of scribbled and typewritten notes from his pocket he in a soft, quivering voice asked the indulgence of the court; then, leaning over the edge of the dock he glanced toward the newspapermen and asked them to listen to what he had to say as he wished his words "to reach a larger court than here."

As Sir Roger got fairly well on in his reading his voice became steadier so that he was able to give heed to rhetorical effect. He emphasized passages, always laying stress upon allusions to what he called his loyalty above all else to the cause of free Ireland.

The prisoner declared he did not regard trial by Englishmen in an English court as a trial by his peers, to which he was entitled. He reviewed recent events in Ireland from the beginning of the formation of the Ulster volunteers, and said:

"We have seen the constitutional army refuse to obey the Constitutional Government, and we were told the first duty of Irishmen was to enter that army. If small nations were to be the first consideration, I saw no reason why Ireland should shed any blood for any people but her own.

"If that be treason, I am not ashamed to avow it here. If the Unionists chose the road they thought would lead to the good side, I knew my road led to the dark side. Both of us proved right. So I am prouder to stand here, in a traitor's dock, than to fill the place of my accusers.

"Self-government is our right. It is no more a thing to be withheld from us or doled out to us than the right to life or light, to sunshine or Spring flowers.

Objects to Ancient Statute.

"There is an objection, possibly not good in law, but surely good on moral grounds, against the application to me here of this old English statute, 565 years old, that seeks to deprive an Irishman today of his life and his honor, not for adhering to the King's enemies but for adhering to his own people.

"When this statute was passed in 1351, what was the state of men's minds on the question of a far higher allegiance, that of man to God and His kingdom? The law of that day did not permit him to forsake his church or deny his God save with his life. The heretic then had the same doom as the traitor. Today a man may forswear God and His heavenly realm without fear or penalty, all earlier statutes having gone the way of Nero's edicts against the Christians; but that constitutional phantom, the King, can still dig up from the dungeon and torture chambers of the dark ages a law that takes a man's life and limb for an exercise of his conscience.

"If true religion rests on love, it is equally true that loyalty rests on love. The law I am charged under has no parentage in love, and claims the allegiance of today on the ignorance and blindness of the past.

"I am being tried, in truth, not by my peers of the living present but by the fears of the dead past; not by the civilization of the twentieth century, but by the brutality of the fourteenth; not even by a statute framed in the language of the land that tries me, but emitted in the language of an enemy land, so antiquated is the law that must be sought today to slay an Irishman whose offense is that he puts Ireland first.

"Loyalty is a sentiment, not a law. It rests on love, not on restraint. The government of Ireland by England rests on restraint, not on law, and since it demands no love it can evoke no loyalty.

"This court, this jury, the public opinion of this country, England, cannot but be prejudiced in varying degrees against me, most of all in time of war. I did not land in England; I landed in Ireland. It was to Ireland I came, to Ireland I wanted to come, and the last place I desired to land was England. But for the Attorney General of England there is no Ireland, there is only England; there is no Ireland, only the law of England; no right of Ireland. Yet for me, the Irish outlaw, there is a land of Ireland, a right of Ireland, a charter for all Irishmen to appeal to in the last resort, a charter that even the very statutes of England cannot deprive me of, a charter that Englishmen themselves assert as a fundamental bond of law that connects the two kingdoms."

Denies He Set Evil Example.

Referring to the phrase of the indictment that he set an evil example to others, Sir Roger said:

"To Englishmen I set no evil example, for I made no appeal to them. I asked Irishmen to fight for their rights. Place me before a jury of my own countrymen, be it Protestant or Catholic, Unionist or Nationalist, Sinn Fein or Orange, and I shall accept the verdict and bow to the statute and all its penalties.

"It is not I who am afraid of the verdict of such a jury; it is the Crown. If this be not so, why fear the test? I fear it not; I demand it as my right. It was not I who landed in England, but the Crown that dragged me here, away from my own country, to which I had returned with a price upon my head, away from my own countrymen, whose loyalty is not in doubt, and safe from the judgment of my peers, whose judgment I do not shrink from.

"That is the condemnation of English rule in Ireland, of English-made law, that it dare not rest on the will of the Irish people, but exists in defiance of their will, that it is a rule derived, not from right, but from conquest. Conquest gives no title; it can exert no empire over men's reason and judgment and affections. It is from this law of conquest, without title to the reason, judgment, and affections of my own countrymen, that I appeal. This much I penned in my prison fifteen days ago."

He declared that the Nationalist Volunteers founded in Dublin in November, 1913, had no quarrel with the Ulster Volunteers born a year earlier, only with the men who sought "to pervert to English party use, to the mean purposes of their own bid for place and power, the armed activities of the simple Irishmen.

"We aimed at winning the Ulster Volunteers," he went on, "to the cause of a united Ireland. It was not the Irish Volunteers who broke the law, but a British party Government, who had permitted the Ulster Volunteers to be armed by Englishmen, to threaten, not only an English party in its hold on office, but to threaten that party through the lives and blood of Irishmen. The battle was to be fought in Ireland, that the political outs of today should be the ins of tomorrow.

"In Great Britain a law designed for the benefit of Ireland was to be met, not on the floor of Parliament, where the fight had to be won, but on the field, with Irishmen slaying each other for English party gain. And the British Navy would be chartered transports bringing to our shores a numerous assemblage of military and ex-military experts in the congenial and profitable business of holding down subject populations abroad. That party was preaching a doctrine of hatred, designed to bring civil war in Ireland, while the party in power took no steps to restrain its propaganda which was finding advocates in the army, the navy, the Privy Council, in Parliament, and State and Church."

Thanks the Jury.

Then, throwing aside his manuscript, he concluded:

"My Lord, I have done. Gentlemen of the jury, I wish to thank you for your verdict. I meant no reflection upon you when I said this was not a trial by my peers. How would all men here feel—and how would you feel—if an Englishman had landed in England and had been taken to Ireland, if that man had been placed before a jury in a community inflamed against him, believing him to be a criminal?"

The spectators listened intently to every word, even the Judges leaning forward to hear him. At one moment, when it seemed that Casement had finished, the Lord Chief Justice moved as if ready to pronounce sentence, but the prisoner, reaching for another memorandum, exclaimed, "Pardon me, my Lord, but I would go on." He went on for half an hour. Once, alluding to the sympathy of friends in America for the Irish cause and for him, he allowed his voice to sink to a low tremulo, as if deeply affected.

Finally, having concluded his valedictory, he bowed low to the Justices, who at once donned their black caps. Casement stood rigid as the sentence of death was pronounced, his lips firmly compressed, his head thrown back. His eyelids twitched slightly as the Lord Chief Justice uttered the words "hanged until you are dead," but that was all. A moment later he looked again into the well of the court, waving his hand to his women acquaintances and nodding with a smile that seemed to say, "Don't worry about me."

Sullivan Unable to Appear.

LONDON, June 29.—Sergeant Sullivan, the brilliant Irish barrister upon whom has rested the chief burden of the defence of Sir Roger Casement in his trial for high treason and who collapsed under the strain of excitement and emotion while delivering an impassioned speech in court last night, was unable to appear in court today and finish his argument in behalf of the prisoner.

Artemus Jones, assistant counsel, announced to the court when it convened this morning that Sullivan had been forbidden by his doctors to continue the argument. The Chief Justice expressed his sympathy and said that it had been evident that Serjeant Sullivan had been laboring under a heavy strain. Mr. Jones then addressed the court.

Mr. Jones admitted that at the first thought it seemed an outrage for Sir Roger to go to Germany, but he insisted that the defendant had attempted merely to organize an Irish brigade for use against the Ulster Volunteers recruited by Sir Edward Carson. Mr. Jones was proceeding to argue that this did not constitute treason when the Chief Justice interposed. He explained he would direct the jury that the law was that "giving aid and comfort to the King's enemies meant assisting the King's enemies in the war with this country, and that any act that strengthened or tended to strengthen the enemy in the conduct of this war against us would be giving aid and comfort to the King's enemies, and that any act which weakened or tended to weaken the power of this country to resist the attacks of the enemy was aiding and comforting the King's enemies."

Mr. Jones contended that the work Sir Roger did in Germany was precisely the same sort of work he carried on in Ireland before the war. While the importation of arms was a wrongful act, it did not constitute treason, but an offense against the Defense of the Realm act. He reminded the jury of the responsibility resting upon it, saying:

"This trial may mean a tragedy to the prisoner on account of the responsibility resting upon you. The ancient and valiant race from which this man springs has produced men who do not shrink from going to the scaffold for what they think are the rights of their country."

Mr. Jones's speech occupied a little more than half an hour, after which the Attorney General, Sir Frederick Smith, began summing up. He argued that even if the defense which Sir Roger's lawyers had attempted to set up was a valid one, the evidence in the case had in nowise supported it. In days before the war Sir Roger's defense might have had some weight, but "one circumstance not insignificant had intervened—the greatest military power the world had ever seen was trying to destroy the British Empire."

Attorney General's Arguments.

The Attorney General dwelt on the truce between the Irish parties. He said the question he asked at the beginning—why Sir Roger had gone to Germany—had never been answered, because no answer was possible. Sir Roger had gone to make arrangements to raise "the hideous spectre of insurrection" in Ireland.

The Germans, Sir Frederick continued, were not people who gave much for nothing. They were not going to keep soldiers of the Irish brigade as their guests so that they might go after the end of the war to free Ireland.

The Attorney General's speech lasted for an hour in which time he dissected the evidence in an exhaustive manner. He delivered no peroration, but reminded the jurors his duty was as painful as theirs. He said he had discharged his duty, and they must perform theirs.

The Chief Justice began his charge to the jury by saying that no prejudice must be entertained against members of the English bar because they had defended the prisoner against such a charge. He said they were performing the highest duty of members of the bar, and that Mr. Sullivan had conducted the defense in accordance with the highest traditions of the English bar, delivering a speech of greatest eloquence.

"Treason in time of war, when all persons in this country are making sacrifices to defeat the common enemy, is almost too grave for expression," the Chief Justice continued. "You must dismiss from your minds all you have heard or read outside this court. We have heard much about politics in Ireland. For myself, in the court of justice, I always feel anxiety when political passion is aroused. Pay no more attention to what has been said regarding conditions in Ireland before the war or after the war than is necessary to consider the conditions of this case."

Mr. Sullivan had paid the highest compliment he could to an English jury, the Chief Justice said, in speaking to it as he did in regard to Ireland. After defining the law of treason he pointed out that many facts in the case were undisputed.

The voice of the Chief Justice was firm, but his face was pale, as he spoke the few words in pronouncing the sentence. He began:

"Roger David Casement, you have been found guilty by a jury of your peers of high treason, the highest crime known to the law," and concluded by sentencing him "to be hanged by the neck until you are dead.

Soldier Bailey Set Free.

After Sir Roger had been sentenced Daniel J. Bailey, the private soldier who had been held as his accomplice, was placed in the dock.

The Attorney General announced that Bailey had affirmed he joined the Irish brigade with the object of returning to his country and rejoining the army. Under the circumstances no evidence would be produced against him.

The Chief Justice directed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty, and Bailey was discharged.

An appeal will be taken by Sir Roger Casement. Michael Francis Doyle of Philadelphia, of his counsel, made the following statement tonight:

"The verdict, though regrettable to us, was not a surprise. We will take an immediate appeal to the Criminal Court of Appeals, and then to the House of Lords, if necessary, because we feel that the point of law involving a statute 500 years old, under which Sir Roger was tried, never has been legally tested."

Lord Chief Justice Impressive.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 30.—Harold Begbie, describing in The Daily Chronicle the final scene in the Casement trial, says:

"I think few men who heard him will ever forget the summing up of the Lord Chief Justice. Instead of the passionate defense on one hand and instead of the cold and deadly accusation on the other we heard the quiet, even, passionless voice of the Justice seeking neither to take a man's life nor to save it, but seeking to find something which transcends human life, something which is spiritual and not physical, something which is above the fate of individuals and the fortunes of nations—truth.

"For many of us, as his deep voice sounded through the breathless court, it seemed that justice is a so immeasurably higher and a grander thing even than mercy that pity for the prisoner ceased to move our minds. Here was something to which all men could look up to, all men could honor, all men could reverence—truth and justice; truth and justice unswayed by interest, truth and justice impersonal, unprejudiced, and unsparing, truth and justice such as strong men in every civilized race have always named as the attributes of God."

PRESS APPROVES SENTENCE.

Casement Called Base, Treacherous Foe, Who Deserves His Fate.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 30.—All the papers in commenting upon the Casement verdict agree that the jury had no alternative but to decide from the evidence that the prisoner had proved himself a traitor to his country and his King. No sympathy is expressed for the condemned man.

The Daily Telegraph says:

"Casement is as guilty of the rebellion in Dublin as if he had taken an open share in it. How otherwise can we regard such a man than as a base and treacherous enemy against our country, a treasonable agent against his liege sovereign, a mean and pitiable conspirator with our worst enemy, it is impossible to say. If ever a man deserved capital punishment it is he."

The Daily News says:

"The sentence of death was the only conceivable sentence that could be passed. His crime was open and flagrant, and it was deepened by the circumstances of his career. There could be no clearer case for the extreme penalty, and so far as he himself is concerned there is no reason to suggest any mitigation of sentence. From other and more weighty considerations it is doubtful whether true wisdom lies in giving him that crown of 'martyrdom' which he obviously desires. There is one thing above all others to avoid at this moment—that is to give fresh impulse to elements of unrest at a time when the whole fate of Ireland is in the balance."

The Daily Express says:

"There need be no fear that the justice of the sentence imposed on Casement will be questioned in any country in the world. There can be no question of Casement's guilt, and we are entirely unimpressed by his elaborate apologies for the crime for which he stands condemned. His plea that as an Irishman he is outside the jurisdiction of the British court is not only a misstatement, it is a disingenuous subterfuge advanced with the rest of his carefully prepared speeches to impress the Clan na Gael section of Irish-Americans. The Irish have a genius for the canonization of martyrs, but even they will hardly find ground for admiration in the career of this clever, educated, and rather sordid and extremely degenerate traitor."

SAYS EXPECTED HAPPENED.

But Justice Cohalan Can't Believe Casement Will Be Executed.

Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan yesterday, when asked for his opinion of the Casement trial and verdict, dictated the following statement:

"The result will strike the observant man as the only thing that was to be expected. Though Sir Roger was arrested in Ireland, the Government evidently feared to trust an Irish jury and hurried him to England for trial.

"That he should have been convicted in an English court was a matter of course. But that they should execute him does not seem within the bounds even of English stupidity. The blunder which they made in murdering the splendid men who fought recently for Irish liberty has already cost England the good opinion of the world and shown her to be, as many Americans have always contended, neither changed nor changeable.

"No one would be foolish enough to think that England would spare Sir Roger's life as a matter of justice or even of mercy. But many have thought that she might do it as a matter of enlightened self-interest, in order to show the neutral world that she was not always bloodthirsty and had occasional spells when her actions did not belie her words.

"In any event, the cause of Irish freedam will gain. If Sir Roger dies he will—as I have no doubt he hopes to—add another martyr to the long list of Ireland's sons and daughters that have gone bravely to death for her sake. If he lives, his words and example will awaken many to the debt which they owe their country or their race."

CAPTAIN GOES TO ASYLUM.

King Orders Slayer of Editor Skeffington Held as Insane.

DUBLIN, June 29, (via London.)—Captain Bowen-Colthurst, who was found "guilty but insane" at his trial on the charge of shooting F. Sheehy Skeffington, editor of The Irish Citizen, during the recent Irish rebellion, has been ordered committed to an institution for the insane, says an official announcement issued today, which reads:

"The case of Captain Bowen-Colthurst, who was found guilty of shooting F. Sheehy Skeffington, having been submitted to the King in accordance with the Army act, his Majesty has directed that Captain Bowen-Colthurst be detained in a criminal lunatic asylum during his Majesty's pleasure."

CLOSER WATCH ON KIEL.

Movements of Neutral Ships and Sailors Further Restricted.

COPENHAGEN, Friday, June 30, (via London.)—An official announcement signed by Vice Admiral Bachmann, Governor of the Kiel district, placing further restrictions on vessels running between German and foreign ports, is printed in the Kiel Zeitung. The only ports henceforth open to traffic on the east coast of Schleswig-Holstein are the commercial harbors of Kiel and Labö. Ship crews will be allowed ashore only within a limited space facing the vessels when loading or unloading. Visits aboard other ships are strictly forbidden. Captains and seamen will be permitted uptown only when guarded by policemen or soldiers except by special permission of the Governor.

Discharged neutral seamen must leave Germany forthwith. All ships departing from Labö or Kiel must have military guards aboard to a certain distance off shore.

SEIZE SURGICAL SUPPLIES

British Authorities Forbade Them to Pass for American Doctors.

BERLIN, Saturday, June 24, (by Wireless to The Associated Press via Sayville)—Delayed in Transmission.—Two American surgical units, headed by Dr. Paul Martin of Indianapolis and Dr. John R. McDill of Milwaukee, left Berlin today to join the war hospitals to which they have been assigned. Dr. Martin started for Budapest and Dr. McDill for Cologne.

Each unit consists of four surgeons and four nurses. All instruments and other supplies were obtained here because the British refused to permit them to pass the blockade. They took from Dr. McDill an essential part of the only surgical instrument which was attached to his letter of credit. After a long argument, the British allowed the importation of two dozen pairs of rubber gloves. These are the only supplies that were passed.

take a hint from the theatre—use lily cups in your office. equitable building

ALL GERMANY TO GET UNIFORM MEAT CARDS

Distribution of Food Will Be Revised Radically So as to Be General.

BERLIN, June 29, (via London.)—It is announced semi-officially that a general meat card for the entire empire will be introduced Sept. 1.

The cards already have been introduced in the South German States and the larger cities of Prussia, but great irregularity as to the amount of meat allotted in the different parts of the country prevails, and the object of the national card is to secure uniformity in consumption.

BEGINNING TODAY

Georges

Announce the

July Reductions

throughout our entire stock

This is the half yearly clearance event—recognized in every city where a Georges store is located—as a money - saving clothes-buying opportunity worthy the critical attention of every man and young man.

Rising costs of materials do not stand in the way of Georges fixed policy of never carrying merchandise over from one season into the next.

Suit Reductions

$15.00 Grades Now 12.50
$20.00 Grades Now 14.50
$22.50 Grades Now 16.50
$25.00 Grades Now 18.50

Higher Priced Grades Reduced Proportionately

Plain blue serges and Flannels included

The assortments are large. No matter what material, pattern or color, Sack or Norfolk model you prefer—it's here in your size.

ALTERATIONS FREE

White Flannel Trousers

White tennis flannel, also striped serges—with belt straps and cuffs.

Price $3.50

Norfolk Sport Coats in plain blue and green flannels and checks—$7.50.

Palm Beach Suits—Light and dark shades—both plain and fancy—Sack and Norfolk models—$6.50 and $7.50. All subjected to a shrinking process by the Cravenette Co.

Other ideal hot weather features include "Coolkenny Crash," Priestley "Crasho," "Coolest Cloth," and "Pro-Kool." Full skeletonized Sack or Norfolk models, $7.50, $8.50 and $10.00.

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The Entire Sample Line Of

Blum & Koch Straw Hats

$1.95

Sennits, Splits, Leghorns, Milans.

This year, again, we've been able to secure the complete line of sample Straw Hats from the Blum & Koch Show Rooms. They are the identical Blum & Koch hats that sell regularly from $3 to $10. This is your chance to get a genuine high-priced hat at the cost of a cheap one. Only 4,000 of them—so come in early.

Sale Begins at All Wallach Stores today.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.
Open Evenings.

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Entire Stock of Hart Schaffner & Marx Fancy Suits Reduced

Excepting Tropical Weights (Dixie Weaves, Palm Beaches, Mohairs, Silks) and Blue and Black Suits.

This remarkable offering includes those wonderful Sport Suits and Varsity Fifty-Five Models we've been telling you about; the rich mixtures, stripes and patterns in Flannels, Homespuns, Worsteds—every suit to-day worth more than its regular, pre-sale price.

Every $18 and $20 Fancy Suit.... $16.50
Every $22.50 Fancy Suit....... $19.50
Every $25 and $28 Fancy Suit... $22.50
Every $30 and $32.50 Fancy Suit $26.50
Every $35 and $40 Fancy Suit... $32.50
Every $45 and $50 Fancy Suit... $38.50

Special—Friday and Saturday Only—
Black Zebu Grain Leather Bags.... $4.35
Just in time for the Fourth!

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And it's because of these differences in our way of doing business from old time methods that enables us at all times to out value all others at $15 and has made ours the largest clothing business in New York at that price.

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